

Hmisc::summaryM - latex call in knitr output

Abstract

Example demonstrating latex call being included in pdf output when using Hmisc::latex on summaryM table.

Without ‘knitrSet’

```
tblex <- summaryM(disp+ hp + drat+ wt~cyl, data = mtcars)
Hmisc:::latex(tblex, digits = 2, prmsd = T, brmsd = F, long = T, what = "%",
  formatArgs=list(big.mark = " "), table.env = T, booktabs = F,
  file="", npct.size = "small", size = "small", legend.bottom = T,
  middle.bold = T, where="!htbp")
```

%latex.default(cstats, title = title, file = file, append = TRUE, caption = finalcaption, rowlabel = rowlabel,
table.env = (!tabenv1 && table.env) || (tabenv1 && istr == 1), col.just = col.just, numeric.dollar = FALSE,
insert.bottom = finallegend, rowname = lab, dcolumn = dcolumn, extracolheads = extracolheads, extracolsize
= NNsize, insert.top = if (strat != ".ALL.") strat, ...)%

Table 1: Descriptive Statistics($N = 32$)

	4			6			8					
	$N = 11$			$N = 7$			$N = 14$					
disp	79	108	121	(105 ± 27)	160	168	196	(183 ± 42)	302	350	390	(353 ± 68)
hp	66	91	96	(83 ± 21)	110	110	123	(122 ± 24)	176	192	241	(209 ± 51)
drat	3.81	4.08	4.17	(4.07 ± 0.37)	3.35	3.90	3.91	(3.59 ± 0.48)	3.07	3.12	3.22	(3.23 ± 0.37)
wt	1.89	2.20	2.62	(2.29 ± 0.57)	2.82	3.21	3.44	(3.12 ± 0.36)	3.53	3.75	4.01	(4.00 ± 0.76)

a b c represent the lower quartile a , the median b , and the upper quartile c for continuous variables. $x \pm s$ represents $\bar{X} \pm 1$ SD.

With ‘knitrSet’ (makes no difference to this particular problem)

```
knitrSet(lang = 'markdown')
Hmisc:::latex(tblex, digits = 2, prmsd = T, brmsd = F, long = T, what = "%",
  formatArgs=list(big.mark = " "), table.env = T, booktabs = F,
  file="", npct.size = "small", size = "small", legend.bottom = T,
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Table 2: Descriptive Statistics($N = 32$)

	4			6			8					
	$N = 11$			$N = 7$			$N = 14$					
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hp	66	91	96	(83 ± 21)	110	110	123	(122 ± 24)	176	192	241	(209 ± 51)
drat	3.81	4.08	4.17	(4.07 ± 0.37)	3.35	3.90	3.91	(3.59 ± 0.48)	3.07	3.12	3.22	(3.23 ± 0.37)
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