#### 1

# **ASSIGNMENT 3**

# HARITHA R AI20BTECH11010

## Download all python codes from

https://github.com/harithar1234/EE3900-Haritha/blob/main/assignment3/assignment3.py

### **QUESTION**

## Construction/Q 2.18

Draw a circle with centre B and radius 6. If C be a point 10 units away from its centre, construct the pair of tangents AC and CD to the circle.

#### **SOLUTION**

**Theorem 0.1.** The points of intersection of the line

$$L: \quad \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{q} + \mu \mathbf{m} \quad \mu \in \mathbb{R} \tag{0.0.1}$$

with a general conic are given by

$$\mathbf{x}_i = \mathbf{q} + \mu_i \mathbf{m} \tag{0.0.2}$$

where

$$\mu_{i} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{m}^{T} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m}} \left( -\mathbf{m}^{T} \left( \mathbf{V} \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{u} \right) \right)$$

$$\pm \sqrt{\left[ \mathbf{m}^{T} \left( \mathbf{V} \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{u} \right) \right]^{2} - \left( \mathbf{q}^{T} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{q} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{T} \mathbf{q} + f \right) \left( \mathbf{m}^{T} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m} \right)}$$

$$(0.0.3)$$

The general form of a conic is given by

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{0.0.4}$$

for a circle, V = I and u = -B where B is the center of the circle.

Let  $\mathbf{q}$  be the locus of the point of tangency from point  $\mathbf{C}$ , the distance of  $\mathbf{C}$  from  $\mathbf{B}$  is d

$$(\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{C}) = 0 \tag{0.0.5}$$

$$(\mathbf{q} + \mathbf{u})^T (\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{C}) = 0 \tag{0.0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{q}^T \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{q} - \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{q}^T \mathbf{C} = 0$$
 (0.0.7)

Using (0.0.4)

$$(\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{C})^T \mathbf{q} = -f - \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{C}$$
 (0.0.8)

Let  $\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{C}$  and  $c = -f - \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{C}$  This is equation of a line, let  $\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{a}$  be a point that lies on this line

$$\therefore \mathbf{q} = \mathbf{a} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} -\mathbf{e_1}^T \mathbf{n} \\ \mathbf{e_2}^T \mathbf{n} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.9}$$

We need to find the intersection point of this with the given circle.

Using (0.0.3)

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{a} + \mu_i \mathbf{m} \tag{0.0.10}$$

$$\mu_i = \frac{1}{d^2} \left( -\mathbf{m}^T \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{u} \right) \right.$$

$$\pm \sqrt{\left[ \mathbf{m}^T \left( \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{u} \right) \right]^2 - \left( \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{a} + 2 \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{a} + f \right) d^2} \right) \quad (0.0.11)$$

Now, we can confirm the solution by checking for  $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{0}$ ,  $\mathbf{C} = d\mathbf{e}_1$ ,  $f = -r^2$ 

$$\implies$$
 **n** =  $d$ **e**<sub>1</sub>, **m** =  $d$ **e**<sub>2</sub> (0.0.12)

An arbitrary choice of **a** could be  $\frac{r^2}{d}$ **e**<sub>1</sub>,

$$\mu_i = \pm \frac{1}{d^2} \sqrt{(r^2 d^2 - r^4)} \tag{0.0.13}$$

$$\mathbf{q} = \frac{r^2}{d} \mathbf{e}_1 \pm r \sqrt{1 - \frac{r^2}{d^2}} \mathbf{e}_2 \tag{0.0.14}$$

 $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{D}$  are the corresponding points of tangency from  $\mathbf{C} = 10\mathbf{e}_1$ 

Using (0.0.14), we obtain all the points of tangency. d=10 and r=6.

d=10 and r=6.  
Therefore, 
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3.6 \\ 4.8 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 3.6 \\ -4.8 \end{pmatrix}$ 

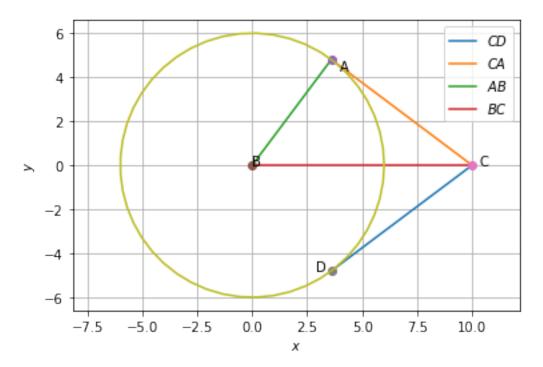


Fig. 1: Plot of the tangents