

17/9/22

## \* Back Propagation Algorithm:-

It has 2 phases

- ① Forward phase
- ② Backward phase

① => network fed with I/P

- Neurons in hidden layers process the I/P & pass to next layers

② => It is the error connection path

- error value is computed

- when there is an error, then back propagation alg uses gradient

descent to minimize error value

$$w(n+1) = w(n) - \eta g(n)$$

• computing gradient of O/P layer

$$E_{\text{Total}} = E_0 + E_1 + \dots + E_n$$

$$E_0 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m e_i^2 \quad \text{no size of training set}$$

$$\geq \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m (d_{0,i} - y_{0,i})^2$$

$$E_0 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m e_i^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m (d_{0,i} - y_{0,i})^2$$

20/9/22

• At O/P layer

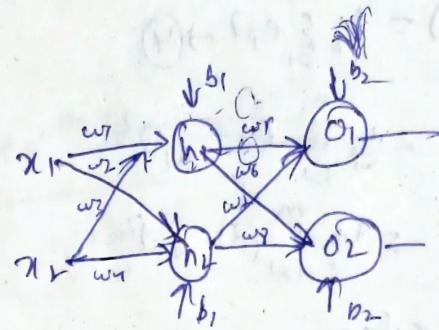
O/P layer neuron

$$e_j = d_j - y_j \rightarrow ①$$

$$y_j = \psi(v_j)$$

$$y_j = \text{sigmoid}(v_j) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-v_j}} \rightarrow ② \quad (\text{If sigmoid act function is used.})$$

$$v_j = \sum_{i=1}^m x_i w_{ij} + b_0 \rightarrow ③$$



$$E(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m e_i^2 \quad (4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m (y_i - f_i)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m (\delta_i - y_i)^2$$

Update rule:

as per gradient descent

$$\omega_{\text{new}} = \omega_{\text{old}} - \eta g(\omega)$$

(or)

$$\omega_{\text{new}} = \omega_{\text{old}} - \eta g(\omega)$$

$g(\omega)$  is grad. of cost functn

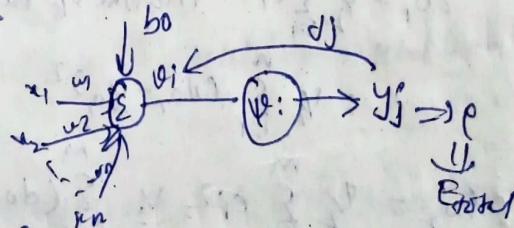
A neural netw with  $k$  neurons in 0th layer.

$$E_{\text{Total}}(\omega) = \sum_{i=1}^k E_i(\omega)$$

$$= E_1(\omega) + E_2(\omega) + \dots + E_k(\omega) \quad (5)$$

gradient of cost function:

$$g(\omega) = \frac{\partial E_{\text{Total}}}{\partial \omega_{ji}}$$



$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{Total}}}{\partial \omega_{ji}} = \frac{\partial E_{\text{Total}}}{\partial \delta_j} \times \frac{\partial \delta_j}{\partial y_j} \times \frac{\partial y_j}{\partial \theta_j} \times \frac{\partial \theta_j}{\partial \omega_{ji}}$$

(by applying the chain rule)

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{Total}}}{\partial \delta_j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \delta_j} (E_1(\omega) + E_2(\omega) + \dots + E_k(\omega))$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \delta_j} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m e_i^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m e_i^2 + \dots + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m e_i^2 \right)$$

$$= E_j$$

$$\frac{\partial e_j}{\partial y_{jj}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y_{jj}} (e_j - y_j) = -1$$

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial v_j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_j} \left( \frac{1}{1 + e^{-v_j}} \right) = \frac{(1 + e^{-v_j})(s) - 1(e^{-v_j})}{(1 + e^{-v_j})^2}$$

$$= \frac{-e^{-v_j}}{(1 + e^{-v_j})^2}$$

$$= y_j(1 - y_j)$$

$$\frac{\partial e_j}{\partial w_{ji}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial w_{ji}} \cdot \left( \sum_{i=1}^n w_{ji} x_i + b_0 \right)$$

$$= x_i - \delta$$

$$g(n) \geq \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_{ji}} = e_j x_i - \underbrace{y_j(1 - y_j)}_{\delta} \times x_i$$

