

# How do oil price changes impact economic variables in the period 1990 to 2017: A Replication of the Cologni & Manera paper

Harriet Catherine Laing<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>*Stellenbosch University, Stellenbosch, South Africa*

---

---

## 1. Introduction

To replicate the study by Cologni & Manera, the same methodology and structural cointegrated VAR model was used. This paper investigates whether the findings from Cologni & Manera hold after 2003 in the United States, as the economic impact of a rise in oil prices during the period 1990 to 2017 is analysed.

Did the response of central banks reduce the impact of a sudden oil price shock?

This replication paper finds that... is the optimal model for this time period and ...

## 2. Background

Many economists regard increases in the oil price as a major cause of asymmetries in the business cycle. This issue became especially important to economists following the world oil market highs in the early 2000s which could lead to economic slowdowns in developed countries. The hypothesised asymmetric relationship between oil prices and economic activity was first hypothesised after the oil price collapse of 1986 which did not lead to an economic boom, which is what theoretically should have been the case following the view that there existed an inverse relationship between oil prices and the economy.

However, the channels through which an increase in the oil price impacts economic variables remains unclear. There are many possible theoretical explanations; some of which link to the effect of decreasing firms' profits which may reduce capital spending and consumers' expectations which causes them to consume more today, others link to the income transfer between oil-importing countries and oil

---

*Email address:* 21617023@sun.ac.za (Harriet Catherine Laing)

exporting countries that shifts, and others link an increase in oil prices to the increases in prices of related goods, thereby increasing inflation.

There is also, importantly, effects on economic variables that flow indirectly from an increase in oil prices. Namely, that the monetary authority responds to increase employment and ensure price stability once an increase in oil prices threatens these two objectives. For example, in the US, the Federal bank ... The role of monetary policy may cause delayed impacts of an increase in oil prices on economic variables.

Many studies have found a negative impact on aggregate economic activity as a result of an increase in the oil price (Hamilton, 1983).

### **3. Replication methodology & results**

#### **4. Step 1: Find the data**

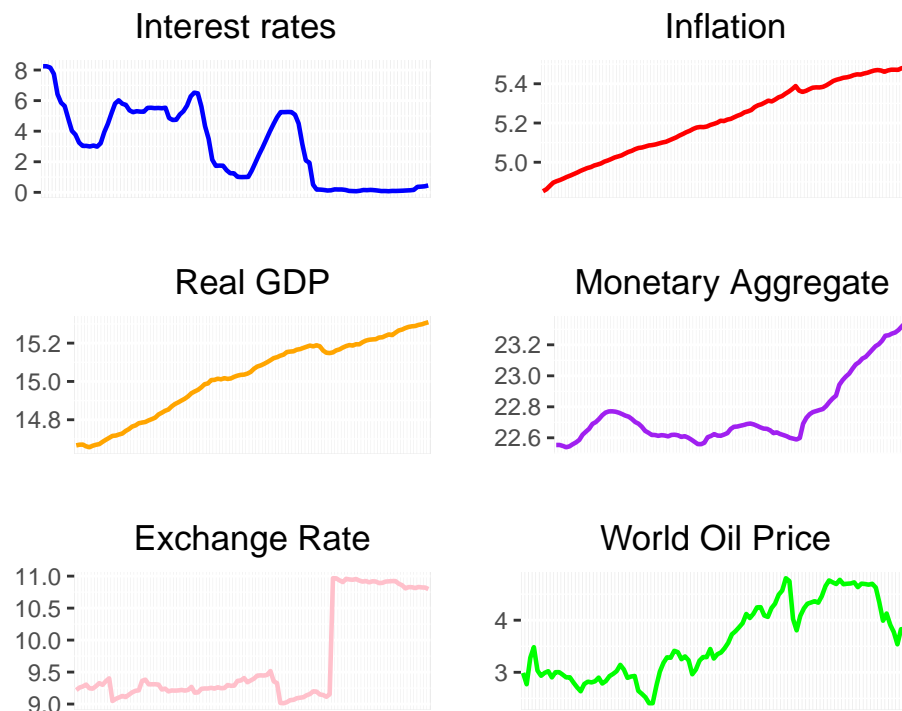
As per the paper, the data was sourced where possible from the IMF. However, for the interest rate and exchange rate we sourced the data from Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and for inflation from the US Bureau of Labor Statistics. First, we want to use US data and see if we can replicate the results in the study. We need to convert all the data into quarterly. The time period available to reproduce the results of the paper was constrained by the availability of world oil price data: could only find from 1990, therefore had to limit to 1990 onwards. Similarly, restricted time period due to the data availability of money. In the paper they used predominantly seasonally-adjusted data but due to constraints on availability of data, for this replication I used a combination of seasonally-adjusted and not seasonally-adjusted.

