2

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1 Basic

1.1 Default code

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
   using namespace std;
    #define MP make_pair
    #define pb push_back
   #define pf push_front
    #define ppb pop_back
    #define ppf pop_front
    #define F first
    #define S second
    using 11 = long long;
   using pii = pair<int, int>;
    using pll = pair<long long, long long>;
    using pdd = pair<double, double>;
    #define noTLE ios::sync_with_stdio(0), cin.tie(0),cout.
        tie(0);
    #define debug(x) cerr << #x << " = " << x << "\n"
    int read(){
        int res = 0 , f = 1;
        char ch = getchar();
        while (ch < '0' || ch > '9'){
   if (ch == '-') f = -f;
            ch = getchar();
        while (ch >= '0' && ch <= '9'){
    res = res * 10 + ch - 48;
            ch = getchar();
        return res * f;
    void print(int x){
      if(x == 0){
            putchar(48);
            return;
        int len = 0, dg[20];
        while (x > 0){
            dg[++len] = x % 10;
            x /= 10;
        for (int i = len; i >= 1; --i)
             putchar(dg[i] + 48);
11 | }
```

1.2 vimrc

```
*g++ file.cpp -o file.exe(compile)*
*./file.exe(run)*
set nocp nu rnu cin ai hls is si ru sc cul ic
set wrap autowrite scs lbr sm sta
set ts=4 sw=4 mouse=a bg=dark
hi cursorline cterm=bold ctermbg=NONE
syntax enable
:inoremap {<CR> {<CR>}<Esc>ko
```

2 Python

2.1 Syntax

```
# input many integers :
a, b = map(int, input().split())
# input array :
a = list(map(int, input().split()))
x = [int(i) for i in a]
# input 2D array
n = int(input())
a = [[int(i) for i in input().split()] for j in range(n
    )]
# set
st = set()
st.add()
st.remove()
x in st
```

3 Data structure

3.1 SegmentTree

```
struct SegmentTree{
    int seg[N * 4],lazy[N * 4];
    #define ls rt << 1
    #define rs rt << 1 | 1
    void pull(int rt){
         //seg[rt] = seg[ls] + seg[rs];
    void push(int 1,int r,int rt){
         if (1 == r || lazy[rt] == 0)
             return;
     void build(int 1, int r, int rt, int *data){
         if (1 == r){
             seg[rt] = data[1];
             return;
         int mid = l + r \gg 1;
         build(1, mid, ls, data);
         build(mid + 1, r, rs, data);
         pull(rt);
     void upd(int 1, int r, int rt, int q1, int qr, int
         k){
         if (1 >= q1 \&\& r <= qr){}
             //seg[rt]
             return;
        push(1, r, rt);
int mid = 1 + r >> 1;
         if (ql <= mid)</pre>
             upd(l, mid, ls, ql, qr, k);
         if (qr > mid)
             upd(mid + 1, r, rs, ql, qr, k);
         pull(rt);
     int qy(int l,int r, int rt, int ql, int qr){
         if (1 >= q1 \&\& r <= qr)
             return seg[rt];
         push(1, r, rt);
         int mid = l + r \gg 1;
         if (qr <= mid)</pre>
             return qy(1, mid, 1s, q1, qr);
         if (ql > mid)
             return qy(mid + 1, r, rs, ql, qr);
         return qy(1, mid, ls, ql, qr) + qy(mid + 1, r,
             rs, ql, qr);
    }
|};
```

3.2 Sparse_table

3.3 Treap

```
struct Treap{
    int sz[N], ch[N][2], pri[N], val[N];
     int root, cnt, z, x, y;
     void pull(int rt) {
         sz[rt] = 1 + sz[ch[rt][0]] + sz[ch[rt][1]];
    int new_node(int x){
         sz[++cnt] = 1;
         val[cnt] = x;
         pri[cnt] = rand();
         return cnt;
     void split(int now, int k, int &x, int &y){
         if (!now) x = y = 0;
         else{
             if (val[now] <= k)</pre>
                 x = now, split(ch[now][1], k, ch[now][1]
                      ][1], y);
             else
                 y = now, split(ch[now][0], k, x, ch[now]
                      ][0]);
             pull(now);
         }
    }
     int Merge(int A,int B){
         if (!A || !B)
             return A + B;
         if (pri[A] > pri[B]){
             ch[A][1] = Merge(ch[A][1], B);
             pull(A);
             return A;
         }
         else {
             ch[B][0] = Merge(A, ch[B][0]);
             pull(B);
             return B;
         }
    }
     int kth(int now, int k){
         while(1){
             if (k <= sz[ch[now][0]])
                 now = ch[now][0];
             else if (k == sz[ch[now][0]] + 1)
                 return now;
             else
                 k \rightarrow sz[ch[now][0]] + 1, now = ch[now][0]
                      ][1];
         }
    }
};
```

3.4 Splay_tree

```
struct SplayTree {
    int root, tot, fa[N], ch[2][N], val[N], cnt[N], sz[
        N];
    void maintain(int x) {
        sz[x] = sz[ch[0][x]] + sz[ch[1][x]] + cnt[x];
    }
    bool get(int x) { // x is left(0) or right(1)
        return x == ch[1][fa[x]];
    }
    void clear(int x) {
```