$$= -e_j y_j (1 - y_j) x_i$$

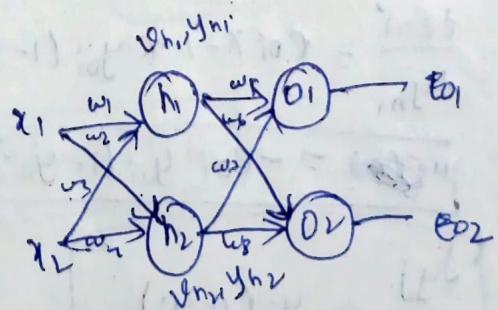
$w(\text{new})$  word  $\rightarrow g(n)$

$$w_{ji} = w_{ji}^{old} + n y_j (1 - y_j) e_j x_i \rightarrow ⑥$$

21/9/22

### At Hidden layer

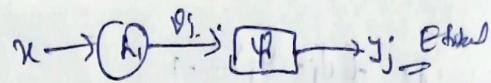
- If there is an error in i/p layer then the o/p will also be effected.



$g(n)$ : gradient of cost function wrt weight

$$E_{\text{total}} = \begin{cases} \text{error caused by hidden layer neuron} \\ i \text{ at o/p layer neuron} \end{cases}$$

$$g(n) \geq \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_{ji}} \rightarrow ⑦$$



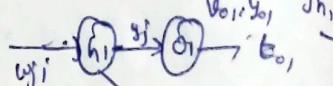
$$\delta_{\text{total}} \rightarrow y_j \rightarrow v_j \rightarrow w_{j,i}$$

$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{total}}}{\delta w_{ji}} = \frac{\delta E_{\text{total}}}{\delta y_j} \times \frac{\partial y_j}{\partial w_{ji}} \times \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial y_j} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

~~$\delta E_{\text{total}} \rightarrow y_j \rightarrow v_j \rightarrow w_{j,i}$~~

$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{total}}}{\delta y_j} = \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_j} e^{-\frac{y_j}{w_{j,i}}}$$

$$\delta = \frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta y_{h_1}} + \frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta y_{h_2}} + \dots + \frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta y_{h_n}}$$



$$w_{j,i} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}, \quad y_j \rightarrow \textcircled{2}, \quad b_{j,i} \rightarrow \textcircled{3}$$

$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta y_{h_n}} = \frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta v_{h_n}} \times \frac{\delta v_{h_n}}{\delta y_{h_n}} \times \frac{\delta y_{h_n}}{\delta w_{j,i}} \times \frac{\delta v_j}{\delta y_j}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad v_{h_n} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}, \quad e_{h_n} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta v_{h_n}} = \frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta v_i} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta v_i} = e_{h_n} \quad e_{h_n} = \delta_j - y_{h_n}$$

$$\frac{\delta v_i}{\delta y_{h_n}} = -1$$

$$y_{h_n} = \Phi(z_{h_n})$$

$$\frac{\delta y_{h_n}}{\delta v_i} = y_{h_n}(1-y_{h_n})$$

$$y_{h_n} = \frac{n}{t+1} \sum_{j=1}^t w_{j,i} y_j + b_{j,i}$$

$$\frac{\delta v_i}{\delta y_j} = w_{j,i}$$

$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{tot}}}{\delta y_{h_n}} = e_{h_n} \times -1 \times y_{h_n} (1-y_{h_n}) \times w_{j,i}$$

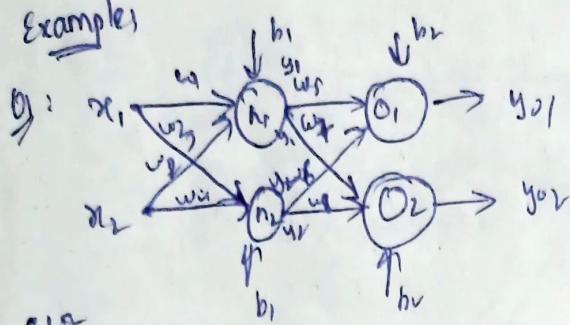
$$\cancel{y_{h_n}} = -e_{h_n} y_{h_n} (1-y_{h_n}) w_{j,i}$$

$$\frac{\delta y_j}{\delta v_i} = y_j (1-y_j)$$

$$\frac{\delta v_i}{\delta w_{ji}} = x_i$$

$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{total}}}{\delta w_{ji}} = -e_{h_n} y_{h_n} (1-y_{h_n}) w_{j,i} y_j (1-y_j) x_i$$