Interest Rate= Federal Funds Effective Rate, percent, not seasonally adjusted, monthly Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System Exchange Rate= Millions of Dollars, Not Seasonally Adjusted, quarterly, source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (2021) Inflation = Index 1982-1984=100, Seasonally Adjusted, monthly, source U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Real GDP = Domestic Currency, Seasonally Adjusted, quarterly, source IMF Monetary Aggregate = Dollars, Seasonally Adjusted, monthly source: IMF World Oil Price = U.S. Dollars per Barrel, Not Seasonally Adjusted, monthly, IMF. Need to do until 2017 because of monetary aggregate data constraints

The methodology that I applied in order to replicate the study, was to first transform all of the quarterly series in logarithms except for the interest rate. As in the paper, we run Augmented Dickey Fuller tests on all the time series variables. Findings at the 1% confidence interval were that all variables were non-stationary and were integrated of order 1, except for the monetary aggregate which was found to be integrated of order 2. The lags were selected according to the AIC criteria, as done

in the paper. The results in this replication differed only from the paper regarding the integration order of inflation, which was found to be integrated of order 1 by Cologni & Manera. This difference from the paper dictated that only the monetary aggregate be transformed by subtracting inflation to become the real monetary aggregate (by taking the difference between the logarithm of monetary aggregate and the logarithm of inflation), and the transformation for inflation was not followed. This is because for finding cointegrating relationships, the time series variables must be integrated of order 1.

Resultant time series variables were as follows:



We then construct our VAR model by creating a matrix which includes the time series variables included in Figure 1. We set the lag max to 4. The VAR model was found to have 4 when we used the AIC lag selection criteria and accounted for a time trend, as is done in the paper. We order our VAR system in the same way as the short run restrictions matrix in the paper: monetary aggregate, interest rate, real GDP, inflation, exchange rate and world oil price. Lag should be 2 according to the paper, but we find AIC suggests 4. As can be seen in Figure 1, there is clearly a lot of persistence after the financial crisis. Exchange rates for the US had a stark level increase around this water-shed event and interest rates were set close to zero to try and stimulate the economy, where they have remained fairly constant since this monetary policy adjustment. Similarly, we can note real GDP has

diminished since 2008. Therefore, it is likely the difference in the optimal lags between this replication and the Cologni & Manera paper arises from the different time periods used, as Cologni & Manera's time period ends before the financial crisis.

For a VAR model, we use the lag of 4, but for the VECM model we use the lag of 3. This is because a VECM model has a difference term.

Now we can see long-run trends in the time series variables, but wish to now see if there exists any cointegrating relationships. We test this using the Johansen test, namely the eigenvalue test and the trace test. For the eigenvalue test, we find that there is likely one cointegrating relationship at the 5% confidence interval where our critical value is smaller than the test statistic, however, only marginally (37.26 estimated value < 37.52 critical value). For the trace test, we find that there is at least two cointegrating relationships. Therefore, because the rejection of the null hypothesis in the eigenvalue test is incredibly marginal, we conclude from our estimates that there is likely two cointegrating relationships. This is a divergence from the result as is found for the US in Cologni & Manera.

Cointegration analysis of the restricted system

We obtain the cointegrating vectors from the Johansen test and construct a matrix in which each column is a cointegrating vector. Then we multiply the VAR system by the cointegrating vector matrix to obtain the error correction terms.

```
## #####
## ###Model VECM
## #####
## Full sample size: 108    End sample size: 104
## Number of variables: 6    Number of estimated slope parameters 126
## AIC -3210.216    BIC -2855.868    SSR 74.89496
## Cointegrating vector (estimated by ML):
##   realGDP worldoilprice interestrate    inflation exchangerate
## r1      1              0   -0.1704922 -0.01710960    0.6161332
## r2      0              1    1.6056301  0.06991751   -5.4962156
##   monetaryaggregate
## r1      -0.3747751
## r2       6.5786487
##
##
##                               ECT1                               ECT2
```

