

main.py

```
1 def count_good_triplets(nums):
2     count = 0
3     n = len(nums)
4     for i in range(n):
5         for j in range(i + 1, n):
6             for k in range(j + 1, n):
7                 if nums[i] != nums[j] and nums[i] != nums[k] and nums[j] != nums[k]:
8                     count += 1
9     return count
10
11 nums = [4, 4, 2, 4, 3]
12 result = count_good_triplets(nums)
13 print(result)
14
```

input

3

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Press ENTER to exit console.
```

main.py

```

1 def min_fuel(roads, seats):
2     n = len(roads) + 1
3     adj_list = [[] for _ in range(n)]
4
5     for a, b in roads:
6         adj_list[a].append(b)
7         adj_list[b].append(a)
8
9     def dfs(node, parent):
10        total_fuel = 0
11        for neighbor in adj_list[node]:
12            if neighbor != parent:
13                total_fuel += dfs(neighbor, node)
14        return max(1, total_fuel)
15
16    return sum(dfs(city, -1) * seats for city in adj_list[0])
17
18 roads = [[0, 1], [0, 2], [0, 3]]
19 seats = 5
20 print(min_fuel(roads, seats))
    
```

input

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main.py

```

1 def is_prime(n):
2     if n < 2:
3         return False
4     for i in range(2, int(n**0.5) + 1):
5         if n % i == 0:
6             return False
7     return True
8 def count_partitions(s, k, minLength, memo, mod):
9     if k == 0:
10        return 1 if len(s) == 0 else 0
11    if len(s) < k * minLength:
12        return 0
13    if (s, k) in memo:
14        return memo[(s, k)]
15    count = 0
16    for i in range(minLength, len(s) + 1):
17        if s[i - 1] in {'2', '3', '5', '7'} and not is_prime(int(s[:i])):
18            count = (count + count_partitions(s[i:], k - 1, minLength, memo, mod)) % mod
19    memo[(s, k)] = count
20    return count
21 def beautiful_partitions(s, k, minLength):
22     mod = 10**9 + 7
23     memo = {}
24     return count_partitions(s, k, minLength, memo, mod)
25 s = "23542185131"
26 k = 3
27 minLength = 2
28 print(beautiful_partitions(s, k, minLength))

```

input

0

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main.py

```

1 def count_palindrome_substrings(s: str, k: int) -> int:
2     def is_palindrome(sub: str) -> bool:
3         return sub == sub[::-1]
4
5     n = len(s)
6     dp = [0] * n
7
8     for i in range(n):
9         for j in range(i, n):
10            if j - i + 1 >= k and is_palindrome(s[i:j+1]):
11                dp[j] = max(dp[j], dp[i-1] + 1 if i > 0 else 1)
12
13     return max(dp)
14
15 s = "abaccdbbd"
16 k = 3
17 output = count_palindrome_substrings(s, k)
18 print(output)
    
```

```

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```

```

main.py
1 from math import gcd
2
3 def count_subarrays_with_lcm_equal_to_k(nums, k):
4     def lcm(a, b):
5         return abs(a*b) // gcd(a, b)
6
7     count = 0
8     for i in range(len(nums)):
9         current_lcm = 1
10        for j in range(i, len(nums)):
11            current_lcm = lcm(current_lcm, nums[j])
12            if current_lcm == k:
13                count += 1
14
15    return count
16
17 nums = [3, -6, 2, 7, 1]
18 k = 6
19 print(count_subarrays_with_lcm_equal_to_k(nums, k))

```

input

```

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```

main.py

```
1 def convert_temperature(celsius):  
2     kelvin = round(celsius + 273.15, 5)  
3     fahrenheit = round(celsius * 1.80 + 32.00, 5)  
4     return [kelvin, fahrenheit]  
5  
6 celsius = 36.50  
7 output = convert_temperature(celsius)  
8 print(output)
```

Input

[309.65, 97.7]

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```

1 class TreeNode:
2     def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
3         self.val = val
4         self.left = left
5         self.right = right
6 def closest_values(root, target):
7     if not root:
8         return -1, -1
9     min_val = float('-inf')
10    max_val = float('inf')
11    while root:
12        if root.val == target:
13            return target, target
14        elif root.val < target:
15            min_val = max(min_val, root.val)
16            root = root.right
17        else:
18            max_val = min(max_val, root.val)
19            root = root.left
20
21    return min_val if min_val != float('-inf') else -1, max_val if max_val != float('inf') else -1
22 def find_closest_values(root, queries):
23     result = []
24     for query in queries:
25         mini, maxi = closest_values(root, query)
26         result.append([mini, maxi])
27     return result
28 root = TreeNode(6)