Example



$\theta_{12}$   
=

$$\vartheta_{01} = y_{h1}w_{31} + y_{h2}w_{32} + b_3$$

$$y_{01} = \text{sigmoid}(\vartheta_{01}) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-\vartheta_{01}}}$$

$$e_{01} = d_{01} - y_{01}$$

$$e_{01} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n e_{01}^{(i)} \cdot e_{01}^{(i)}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{o}_{01(i)} - y_{01(i)})^2}$$

$$w_3(\text{new}) = w_3(\text{old}) - \eta g(n)$$

$$g(n) = -e_{01} y_{01} (1-y_{01}) y_{h1}$$

$$w_3(\text{new}) = w_3(\text{old}) + \eta e_{01} y_{01} (1-y_{01}) y_{h1}$$

$$w_3(\text{new}) = 0$$

~~Update Rule for  $w_6$~~

$$w_6(\text{new}) = w_6(\text{old}) - \eta g(n)$$

$$g(n) = -e_{01} y_{01} (1-y_{01}) y_{h2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \vartheta_{01}}{\partial w_6} = y_{h2}$$

$$w_6(\text{new}) = w_6(\text{old}) + \eta e_{01} y_{01} (1-y_{01}) y_{h2}$$

Q2 :-

$$V_{02} = y_{h_2} \times w_8 + y_{h_1} \times w_7 + b_2$$

$$y_{02} = \text{sigmoid}(V_{02}) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-V_{02}}}$$

$$e_{02} = d_{02} - y_{02}$$

$$E_{02} = y_2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^L e_{02}(i)$$

$$= \eta \sum_{i=1}^n (d_{02}(i) - y_{02})^2$$

$$w_8(\text{new}) = w_8(\text{old}) - \eta g(n)$$

$$w_8(\text{new}) > 0.459$$

$$g(n) = -e_{02} y_{02} (1-y_{02}) y_{h_1}$$

$$w_8(\text{new}) = w_8(\text{old}) + \eta e_{02} y_{02} (1-y_{02}) y_{h_1}$$

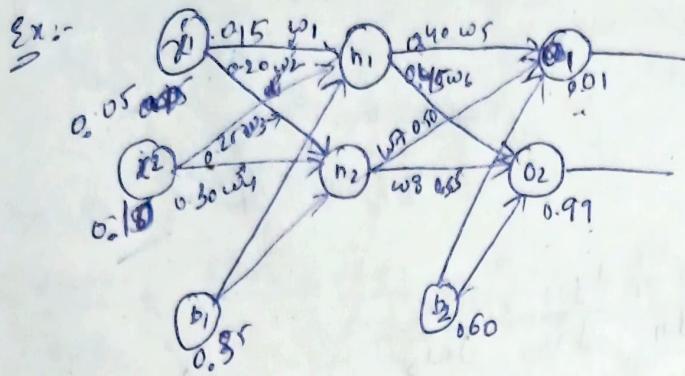
$$w_8(\text{new}) > w_8(\text{old}) - \eta g(n)$$

~~$$g(n) = -e_{02} y_{02} (1-y_{02}) y_{h_2}$$~~

$$w_8(\text{new}) = w_8(\text{old}) + \eta e_{02} y_{02} (1-y_{02}) y_{h_2}$$

$$w_8(\text{new}) > 0.517$$

23/9/22

Iteration 1:Forward passAt h1:

$$v_{h1} = w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + b_1$$

~~= 1.135~~

$$= 0.05(0.15) + 0.035 \times 0.10 + 0.35$$

$$v_{h1} = 0.3825$$

$$y_{h1} = \Phi(v_{h1}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-0.3825}}$$

$$y_{h1} = 0.5944$$

At h2:

$$v_{h2} = x_1 w_2 + x_2 w_4 + b_2$$

$$= 0.05(0.20) + 0.10(0.30) + 0.35$$

$$v_{h2} = 0.3925$$

$$y_{h2} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-0.3925}} = 0.5962$$

$$y_{h2} = 0.5962$$

At o1:

$$v_{o1} = y_{h1} \times w_5 + y_{h2} \times w_7 + b_2$$

$$= 0.5944(0.40) + 0.5962(0.50)$$

+ 0.60

$$\Rightarrow 0.2377 + 0.2981 + 0.60$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.135$$

$$y_{o1} = \Phi(v_{o1}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-1.135}}$$

$$y_{o1} = 0.2569$$

At o2:

$$v_{o2} = y_{h1} \times w_6 + y_{h2} \times w_8 + b_2$$

$$= 0.5944(0.45) + 0.5962(0.55)$$

+ 0.60

$$\Rightarrow 0.2624 + 0.2777 + 0.60$$

$$v_{o2} = 1.1965$$

$$y_{o2} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-1.1965}} = 0.2679$$