## Equation realGDP	0.0114(0.0262)	0.0012(0.0029)
## Equation worldoilprice	-1.1213(0.6892)	-0.1191(0.0757)
## Equation interestrate	-0.8253(1.3364)	-0.0909(0.1468)
## Equation inflation	1.9807(4.2269)	0.2323(0.4642)
## Equation exchangerate	-1.5280(0.4970)**	-0.1498(0.0546)**
## Equation monetaryaggregate	-0.0999(0.0543).	-0.0127(0.0060)*
##	Intercept	realGDP -1
## Equation realGDP	-0.2387(0.5689)	0.3017(0.1198)*
## Equation worldoilprice	23.9522(14.9378)	6.0850(3.1445).
## Equation interestrate	18.0500(28.9642)	9.3757(6.0972)
## Equation inflation	-43.1723(91.6115)	23.9182(19.2849)
## Equation exchangerate	31.3052(10.7722)**	0.0695(2.2676)
## Equation monetaryaggregate	2.3668(1.1764)*	-0.2741(0.2476)
##	worldoilprice -1	interestrate -1
## Equation realGDP	-0.0015(0.0061)	-0.0022(0.0021)
## Equation worldoilprice	0.4921(0.1589)**	-0.0330(0.0553)
## Equation interestrate	0.5017(0.3081)	0.5658(0.1072)***
## Equation inflation	4.0209(0.9746)***	-0.8458(0.3391)*
## Equation exchangerate	0.3216(0.1146)**	0.0338(0.0399)
## Equation monetaryaggregate	-0.0342(0.0125)**	0.0027(0.0044)
##	inflation -1	exchangerate -1
## Equation realGDP	-0.0007(0.0010)	0.0030(0.0035)
## Equation worldoilprice	-0.0649(0.0261)*	0.0232(0.0930)
## Equation interestrate	-0.1333(0.0505)**	-0.0459(0.1802)
## Equation inflation	-0.3031(0.1598).	0.2740(0.5701)
## Equation exchangerate	-0.0376(0.0188)*	-0.2884(0.0670)***
## Equation monetaryaggregate	0.0093(0.0021)***	-0.0107(0.0073)
##	monetaryaggregate -1	realGDP -2
## Equation realGDP	-0.0421(0.0628)	0.2444(0.1211)*
## Equation worldoilprice	-0.5255(1.6486)	1.0297(3.1793)
## Equation interestrate	-0.7766(3.1966)	-0.0562(6.1646)
## Equation inflation	1.3461(10.1107)	-10.4541(19.4983)
## Equation exchangerate	-0.3822(1.1889)	-5.2154(2.2927)*
## Equation monetaryaggregate	0.3084(0.1298)*	-0.4686(0.2504).
##	worldoilprice -2	interestrate -2
## Equation realGDP	0.0033(0.0061)	0.0020(0.0025)
## Equation worldoilprice	0.0529(0.1609)	0.0008(0.0653)
## Equation interestrate	-0.3103(0.3121)	0.0588(0.1266)
## Equation inflation	0.8367(0.9870)	0.1164(0.4004)

```

## Equation exchangerate      0.0028(0.1161)      0.0796(0.0471).
## Equation monetaryaggregate -0.0030(0.0127)      0.0014(0.0051)
##                               inflation -2      exchangerate -2
## Equation realGDP           -0.0010(0.0010)      -0.0023(0.0034)
## Equation worldoilprice     -0.0211(0.0266)      -0.0957(0.0890)
## Equation interestrate      0.0222(0.0516)      -0.1919(0.1725)
## Equation inflation         -0.1823(0.1633)      -0.6758(0.5456)
## Equation exchangerate     -0.0071(0.0192)      -0.1283(0.0642)*
## Equation monetaryaggregate 0.0023(0.0021)      -0.0097(0.0070)
##                               monetaryaggregate -2 realGDP -3
## Equation realGDP           0.0925(0.0628)      -0.0572(0.1260)
## Equation worldoilprice     2.1871(1.6496)      -1.6558(3.3091)
## Equation interestrate      4.6408(3.1985)      5.5340(6.4163)
## Equation inflation         4.7544(10.1165)      -8.8125(20.2941)
## Equation exchangerate      0.7138(1.1896)      -10.8377(2.3863)***
## Equation monetaryaggregate -0.0451(0.1299)      0.2839(0.2606)
##                               worldoilprice -3      interestrate -3
## Equation realGDP           0.0061(0.0059)      0.0007(0.0022)
## Equation worldoilprice     0.2848(0.1541).      0.0895(0.0570)
## Equation interestrate      1.2330(0.2988)***      0.0649(0.1105)
## Equation inflation         0.4219(0.9450)      0.9330(0.3494)**
## Equation exchangerate      0.3740(0.1111)**      -0.0451(0.0411)
## Equation monetaryaggregate -0.0218(0.0121).      -0.0080(0.0045).
##                               inflation -3      exchangerate -3
## Equation realGDP           -0.0016(0.0010)      0.0017(0.0034)
## Equation worldoilprice     -0.0329(0.0258)      -0.0271(0.0888)
## Equation interestrate      -0.1358(0.0500)**      -0.0992(0.1721)
## Equation inflation         -0.0726(0.1580)      -0.5133(0.5445)
## Equation exchangerate      -0.1181(0.0186)***      -0.0048(0.0640)
## Equation monetaryaggregate 0.0050(0.0020)*      -0.0079(0.0070)
##                               monetaryaggregate -3
## Equation realGDP           -0.0568(0.0583)
## Equation worldoilprice     -0.4480(1.5304)
## Equation interestrate      1.7129(2.9674)
## Equation inflation         -1.4109(9.3857)
## Equation exchangerate      3.0424(1.1036)**
## Equation monetaryaggregate 0.0729(0.1205)

```

```

##
## VAR Estimation Results:
## =====
## Endogenous variables: realGDP, worldoilprice, interestrate, inflation, exchangerate, monetary
## Deterministic variables: trend
## Sample size: 104
## Log Likelihood: 878.829
## Roots of the characteristic polynomial:
## 1.001 0.9989 0.9989 0.9246 0.9246 0.858 0.858 0.7865 0.7865 0.7262 0.7262 0.7201 0.7201 0.718
## Call:
## VAR(y = cointanalysisVAR, p = 2, type = "trend", lag.max = 4)
##
##
## Estimation results for equation realGDP:
## =====
## realGDP = realGDP.l1 + worldoilprice.l1 + interestrate.l1 + inflation.l1 + exchangerate.l1 +
##
##
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## realGDP.l1      1.1981273  0.1185642  10.105  6.9e-16 ***
## worldoilprice.l1 -0.0011531  0.0062722  -0.184    0.855
## interestrate.l1  -0.0019278  0.0022493  -0.857    0.394
## inflation.l1     -0.0005148  0.0010266  -0.501    0.617
## exchangerate.l1   0.0034635  0.0033489   1.034    0.304
## monetaryaggregate.l1 -0.0316001  0.0615406  -0.513    0.609
## realGDP.l2       -0.0211432  0.1785169  -0.118    0.906
## worldoilprice.l2   0.0019140  0.0083392   0.230    0.819
## interestrate.l2    0.0044297  0.0038545   1.149    0.254
## inflation.l2      -0.0001833  0.0014884  -0.123    0.902
## exchangerate.l2   -0.0050160  0.0042109  -1.191    0.237
## monetaryaggregate.l2 0.1324254  0.0986261   1.343    0.183
## realGDP.l3       -0.2765746  0.1818733  -1.521    0.132
## worldoilprice.l3    0.0038196  0.0081310   0.470    0.640
## interestrate.l3   -0.0011298  0.0038364  -0.295    0.769
## inflation.l3      -0.0007457  0.0014491  -0.515    0.608
## exchangerate.l3    0.0042996  0.0041262   1.042    0.301
## monetaryaggregate.l3 -0.1260627  0.0962401  -1.310    0.194
## realGDP.l4        0.1018928  0.1253140   0.813    0.419
## worldoilprice.l4  -0.0053669  0.0060009  -0.894    0.374
## interestrate.l4   -0.0015061  0.0021704  -0.694    0.490

