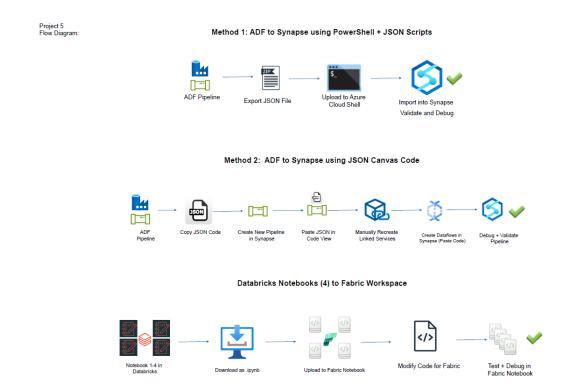
Data Engineering - Project 5

Migrating pipelines from ADF to Synapse & Databricks Notebook Migration to Fabric Workspace

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Flow Diagram



Method 1: Migration Using Azure PowerShell (ADF to Synapse)

Objective

The goal of this exercise is to migrate an Azure Data Factory (ADF) pipeline, along with its linked services and datasets, into an Azure Synapse Analytics workspace using a manual scripting approach. This ensures a deeper understanding of artifact structure, module usage, and workspace integration.

Tools used: Azure Cloud Shell, Az. Synapse PowerShell module, Synapse Studio

Step 1: Prepare Synapse Environment

Step 1.1: Launch Cloud Shell

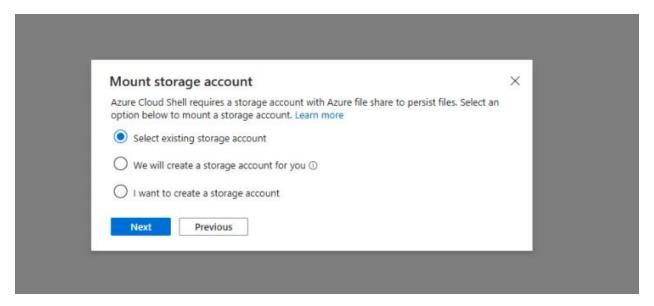
Go to the Azure Portal

Click on the Cloud Shell icon on the top right

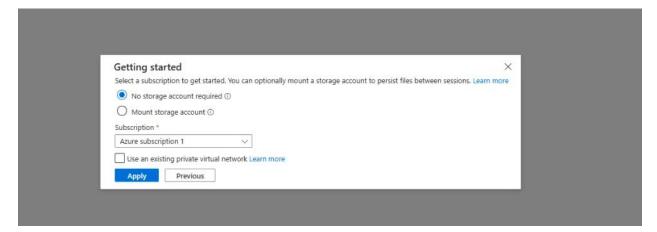
Choose PowerShell mode

Step 1.2: Mount Storage (if prompted)

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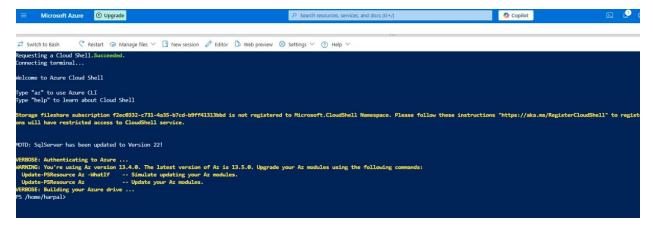
Select your Azure subscription



Create a new storage account or use an existing (e.g., adlsharpal)

Create a file share (e.g., fileshare-harpal)





Step 1.3: Set Up Folder Structure in Cloud Shell

cd \$HOME

mkdir adfartifacts

cd adfartifacts

```
PS /home/harpal> cd $HOME
PS /home/harpal> cd adfartifacts

Set-Location: Cannot find path '/home/harpal/adfartifacts' because it does not exist.

PS /home/harpal> mkdir adfartifacts
PS /home/harpal> cd adfartifacts
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts>
```