$$y_{o2} = 0.2679$$

~~$\frac{y}{0.756}$~~ 

$$\frac{y}{0.767}$$

So it has error

Backward pass

$$w_{rs}(\text{new}), w_{rs}(\text{old}) - \eta g(n)$$

$$g(n), \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_r}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{total}} &= E_{01} + E_{02} \\ &\Rightarrow \sum_{j=1}^n e_{0j}^2 + \frac{n}{2} e_{02}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_r} = \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial e_{01}} \times \frac{\partial e_{01}}{\partial y_{01}} \times \frac{\partial y_{01}}{\partial v_{01}} \times \frac{\partial v_{01}}{\partial w_r}$$

$$= e_{01} \times -1 \times y_{01}(1-y_{01}) \times y_n$$

$$= -e_{01} \times y_{01}(1-y_{01}) \times y_n$$

$$= -(d_{01} - y_{01}) \cdot (y_{01}(1-y_{01})) \cdot y_n$$

$$= -1(0.01 - 0.0567)(0.0567(1-0.0567)) \cdot 0.8944$$

$$g(n) = 0.0817$$

$\eta = 0.5$

$$w_{rs}(\text{new}) = 0.40 - 0.5(0.0817)$$

$$w_{rs}(\text{new}) = 0.3591$$

at hidden layer

update  $w_i$

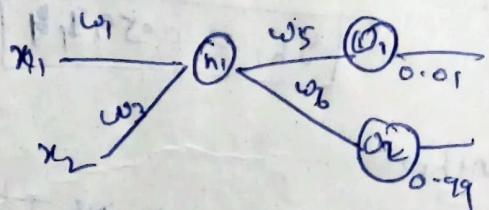
$$w_i(\text{new}) = w_i(\text{old}) - \eta g(n)$$

$$g(n), \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_i}$$

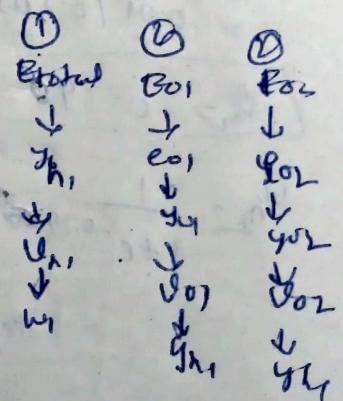
$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_i} = \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h1}} \times \frac{\partial y_{h1}}{\partial v_{h1}} \times \frac{\partial v_{h1}}{\partial w_i} \rightarrow ①$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h1}} = \frac{\partial E_{01}}{\partial y_{h1}} + \frac{\partial E_{02}}{\partial y_{h1}} \rightarrow ②$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{01}}{\partial y_{h1}} = \frac{\partial E_{01}}{\partial e_{01}} \times \frac{\partial e_{01}}{\partial y_{01}} \times \frac{\partial y_{01}}{\partial v_{01}} \times \frac{\partial v_{01}}{\partial w_i} \rightarrow ③$$



$$E_{\text{tot}} = E_{01} + E_{02}$$



$$\frac{\delta E_{02}}{\delta y_{h_1}} = \frac{\delta E_{02}}{\delta e_{02}} \times \frac{\delta e_{02}}{\delta y_{02}} \times \frac{\delta y_{02}}{\delta g_{02}} \times \frac{\delta g_{02}}{\delta y_{h_1}} \quad \text{---(1)}$$

from (1)

$$\frac{\delta E_{01}}{\delta y_{h_1}} = \frac{\delta E_{01}}{\delta e_{01}} \times \frac{\delta e_{01}}{\delta y_{01}} \times \frac{\delta y_{01}}{\delta g_{01}} \times \frac{\delta g_{01}}{\delta y_{h_1}}$$

$$= e_{01} \times (-1) \times y_{01} (1-y_{01}) \times w_5$$

$$y_{01} = y_{h_1} \times w_r + y_{h_1} \times w_2 - e_{b_2}$$

$$\frac{\delta y_{01}}{\delta y_{n_1}} = w_r$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\delta E_{01}}{\delta y_{h_1}} = -e_{01} y_{01} (1-y_{01}) w_r}$$

$$= -(e_{01} - y_{01}) \times y_{01} \times (1-y_{01}) \times w_r$$

$$= -(0.01 - 0.2569) \times 0.2569 \times (1 - 0.2569) \times 0.40$$

$$= 0.2489 \times 0.2569 (0.2431)$$

from (1)

$$\frac{\delta E_{02}}{\delta y_{h_1}} = \frac{\delta E_{02}}{\delta e_{02}} \times \frac{\delta e_{02}}{\delta y_{02}} \times \frac{\delta y_{02}}{\delta g_{02}} \times \frac{\delta g_{02}}{\delta y_{h_1}}$$

$$= e_{02} \times (-1) \times y_{02} (1-y_{02}) \times w_6$$

$$20.0549$$

$$x 0.40$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\delta E_{02}}{\delta y_{h_1}} = -e_{02} (y_{02} (1-y_{02})) w_6}$$

$$= -(0.09 - 0.2569) \times 0.2569 (0.2431) \times 0.40$$

$$= -0.0178$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\delta E_{\text{total}}}{\delta y_{h_1}} = -e_{01} y_{01} (1-y_{01}) w_5 - e_{02} y_{02} (1-y_{02}) w_6}$$

→ (1) update (1).

