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Generating a 2-3 Tree in c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_KEYS 2
struct Node {
     int num_keys;
     int keys[MAX_KEYS];
     struct Node* children[MAX_KEYS + 1];
};
struct Node* createNode(int key);
void insert(struct Node** root, int key);
void splitChild(struct Node* parent, int index, struct Node* child);
void insertNonFull(struct Node* node, int key);
void printTree(struct Node* root);
int main() {
     struct Node* root = NULL;
     int keys[] = \{10, 5, 15, 3, 7, 20, 12\};
     for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(keys) / sizeof(keys[0]); i++) {
         insert(&root, keys[i]);
          printf("Inserted key: %d\n", keys[i]);
     printf("2-3 Tree:\n");
     printTree(root);
     return 0;
```

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struct Node* createNode(int key) {
    struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    newNode->num_keys = 1;
    newNode->keys[0] = key;
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_KEYS + 1; i++) {
         newNode->children[i] = NULL;
    return newNode;
void insert(struct Node** root, int key) {
    if (*root == NULL) {
         *root = createNode(key);
    } else {
         if ((*root)->num_keys == MAX_KEYS) {
             struct Node* newRoot = createNode((*root)->keys[1]);
             newRoot->children[0] = *root;
             splitChild(newRoot, 1, *root);
             *root = newRoot;
             insertNonFull(newRoot, key);
        } else {
             insertNonFull(*root, key);
void splitChild(struct Node* parent, int index, struct Node* child) {
```

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struct Node* newChild = createNode(child->keys[1]);
    newChild->children[0] = child->children[1];
    newChild->children[1] = child->children[2];
    child->num_keys = 1;
    parent->children[index] = child;
    parent->children[index + 1] = newChild;
void insertNonFull(struct Node* node, int key) {
    int i = node->num_keys - 1;
    if (node->children[0] == NULL) {
         while (i \ge 0 \&\& key < node->keys[i]) {
              node->keys[i + 1] = node->keys[i];
              i--;
         node->keys[i + 1] = key;
         node->num_keys++;
    } else {
         while (i \ge 0 \&\& key < node->keys[i]) {
              i--;
         }
         j++;
         if (node->children[i]->num_keys == MAX_KEYS) {
              splitChild(node, i, node->children[i]);
              if (key > node->keys[i]) {
                   j++;
```

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insertNonFull(node->children[i], key);
void printTree(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
         for (int i = 0; i < root->num_keys; i++) {
              printf("%d ", root->keys[i]);
         printf("\n");
         for (int i = 0; i < root->num_keys + 1; i++) {
              printTree(root->children[i]);
output:
Inserted key: 10
Inserted key: 5
Inserted key: 15
Inserted key: 3
Inserted key: 20
Inserted key: 12
2-3 tree:
```

```
10
3 7
5
2.Generating a 2-3-4 Tree in c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_KEYS 3
struct Node {
    int num_keys;
    int keys[MAX_KEYS];
    struct Node* children[MAX_KEYS + 1];
};
struct Node* createNode(int key);
void insert(struct Node** root, int key);
void splitChild(struct Node* parent, int index, struct Node* child);
void insertNonFull(struct Node* node, int key);
void printTree(struct Node* root);
int main() {
    struct Node* root = NULL;
    int keys[] = \{10, 20, 5, 6, 12, 30, 7\};
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(keys) / sizeof(keys[0]); i++) {
         insert(&root, keys[i]);
         printf("Inserted key: %d\n", keys[i]);
         printTree(root);
         printf("\n");
    return 0;
struct Node* createNode(int key) {
    struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    newNode->num_keys = 1;
    newNode->keys[0] = key;
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_KEYS + 1; i++) {
         newNode->children[i] = NULL;
    return newNode;
void insert(struct Node** root, int key) {
    if (*root == NULL) {
         *root = createNode(key);
    } else {
         if ((*root)->num_keys == MAX_KEYS) {
```

```
struct Node* newRoot = createNode((*root)->keys[1]);
              newRoot->children[0] = *root;
              splitChild(newRoot, 0, *root);
              insertNonFull(newRoot, key);
              *root = newRoot;
         } else {
              insertNonFull(*root, key);
void splitChild(struct Node* parent, int index, struct Node* child) {
    struct Node* newChild = createNode(child->keys[2]);
    newChild->children[0] = child->children[2];
    child->num_keys = 1;
    parent->children[index + 1] = newChild;
void insertNonFull(struct Node* node, int key) {
    int i = node->num_keys - 1;
    if (node->children[0] == NULL) {
         while (i \ge 0 \&\& key < node->keys[i]) {
              node->keys[i + 1] = node->keys[i];
              i--;
         }
```

```
node->keys[i + 1] = key;
         node->num_keys++;
    } else {
         while (i \ge 0 \&\& key < node->keys[i]) {
              i--;
         j++;
         if (node->children[i]->num_keys == MAX_KEYS) {
              splitChild(node, i, node->children[i]);
              if (key > node->keys[i]) {
                   j++;
         insertNonFull(node->children[i], key);
void printTree(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
         for (int i = 0; i < root->num_keys; i++) {
              printf("%d ", root->keys[i]);
         }
         printf("\n");
         for (int i = 0; i < root->num_keys + 1; i++) {
              printTree(root->children[i]);
```

```
output:
Inserted key: 10
10
Inserted key: 20
10 20
Inserted key: 5
5 10 20
Inserted key: 6
10
56
Inserted key: 12
10
56
12 20
Inserted key:30
10
56
```