```
ch[0][x] = ch[1][x] = fa[x] = val[x] = sz[x] =
        cnt[x] = 0;
void rotate(int x) {
   int y = fa[x], z = fa[y], chk = get(x);
   ch[chk][y] = ch[chk ^ 1][x];
   if (ch[chk ^ 1][x])
        fa[ch[chk ^ 1][x]] = y;
   ch[chk ^ 1][x] = y;
   fa[y] = x;
   fa[x] = z;
   if (z)
        ch[y == ch[1][z]][z] = x;
   maintain(y);
   maintain(x);
void splay(int x) { // O(log n)
   for (int f = fa[x]; f = fa[x], f; rotate(x))
        if (fa[f])
            rotate(get(x) == get(f) ? f : x);
   root = x;
void ins(int x) {
   if (!root) {
        val[++tot] = x;
        cnt[tot]++;
        root = tot;
        maintain(root);
   }
   int now = root, f = 0;
   while (1) {
        if (val[now] == x) {
            cnt[now]++;
            maintain(now);
            maintain(f);
            splay(now);
            return;
        }
        f = now;
        now = ch[val[now] < x][now];</pre>
        if (!now) {
            val[++tot] = x;
            cnt[tot]++;
            fa[tot] = f;
            ch[val[f] < x][f] = tot;
            maintain(tot);
            maintain(f);
            splay(tot);
            return;
        }
int rk(int x) { // the rank of value x
   int res = 0, now = root;
   while (1) {
        if (x < val[now])</pre>
            now = ch[0][now];
        else {
            res += sz[ch[0][now]];
            if (x == val[now]) {
                splay(now);
                return res + 1;
            }
            res += cnt[now];
            now = ch[1][now];
        }
   }
int kth(int k) { // the kth value in splay tree
```

```
int now = root;
    while (1) {
        if (ch[0][now] && k <= sz[ch[0][now]])</pre>
            now = ch[0][now];
        else {
            k \rightarrow (sz[ch[0][now]] + cnt[now]);
            if (k <= 0) {
                 splay(now);
                 return val[now];
            now = ch[1][now];
        }
    }
int pre() { // biggest integer smaller than val[
    root], ins x first and del x later
    int now = ch[0][root];
    if (!now)
        return now;
    while (ch[1][now])
        now = ch[1][now];
    splay(now);
    return now;
int nxt() { // smallest integer bigger than val[
    root], same as pre()
    int now = ch[1][root];
    if (!now)
        return now;
    while (ch[0][now])
        now = ch[0][now];
    splay(now);
    return now;
void del(int x) {
    rk(x); // splay value x to root
    if (cnt[root] > 1) {
        cnt[root]--;
        maintain(root);
        return ;
    }
    if (!ch[0][root] && !ch[1][root]) {
        clear(root);
        root = 0;
        return ;
    if (!ch[0][root]) {
        int now = root;
        root = ch[1][root];
        fa[root] = 0;
        clear(now);
        return ;
    }
    if (!ch[1][root]) {
        int now = root;
        root = ch[0][root];
        fa[root] = 0;
        clear(now);
        return ;
    int now = root, y = pre();
    fa[ch[1][now]] = y;
    ch[1][y] = ch[1][now];
    clear(now);
    maintain(root);
}
merge two splay tree:
```

```
let roots of two splay tree be x and y
if x or y is null tree
    return another one
else
    splay the biggest value x' of x tree to
        root
    set ch[1][x'] = y
    return x'
*/
};
```

3.5 Trie

```
int idx, cnt[N];
struct Trie{
    int ch[26];
} tr[N];
void add(string s){
    int u = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++){</pre>
        int w = s[i] - 'a';
        if (tr[u].ch[w] == 0)
            tr[u].ch[w] = ++idx;
        u = tr[u].ch[w];
        cnt[u]++;
    }
void del(string s){
    int u = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++){</pre>
        int w = s[i] - 'a';
        int nxt = tr[u].ch[w];
        cnt[nxt]--:
        if (cnt[nxt] == 0)
            tr[u].ch[w] = 0;
        u = nxt;
    }
bool match(string s){
    int u = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++){</pre>
        int w = s[i] - 'a';
        if (cnt[tr[u].ch[w]] > 0)
             u = tr[u].ch[w];
        else
            return false;
    return true;
}
```

3.6 Persistent SegmentTree

```
struct Persistent_ST{
   int rt[N * 20], lc[N * 20], rc[N * 20], seg[N *
        20], idx;
    void build(int l,int r,int &p, int *data){
        p = ++idx;
        if(1 == r){
           seg[p] = data[1];
            return;
        int mid = 1 + r \gg 1;
        build(l, mid, lc[p], data);
        build(mid + 1, r, rc[p], data);
    }
    void upd(int l,int r,int &p,int pre,int q,int k){
        p = ++idx;
        lc[p] = lc[pre], rc[p] = rc[pre], seg[p] = seg[
            pre];
        if(1 == r){
            seg[p] = k;
            return;
        int mid = l + r >> 1;
        if (q <= mid)
            upd(1, mid, lc[p], lc[pre], q, k);
```

3.7 Lichao_tree

```
struct Lichaotree{
     struct line{
         int m, k;
         int operator()(const int &x){
             return x * m + k;
    } seg[C << 2];</pre>
    #define ls rt << 1
     #define rs rt << 1 | 1
     void build(int 1, int r, int rt){
         seg[rt] = {0, (int)1e18};
         if (1 == r) return;
         int mid = l + r >> 1;
         build(1, mid, ls);
         build(mid + 1, r, rs);
     void ins(int 1, int r, int rt, line L){
         if (1 == r){
             if (L(1) < seg[rt](1))</pre>
                 seg[rt] = L;
             return;
         int mid = 1 + r >> 1;
         if (seg[rt].m < L.m)</pre>
             swap(seg[rt], L);
         if (seg[rt](mid) > L(mid)){
             swap(seg[rt], L);
             ins(1, mid, 1s, L);
         else
             ins(mid + 1, r, rs, L);
     int qy(int 1, int r, int rt, int x){
         if (1 == r)
             return seg[rt](x);
         int mid = l + r \gg 1;
         if (x < mid)
             return min(seg[rt](x), qy(l, mid, ls, x));
         return min(seg[rt](x), qy(mid + 1, r, rs, x));
    }
};
```

4 Flow

4.1 Dinic

```
//O(MN^2)
int idx = 2, h[N], lev[N];
struct edge{
    int to, nxt, val;
}e[M];
int n, m, ed, st;
void add(int u,int v,int vl){
    e[idx].to = v;
    e[idx].nxt = h[u];
    e[idx].val = vl;
    h[u] = idx++;
}
bool bfs(){
    memset(lev, -1, sizeof(lev));
```