~~$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{total}}}{\delta y_{h_1}} = \frac{\delta E_{\text{total}}}{\delta y_{h_1}} = 0.0549 - 0.0178$$~~

$$= 0.0371$$

$$\frac{\delta E_{\text{total}}}{\delta w_1} = 0.0371 \times y_{h_1} (1-y_{h_1}) \times w_1$$

$$= 0.0371 \times 0.5944 (1 - 0.5944) \times 0.05$$

$$\boxed{g(n) = 0.00044}$$

$$w_1(\text{new}) = 0.15 - 0.05 (0.00044)$$

$$\boxed{w_1(\text{new}) = 0.1497}$$

uptake w<sub>3</sub>

$$g(n) = \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_3} = \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h_1}} \times \frac{\partial y_{h_1}}{\partial w_3} \times \frac{\partial w_3}{\partial w_3} \rightarrow ①$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h_1}} = \frac{\cancel{\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h_1}}}}{\cancel{\frac{\partial y_{h_1}}{\partial y_{h_1}}}} + \frac{\partial E_{O1}}{\partial y_{h_1}} + \frac{\partial E_{O2}}{\partial y_{h_1}} \rightarrow ②$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{O1}}{\partial y_{h_1}} = \frac{\partial E_{O1}}{\partial e_{O1}} \times \frac{\partial e_{O1}}{\partial y_{O1}} \times \frac{\partial y_{O1}}{\partial w_{O1}} \times \frac{\partial w_{O1}}{\partial y_{h_1}} \rightarrow ③$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{O2}}{\partial y_{h_1}} = \frac{\partial E_{O2}}{\partial e_{O2}} \times \frac{\partial e_{O2}}{\partial y_{O2}} \times \frac{\partial y_{O2}}{\partial w_{O2}} \times \frac{\partial w_{O2}}{\partial y_{h_1}} \rightarrow ④$$

from ③,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial E_{O1}}{\partial y_{h_1}} &= e_{O1} \times (-1) \times y_{O1} \times (1-y_{O1}) \times w_{O1} \\ &= 0.0549 \end{aligned}$$

$$⑤ \frac{\partial E_{O2}}{\partial y_{h_1}} = 0.0129$$

$$\begin{aligned} ⑥, \quad \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h_1}} &= 0.0549 - 0.0129 \\ &= 0.00371 \end{aligned}$$

