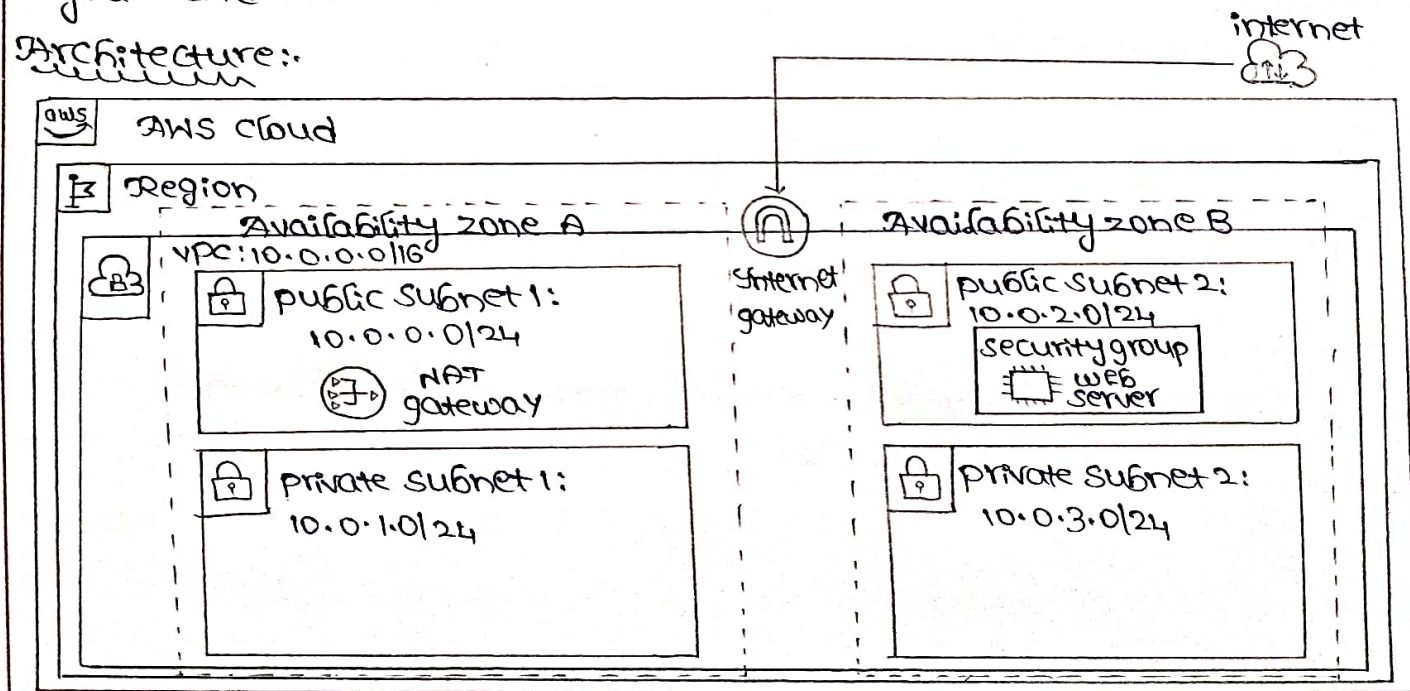


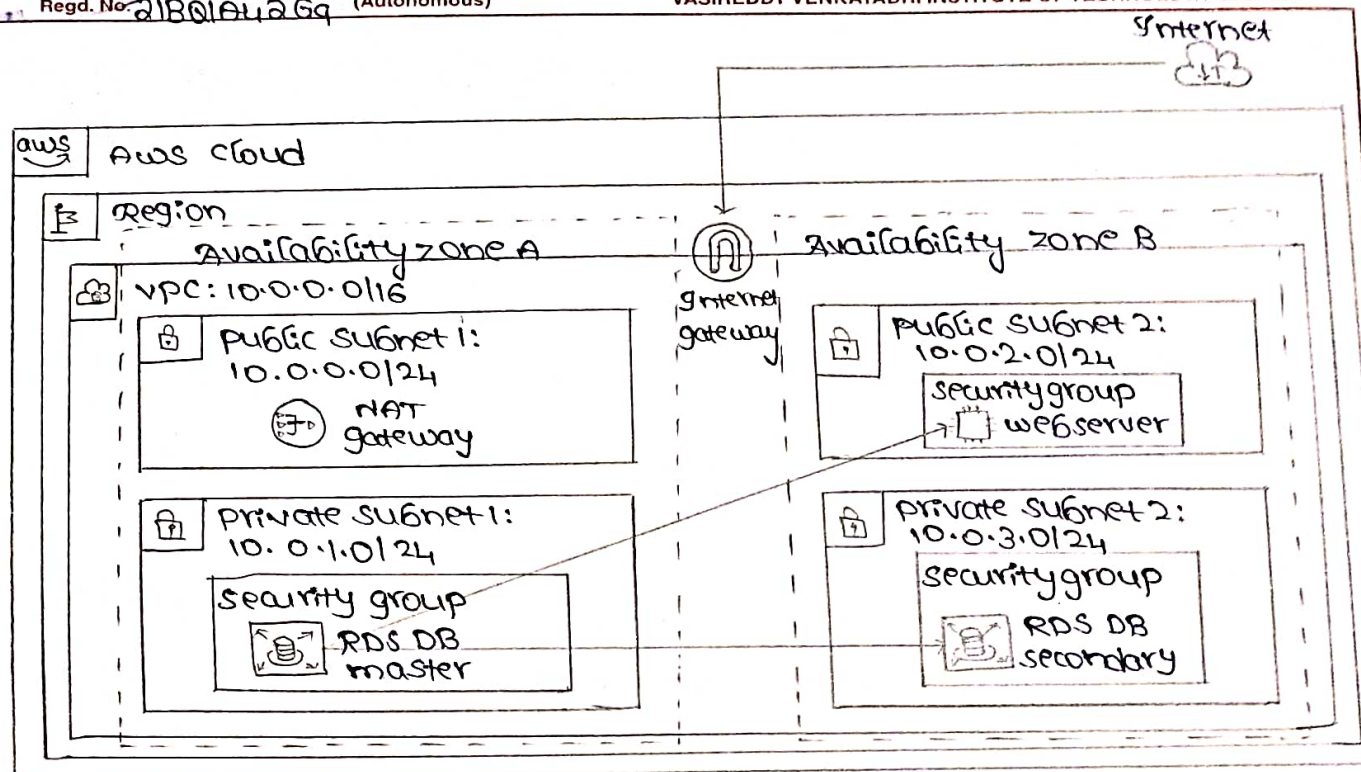
Lab-5.