Step 2: Export ADF Pipeline

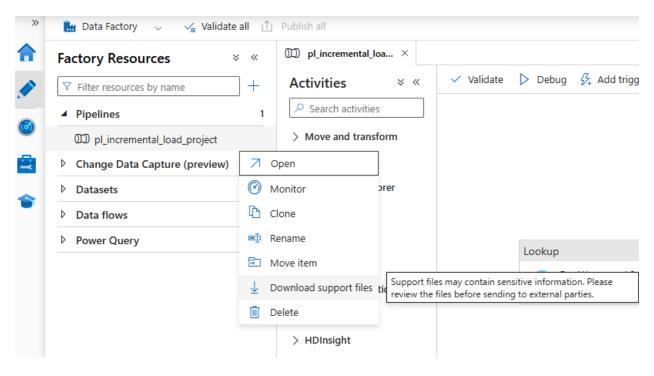
Step 2.1: Open ADF Studio

Go to your ADF resource > Author & Monitor

Locate pipeline pl_incremental_load_project

Right-click > Download support files

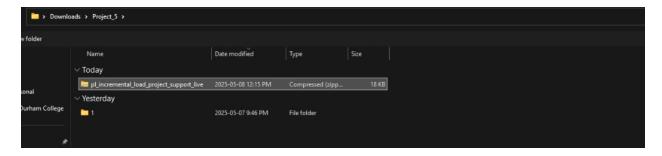
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Step 2.2: Upload ZIP to Cloud Shell

Use Cloud Shell → Upload option

Upload the .zip file (e.g., pl_incremental_load_project_support_live.zip)





Moved that Zip file into newly created directory (adfartifacts)

```
PS /home/harpal/addartifacts/ is
PS /home/harpal/addartifacts/ cd ~
PS /home/harpal> ls
adfartifacts clouddrive Microsoft pl_incremental_load_project_support_live.zip
PS /home/harpal> mv ./pl_incremental_load_project_support_live.zip ./adfartifacts/
PS /home/harpal> cd ./adfartifacts/
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> ls
pl_incremental_load_project_support_live.zip
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts>
```

Step 2.3: Extract the ZIP

Expand-Archive "pl_incremental_load_project_support_live.zip" -DestinationPath "." -Force

```
RS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> Expand-Archive "./pl_incremental_load_project_support_live.zip" -DestinationPath "." -Force
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> ls
dataset diagnostic.json info.txt linkedService pipeline pl_incremental_load_project_support_live.zip
```

Step 3: Set PowerShell Environment

Step 3.1: Connect and Set Subscription

Connect-AzAccount

\$context = Select-AzSubscription -SubscriptionName "Azure subscription 1"

```
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> $context = Get-AzContext
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> $context

Tenant: b9b0d8ab-2a0a-4453-a4f5-34f2ed2382fd

SubscriptionName SubscriptionId Account Environment

Azure subscription 1 f2ec0332-c731-4a35-b7cd-b9ff41313bbd MSI@50342 AzureCloud
```

Step 3.2: Import Az. Synapse Module

Install-Module Az. Synapse - Force

```
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts>
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts>
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> Install-Module -Name Az.Synapse -Force -AllowClobber
```

```
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts>
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts>
Installing package 'Az.Synapse' [Installing dependent package 'Az.Accounts'
```

Import-Module Az. Synapse

```
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> Import-Module Az.Synapse
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> $workspace = "wsp-synapse-harpal"
```

Step 4: Import ADF Artifacts into Synapse

Set workspace name:

\$workspace = "wsp-synapse-harpal"

```
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> Import-Module Az.Synapse
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> $workspace = "wsp-synapse-harpal"
```

Step 4.1: Import Linked Services

Set-AzSynapseLinkedService -WorkspaceName \$workspace -Name azuresqllookup -DefinitionFile "./linkedService/azuresqllookup.json" -DefaultProfile \$context

Set-AzSynapseLinkedService -WorkspaceName \$workspace -Name ls_csvfiles -DefinitionFile "./linkedService/ls_csvfiles.json" -DefaultProfile \$context

Set-AzSynapseLinkedService -WorkspaceName \$workspace -Name ls_key_vault -DefinitionFile "./linkedService/ls_key_vault.json" -DefaultProfile \$context

Step 4.2: Import Datasets

Set-AzSynapseDataset -WorkspaceName \$workspace -Name azuresqllookup -DefinitionFile "./dataset/azuresqllookup.json" -DefaultProfile \$context