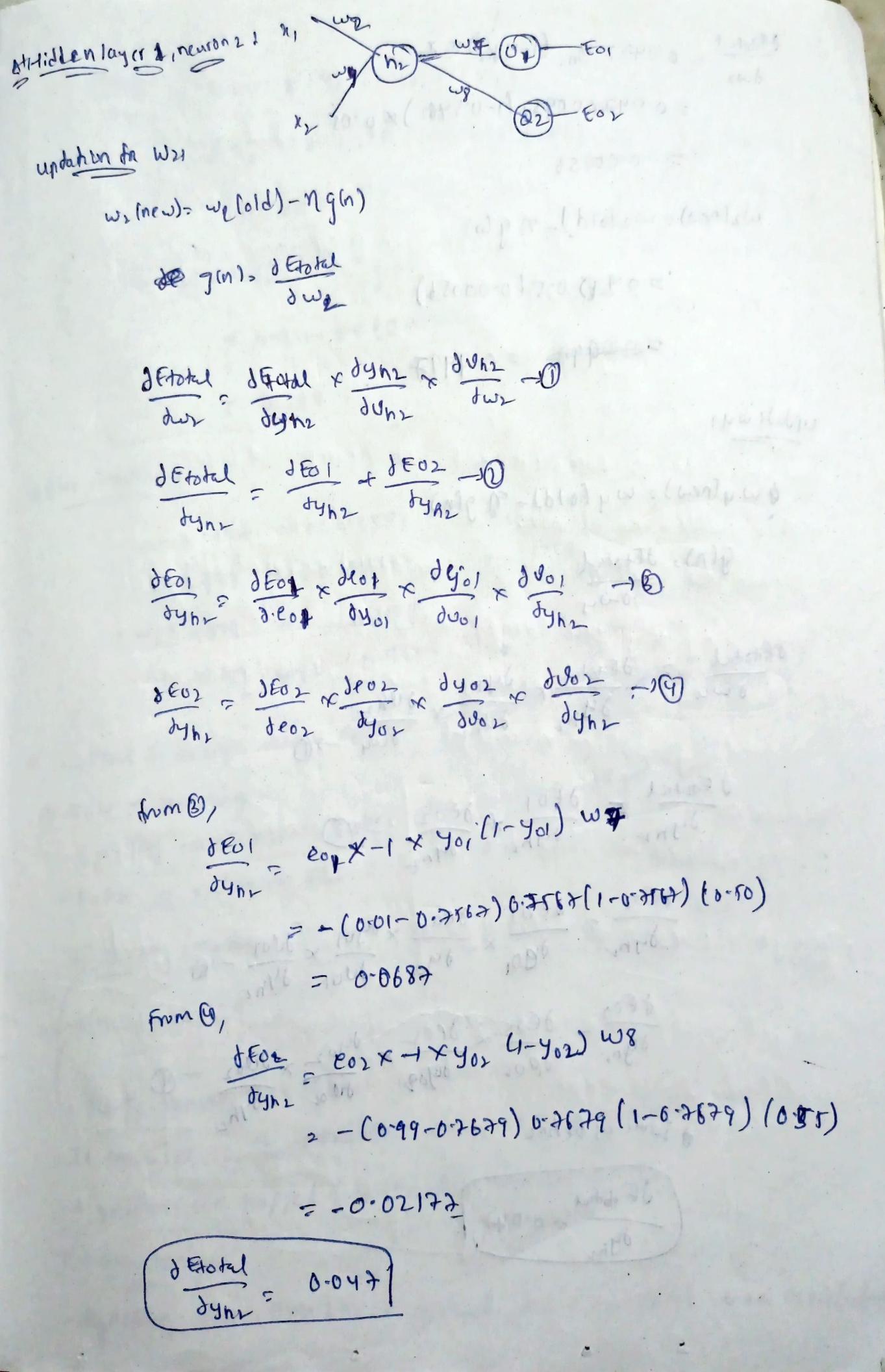
$$\begin{aligned} ⑦, \quad \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_3} &= 0.0371 \times y_{h_1} \times (1-y_{h_1}) \times x_2 \\ &= 0.0371 \times (0.944)(1-0.944) \times 0.10. \end{aligned}$$

$$g(n) = 0.00089$$

$$w_3(\text{new}) = w_3(\text{old}) - n g(n)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.25 - 0.5(0.00089)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.249$$



$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_2} = 0.047 \times y_h, (1-y_{h2}) \times x,$$

$$= 0.047 \times 0.5981 (1-0.5981) \times 0.05$$

$$= 0.00056$$

$$w_2(\text{new}) = w_2(\text{old}) - \eta g(n)$$

$$> 0.2 - 0.5 (0.00056)$$

~~$$= 0.1997$$~~

update  $w_4$

$$\Delta w_4(\text{new}) = w_4(\text{old}) - \eta g(n)$$

$$g(n) = \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_4}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_4} \rightarrow \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h2}} \times \frac{\partial y_{h2}}{\partial v_{h2}} \times \frac{\partial v_{h2}}{\partial w_4} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h2}} \neq \frac{\partial E_{O1}}{\partial y_{h2}} + \frac{\partial E_{O2}}{\partial y_{h2}} \rightarrow ①$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{O1}}{\partial y_{h2}} = \frac{\partial E_{O1}}{\partial y_{O1}} \times \frac{\partial y_{O1}}{\partial y_{h2}} \times \frac{\partial y_{O1}}{\partial v_{O1}} \times \frac{\partial v_{O1}}{\partial y_{h2}} \rightarrow ②$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{O2}}{\partial y_{h2}} = \frac{\partial E_{O2}}{\partial y_{O2}} \times \frac{\partial y_{O2}}{\partial y_{h2}} \times \frac{\partial y_{O2}}{\partial v_{O2}} \times \frac{\partial v_{O2}}{\partial y_{h2}} \rightarrow ③$$

same as before

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial y_{h2}} = 0.047}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_4} = 0.047 \times y_{n_2}(1-y_{n_2}) \cdot (x_2) \\ = 0.047 \times 0.5912(1-0.5912)(0.10) \\ = 0.00011$$

$$w_4(\text{new}) = w_4(\text{old}) - \eta g(n) \\ = 0.30 - 0.5(0.00011) \\ = 0.299$$

after iteration 1:

$$\begin{array}{lll} w_1 = 0.1497 & w_5 = 0.3591 & x_1 = 0.05 \\ w_2 = 0.799 & w_6 = 0.5617 & x_2 = 0.10 \\ w_3 = 0.249 & w_7 = 0.459 & \\ w_4 = 0.299 & w_8 = 0.5617 & \end{array}$$

\* Practical & Design issues of Back Propagation algorithm?