```
queue<int> q;
    q.push(st);
    lev[st] = 1;
    while (!q.empty()){
        int now = q.front();
        q.pop();
        for (int i = h[now]; i != 0; i = e[i].nxt){
             int x = e[i].to, vl = e[i].val;
if (vl && lev[x] == -1){
                  lev[x] = lev[now] + 1;
                  q.push(x);
        }
    return lev[ed] != -1;
int dfs(int now, int in){
    if (now == ed)
         return in:
    int out = 0;
    for (int i = h[now]; i != 0; i = e[i].nxt){
        int x = e[i].to, vl = e[i].val;
        if (vl && lev[x] == lev[now] + 1){
             int tmp = dfs(x, min(vl, in));
e[i].val -= tmp;
             e[i ^ 1].val += tmp;
             in -= tmp;
             out += tmp;
        }
    if (out == 0) lev[now] = -1;
    return out:
int dinic(){
    int res = 0;
    while(bfs())
        res += dfs(st, inf);
    return res;
}
```

4.2 Minimum cost maximum flow

```
int s, t;
int h[N], idx = 2, dis[N], last[N], pre[N], fl[N];
bool vis[N];
struct edge{
    int to, nxt, vl, cost;
} e[M];
void add(int u, int v, int val, int c){
    e[idx].to = v;
    e[idx].nxt = h[u];
    e[idx].cost = c;
    e[idx].vl = val;
    h[u] = idx++;
}
bool spfa(){
    fill(dis, dis + t + 1, 1e18);
    fill(fl, fl + t + 1, 1e18);
    queue<int> q;
    q.push(s);
    dis[s] = 0;
    vis[s] = 1;
    pre[s] = -1;
    while (!q.empty()){
        int now = q.front();
        q.pop();
        vis[now] = 0;
        for (int i = h[now]; i; i = e[i].nxt){
            int v = e[i].to, c = e[i].cost;
            if (e[i].vl && dis[v] > dis[now] + c){
                dis[v] = dis[now] + c;
                fl[v] = min(fl[now], e[i].vl);
                pre[v] = now;
                last[v] = i;
                if (!vis[v])
                    q.push(v), vis[v] = 1;
        }
```

```
    return dis[t] != 1e18;

}
int ans;

void dinic(){
    while (spfa()){
        int i = t;
        ans += f1[i] * dis[i];
        while (i != s){
              e[last[i]].vl -= f1[t];
              e[last[i] ^ 1].vl += f1[t];
              i = pre[i];
        }
    }
}
```

5 Graph

5.1 Dijkstra

```
vector<pii> adj[N];
int dis[N];
int dijkstra(int s, int t){
    priority_queue<pii, vector<pii>, greater<pii>> pq;
    for(int i = 0;i <= n; i++)</pre>
         dis[i] = 2e9;
    dis[s] = 0;
    pq.push(MP(0, s));
    while(!pq.empty()){
         int now_dis = pq.top().F, now_pos = pq.top().S;
         pq.pop();
         if(now_dis != dis[now_pos]) continue;
         if(now_pos == t) break;
         for(auto j : adj[now_pos]){
             if(dis[j.F] > dis[now_pos] + j.S){
    dis[j.F] = dis[now_pos] + j.S;
                  pq.push(MP(dis[j.F], j.F));
             }
         }
    return dis[t];
```

5.2 Kth_shrtest_path

```
priority_queue<pll, vector<pll>, greater<pll>> pq;
priority_queue<1l> best[N];
int n, k; // kth shortest path
void kth_shortest_path(){
    best[st].push(0);
    pq.push(MP(0, st));
    while (!pq.empty()){
         11 now = pq.top().S, now_dis = pq.top().F;
         pq.pop();
         if (now_dis > best[now].top()) continue;
         for (auto x : v[now]){
             if (best[x.F].size() < k){</pre>
                 best[x.F].push(now_dis + x.S);
                 pq.push(MP(now_dis + x.S, x.F));
             else if (!best[x.F].empty() && now_dis + x.
                 S < best[x.F].top()){</pre>
                 best[x.F].pop();
                 best[x.F].push(now_dis + x.S);
                 pq.push(MP(now_dis + x.S, x.F));
             }
        }
    }
}
```

5.3 euler_tour

```
set<int> adj[N];
vector<int> ans;
void dfs(int now){
   while (!adj[now].empty()){
```

```
int x = *adj[now].begin();
        adj[now].erase(adj[now].find(x));
        adj[x].erase(adj[x].find(now));
        dfs(x);
    ans.pb(now);
}
bool euler_tour(){
    int st = 1, cnt = 0;
for(int i = n; i; i--){
        if (adj[i].size() % 2 == 1)
             st = i, cnt++;
    if (cnt > 2) return false;
    else{
        return true;
        dfs(st);
        reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());
}
```

5.4 Hungarian

```
int n;
struct bipartite_graph_matching{
    int adj[N][N], a[N], vis[N];
    void init(){
        memset(adj, 0, sizeof(adj));
        memset(a, -1, sizeof(a));
    bool DFS(int x){
        if (vis[x])
             return false;
        vis[x] = 1;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
             if (adj[x][i] && (a[i] == -1 || DFS(a[i])))
                 return a[i] = x, 1;
        return false;
    int match(){
        int res = 0;
        for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
             memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
             res += DFS(i);
        return res;
    }
};
```

5.5 2-SAT

```
const int N; // range * 2
vector<int> v[N];
bool instk[N];
stack<int> stk;
int dfn[N], low[N], idx, blg[N], scc;
// a \rightarrow b = if a then b
void tarjan(int now){
    dfn[now] = low[now] = ++idx;
    instk[now] = 1;
    stk.push(now);
for (auto x : v[now]){
        if (!dfn[x]){
             tarjan(x);
             low[now] = min(low[now], low[x]);
        else if (instk[x])
             low[now] = min(low[now], dfn[x]);
    if (dfn[now] == low[now]){
        scc++;
         for (int top = -1; top != now; stk.pop()){
             top = stk.top();
             blg[top] = scc;
             instk[top] = 0;
```