Set-AzSynapseDataset -WorkspaceName \$workspace -Name ds_csvfiles -DefinitionFile "./dataset/ds_csvfiles.json" -DefaultProfile \$context

```
PS / home/harpal/affartifacts > Set-AsympselinkedService | Northean | Service | Northean | Service | Northean | Service | Northean | Service | Ser
```

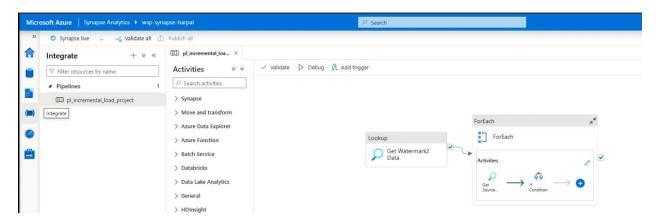
Step 4.3: Import Pipeline

Set-AzSynapsePipeline -WorkspaceName \$workspace -Name "pl_incremental_load_project" -DefinitionFile "./pipeline/pl_incremental_load_project.json" -DefaultProfile \$context

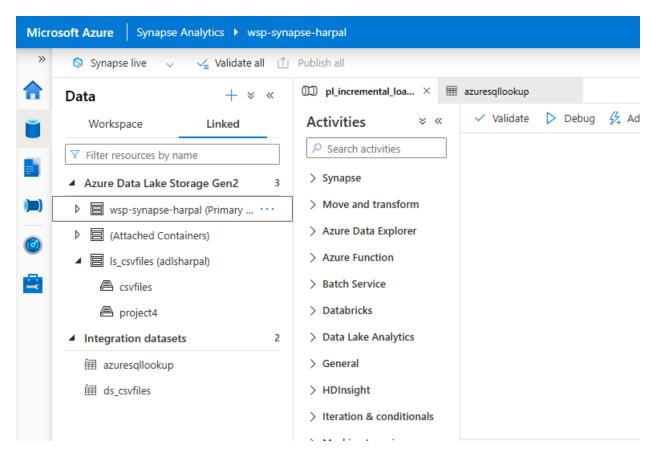
Step 5: Validate and Run Pipeline in Synapse

- 1. Open Synapse Studio
- 2. Go to Integrate > Verify pipeline pl_incremental_load_project exists
- 3. Click the pipeline > Click Validate (top bar)
- 4. Click Debug to test run the pipeline

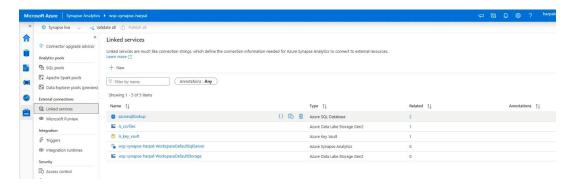
Integrate Tab:



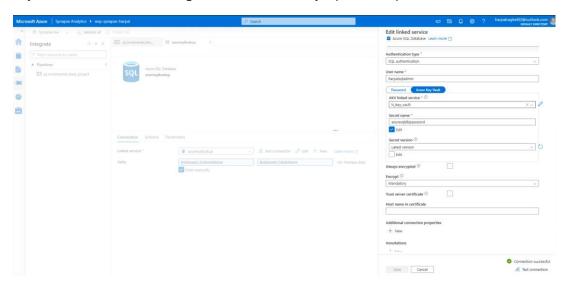
Check the Dataset in the Data Tab:



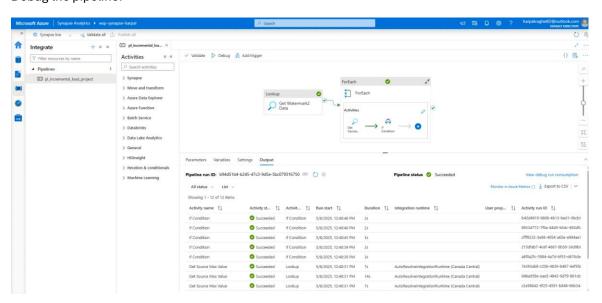
Manage Tab:



Key Vault Connection Checking in Linked Service in Synapse Workspace:



Debug the pipeline:



What to Do With /home/harpal/adfartifacts after the migration?

We can safely delete the contents after migration is 100% successful, because:

The artifacts (pipeline, datasets, linked services) have already been imported into Azure Synapse.

Synapse now stores its own copy, and Cloud Shell is no longer needed for them.