① Rate of learning :-

- specifies a step size taken by learning algorithm
- takes a value in b/w 0-1, 0.5 n.s. 1.

$\eta$  is very small

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} w(\text{new}) = w(\text{old}) - \eta g(n) \\ \quad \downarrow \\ \quad \text{learning rate} \end{array} \right.$$

→ slowly converges to global minimum.

• It increases no. of iterations required for converging.

• Algorithm can trapped into local minimum points.

$\eta$  is very large

• Algorithm can overshoot global minimum point can oscillate

## Solution:

### Momentum:

- $\Delta w_j(n) \rightarrow \Delta w_j(n-1) + \Delta w_j(n) \Rightarrow 0.0001(1) = 0.0001$
- provides solution to problems associated with learning rate
- Adds small amt. of update from prev iteration controlled by momentum term

### Sequential vs Batch mode

epoch



representation of complete set of examples

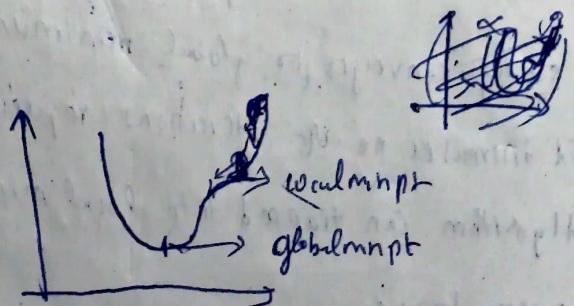
- also called online mode
- update for weight vector computed sequentially by considering only one sample at a time
- It requires less memory space as it slowly converges towards global minima pt.

### Drawback:

- . It is mathematically difficult to determine criteria

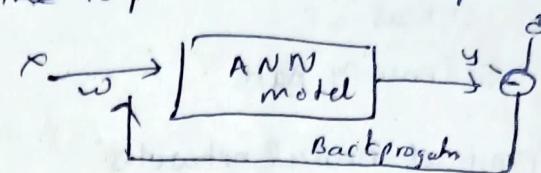
### Design issues in Back-Propagation Algorithms:

- To get rid of local minimum pt we will use momentum to push the object from local min pt.



## ② Stopping criteria-

- Used to minimize error produced by ANN model.
- To stop the ANN model, if error ~~H~~ is present, then we update the weights.
- ~~if~~ we stop the model when the value is approximately equal to (target o/p) the actual o/p.
- when maximum norm value of the predicted - actual o/p then we can stop. reaches to min val



## ③ New sample not there in training set-

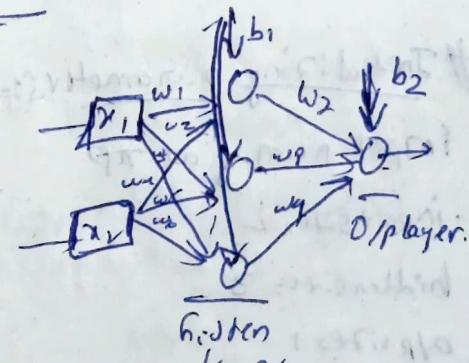
It will go through a process called generalization, it tries to match actual o/p. and gives the conclusion.

### Implementation of Back propagation algorithm

$$h_w = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \\ w_4 \\ w_5 \\ w_6 \end{bmatrix} \quad 6 \times 1$$

$$h_{0+} = \begin{bmatrix} w_2 \\ w_8 \\ w_9 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3 \times 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} w_1 & w_4 \\ w_2 & w_5 \\ w_3 & w_6 \end{bmatrix} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\cancel{h_w \times x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} w_1 & w_4 \\ w_2 & w_5 \\ w_3 & w_6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} w_1 x_1 + w_4 x_2 \\ w_2 x_1 + w_5 x_2 \\ w_3 x_1 + w_6 x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

## • Implementing Backpropagation

### ① Initialize parameters

(1) weights.

(2) Bias.

(3) learning rate

### ② Construct neural networks

→ no. of inputs.

→ no. of hidden layers.

    → no. of neurons

→ no. of neurons in O/p. layer.