```

```

## inflation.l1         0.0009775  0.0009894  0.988  0.326
## exchangerate.l1     -0.0017230  0.0032728 -0.526  0.600
## monetaryaggregate.l1 0.0264721  0.0586377  0.451  0.653
## trend               0.0004277  0.0005572  0.767  0.445
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
## Residual standard error: 0.005296 on 79 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-Squared: 1, Adjusted R-squared: 1
## F-statistic: 3.353e+07 on 25 and 79 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Estimation results for equation worldoilprice:
## =====
## worldoilprice = realGDP.l1 + worldoilprice.l1 + interestrate.l1 + inflation.l1 + exchangerate.l1
##
##
## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## realGDP.l1      4.876088  3.250772  1.500  0.1376
## worldoilprice.l1 1.325333  0.171970  7.707 3.24e-11 ***
## interestrate.l1 -0.032918  0.061672 -0.534  0.5950
## inflation.l1    -0.053639  0.028147 -1.906  0.0603 .
## exchangerate.l1  0.039161  0.091819  0.427  0.6709
## monetaryaggregate.l1 -0.481001  1.687308 -0.285  0.7763
## realGDP.l2      -5.045207  4.894544 -1.031  0.3058
## worldoilprice.l2 -0.410354  0.228643 -1.795  0.0765 .
## interestrate.l2  0.033250  0.105683  0.315  0.7539
## inflation.l2     0.037275  0.040810  0.913  0.3638
## exchangerate.l2 -0.095921  0.115454 -0.831  0.4086
## monetaryaggregate.l2 2.474385  2.704113  0.915  0.3630
## realGDP.l3      -1.735122  4.986569 -0.348  0.7288
## worldoilprice.l3  0.233494  0.222933  1.047  0.2981
## interestrate.l3  0.078744  0.105185  0.749  0.4563
## inflation.l3     -0.014604  0.039732 -0.368  0.7142
## exchangerate.l3  0.064829  0.113131  0.573  0.5682
## monetaryaggregate.l3 -2.399381  2.638695 -0.909  0.3660
## realGDP.l4       2.279073  3.435838  0.663  0.5091
## worldoilprice.l4 -0.195813  0.164531 -1.190  0.2376
## interestrate.l4 -0.081833  0.059508 -1.375  0.1730

```



```

## inflation.l4          0.026701    0.027127    0.984    0.3280
## exchangerate.l4       0.002837    0.089733    0.032    0.9749
## monetaryaggregate.l4  0.191263    1.607718    0.119    0.9056
## trend                 0.003686    0.015279    0.241    0.8100
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1452 on 79 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-Squared:  0.9988, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9985
## F-statistic: 2697 on 25 and 79 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Estimation results for equation interestrates:
## =====
## interestrate = realGDP.l1 + worldoilprice.l1 + interestrate.l1 + inflation.l1 + exchangerate.l1
##
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## realGDP.l1      9.038779    5.981452    1.511 0.134744
## worldoilprice.l1  0.501830    0.316427    1.586 0.116751
## interestrate.l1  1.407438    0.113476   12.403 < 2e-16 ***
## inflation.l1     -0.116857    0.051791   -2.256 0.026815 *
## exchangerate.l1  -0.149257    0.168949   -0.883 0.379676
## monetaryaggregate.l1 -1.153496    3.104662   -0.372 0.711232
## realGDP.l2       -9.897220    9.006009   -1.099 0.275125
## worldoilprice.l2  -0.820725    0.420705   -1.951 0.054623 .
## interestrate.l2  -0.402998    0.194457   -2.072 0.041487 *
## inflation.l2      0.145579    0.075090    1.939 0.056107 .
## exchangerate.l2  -0.187820    0.212436   -0.884 0.379312
## monetaryaggregate.l2  4.727163    4.975593    0.950 0.344974
## realGDP.l3        3.895740    9.175334    0.425 0.672291
## worldoilprice.l3  1.392959    0.410200    3.396 0.001073 **
## interestrate.l3    0.049413    0.193542    0.255 0.799149
## inflation.l3      -0.141324    0.073106   -1.933 0.056803 .
## exchangerate.l3    0.091255    0.208163    0.438 0.662307
## monetaryaggregate.l3 -3.186590    4.855223   -0.656 0.513524
## realGDP.l4        -3.468111    6.321974   -0.549 0.584841
## worldoilprice.l4  -1.135631    0.302738   -3.751 0.000334 ***
## interestrate.l4   -0.139677    0.109495   -1.276 0.205816