Run this in Cloud Shell to delete the folder:

rm -r ~/adfartifacts

Or remove the Zip file:

rm ~/pl_incremental_load_project_support_live.zip

```
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> rm -r ~/adfartifacts
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> ls
clouddrive Microsoft
PS /home/harpal/adfartifacts> cd..
PS /home/harpal> ls
clouddrive Microsoft
PS /home/harpal>
```

Points to remember:

- Make sure you are in the correct working directory when running import commands
- Ensure file names and paths match exactly
- Reimporting with an incorrect workspace name won't show errors, but nothing will appear
- Validate linked services post-import (especially Key Vault and Integration Runtime)

Conclusion:

This manual migration approach helps build a strong understanding of how ADF and Synapse Pipelines share the same underlying schema. Using scripting provides flexibility and is ideal for troubleshooting, learning, or precise CI/CD setups. The project was successfully executed from end-to-end with the pipeline running in the Synapse environment.

Method 2: Migration Using JSON Code (ADF to Synapse)

Objective

To migrate an existing pipeline and dataflow from Azure Data Factory (ADF) to Azure Synapse Analytics manually using the JSON definition of pipeline and dataflow artifacts.

Step 1: Validate Pipeline in Azure Data Factory

We have this pipeline in ADF that cleans the customer's data from the ADLS Gen 2 storage account and loads it into the Azure SQL Database Table.

Open ADF workspace:



Dataflow Design:



Run the pipeline in Debug mode to ensure that it is working as expected



Step 2: Export JSON Definitions from ADF

Open the pipeline canvas in ADF Click on the "Code" tab Copy the entire JSON content of the pipeline design Repeat the same process for the associated Data Flow

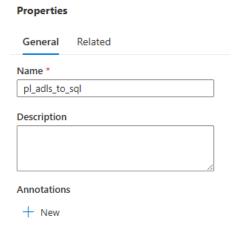
Dataflow Activity code at the pipeline level:

Dataflow Design JSON Code:

Step 3: Open Azure Synapse Workspace

Launch Synapse Studio
Navigate to the Integrate hub
Click + Pipeline, then rename it exactly the same as the original ADF pipeline
Click on the "Code" tab and paste the copied JSON code from ADF

Confirm and save the pipeline.

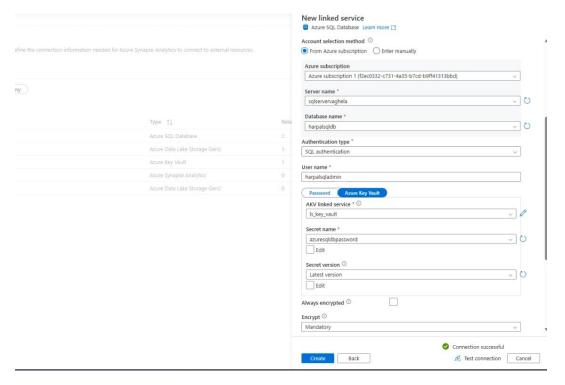


Step 4: Recreate Linked Services in Synapse

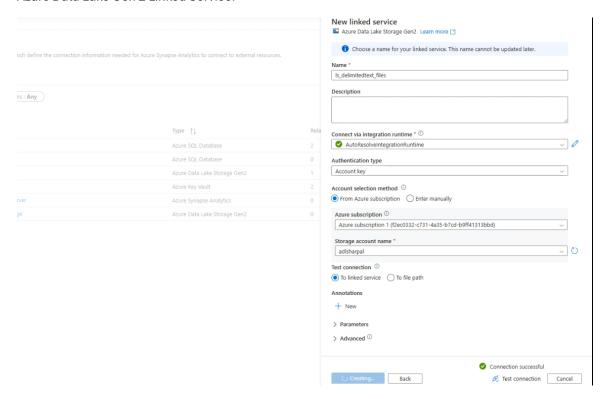
Go to the Manage tab in Synapse Studio Manually create all Linked Services referenced in the original ADF pipeline Azure SQL Database linked service Azure Data Lake Gen2 linked service

Go to Synapse Workspace:

Azure SQL Database Linked Service:

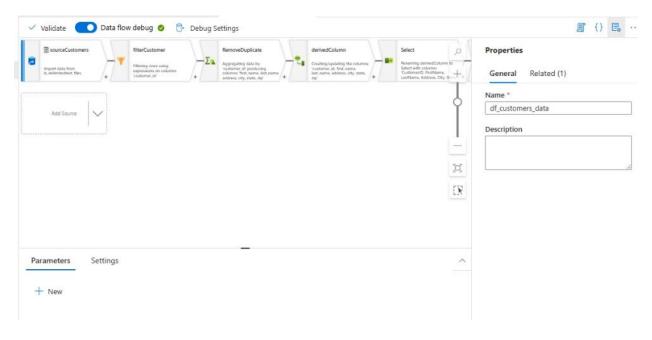


Azure Data Lake Gen 2 Linked Service:



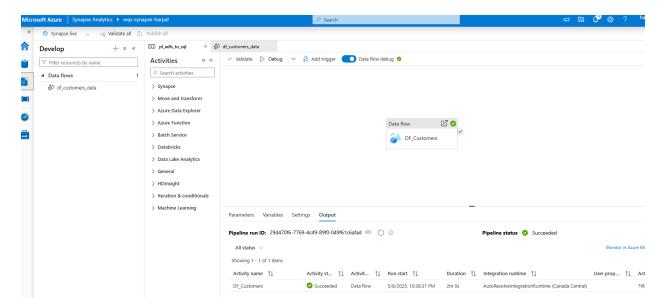
Step 5: Recreate Data Flow

In the Develop hub of Synapse Create a new Data Flow with the same name as in ADF Open the "Code" view and paste the JSON from the ADF Data Flow canvas Save and validate the design



Step 6: Test the Migrated Pipeline in Synapse

Open the new pipeline in Synapse Click Debug to test the execution Ensure data loads from ADLS to Azure SQL as expected



Points to Remember:

- Ensure Linked Service names match exactly in Synapse or update references in JSON
- Validate the pipeline and dataflow in ADF before exporting
- Always test the pipeline in Debug mode post-migration
- Synapse supports most ADF components, but confirm compatibility for custom or preview features

Conclusion:

This manual JSON-based migration method successfully replicates an ADF pipeline and dataflow into Synapse Analytics. It avoids full Git-based export and gives granular control to migrate only what is needed.

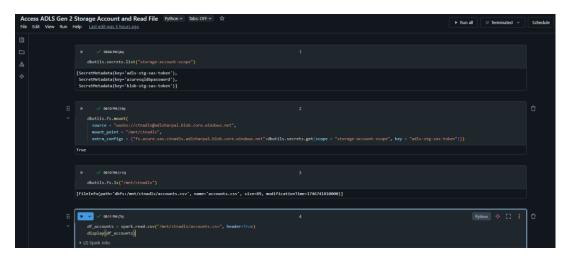
Migrate Databricks Notebook to Fabric Workspace

Objective

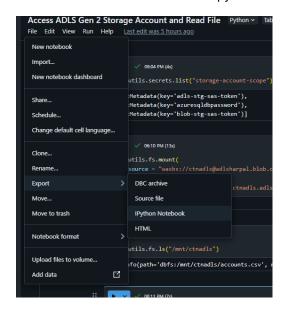
To successfully migrate a set of 4 Databricks notebooks into Microsoft Fabric Workspace by modifying unsupported features such as mount points, key vault access, and storage paths. This includes reading data from Azure Data Lake Gen2, applying transformations, and saving results into Fabric Lakehouse tables.

Notebook 1

Go to Databricks Workspace and open/create a notebook:



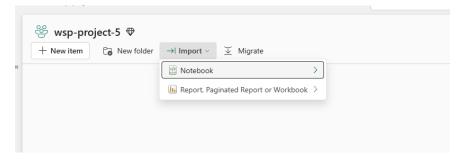
We will download this notebook in ipynb file format and migrate to the Fabric workspace.