```
}
    }
bool twosat(){
    for (int i = 1; i <= 2 * n; i++)</pre>
         if (!dfn[i])
              tarjan(i);
     bool ok = true;
     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
         if (blg[i] == blg[i + n])
              ok = false;
     if (!ok)
         return false;
     else{
         return true;
         // construct ans
         vector<int> ans;
         for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    if(blg[i] < blg[i + n])</pre>
                   ans.pb(0); // choose i
                   ans.pb(1); // choose i + n
    }
}
```

5.6 SCC

```
void tarjan(int now){
    dfn[now] = low[now] = ++idx;
    stk.push(now);
    instk[now] = true;
for (auto x : v[now]){
        if (!dfn[x]){
             tarjan(x);
             low[now] = min(low[now], low[x]);
        else if (instk[x])
             low[now] = min(low[now], dfn[x]);
    if (low[now] == dfn[now]){
        scc_idx++;
        for (int top = -1; top != now; stk.pop()){
             top = stk.top();
             blg[top] = scc_idx;
             instk[top] = false;
        }
    }
```

5.7 BCC

```
void tarjan(int now, int pre){
    dfn[now] = low[now] = ++idx;
    for (int i = h[now]; i; i = e[i].nxt){
        int v = e[i].to;
        if (v == pre || vis[i]) continue;
        vis[i] = vis[i ^ 1] = 1;
        stk.push(i);
        if (!dfn[v]){
            tarjan(v, now);
            low[now] = min(low[now], low[v]);
            if (low[v] >= dfn[now] && now != pre){
                bcc_cnt++;
                for (int top = -1; top != i; stk.pop())
                    top = stk.top();
                    if (blg[e[top].to] != bcc_cnt)
                        blg[e[top].to] = bcc_cnt,
                            bcc_node[bcc_cnt].pb(e[top
                             ].to);
                    if (blg[e[top ^ 1].to] != bcc_cnt)
                        blg[e[top ^ 1].to] = bcc_cnt,
                             bcc_node[bcc_cnt].pb(e[top
                             ^ 1].to);
                    bcc_edge[bcc_cnt].pb(top);
                    bcc_edge[bcc_cnt].pb(top ^ 1);
                }
            }
```

```
}
else
    low[now] = min(low[now], dfn[v]);
}
//if (now == pre && ch > 0){}
}
```

5.8 Tree_Isomorphism

```
const int MOD = 1e9 + 7;
const int bas = 107;
vector<int> v[N];
int sz[N], dep[N], h[N], p[N];
pii has[N];
int n, rtmx, rt, rtt;
void findrt(int now, int pre){
    sz[now] = 1;
    int mx = 0;
    for (auto x : v[now]){
        if (x == pre)
            continue;
        findrt(x, now);
        sz[now] += sz[x];
        mx = max(mx, sz[x]);
    mx = max(mx, n - sz[now]);
    if (mx < rtmx)</pre>
        rt = now, rtmx = mx, rtt = 0;
    else if (mx == rtmx)
        rtt = now:
void dfs(int now, int pre){
   h[now] = dep[now] * p[1] % MOD;
    sz[now] = 1;
    for (auto x : v[now]){
        if (x == pre)
             continue;
        dep[x] = dep[now] + 1;
        dfs(x, now);
    vector<pii> tmp;
    for (auto x : v[now]){
        if (x == pre)
             continue;
        tmp.pb({h[x], sz[x]});
    for (auto x : tmp){
         (h[now] += x.F * p[x.S] % MOD) %= MOD;
        sz[now] += x.S;
signed main(){
    int t;
    cin >> t;
    p[0] = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= 50; i++)</pre>
        (p[i] = p[i - 1] * bas) % = MOD;
    for (int k = 1; k <= t; k++){</pre>
        cin >> n;
        rtmx = MOD;
        for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++)</pre>
             v[i].clear(), sz[i] = dep[i] = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++){
             int x;
             cin >> x;
             if (x)
                 v[i].pb(x), v[x].pb(i);
        findrt(1, -1);
        dep[rt] = 1;
        dfs(rt, -1);
        has[k].F = h[rt];
        if (rtt){
             dep[rtt] = 1;
             dfs(rtt, -1);
             has[k].S = h[rtt];
        if (has[k].S > has[k].F) swap(has[k].F, has[k].
             S);
    }
```

```
// if has[i] == has[j] => tree isomorphism
```

6 Math

6.1 Bignumber

```
string s;
char c;
int la, lb, a[100], b[100], res[100];
void add(){
    int cy = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < max(la, lb); i++){</pre>
         res[i] = a[i] + b[i] + cy;
         cy = res[i] / 10;
         res[i] %= 10;
}
void sub(){
    int bw = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++){</pre>
         res[i] = a[i] - b[i] - bw;
         if (res[i] < 0)
             bw = 1, res[i] += 10;
         else
             bw = 0;
    }
void mul(){
    memset(res, 0, sizeof(res));
for (int i = 0; i < la; i++){</pre>
         for (int j = 0; j < 1b; j++){
             res[i+j] += a[i]*b[j];
    for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++){
    res[i+1] += res[i]/10;</pre>
         res[i] %= 10;
bool cmp(int x){
    for (int i = lb-1; i >= 0; i--){
         if (a[i+x] < b[i]) return 0;</pre>
         if (a[i+x] > b[i]) return 1;
    return 1;
void mns(int x){
    for (int i = 0; i < 1b; i++)</pre>
         a[i+x] -= b[i];
void div(){
    memset(res, 0, sizeof(res));
    for (int i = la-lb; i >= 0; i--){
         int cnt = 0;
         while (cmp(i)){
             mns(i);
             cnt++;
         res[i] = cnt;
    }
void print(){
    bool flag = false;
    for (int i = 99; i >= 0; i--){
         if (res[i] != 0) flag = true;
         if (flag) cout << res[i];</pre>
    if (!flag) cout << 0;</pre>
    cout << "\n";
}
signed main() {
    string s;
    cin >> s;
    la = s.length();
    memset(a, 0, sizeof(a));
    for (int i = 0; i < la; i++)</pre>
```

6.2 Exgcd

