

coe318 Lab 4: Bank Accounts

Objectives

- Implement an Account class.
- Implement a Bank class.
- Use loops.
- Use arrays.
- Write a class from scratch (no template given as in previous labs)
- **Duration: one week.**

Discussion

A classic application of object-oriented techniques is a bank account. In this lab, you will implement a simplified model of a bank account and of a bank itself.

A bank `Account` will track the account number, the owner's name and the current balance. The only operations allowed (apart from trivial getters) will be withdrawing and depositing money. A user will not be allowed to make a deposit or withdrawal of a negative or zero value. Furthermore, they will not be allowed to withdraw more money than they have in the account.

An account, of course, must belong a specific bank; hence you will also implement the `Bank` class. A `Bank` object will keep track of all of the accounts it has; it will also disallow two accounts with the same account number.

The Account class

The `Account` class will consist of instance variables, a constructor and the following methods:

- `String getName()`
- `double getBalance()`
- `int getNumber()`
- `boolean deposit(double amount)`
- `boolean withdraw(double amount)`

In addition, you are provided with a `toString()` method that you must not modify.

Some additional details are given below.

The Constructor

The constructor's signature is:

```
public Account(String name, int number,  
               double initialBalance)
```

In typical use, it could create an account for “Alice Jones” with an account number of 1234

and an initial balance of \$100.00 with:

```
Account alice = new Account("Alice Jones", 1234, 100.0);
```

When you implement the constructor, you must also think about the instance variables you will need. (Hint: recall that a constructor often simply copies its arguments into instance variables. Also, if you have declared your instance variables, a Netbeans tool can be used to generate the code for the constructor automatically.)

The getters

You should have little trouble implementing the getter methods (`getName()` returns the name of the account owner, `getNumber()` returns the account number and `getBalance()` returns the current balance.)

(Hint: The getters can be generated automatically in Netbeans as one of the Refactoring choices.)

The `withdraw()` and `deposit()` methods

Note that these methods return a boolean: `true` or `false`. If successful, they return `true`. However, an attempt to withdraw can fail if the balance is not big enough or if an attempt is made to withdraw zero or a negative value. A deposit can fail if the amount is negative or zero.

Of course, a successful deposit or withdrawal should update the account balance.

The *Bank* class

You should not attempt to implement the *Bank* class until you have *Account* working properly.

The *Bank* implementation will require that you use arrays and loops for the first time.

Unlike the *Account* class, you are given a template for this class so you don't have to start it from scratch. And, to make you life a little easier and ensure that you start off the right way, the instance variables and the constructor have been given to you as well. (You should not modify the furnished constructor and you do not need any additional instance variables.)

Step 1: Create a Netbeans project and Account class

1. Create a Netbeans project called `BankAccounts`.
2. Create a Java file (class library type) called `Account` and set the package to `coe318.lab4`. Note: you are not provided with a template this time, you have to write it from scratch. Do not modify the automatically generated statement:

```
package coe318.lab4;
```
3. Determine your instance variables and implement the constructor.
4. Implement the other methods.
5. You are provided with a `toString()` method which you should copy and paste into your class.
6. You may wish to write your own `public static void main(String[] args)` in the *Account* class itself. Write whatever you want to see if your methods are working.

Account class toString() code

```
@Override
public String toString() { //DO NOT MODIFY
    return "(" + getName() + ", " + getNumber() + ", " +
        String.format("%.2f", getBalance()) + ")";
}
```

Step 2: Test Account with MainAccount

1. Create a Java file (class library type) called `MainAccount` with package `coe318.lab4` and copy and paste the provided source code.
2. You can run this main method either by invoking Run file or changing the Netbeans configuration to specify the class containing the main method.
3. You should not continue until at least most of it works.

Correct output from MainAccount

```
(Bob, 789, $0.00)
(Alice, 123, $100.00)
(Alice, 123, $85.00)
(Alice, 123, $85.00)
(Alice, 123, $85.00)
(Alice, 123, $35.00)
(Bob, 789, $300.00)
(Bob, 789, $200.00)
```

Step 3: Create the Bank class

1. Create a Java file called `Bank` and copy/paste the provided template code.
2. Create a Java file `MainBank` which will be used to test your code. (Reset the main method in the Netbeans configuration to make this your main class.
3. Fix the methods until it works.