```

```

## inflation.l4          0.118873    0.049914    2.382 0.019646 *
## exchangerate.l4       0.008622    0.165109    0.052 0.958487
## monetaryaggregate.l4 -0.014527    2.958216   -0.005 0.996094
## trend                 -0.005153    0.028113   -0.183 0.855044
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2672 on 79 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-Squared: 0.9959, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9946
## F-statistic: 770.9 on 25 and 79 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Estimation results for equation inflation:
## =====
## inflation = realGDP.l1 + worldoilprice.l1 + interestrate.l1 + inflation.l1 + exchangerate.l1
##
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## realGDP.l1      27.20222    19.42881    1.400  0.16540
## worldoilprice.l1  4.34944    1.02781    4.232 6.2e-05 ***
## interestrate.l1 -0.80917    0.36859   -2.195  0.03108 *
## inflation.l1     0.57409    0.16823    3.413  0.00102 **
## exchangerate.l1  0.36445    0.54877    0.664  0.50855
## monetaryaggregate.l1 2.90178   10.08449    0.288  0.77429
## realGDP.l2     -31.92497   29.25311   -1.091  0.27844
## worldoilprice.l2 -2.85033    1.36652   -2.086  0.04022 *
## interestrate.l2  0.87192    0.63163    1.380  0.17135
## inflation.l2     0.09247    0.24391    0.379  0.70560
## exchangerate.l2 -0.89874    0.69003   -1.302  0.19654
## monetaryaggregate.l2 1.71200   16.16161    0.106  0.91591
## realGDP.l3      5.58033   29.80311    0.187  0.85195
## worldoilprice.l3 -0.26004    1.33240   -0.195  0.84576
## interestrate.l3  0.90317    0.62866    1.437  0.15476
## inflation.l3     0.04060    0.23746    0.171  0.86469
## exchangerate.l3 -0.01953    0.67615   -0.029  0.97703
## monetaryaggregate.l3 -6.47740   15.77062   -0.411  0.68239
## realGDP.l4      0.25704   20.53489    0.013  0.99004
## worldoilprice.l4  0.35431    0.98335    0.360  0.71957
## interestrate.l4 -0.94805    0.35566   -2.666  0.00932 **

```

```

## inflation.l4          0.08033    0.16213    0.495    0.62164
## exchangerate.l4       0.36690    0.53630    0.684    0.49590
## monetaryaggregate.l4  2.28360    9.60881    0.238    0.81276
## trend                 0.19511    0.09131    2.137    0.03572 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
## Residual standard error: 0.8679 on 79 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-Squared:    1,    Adjusted R-squared:    1
## F-statistic: 2.041e+05 on 25 and 79 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Estimation results for equation exchangerate:
## =====
## exchangerate = realGDP.l1 + worldoilprice.l1 + interestrate.l1 + inflation.l1 + exchangerate.l1
##
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## realGDP.l1      -0.658184   2.385524  -0.276 0.783340
## worldoilprice.l1  0.195446   0.126197   1.549 0.125443
## interestrate.l1  0.060855   0.045257   1.345 0.182583
## inflation.l1     -0.024943   0.020655  -1.208 0.230812
## exchangerate.l1  0.646112   0.067380   9.589 6.92e-15 ***
## monetaryaggregate.l1 -0.570079   1.238202  -0.460 0.646488
## realGDP.l2       -5.706738   3.591778  -1.589 0.116092
## worldoilprice.l2  -0.329301   0.167786  -1.963 0.053210 .
## interestrate.l2   0.036920   0.077553   0.476 0.635342
## inflation.l2      0.034495   0.029948   1.152 0.252854
## exchangerate.l2   0.192183   0.084724   2.268 0.026038 *
## monetaryaggregate.l2 0.985341   1.984367   0.497 0.620884
## realGDP.l3       -5.082251   3.659309  -1.389 0.168780
## worldoilprice.l3   0.361006   0.163596   2.207 0.030239 *
## interestrate.l3  -0.129099   0.077189  -1.673 0.098380 .
## inflation.l3      -0.117703   0.029156  -4.037 0.000124 ***
## exchangerate.l3    0.125185   0.083020   1.508 0.135570
## monetaryaggregate.l3 1.648772   1.936361   0.851 0.397077
## realGDP.l4       11.622925   2.521331   4.610 1.53e-05 ***
## worldoilprice.l4  -0.349306   0.120738  -2.893 0.004928 **
## interestrate.l4    0.047938   0.043669   1.098 0.275640

```

```

## inflation.l4          0.136240    0.019907    6.844 1.48e-09 ***
## exchangerate.l4      0.007636    0.065849    0.116 0.907976
## monetaryaggregate.l4 -2.298325    1.179796   -1.948 0.054958 .
## trend                -0.028048    0.011212   -2.502 0.014428 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1066 on 79 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-Squared: 0.9999, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9999
## F-statistic: 3.48e+04 on 25 and 79 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Estimation results for equation monetaryaggregate:
## =====
## monetaryaggregate = realGDP.l1 + worldoilprice.l1 + interestrate.l1 + inflation.l1 + exchange
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## realGDP.l1      -0.2649573  0.2580633  -1.027  0.30769
## worldoilprice.l1 -0.0444649  0.0136519  -3.257  0.00166 **
## interestrate.l1   0.0003142  0.0048958   0.064  0.94899
## inflation.l1      0.0100001  0.0022345   4.475 2.53e-05 ***
## exchangerate.l1   0.0011688  0.0072891   0.160  0.87301
## monetaryaggregate.l1 1.2786220  0.1339473   9.546 8.40e-15 ***
## realGDP.l2       -0.2500271  0.3885546  -0.643  0.52178
## worldoilprice.l2   0.0308124  0.0181509   1.698  0.09353 .
## interestrate.l2   -0.0023003  0.0083896  -0.274  0.78466
## inflation.l2      -0.0067071  0.0032397  -2.070  0.04169 *
## exchangerate.l2    0.0025923  0.0091653   0.283  0.77804
## monetaryaggregate.l2 -0.3559672  0.2146667  -1.658  0.10124
## realGDP.l3        0.7750762  0.3958600   1.958  0.05377 .
## worldoilprice.l3  -0.0193233  0.0176976  -1.092  0.27821
## interestrate.l3   -0.0104398  0.0083502  -1.250  0.21490
## inflation.l3       0.0025259  0.0031541   0.801  0.42563
## exchangerate.l3    0.0024594  0.0089810   0.274  0.78492
## monetaryaggregate.l3 0.0633207  0.2094734   0.302  0.76323
## realGDP.l4       -0.2407699  0.2727548  -0.883  0.38006
## worldoilprice.l4   0.0189572  0.0130613   1.451  0.15063
## interestrate.l4    0.0093999  0.0047240   1.990  0.05007 .