```
int exgcd(int a, int b, int &x, int &y){
    if (!b){
        x = 1, y = 0;
        return a;
    }
    int d = exgcd(b, a % b, x, y);
    int t = x;
    x = y;
    y = t - (a / b) * y;
    return d;
}
```

6.3 Linear_sieve

```
bool prime[N];
vector<int> p;
void linear_sieve(){
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
        prime[i] = 1;
    prime[0] = prime[1] = 0;
    for (int i = 2; i < N; i++){
        if (prime[i])
            p.pb(i);
        for (auto x : p){}
             if (x * i >= N)
                 break;
             prime[x * i] = 0;
             if (i % x == 0)
                 break;
        }
    }
}
```

6.4 Linear_inv

```
int inv[N];
void linear_inv(int p){
   inv[1] = 1;
   for (int i = 2; i < N; i++)
        inv[i] = (inv[p % i] * (p - p / i)) % p;
}</pre>
```

6.5 Gaussian_Elimination(mod)

```
int a[N][N];
int n, MOD;
void gaussian_elimination_mod(){
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
        if (a[i][i] == 0){
             int tmp = i;
             for (int j = i + 1; j <= n; j++)</pre>
                 if (a[j][i]){
                      tmp = j;
                      break;
             for (int j = 1; j <= n + 1; j++)</pre>
                 swap(a[i][j], a[tmp][j]);
        int tmp = a[i][i];
        for (int j = i; j <= n + 1; j++)</pre>
             (a[i][j] *= fpow(tmp, MOD - 2)) %= MOD;
        for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++){</pre>
```

6.6 Euler_phi

```
int phi[N];
bool isp[N];
vector<int> prime;
void euler_phi_function(){
     fill(isp, isp + N, 1);
     isp[0] = isp[1] = 0;
     phi[1] = 1;
     for (int i = 2; i < N; i++){</pre>
         if (isp[i])
         prime.pb(i), phi[i] = i - 1;
for (int j = 0; i * prime[j] < N; j++){</pre>
              isp[i * prime[j]] = 0;
              if (i % prime[j] == 0){
                   phi[i * prime[j]] = phi[i] * prime[j];
              }
              else
                   phi[i * prime[j]] = phi[i] * phi[prime[
         }
     }
}
```

6.7 Chinese remainder theorem

```
// res % m[i] == r[i]
int CRT(int n, int *m, int *r){
   int M = 1, res = 0;
   for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        M *= m[i];
   for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++){
        int tm = M / m[i], x, y;
        exgcd(tm, m[i], x, y);
        res = ((res + r[i] * tm * x % M)) % M;
   }
   return (res + M) % M;
}</pre>
```

6.8 Miller Rabin

```
// n < 2^32 {2, 7, 61}
// n < 2^64 {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775, 9780504,
    1795265022}
using ll = long long;
11 mult(ll a, ll b, ll m){
    return ((a % m) * (b % m)) % m;
11 fpow(ll a, ll b, ll m){
    11 r = 1;
    a %= m;
    for(;; b >>= 1){
         if(b & 1)
             (r *= a) %= m;
         (a *= a) %= m;
    return r;
bool miller_rabin(ll a, ll n){
    if(n < \overline{2})
         return true;
     if(n % 2 == 0)
        return n != 2;
    a %= n;
    if(!a)
```

```
return false;
11 u = n - 1;
int t = 0;
while(!(u % 2)){
    u /= 2;
    t++;
}
11 x = fpow(a, u, n);
for(int i = 0; i < t; i++){
    11 nx = mult(x, x, n);
    if(nx == 1 && x != 1 && x != n - 1)
        return true;
    x = nx;
}
return x != 1;
}</pre>
```

6.9 Hamel Basis

```
//maximmum xor
int bas[50];
void ins(int x){
    for (int i = 20; i >= 0; i--){
        if ((x >> i) & 1){
            if (!bas[i])
                bas[i] = x;
            x ^= bas[i];
        }
    }
int q_mx(){
    int r = 0;
    for (int i = 20; i >= 0; i--){
        if ((r ^ bas[i]) > r)
            r ^= bas[i];
    return r;
}
```

7 Geometry

7.1 Geomerty Default

```
using pdd = pair<double, double>;
const double eps = 1e-6;
#define X first
#define Y second
pdd operator+(pdd a, pdd b){
    return pdd(a.X + b.X, a.Y + b.Y);
pdd operator-(pdd a, pdd b){
    return pdd(a.X - b.X, a.Y - b.Y);
pdd operator*(pdd a, double b){
    return pdd(a.X * b, a.Y * b);
pdd operator/(pdd a, double b){
    return pdd(a.X / b, a.Y / b);
double dot(pdd a, pdd b){
    return a.X * b.X + a.Y * b.Y;
double cross(pdd a, pdd b){
    return a.X * b.Y - a.Y * b.X;
double abs2(pdd a){
    return dot(a, a);
double abs(pdd a){
   return sqrt(dot(a, a));
int sign(double a){
    return fabs(a) < eps ? 0 : a > 0 ? 1 : -1;
int ori(pdd a, pdd b, pdd c){
    return sign(cross(b - a, c - a));
bool btw(pdd a, pdd b, pdd c){
```