Aim:: To build a database server and interact with our database using an App.

Description::

Amazon Relational Database service (Amazon RDS) makes it easy to set up, operate, and scale a relational database in the cloud. It provides cost-efficient and resizable capacity while managing time-consuming database administration tasks, which allows you to focus on your applications and business. Amazon RDS provides you with six familiar database engines to choose from: Amazon Aurora, Oracle, Microsoft SQL Server, PostgreSQL, MySQL and MariaDB.

Architecture::



steps followed for building the database server:-

- \* click **Start Lab** to launch the lab
- \* wait until you see the message "lab status: ready".
- \* choose **AWS**.

Task-1: create a security Group for the RDS DB instance :-

- \* In the AWS management console, on services menu, choose vpc.
- \* In navigation pane, choose security groups.
- \* choose create security group and then configure:
  - security group name: DB security Group
  - Description: permit access from web security Group
  - VPC: Lab vpc.

\* In the Inbound rules pane, choose Add rule.

\* Configure the following settings:

- o type: MySQL / Aurora (3306)

- o CIDR, IP, security group or prefix list: Type sg and then select web security group.

\* choose create security group.

Task-2: create a DB subnet Group:

\* On the services menu, choose RDS.

\* In Navigation pane, choose subnet groups.

\* choose create DB subnet Group then configure.

- o Name: DB-subnet - group

- o Description: DB-subnet group

- o vpc: lab vpc.

\* scroll down to the Add subnets section.

\* Expand the list of values under Availability zones and select the first two zones: us-east-1a and us-east-1b.

\* Expand the list of values under subnets and CIDR ranges  
10.0.1.0/24 and 10.0.3.0/24

\* choose create.

Task-3: create an Amazon RDS DB instance:

\* In navigation pane, choose databases.

\* choose create database.

- o choose switch to the new database creation flow.



- \* Select MySQL under Engine options.
- \* Under Templates choose Dev/Test.
- \* Under availability and durability choose Multi-AZ DB instance.  
Under settings, configure:
  - DB instance identifier: lab-db
  - Master username: main
  - Master password: lab-password
  - Confirm password: lab-password.
- \* Under DB instance class, configure:
  - select Burstable classes (includest + classes)
  - select db.t3.micro.
- \* Under storage, configure:
  - storage type: General purpose (SSD)
  - Allocated storage: 20
- \* Under connectivity, configure:
  - virtual private cloud (vpc): lab vpc
- \* Under Existing vpc security groups,
  - choose DB security group.
  - Deselect default.
- \* Expand Additional configuration, then configure:
  - Initial database name:
  - Uncheck Enable automatic backups.
  - Uncheck Enable encryption
  - Uncheck Enable Enhanced monitoring.

\* choose database

◦ your database will now be launched.

\* choose lab-db.

you will now need to wait approximately 4 minutes.

\* wait until info changes to modifying or available.

\* scroll down to the connectivity and security section and copy the Endpoint field.

◦ it will look similar to: lab-db-cggg2816nxvny.us-west-2.rds.amazonaws.com.

\* paste the Endpoint value into a text editor.

Task-4: Interact with Database:

\* to copy the webserver ip address, choose on details drop down menu, choose show.

\* open a new web browser tab, paste the webserver ip address and press Enter.

\* choose the RDS link.

\* configure the following settings:

◦ Endpoint: paste the endpoint we copied to a text editor.

◦ Database: lab

◦ Username: main

◦ Password: lab-password

◦ choose submit and test the web application.

\* choose **End lab** and then choose **yes** to confirm that we want to end the lab.