Correct output from MainBank

```
Toronto Dominion: 0 of 3 accounts open
Toronto Dominion: 1 of 3 accounts open
    (Charles, 234, $200.00)
td has account # 456: true
Toronto Dominion: 2 of 3 accounts open
    (Charles, 234, $200.00)
    (Dora, 456, $300.00)
Bank of Montreal: 1 of 5 accounts open
    (Edward, 456, $400.00)
```

Step 4: Submit your lab

1. Submit your lab by zipping it to a file called `lab4.zip`
2. Then use the command `submit coe318 lab4 lab4.zip` to complete the submission.

Appendix

Bank class template code

This template is available at <http://www.ee.ryerson.ca/~courses/coe318/lab4/Bank.java>

```
/**
 *
 * @author Your name
 */
package coe318.lab4;
public class Bank {
    private String name;
    /**
     * An array of Accounts managed by
     * this bank.
     */
    private Account [] accounts;
    private int numAccounts;//number of active accounts

    public Bank(String name, int maxNumberAccounts) {
        this.name = name;
        accounts = new Account[maxNumberAccounts];
        numAccounts = 0;
    }

    /**
     * @return the name
     */
    public String getName() {
        return null; //Fix this
    }

    /**
     * @return the numAccounts
     */
    public int getNumAccounts() {
        return 0; //Fix this
    }

    public Account[] getAccounts() {
        return null; //Fix this
    }
}
```

```

    }

    /**
     * Return true if the Bank already has an account
     * with this number; otherwise false.
     * @param accountNumber
     * @return
     */
    public boolean hasAccountNumber(int accountNumber) {
        return false; //Fix this
    }

    /**
     * Adds the specified account to the Bank.
     * If the account number
     * already exists or the Bank has reached its maximum
     * number of accounts, return false; otherwise, true.
     * @param account
     * @return true if successful
     */
    public boolean add(Account account) {
        return true; //Fix this
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        //DO NOT MODIFY THIS CODE
        String s = getName() + ": " + getNumAccounts() +
            " of " + getAccounts().length +
            " accounts open";
        for(Account account : getAccounts()) {
            if (account == null) break;
            s += "\n " + account;
        }
        return s;
    }
}

```

MainBank class code

This code is available at <http://www.ee.ryerson.ca/~courses/coe318/lab4/MainBank.java>

```

package coe318.lab4;
public class MainBank {

    /**
     * @param args the command line arguments
     */

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Bank [] banks = {new Bank("Toronto Dominion", 3),
                      new Bank("Bank of Montreal", 5)};
    Bank td = banks[0];
    Bank bmo = banks[1];
    System.out.println(td);
    Account charlie = new Account("Charles", 234, 200.00);
    td.add(charlie);
    System.out.println(td);
    Account dora = new Account("Dora", 456, 300.00);
    td.add(dora);
    System.out.println("td has account # 456: " +
                      td.hasAccountNumber(456));
    Account ed = new Account("Edward", 456, 400.00);
    for(Bank bank : banks) {
        if (bank.add(ed)) break;
    }
    for(Bank bank : banks) {
        System.out.println(bank);
    }
}
}

```

MainAccount class code

This code is available at <http://www.ee.ryerson.ca/~courses/coe318/lab4/MainAccount.java>

```

package coe318.lab4;
public class MainAccount {

    /**
     * @param args the command line arguments
     */
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Account alice = new Account("Alice", 123, 100.00);
        Account bob = new Account("Bob", 789, 0);
        System.out.println(bob);
        System.out.println(alice);
        alice.withdraw(15);
        System.out.println(alice);
        alice.withdraw(200);
        System.out.println(alice);
        alice.withdraw(-1);
        System.out.println(alice);
        alice.deposit(150);
        alice.withdraw(200);
        System.out.println(alice);
        bob.deposit(300);
        System.out.println(bob);
    }
}

```

```
        bob.withdraw(100);  
        System.out.println(bob);  
    }  
}
```