```
if (sign(ori(a, b, c)) != 0)
          return 0;
    return sign(dot(a - c, b - c)) <= 0;
}
bool seg_intersection(pdd a, pdd b, pdd c, pdd d){
    int a123 = ori(a, b, c);
    int a124 = ori(a, b, d);
    int a341 = ori(c, d, a);
    int a342 = ori(c, d, b);
    if (!a123 && !a124)
        return btw(a, b, c) || btw(a, b, d) || btw(c, d, a) || btw(c, d, b);
    return a123 * a124 <= 0 && a341 * a342 <= 0;
}</pre>
```

7.2 Convexhull

```
vector<pii> convexhull(){
    sort(node.begin(), node.end());
    vector<pii> hull, ans;
    for (int i = 0; i < node.size(); i++){</pre>
        while (hull.size() >= 2){
            int sz = hull.size() - 1;
             if (cross({hull[sz].X - hull[sz - 1].X,
                 hull[sz].Y - hull[sz - 1].Y}, {node[i].
                 X - hull[sz - 1].X, node[i].Y - hull[sz
                  - 1].Y}) >= 0)
                hull.pop_back();
             else
                 break:
        hull.pb(node[i]);
    }
    ans = hull;
    hull.clear();
    for (int i = 0; i < node.size(); i++){</pre>
        while (hull.size() >= 2){
            int sz = hull.size() - 1;
             if (cross({hull[sz].X - hull[sz - 1].X,
                 hull[sz].Y - hull[sz - 1].Y}, {node[i].
                 X - hull[sz - 1].X, node[i].Y - hull[sz
                  - 1].Y}) <= 0)
                 hull.pop_back();
            else
                 break;
        hull.pb(node[i]);
    for (int i = hull.size() - 2; i >= 0; i--)
        ans.pb(hull[i]);
    int area = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < ans.size(); i++)</pre>
        area += (cross(ans[i], ans[i - 1]));
    area /= 2;
    return ans;
}
```

7.3 Closest_pair

```
vector<pii> v;
double dis(int a, int b) { return sqrt((double)(v[a].F
     - v[b].F) * (v[a].F - v[b].F) + (<mark>double</mark>)(v[a].S - v
    [b].S) * (v[a].S - v[b].S)); }
bool cmpbyX(pii a, pii b) { return a.F < b.F || (a.F ==</pre>
     b.F && a.S < b.S); }
bool cmpbyY(int a, int b) { return v[a].S < v[b].S || (</pre>
    v[a].S == v[b].S && v[a].F < v[b].F); }
double solve(int l,int r){
    double d = 1 << 30;</pre>
    if (1 == r)
        return d;
    if (l + 1 == r)
        return dis(l, r);
    int mid = l + r \gg 1;
    double d1 = solve(l, mid);
    double d2 = solve(mid + 1, r);
    d = min(d1, d2);
    vector<int> tmp;
```

```
for (int i = 1; i <= r; i++)
    if (abs(v[i].F - v[mid].F) <= d)
        tmp.pb(i);
sort(tmp.begin(), tmp.end(), cmpbyY);
for (int i = 0; i < tmp.size(); i++)
    for (int j = i + 1; j < tmp.size() && v[tmp[j
        ]].S - v[tmp[i]].S < d; j++)
        d = min(d, dis(tmp[i], tmp[j]));
return d;
}</pre>
```

7.4 Farthest_pair

7.6 Rectangles_area

}

return MP(0, r);

}

}

}

```
int cross(pii a, pii b) { return a.X * b.Y - a.Y * b.X;
int dis(pii a, pii b){return (a.X - b.X) * (a.X - b.X)
    + (a.Y - b.Y) * (a.Y - b.Y);}
signed main(){
    vector<pii> convex = convexhull();
    if (convex.size() == 2)
        cout << dis(convex[0], convex[1]) << '\n';</pre>
        int j = 2, ans = 0, m = convex.size();
        for (int i = 0; i < convex.size(); i++){</pre>
             while (cross({convex[i].X - convex[j].X,
                 convex[i].Y - convex[j].Y}, {convex[(i
                 + 1) % m].X - convex[j].X, convex[(i +
                 1) % m].Y - convex[j].Y}) <= cross({</pre>
                 convex[i].X - convex[(j + 1) % m].X,
                 convex[i].Y - convex[(j + 1) % m].Y,
                 convex[(i + 1) % m].X - convex[(j + 1)]
                 % m].X, convex[(i + 1) % m].Y - convex
                 [(j + 1) % m].Y))
                 ans = max(ans, max(dis(convex[i],
                     convex[j]), dis(convex[(i + 1) % m)
                     ], convex[j]))), (j += 1) %= m;
             ans = max(ans, max(dis(convex[i], convex[j
                 ]), dis(convex[(i + 1) % m], convex[j])
        cout << ans << ' \setminus n';
    }
}
```

const int N; struct Node{ int x, y1, y2, ok; //left bound 1, right bound 1 bool operator <(const Node &tmp)const{</pre> return x < tmp.x;</pre> } node[N * 2]; struct Seg{ int len, sum; } seg[N * 8]; void pull(int l,int r,int rt){ if (seg[rt].sum > 0) seg[rt].len = r - l + 1;else if (r != 1) seg[rt].len = seg[ls].len + seg[rs].len; else seg[rt].len = 0; void upd(int l,int r,int rt,int ql,int qr,int k){ if (r + 1 <= ql || l >= qr) return; **if** $(1 >= q1 && r + 1 <= qr){}$ seg[rt].sum += k;pull(1, r, rt); return: int mid = l + r >> 1; upd(1, mid, ls, ql, qr, k); upd(mid + 1, r, rs, ql, qr, k); pull(1, r, rt); int rectangles_area(){ sort(node, node + 2 * n);int last = node[0].x; long long ans = 0; for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){</pre> ans += 1LL * (node[i].x - last) * seg[1].len; upd(1, N + 1, 1, node[i].y1, node[i].y2, node[i].ok); last = node[i].x; cout << ans << '\n';

if (dis(0, p[k]) > r + eps)

solve(i, j, k);

7.5 Smallest_enclosing_circle