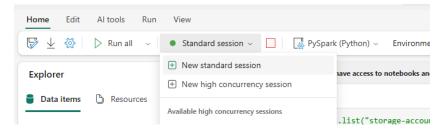
Turn on Fabric Capacity from the Azure Account

Now, open the Fabric Workspace and click on Import Notebook

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Start the Spark Session



Make necessary changes for fabric notebook

Comment or remove code which is not needed



Add new code if we have used a mount point in Databricks, we have changed it here in the Fabric Notebook

2 101

51

Checking

```
1 sasToken = notebookutils.credentials.getSecret("<a href="https://keyvault-harpal.vault.azure.net/"">https://keyvault-harpal.vault.azure.net/</a>", "adls-stg-sas-token")
[1] - Command executed in 5 sec 811 ms by Fabric on 6:15:37 PM, 5/08/25
             notebookutils.fs.mount(
   "abfss://ctnadls@adlsharpal.dfs.core.windows.net",
   "/test",
                  {"sasToken":sasToken}
[2] 

    - Command executed in 876 ms by Fabric on 6:16:28 PM, 5/08/25

       Table view

    ■ ABC localPath ABC mountPoint

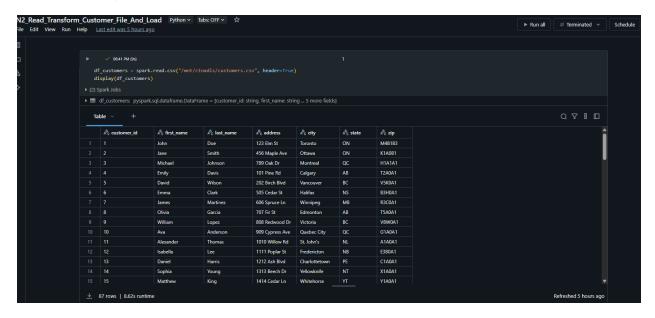
                                                     ABC source
                                         ABC scope
                                                                  ABC storageType
       1 /synfs/notebo... /test
                                        job
                                                     abfss://ctna... Data Lake Storag...
Display the csv file data from ADLS Gen 2:
         1 containerPath = notebookutils.fs.getMountPath("/test")
  [7] - Command executed in 297 ms by Fabric on 6:19:30 PM, 5/08/25
notebookutils.fs.ls(f"<a href="file://{containerPath}")</a>
  [6] 
- Command executed in 304 ms by Fabric on 6:18:39 PM, 5/08/25
   \cdots \quad \text{[FileInfo(path=file:/synfs/notebook/b5ba821f-52a8-4c15-aa80-34bf435152b4/test/accounts.csv, name=accounts.csv, size=89)]}
            1 df_accounts = spark.read.option("header", True).csv(f"file://{containerPath}/accounts.csv")
                 display(df_accounts)
  [14] - Command executed in 1 sec 624 ms by Fabric on 6:25:35 PM, 5/08/25
           Table
                              + New chart
          Table view
                                                                     ABC balance

    ■ ABC account_id

                                                  ABC account_type
                                 50
                                                                      1111
               100
                                                  Checking
```

Notebook 2

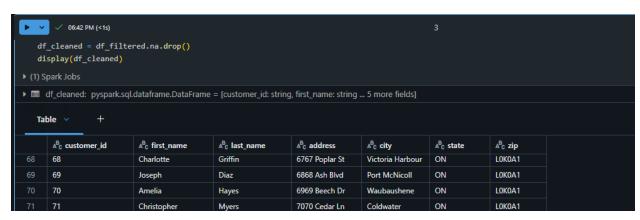
Read the CSV file, do the transformation and load it into ADLS Gen 2



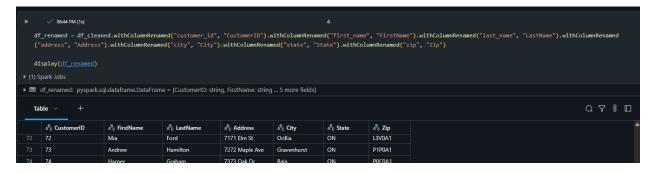
Filter out the null customer ids:



Drop the null records:



Rename the column name:



Writing it into ADLS Gen 2 storage account after cleaning:



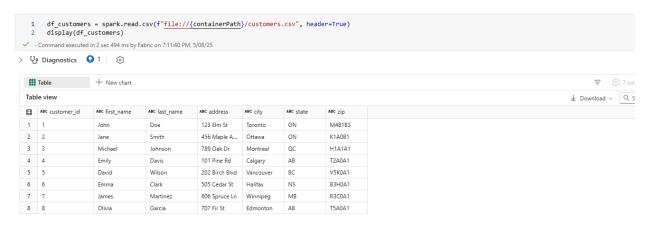
Download this in ipynb file format

Now, open the Fabric Workspace and click on Import Notebook

Make necessary changes:



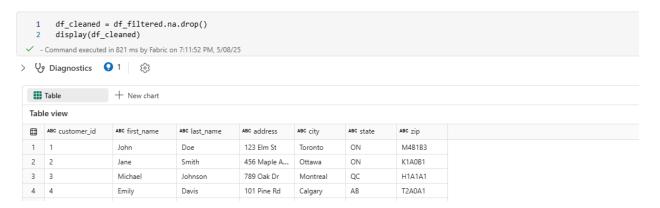
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Filter Null Values:

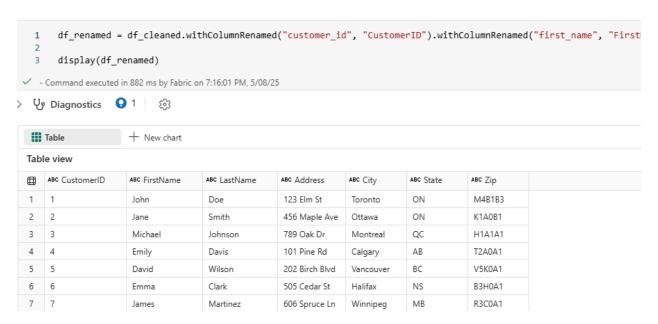


Drop Null records:

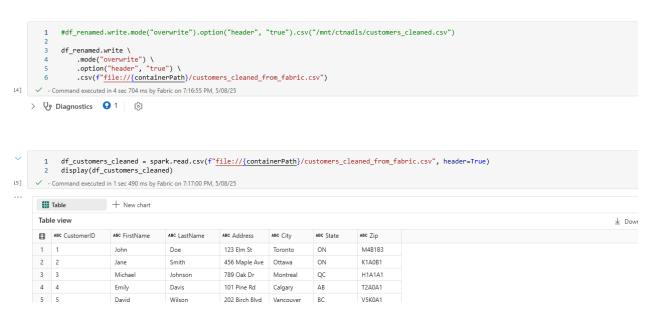


Rename Column Name:

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Write cleaned data into the ADLS Gen 2 storage account:



Notebook 3

We will create a function to read tables and SQL queries in Databricks:

Download it and upload it into the Fabric Workspace

Make necessary changes

```
1 sqlpassword = notebookutils.credentials.getSecret("https://keyvault-harpal.vault.azure.net/", "azuresqldbpassword")
2 sqluser = notebookutils.credentials.getSecret("https://keyvault-harpal.vault.azure.net/", "azuresqluser")
3 url = notebookutils.credentials.getSecret("https://keyvault-harpal.vault.azure.net/", "azuresqldb-url")

- Command executed in 4 sec 70 ms by fabric on 11M952 PM, 508/25

PySpark (Python) >

1 def read_sql(table_name):
3 df = (spark.read
4 .format("jdbc")
5 .option("url", url)
6 .option("dutable", table_name)
7 .option("user", sqlpassword)
9 .load()
10 )
11 return df

[8] -Waining

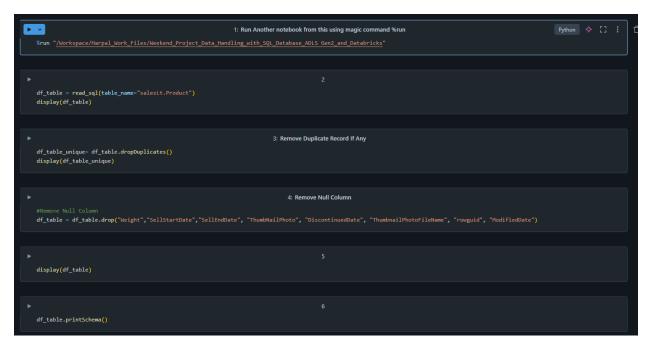
PySpark (Python) >

PySpark (Pyth
```

Notebook 4

Notebook 3 function we will use in this notebook

Databricks workspace:



Fabric Workspace steps:

Modify the code according to the support for Fabric Notebook

Modified code:

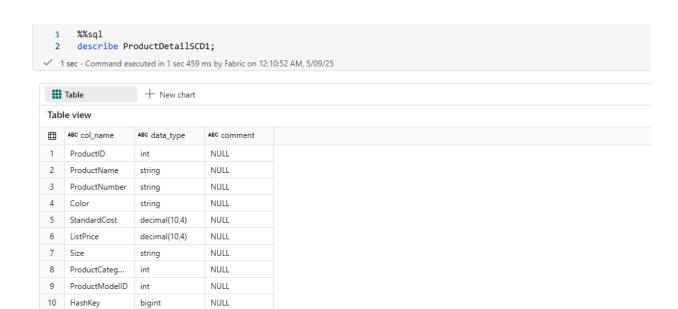
Write data into Lakehouse Table

```
1 #df_table_col_renamed.write.format("delta").mode("overwrite").save("/mnt/csvfiles/ProductDetails")
2 df_table_col_renamed.write.mode("overwrite").saveAsTable("ProductDetails")
[11] 29 sec - Command executed in 29 sec 135 ms by Fabric on 12:02:53 AM, 5/09/25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 PySpark (Python)
           > 🚃 Spark jobs (3 of 3 succeeded) 🔟 Resources
           Read Data from Lakehouse
                 1    df_productdetails = spark.sql("SELECT * FROM lakehouse_hv.productdetails LIMIT 1000")
2    display(df_productdetails)
[14] 🗸 1 sec - Command executed in 1 sec 534 ms by Fabric on 12:03:58 AM, 5/09/25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 PySpark (Python)
           > 👼 Spark jobs (1 of 1 succeeded) 🔟 Resources
               1 %%sql

∨ CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ProductDetailSCD1 (
                                  ProductID INT,
ProductName STRING,
                                   ProductNumber STRING,
                                  Color STRING,
StandardCost DECIMAL(10, 4),
                                  ListPrice DECIMAL(10, 4),
                                  ProductCategoryID INT,
            10
            11
                                   ProductModelID INT,
                                  HashKey BIGINT,
CreatedDate TIMESTAMP,
            12
            13
                                   UpdatedDate TIMESTAMP,
            15
                                  CreatedBy STRING,
UpdatedBy STRING
            16

    3 sec - Command executed in 3 sec 462 ms by Fabric on 12:05:38 AM, 5/09/25

      > i≡ Spark jobs (1 of 1 succeeded) III Resources II Log
                       from pyspark.sql.functions import *
                        df_hash_derived = df_productdetails.withColumn("HashKey", crc32(concat(*df_productdetails.columns)))
display(df_hash_derived)
         \checkmark <1 sec - Command executed in 904 ms by Fabric on 12:06:05 AM, 5/09/25
                       from delta.tables import DeltaTable
                       #deltaTable = DeltaTable.forPath(spark, "lakehouse_hv/Tables/productdetailscd1")
                    deltaTable = DeltaTable.forName(spark, "productdetailscd1")
deltaTable.toDF().show() #convert delta table to dataframe and display the data
      ✓ 1 sec - Command executed in 1 sec 521 ms by Fabric on 12:10:09 AM, 5/09/25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    PvSpark (Pvthor
      |ProductID| ProductName| ProductNumber| Color| StandardCost|ListPrice|Size| ProductCategoryID| ProductModelID| HashKey| CreatedDate| UpdatedDate| CreatedBy| UpdatedBy| CreatedBy| UpdatedBy| CreatedBy| UpdatedBy| CreatedBy| UpdatedBy| CreatedBy| UpdatedBy| CreatedBy| Create
       +------
```



Key Modifications Required

CreatedDate

timestamp

NULL

Feature	Databricks Code	Fabric Code
Mount Point	/mnt/	Files/
Key Vault	dbutils.secrets.get()	notebookutils.credentials.getSecret()
File Write	.write.csv("/mnt/)`	.write.csv("Files/)`
Table Read	.load("/mnt/table")	.read.table("tableName")

Conclusion

11

The migration from Databricks to Microsoft Fabric required rewriting some logic, removing mount dependencies, adjusting secret access methods, and ensuring compatibility with Fabric's OneLake file model. After applying these changes, all four notebooks were successfully executed in the Fabric Workspace using Delta tables and Lakehouse-backed CSV storage.