```

Input

```
[[2, 2], [4, 6], [15, -1]]
```

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```

11 while root:
12     if root.val == target:
13         return target, target
14     elif root.val < target:
15         min_val = max(min_val, root.val)
16         root = root.right
17     else:
18         max_val = min(max_val, root.val)
19         root = root.left
20
21     return min_val if min_val != float('-inf') else -1, max_val if max_val != float('inf') else -1
22 def find_closest_values(root, queries):
23     result = []
24     for query in queries:
25         mini, maxi = closest_values(root, query)
26         result.append([mini, maxi])
27     return result
28 root = TreeNode(6)
29 root.left = TreeNode(2)
30 root.right = TreeNode(13)
31 root.left.left = TreeNode(1)
32 root.left.right = TreeNode(4)
33 root.right.left = TreeNode(9)
34 root.right.right = TreeNode(15)
35 root.right.right.left = TreeNode(14)
36 queries = [2, 5, 16]
37 print(find_closest_values(root, queries))
38

```

Input

```
[[2, 2], [4, 6], [15, -1]]
```

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```

1 import heapq
2
3 def min_cost_to_buy_apple(n, roads, appleCost, k):
4     graph = {i: [] for i in range(1, n+1)}
5     for road in roads:
6         a, b, cost = road
7         graph[a].append((b, cost))
8         graph[b].append((a, cost))
9
10    def dijkstra(start):
11        distances = [float('inf')] * (n + 1)
12        distances[start] = 0
13        heap = [(0, start)]
14
15        while heap:
16            curr_dist, node = heapq.heappop(heap)
17            if curr_dist > distances[node]:
18                continue
19            for neighbor, edge_cost in graph[node]:
20                new_dist = curr_dist + edge_cost
21                if new_dist < distances[neighbor]:
22                    distances[neighbor] = new_dist
23                    heapq.heappush(heap, (new_dist, neighbor))
24        return distances
25
26    shortest_distances = {}
27    for i in range(1, n + 1):
28        shortest_distances[i] = dijkstra(i)

```

input

[50, 64, 46, 48]

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```

19    for neighbor, edge_cost in graph[node]:
20        new_dist = curr_dist + edge_cost
21        if new_dist < distances[neighbor]:
22            distances[neighbor] = new_dist
23            heapq.heappush(heap, (new_dist, neighbor))
24    return distances
25
26    shortest_distances = {}
27    for i in range(1, n + 1):
28        shortest_distances[i] = dijkstra(i)
29
30    min_costs = []
31    for i in range(1, n + 1):
32        min_cost = float('inf')
33        for j in range(1, n + 1):
34            if j != i:
35                cost = shortest_distances[i][j] * k + appleCost[j - 1]
36                min_cost = min(min_cost, cost)
37        min_costs.append(min_cost)
38
39    return min_costs
40
41    n = 4
42    roads = [[1,2,4],[2,3,2],[2,4,5],[3,4,1],[1,3,4]]
43    appleCost = [56,42,102,301]
44    k = 2
45    print(min_cost_to_buy_apple(n, roads, appleCost, k))
46

```

input

[50, 64, 46, 48]

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```

1 class TreeNode:
2     def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
3         self.val = val
4         self.left = left
5         self.right = right
6 def min_swaps_to_sort_levels(root):
7     if not root:
8         return 0
9     queue = [(root, 0)]
10    level_values = {}
11    while queue:
12        node, level = queue.pop(0)
13        if level not in level_values:
14            level_values[level] = []
15        level_values[level].append(node.val)
16        if node.left:
17            queue.append((node.left, level + 1))
18        if node.right:
19            queue.append((node.right, level + 1))
20    swaps_needed = 0
21    for level in level_values.values():
22        sorted_level = sorted(level)
23        for i in range(len(level)):
24            if level[i] != sorted_level[i]:
25                swaps_needed += 1
26    return swaps_needed
27 root = TreeNode(1)
28 root.left = TreeNode(4)

```

input

5

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main.py

```

11 while queue:
12     node, level = queue.pop(0)
13     if level not in level_values:
14         level_values[level] = []
15     level_values[level].append(node.val)
16     if node.left:
17         queue.append((node.left, level + 1))
18     if node.right:
19         queue.append((node.right, level + 1))
20 swaps_needed = 0
21 for level in level_values.values():
22     sorted_level = sorted(level)
23     for i in range(len(level)):
24         if level[i] != sorted_level[i]:
25             swaps_needed += 1
26 return swaps_needed
27 root = TreeNode(1)
28 root.left = TreeNode(4)
29 root.right = TreeNode(3)
30 root.left.left = TreeNode(7)
31 root.left.right = TreeNode(6)
32 root.right.left = TreeNode(8)
33 root.right.right = TreeNode(5)
34 root.left.left.right = TreeNode(9)
35 root.right.right.left = TreeNode(10)
36
37 print(min_swaps_to_sort_levels(root))
38

```

input

5

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Press ENTER to exit console.