```
const double eps = 1e-8;
const int N = 5;
pdd p[N], 0;
double r:
double dis(pdd a, pdd b) { return sqrt((a.X - b.X) * (a
    X - b.X + (a.Y - b.Y) * (a.Y - b.Y); }
void solve(int i, int j, int k){
    double a = p[j].X - p[i].X;
    double b = p[j].Y - p[i].Y;
    double d = p[k].X - p[i].X;
double e = p[k].Y - p[i].Y;
    double f = (p[k].X * p[k].X - p[i].X * p[i].X) / 2
    + (p[k].Y * p[k].Y - p[i].Y * p[i].Y) / 2;

0.X = (c * e - b * f) / (a * e - b * d), 0.Y = (b * d - a * b) / (c * d - a * e);
    r = dis(0, p[i]);
pair<pii, int> smallest_enclosing_circle(){
    random_shuffle(p + 1, p + n + 1);
    0 = p[1], r = 0;
    for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++){</pre>
        if (dis(p[i], 0) > r + eps){
             0 = p[i], r = 0;
             for (int j = 1; j < i; j++){</pre>
                 if (dis(0, p[j]) > r + eps){
                     0.X = (p[i].X + p[j].X) / 2;
                     0.Y = (p[i].Y + p[j].Y) / 2;
                     r = dis(0, p[j]);
                     for (int k = 1; k < j; k++){
```

8 String

8.1 KMP

```
int f[N]; // failure function, longest common prefix
    and suffix(s[0~f[i]-1] == s[i-f[i]+1~i])
// f[i + 1] => s[i]
vector<int> match(string a, string b){
    vector<int> ans;
    f[0] = -1, f[1] = 0;
    for (int i = 1, j = 0; i < b.size(); f[++i] = ++j){
        if (b[i] == b[j])
            f[i] = f[j];
        while (j!= -1 && b[i]!= b[j])
            j = f[j];
}
for (int i = 0, j = 0; i - j + b.size() <= a.size()
        ; ++i, ++j){
        while (j!= -1 && a[i]!= b[j])
            j = f[j];
        if (j == b.size() - 1)
            ans.pb(i - j);
}</pre>
```

```
return ans;
}
```

8.2 Z algorithm

8.3 Smallest_rotation

8.4 Manacher

```
int f[N];
int manacher(string tmp){
    string tmp, s;
    cin >> tmp;
     for (int i = 0; i < tmp.size(); i++){</pre>
         s += tmp[i];
     s += '*';
    int l = 0, r = -1, ans = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++){
    f[i] = min(r - i + 1, f[r + 1 - i]);</pre>
         while (i - f[i] >= 0 \&\& i + f[i] < s.size() \&\&
              s[i - f[i]] == s[i + f[i]])
              f[i]++;
         f[i]--;
         if (i + f[i] > r){
              r = i + f[i];
              l = i - f[i];
         ans = max(ans, f[i]);
    cout << ans << '\n';
}
```

8.5 AC_automaton

```
// fail[i] point to the longest prefix == longest
     suffix of i
const int N = 1e6 + 25:
struct AC_automaton{
     int tr[26][N], fail[N], e[N], idx = 0;
     void clear(){
          for (int i = 0; i <= idx; i++){</pre>
              e[i] = fail[i] = 0;
for (int j = 0; j < 26; j++)
                   tr[j][i] = 0;
          idx = 0;
     void ins(string s){
          int now = 0;
         for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++){
   if (!tr[s[i] - 'a'][now])
        tr[s[i] - 'a'][now] = ++idx;
   now = tr[s[i] - 'a'][now];</pre>
          e[now]++;
     void build(){
          queue<int> q;
          for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++)
              if (tr[i][0])
                   q.push(tr[i][0]);
          while (!q.empty()){
              int now = q.front();
              q.pop();
               for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++){
                   if (tr[i][now]){
                        fail[tr[i][now]] = tr[i][fail[now]]
                             11;
                        q.push(tr[i][now]);
                   else
                        tr[i][now] = tr[i][fail[now]];
              }
          }
     int query(string s){// calculate how many s_i in S
          int now = 0, ans = 0;
          for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++){</pre>
               now = tr[s[i] - 'a'][now];
               for (int j = now; j && e[j] != -1; j = fail
                   ans += e[j], e[j] = -1;
          return ans;
     }
} ac;
```

8.6 Suffix_Array

```
const int N = 1e6 + 25;
int sa[N], x[N], y[N], cnt[N];
// sa[i] = i-th smallest suffix's index (1-base)
// O(nLogn)
void build_SA(string s){
    int n = s.size(), m = 256;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        x[i] = s[i - 1], cnt[x[i]]++;
    for (int i = 2; i <= m; i++)</pre>
        cnt[i] += cnt[i - 1];
    for (int i = n; i; i--)
        sa[cnt[x[i]]--] = i;
    for (int k = 1; k <= n; k <<= 1){
        int id = 0;
        for (int i = n - k + 1; i <= n; i++)
            y[++id] = i;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
            if (sa[i] > k)
                 y[++id] = sa[i] - k;
        for (int i = 0; i <= m; i++)</pre>
            cnt[i] = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
            cnt[x[i]]++;
        for (int i = 2; i <= m; i++)</pre>
             cnt[i] += cnt[i - 1];
```

```
for (int i = n; i; i--){
            sa[cnt[x[y[i]]]--] = y[i];
            y[i] = 0;
        swap(x, y);
        id = 1, x[sa[1]] = 1;
        for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++){</pre>
            if (y[sa[i]] == y[sa[i - 1]] && y[sa[i] + k]
                 ] == y[sa[i - 1] + k])
                x[sa[i]] = id;
            else
                x[sa[i]] = ++id;
        if (id == n)
            break;
        m = id:
                                                             }
    }
}
```

9 Others

9.1 CDQ

