```
# Implementation of Back Propagation algorithm...
In [1]:
        import numpy as np
In [2]:
        inputsize=2
In [3]:
        hiddensize=3
        outputsize=1
        lr=0.1
        w1=np.random.randn(inputsize, hiddensize)*0.01
        w2=np.random.randn(hiddensize,outputsize)*0.01
        b1=np.random.randn(hiddensize,1)*0.01
        b2=np.random.randn(outputsize,1)*0.01
In [4]:
        w1
        array([[ 0.02067298, 0.00739844, -0.00310455],
Out[4]:
               [ 0.00173518, -0.00022919, -0.01506263]])
        print("w1=")
In [5]:
        print(w1)
        print("w2=")
        print(w2)
        print("b1=")
        print(b1)
        print("b2=")
        print(b2)
        w1=
        [ 0.00173518 -0.00022919 -0.01506263]]
        w2=
        [[-0.01105828]
         [-0.01992644]
         [ 0.01008439]]
        b1=
        [[-0.0129636]
         [ 0.01222187]
         [-0.01205409]]
        b2=
        [[-0.00537605]]
In [6]: #
            DEFINE ACTIVATION FUNCTION
        def sigm(v):
            y=1/(1+np.exp(-v))
            return y
        def derivative(y):
            return(y*(1-y))
        def msqerror(yp,y):
            E=((yp-y)**2)
            return E
In [7]:
            DEFINE A DATASET
        x=np.array([[7,2],[2,6],[9,1]])
        y=np.array([[80],[50],[95]])
          NORMALIZE
```

```
x=x/np.amax(x,axis=0)
          y=y/100
 In [8]: # CREATE A NEURAL NETWORK AND TRAIN IT
          def train(x,y):
              global w1,w2,b1,b2,lr
              #FORWARD PHASE
              vh=np.dot(x,w1)+b1
              yh= sigm(vh)
              vo=np.dot(yh,w2)+b2
              yo=sigm(vo)
                BACKPROPAGATION PHASE
              e1 = yo - y
              delta_o = e1 * yo *(1-yo)
              e2 = delta_o @w2.T
              delta_h = e2 * yh * (1-yh)
              go = yh.T @delta o
              gh = x.T @delta_h
              w1 = w1 - (lr*gh)
              w2 = w2 - (1r*go)
              b1 = b1-(lr* delta_h)
              b2 = b2 - (lr * delta_o)
              return(yo)
In [11]: train(x,y)
         array([[0.50148365],
Out[11]:
                 [0.49961438],
                 [0.5024223 ]])
In [12]:
         # iteration algorithm
          for i in range(5500):
              train(x,y)
In [13]: def forwardtest(x,y):
              global w1,w2, b1,b2
              vh=np.dot(x,w1)+b1
              yh=sigm(vh)
              vo=np.dot(yh,w2)+b2
              yo=sigm(vo)
              return(yo)
In [14]: forwardtest(x,y)
         array([[0.80049095],
Out[14]:
                 [0.50022354],
                 [0.9462993 ]])
```