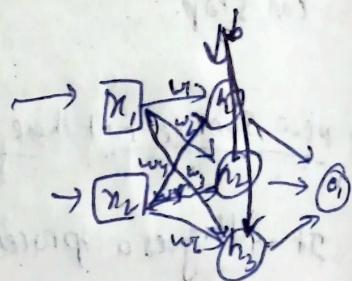
### ③ Compute error

$$(e = d - y)$$

Update weights,

$$w_1(\text{new}), w_2(\text{old}) - \eta g_h'(n)$$

$$w_2(\text{new}), w_1(\text{old}) - \eta g_o(n)$$



$$g_o(n) \rightarrow \frac{\partial E}{\partial w}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial E}{\partial o} \times \frac{\partial o}{\partial g_o} \times \frac{\partial g_o}{\partial b_o} \times \frac{\partial b_o}{\partial w}$$

$$g_o(n) = \text{exp}(x_1 y_{o1} - b_o) y_{o1}$$

$$g_o(n) = \frac{\partial E}{\partial w}, \quad \frac{\partial E}{\partial g_o} \times \frac{\partial g_o}{\partial b_o} \times \frac{\partial b_o}{\partial w}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial y_{o1}} \rightarrow \frac{\partial E}{\partial o} \times \frac{\partial o}{\partial g_o} \times \frac{\partial g_o}{\partial b_o} \times \frac{\partial b_o}{\partial y_{o1}}$$

$$\rightarrow \delta \times w_2$$

### # Initializing parameters

import numpy as np.

input\_size=2

hidden\_size=3

o/p\_size=1

lr=0.1

w1=np.random.rand(input\_size, hidden\_size)

w2=np.random.rand(hidden\_size, o/p\_size)

b1=np.random.rand(hidden\_size, 1)\*0.01

b2=np.random.rand(o/p\_size, 1)\*0.01

### # Defining activation functions

def sigmoid(v):

$$y = 1 / (1 + \text{np.exp}(-v))$$

return y.

```
def derivation(y):  
    return(y*x*(1-y))
```

```
def meansqerror(yp, y):
```

$$MSE = ((y_p - y) \times 2) \cdot \text{sum}() / 2$$

```
    return E
```

```
# define a dataset
```

```
x = np.array([[7, 3, 12, 6], [9, 1]])
```

```
y = np.array([80, 50, 95])
```

```
# normalize
```

```
x = x / np.amax(x, axis=0)
```

```
y = y / 100
```

```
# create a neural Net & train:
```

```
def train(x, y):  
    global w1, w2, b1, b2, lr.
```

```
# forward phase:
```

```
v_h = np.dot(x, w1) + b1 # v_h @ w1 can also be used
```

```
y_h = sigmoid(v_h)
```

```
v_o = np.dot(y_h, w2) + b2
```

```
y_o = sigmoid(v_o)
```

```
return y_o
```

```
train(x, y)
```

Ex.	hours studied	hours enjoyed	Result
1	7	2	80
2	2	6	50
3	9	1	95

# back propagation phase

$$e_1 = y - y_0$$

$$\text{delta}_0 = e_1 \times \frac{y_0}{x} (1-y_0) \times -$$

$$e_2 = \text{delta}_0 @ w_2 \cdot T$$

$$\text{delta}_h = e_2 \times \cancel{y_h} (1-y_h)$$

$$g_0 = y_h @ \text{delta}_0$$

$$g_h = x \cdot T @ \text{delta}_h$$

$$w_1 = w_1 - \eta \times g_h \quad (\eta = lr)$$

$$w_2 = w_2 - \eta \times g_0$$

$$b_1 = b_1 - \eta \times \text{delta}_h$$

$$b_2 = b_2 - \eta \times \text{delta}_0$$

for i in range(2000):

train(x, y)

→ def forwardtest(x, y):

global w1, w2, b1, b2,

$$vh = np.dot(x, w1) + b1$$

$$yh = \text{sigm}(vh)$$

$$v0 = np.dot(yh, w2) + b2$$

$$y0 = \text{sigm}(v0)$$

return y0

→ forward test(x, y)

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_2} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial v_0} \times \frac{\partial v_0}{\partial y_0} \times \frac{\partial y_0}{\partial v_0} \times \frac{\partial v_0}{\partial w_2}$$

$$= e^{-x} y_0 (1-y_0) x$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial y_h} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial v_0} \times \frac{\partial v_0}{\partial y_0} \times \frac{\partial y_0}{\partial v_0} \times \frac{\partial v_0}{\partial y_h}$$

$$\frac{\partial v_0}{\partial w_1} =$$