```

```

## inflation.l4          -0.0034019  0.0021535  -1.580  0.11817
## exchangerate.l4       0.0084164  0.0071234   1.182  0.24095
## monetaryaggregate.l4 -0.0159042  0.1276291  -0.125  0.90115
## trend                 -0.0026487  0.0012129  -2.184  0.03194 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
## Residual standard error: 0.01153 on 79 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-Squared:    1,    Adjusted R-squared:    1
## F-statistic: 1.624e+07 on 25 and 79 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Covariance matrix of residuals:
##
##          realGDP worldoilprice interestrate  inflation exchangerate
## realGDP      2.805e-05    1.748e-04    0.0004381  0.0007286    2.986e-05
## worldoilprice 1.748e-04    2.109e-02    0.0104390  0.0981336    1.386e-05
## interestrate  4.381e-04    1.044e-02    0.0713873  0.0552588   -3.844e-03
## inflation     7.286e-04    9.813e-02    0.0552588  0.7531820    7.438e-03
## exchangerate  2.986e-05    1.386e-05   -0.0038437  0.0074378    1.135e-02
## monetaryaggregate -1.916e-05   -7.914e-04   -0.0009813 -0.0051188    4.565e-05
##
##          monetaryaggregate
## realGDP      -1.916e-05
## worldoilprice -7.914e-04
## interestrate  -9.813e-04
## inflation     -5.119e-03
## exchangerate   4.565e-05
## monetaryaggregate 1.329e-04
##
## Correlation matrix of residuals:
##
##          realGDP worldoilprice interestrate  inflation exchangerate
## realGDP      1.00000    0.2273549    0.3096  0.15851    0.0529147
## worldoilprice 0.22735    1.0000000    0.2691  0.77871    0.0008959
## interestrate  0.30960    0.2690666    1.0000  0.23831   -0.1350069
## inflation     0.15851    0.7787135    0.2383  1.00000    0.0804278
## exchangerate  0.05291    0.0008959   -0.1350  0.08043    1.0000000
## monetaryaggregate -0.31385   -0.4727964   -0.3186 -0.51167    0.0371668
##
##          monetaryaggregate

```

```
## realGDP -0.31385
## worldoilprice -0.47280
## interestrate -0.31860
## inflation -0.51167
## exchangerate 0.03717
## monetaryaggregate 1.00000
```

## 5. Restricted VAR system

According to the paper,  $u_t = E_t B$  which means that we can recover the short run error vector  $u_t$  from the long-run error we obtain from our VAR system. We obtain the covariance matrix of residuals from our VAR system and then multiply that by our B matrix of short-run restrictions and the transpose of the B matrix, because the paper states that these are equivalent.

Let us set up the imposed restrictions in a matrix, known as B matrix in the paper.

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
## Brow1    1    1  NA    1  NA   NA
## Brow2  NA    1    1    1    1    1
## Brow3  NA   NA    1    1    1    1
## Brow4  NA   NA   NA    1    1    1
## Brow5  NA   NA   NA   NA    1    1
## Brow6  NA   NA   NA   NA   NA    1
```

```
##      MonetaryAggregate InterestRate      RealGDP Inflation
## MonetaryAggregate      0.0001328802          NA          NA          NA
## InterestRate          NA      0.07138726          NA          NA
## RealGDP              NA          NA 2.804883e-05          NA
## Inflation            NA          NA          NA 0.753182
## ExchangeRate          NA          NA          NA          NA
## WorldOilPrice          NA          NA          NA          NA
##      ExchangeRate WorldOilPrice
## MonetaryAggregate      NA          NA
## InterestRate          NA          NA
## RealGDP              NA          NA
## Inflation            NA          NA
## ExchangeRate      0.01135468          NA
```