```
struct node{
    int y, z, id;
vector<node> a[N]; // (y, z, time)
bool cmp(node A, node B) { return A.y < B.y; }</pre>
int bit[N], ans[N];
int n;
void upd(int p, int k){
    for (int i = p; i < N; i += i & -i)</pre>
         bit[i] += k;
int qy(int p){
    int res = 0:
     for (int i = p; i; i -= i & -i)
        res += bit[i];
    return res:
void solve(int 1, int r){
    if (1 == r)
        return;
    int mid = 1 + r \gg 1;
    solve(l, mid);
    solve(mid + 1, r);
    vector<node> left, right;
    for (int i = 1; i <= mid; i++)</pre>
         for (auto x : a[i])
             left.pb(x);
     for (int i = mid + 1; i <= r; i++)</pre>
         for (auto x : a[i])
             right.pb(x);
    sort(left.begin(), left.end(), cmp);
     sort(right.begin(), right.end(), cmp);
     for (auto x : right)
        upd(x.z, 1);
    int j = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < left.size(); i++){</pre>
         while (j < right.size() && right[j].y <= left[i</pre>
             ].y)
             upd(right[j++].z, -1);
         ans[left[i].id] += (qy(n) - qy(left[i].z));
     for (j; j < right.size(); j++)</pre>
         upd(right[j].z,-1);
}
```

9.2 Digital_dp

```
int dp[N], a[N]; //dp[]... record everything you want,
    a[] record the number
//init dp => -1
int dfs(int pos, bool lim, bool zero){ //dfs(pos,
    mx_number?, Leading_zero?, ...)
    if (pos <= 0)
        return; //something
    if (!lim && !zero && dp[pos] != -1)</pre>
```

9.3 Matrix_fpow

```
#define matrix vector<vector<int>>
matrix operator*(const matrix &a, const matrix &b){
    matrix c = vector<vector<int>>(a.size(), vector<int</pre>
         >(b[0].size(), 0));
    for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++)</pre>
         for (int j = 0; j < b[0].size(); j++)</pre>
             for (int k = 0; k < b.size(); k++)</pre>
                 (c[i][j] += a[i][k] * b[k][j]);
    return c;
matrix fpow(matrix &a, int p){
    matrix I;
    for(int i = 0;i < a.size(); i++){</pre>
         vector<int> tmp;
         for(int j = 0; j < a.size(); j++)</pre>
             if(j == i)
                 tmp.pb(1);
                 tmp.pb(0);
        I.pb(tmp);
    for (; p; p >>= 1){
         if (p & 1)
            I = I * a;
         a = a * a;
    return c;
```

9.4 Mo's_algorithm

```
struct query{
    int 1, r, id, bid;
    bool operator<(const query& tmp) const{ return bid</pre>
         < tmp.bid || (bid == tmp.bid && r < tmp.r) ;}</pre>
void add(int x){
   //do something
void sub(int x){
    //do something
signed main(){
    cin >> n;
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) cin >> a[i];
    vector<query> Q;
    int k = sqrt(n);
    for(int i = 0; i < q; i++){</pre>
        int 1, r;
        cin >> 1 >> r;
        Q.pb(\{1, r, i, 1 / k\});
    int 1 = 0, r = -1;
    for(int i = 0; i < q; i++){</pre>
        while(1 < Q[i].1) sub(a[1++]);</pre>
        while(1 > Q[i].1) add(a[--1]);
        while(r < Q[i].r) add(a[++r]);</pre>
        while(r > Q[i].r) sub(a[r--]);
```

```
ans[Q[i].id] = // answer
    }
}
```

time_segment_tree

```
const int N = 1e5 + 25;
int ans:
int f[N], sz[N], res[N];
map<pii, int> mp;
vector<pii> seg[N << 2];</pre>
stack<pii> ud_sz, ud_f;
#define ls rt << 1</pre>
#define rs rt << 1 | 1
int Find(int x){
  return f[x] == x ? x : Find(f[x]);
bool uni(int a, int b){
  int p = Find(a), q = Find(b);
  if (p == q)
   return 0;
  if (sz[p] < sz[q])
   swap(p, q);
  ud_sz.push(MP(p, sz[p]));
  ud_f.push(MP(q, f[q]));
  ans - - ;
 sz[p] += sz[q];
  f[q] = p;
  return 1;
void upd(int rt, int l, int r, int ql, int qr, pii edg)
  if (1 >= q1 && r <= qr){}
    seg[rt].pb(edg);
    return;
  int mid = 1 + r \gg 1;
  if (ql <= mid)</pre>
    upd(ls, 1, mid, ql, qr, edg);
  if (qr > mid)
    upd(rs, mid + 1, r, ql, qr, edg);
void traversal(int rt, int l, int r){
 int cnt = 0;
  for (auto i : seg[rt]){
    if (uni(i.F, i.S))
      cnt++;
  if (1 == r)
    res[1] = ans;
  else{
    int mid = 1 + r \gg 1;
    traversal(ls, 1, mid);
    traversal(rs, mid + 1, r);
  while (cnt--){
    pii x = ud_sz.top(), y = ud_f.top();
    ud_sz.pop();
    ud_f.pop();
    sz[x.F] = x.S;
    f[y.F] = y.S;
    ans++;
  }
signed main(){
 noTLE;
  int n, m, k;
  cin >> n >> m >> k;
  ans = n;
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)</pre>
   f[i] = i, sz[i] = 1;
  for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i){</pre>
    int a, b;
    cin >> a >> b;
    if (a > b)
      swap(a, b);
```

```
mp[MP(a, b)] = 0;
for (int i = 1; i <= k; ++i){
  int t, a, b;
  cin >> t >> a >> b;
  if (a > b)
    swap(a, b);
  if (t == 1)
   mp[MP(a, b)] = i;
    upd(1, 0, k, mp[MP(a, b)], i - 1, MP(a, b));
    mp.erase(mp.find(MP(a, b)));
  }
for (auto i : mp)
 upd(1, 0, k, i.S, k, i.F);
traversal(1, 0, k);
for (int i = 0; i <= k; ++i)
  cout << res[i] << ' ';</pre>
cout << '\n';</pre>
```