```
## WorldOilPrice          NA    0.02108534
```

We then obtain a single entry for each row, which we can create our short-run error vector from.

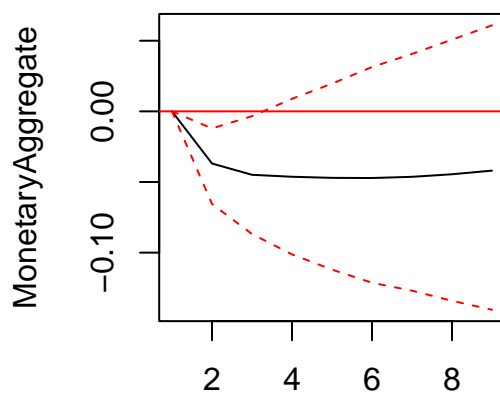
```
## [1] "numeric"
```

Comparison of cointegrating vectors

	Real GDP	World Oil Price	Interest Rate	Inflation	Exchange Rate	Monetary Aggregate
Cogni & Manera	1	0.16	0	-26.019	0.218	0
Cointegrating vector 1	1	0	-0.170	-0.017	0.616	-0.375
Cointegrating vector 2	0	1	1.606	0.0699	-5.496	6.579

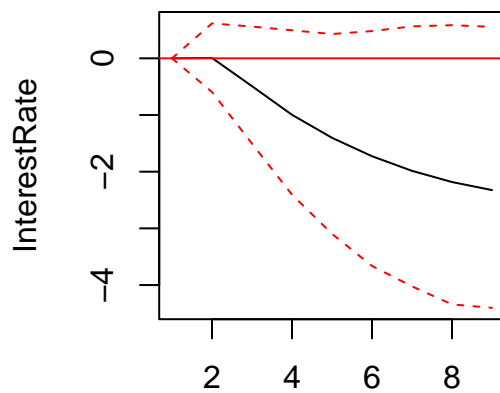
We need to find the SR error, which is equal to the LR error (ECT in the VECM) multiplied by the SR restrictions (B matrix)

Impulse Response from WorldOilPrice



95 % Bootstrap CI, 1000 runs

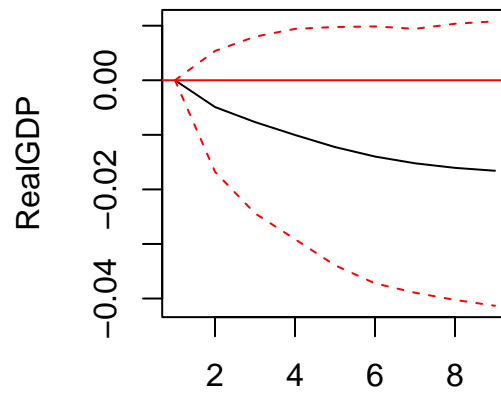
Impulse Response from WorldOilPrice



95 % Bootstrap CI, 1000 runs

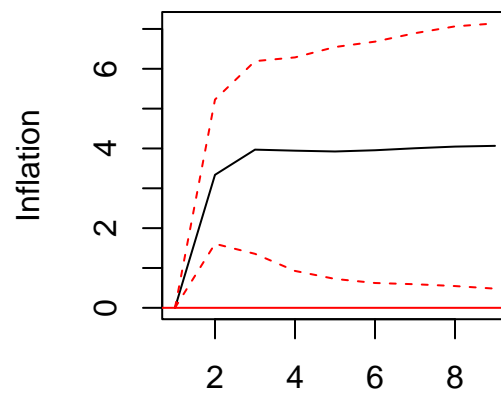


### Impulse Response from WorldOilPrice



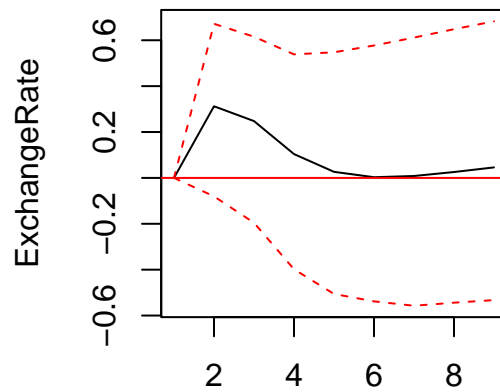
95 % Bootstrap CI, 1000 runs

### Impulse Response from WorldOilPrice



95 % Bootstrap CI, 1000 runs

### Impulse Response from WorldOilPrice



95 % Bootstrap CI, 1000 runs

Cointegrating vectors visually??

... Let us see if we can impose the restrictions contained in the B matrix onto the cointegrating vectors contained in the Et matrix.

```
## #####
## ###Model VECM
## #####
## Full sample size: 108    End sample size: 104
## Number of variables: 6    Number of estimated slope parameters 126
## AIC -3210.216    BIC -2855.868    SSR 74.89496
## Cointegrating vector (estimated by ML):
##   realGDP worldoilprice interestrate    inflation exchangerate
## r1      1              0   -0.1704922 -0.01710960    0.6161332
## r2      0              1    1.6056301  0.06991751   -5.4962156
##   monetaryaggregate
## r1      -0.3747751
## r2      6.5786487
##
```

```

##
##
## ECT1 ECT2
## Equation realGDP 0.0114(0.0262) 0.0012(0.0029)
## Equation worldoilprice -1.1213(0.6892) -0.1191(0.0757)
## Equation interestrate -0.8253(1.3364) -0.0909(0.1468)
## Equation inflation 1.9807(4.2269) 0.2323(0.4642)
## Equation exchangerate -1.5280(0.4970)** -0.1498(0.0546)**
## Equation monetaryaggregate -0.0999(0.0543) . -0.0127(0.0060)*
##
## Intercept realGDP -1
## Equation realGDP -0.2387(0.5689) 0.3017(0.1198)*
## Equation worldoilprice 23.9522(14.9378) 6.0850(3.1445) .
## Equation interestrate 18.0500(28.9642) 9.3757(6.0972)
## Equation inflation -43.1723(91.6115) 23.9182(19.2849)
## Equation exchangerate 31.3052(10.7722)** 0.0695(2.2676)
## Equation monetaryaggregate 2.3668(1.1764)* -0.2741(0.2476)
##
## worldoilprice -1 interestrate -1
## Equation realGDP -0.0015(0.0061) -0.0022(0.0021)
## Equation worldoilprice 0.4921(0.1589)** -0.0330(0.0553)
## Equation interestrate 0.5017(0.3081) 0.5658(0.1072)***
## Equation inflation 4.0209(0.9746)*** -0.8458(0.3391)*
## Equation exchangerate 0.3216(0.1146)** 0.0338(0.0399)
## Equation monetaryaggregate -0.0342(0.0125)** 0.0027(0.0044)
##
## inflation -1 exchangerate -1
## Equation realGDP -0.0007(0.0010) 0.0030(0.0035)
## Equation worldoilprice -0.0649(0.0261)* 0.0232(0.0930)
## Equation interestrate -0.1333(0.0505)** -0.0459(0.1802)
## Equation inflation -0.3031(0.1598) . 0.2740(0.5701)
## Equation exchangerate -0.0376(0.0188)* -0.2884(0.0670)***
## Equation monetaryaggregate 0.0093(0.0021)*** -0.0107(0.0073)
##
## monetaryaggregate -1 realGDP -2
## Equation realGDP -0.0421(0.0628) 0.2444(0.1211)*
## Equation worldoilprice -0.5255(1.6486) 1.0297(3.1793)
## Equation interestrate -0.7766(3.1966) -0.0562(6.1646)
## Equation inflation 1.3461(10.1107) -10.4541(19.4983)
## Equation exchangerate -0.3822(1.1889) -5.2154(2.2927)*
## Equation monetaryaggregate 0.3084(0.1298)* -0.4686(0.2504) .
##
## worldoilprice -2 interestrate -2
## Equation realGDP 0.0033(0.0061) 0.0020(0.0025)
## Equation worldoilprice 0.0529(0.1609) 0.0008(0.0653)

```

```

## Equation interestrate      -0.3103(0.3121)      0.0588(0.1266)
## Equation inflation          0.8367(0.9870)      0.1164(0.4004)
## Equation exchangerate      0.0028(0.1161)      0.0796(0.0471).
## Equation monetaryaggregate -0.0030(0.0127)      0.0014(0.0051)
##                               inflation -2      exchangerate -2
## Equation realGDP            -0.0010(0.0010)      -0.0023(0.0034)
## Equation worldoilprice      -0.0211(0.0266)      -0.0957(0.0890)
## Equation interestrate       0.0222(0.0516)      -0.1919(0.1725)
## Equation inflation          -0.1823(0.1633)      -0.6758(0.5456)
## Equation exchangerate       -0.0071(0.0192)      -0.1283(0.0642)*
## Equation monetaryaggregate  0.0023(0.0021)      -0.0097(0.0070)
##                               monetaryaggregate -2 realGDP -3
## Equation realGDP            0.0925(0.0628)      -0.0572(0.1260)
## Equation worldoilprice      2.1871(1.6496)      -1.6558(3.3091)
## Equation interestrate       4.6408(3.1985)      5.5340(6.4163)
## Equation inflation          4.7544(10.1165)      -8.8125(20.2941)
## Equation exchangerate       0.7138(1.1896)      -10.8377(2.3863)***
## Equation monetaryaggregate -0.0451(0.1299)      0.2839(0.2606)
##                               worldoilprice -3      interestrate -3
## Equation realGDP            0.0061(0.0059)      0.0007(0.0022)
## Equation worldoilprice      0.2848(0.1541).      0.0895(0.0570)
## Equation interestrate       1.2330(0.2988)***      0.0649(0.1105)
## Equation inflation          0.4219(0.9450)      0.9330(0.3494)**
## Equation exchangerate       0.3740(0.1111)**      -0.0451(0.0411)
## Equation monetaryaggregate -0.0218(0.0121).      -0.0080(0.0045).
##                               inflation -3      exchangerate -3
## Equation realGDP            -0.0016(0.0010)      0.0017(0.0034)
## Equation worldoilprice      -0.0329(0.0258)      -0.0271(0.0888)
## Equation interestrate       -0.1358(0.0500)**      -0.0992(0.1721)
## Equation inflation          -0.0726(0.1580)      -0.5133(0.5445)
## Equation exchangerate       -0.1181(0.0186)***      -0.0048(0.0640)
## Equation monetaryaggregate  0.0050(0.0020)*      -0.0079(0.0070)
##                               monetaryaggregate -3
## Equation realGDP            -0.0568(0.0583)
## Equation worldoilprice      -0.4480(1.5304)
## Equation interestrate       1.7129(2.9674)
## Equation inflation          -1.4109(9.3857)
## Equation exchangerate       3.0424(1.1036)**
## Equation monetaryaggregate  0.0729(0.1205)

```

#Find VECM residuals

We want to compare our estimates to the one in Table 3.

Maybe instead it is the VAR system ... missing constant and trend

Then test for white noise residuals.

**6. Step 6: Is it stationary?**

**7. Step 7: Are the residuals white noise?**

**8. Step 8: Find VECM model by imposing SR contemporaneous effects**

**9. Step 9: Test model specification using congruency, parsimony, lag inclusion...**

Alternatively, exclude exchange rates as the paper unusually included these. However, in our models we could not find exchange rates to be significant.

## **Appendix**

### **Johansen Tests**