

• QUANTUM STATE TOMOGRAPHY

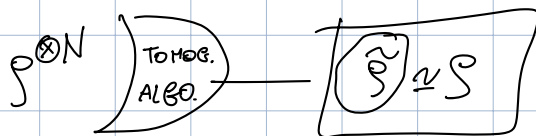
• CV SYSTEMS

• QUANTUM STATE TOMOGRAPHY OF CV SYSTEMS

→ • ENERGY-CONSTRAINED STATES

→ • GAUSSIAN STATES

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$$\tilde{\rho} \approx \rho$$

$$\boxed{\epsilon > 0}$$

TRACE DISTANCE : (Holevo-Helstrom theorem)

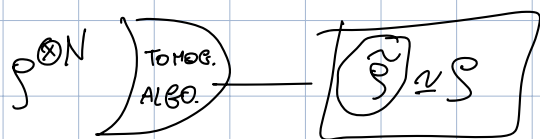
$$\frac{1}{2} \|\rho - \tilde{\rho}\|_1 := \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} |\rho - \tilde{\rho}| \leq \epsilon$$

1)  $\rho \otimes 2$   $\rho_{AB} = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $\boxed{?}$

$$P_{\text{succ}}^{(\text{BEST})} = \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{2} \|\rho - \tilde{\rho}\|_1 \right)$$

2)  $\Theta$

$$\left| \mathbb{E}[S\Theta] - \mathbb{E}[Z\Theta] \right| \leq \underbrace{\|\Theta\|_0}_{\text{HOLDER}} \cdot \|S - Z\|_1$$



$$\mathbb{P} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \|\hat{S} - S\|_1 \leq \epsilon \right] \geq 1 - \delta$$

↑ TR. DIST. ERROR      ↑ FAIL. PROB.

$\epsilon, \delta > 0$ .

$S \in \mathcal{S}'$

### SAMPLE COMPLEXITY :

Fix  $\epsilon, \delta \in (0, 1)$ ,  $\mathcal{S}'$ .

The SAMPLE COMPLEXITY  $N(\mathcal{S}', \epsilon, \delta)$  is the

minimum  $N \in \mathbb{N}$  s.t.  $\exists$  quantum algo

s.t. given  $\rho^{\otimes N}$  as input it outputs  $\hat{S}$   
 ( $S \in \mathcal{S}'$ )

$$\mathbb{P} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \|\hat{S} - S\|_1 \leq \epsilon \right] \geq 1 - \delta$$

EX. 1: (QUDIT)

$$S := \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{C}^d)$$

$$N = \Theta\left(\frac{d^2}{\epsilon^2} \log\left(\frac{d}{\epsilon}\right)\right)$$

(ENT.)

(2015)

UNENT. = "SINGLE-COPY"

$$N = \Theta\left(\frac{d^3}{\epsilon^2}\right)$$

BOOSTING ARGUMENT

EX. 2 (PURE QUDIT)

$$S := \sum_{|\psi\rangle \in \mathbb{C}^d} : \langle \psi | \psi \rangle = 1$$

$$N = \Theta\left(\frac{d}{\epsilon^2}\right)$$

↓

↓

CV SYSTEMS :

1 MODE := 1 QUDIT WITH DIMENSION =  $\infty$

$$\mathcal{H} = \text{Span} \{ |0\rangle, |1\rangle, |2\rangle, \dots, |d\rangle, |d+1\rangle, \dots \}$$

FOCK STATES

$$\boxed{\mathcal{H}^{\otimes n}}$$

$$\boxed{N = \infty}$$

$$(d_m = \infty)$$

ONE MODE:

$$\hat{N} := \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k |k\rangle\langle k| \quad (= a^\dagger a)$$

$$\text{Tr}[\rho \hat{N}] \leq E$$

$$\mathcal{S}_E := \{ \rho \in \mathcal{H} : \text{Tr}[\rho \hat{N}] \leq E \}$$

BENTLEY REAS. LEMMA:

$$\Pi, \rho \rightsquigarrow \frac{1}{2} \left\| \rho - \frac{\Pi \rho \Pi}{\text{Tr}[\Pi \rho]} \right\|_1 \leq \sqrt{\text{Tr}[(I - \Pi) \rho]}$$

$$(\Pi, I - \Pi)$$

$$\Pi_M := \sum_{k=0}^M |k\rangle\langle k|$$

$$\text{Tr}[\rho \tilde{N}] \leq E$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k \langle k | \rho | k \rangle \leq E} \quad (*)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left\| \rho - \frac{\Pi_M \rho \Pi_M}{\text{Tr}[\Pi_M \rho]} \right\|_1 \leq \sqrt{\text{Tr}[(I - \Pi_M) \rho]}$$

$$= \sqrt{\sum_{k=M+1}^{\infty} \langle k | \rho | k \rangle}$$

$$\leq \sqrt{\sum_{k=M+1}^{\infty} \frac{k}{M} \langle k | \rho | k \rangle}$$

$$\leq \sqrt{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{k}{M} \langle k | \rho | k \rangle}$$

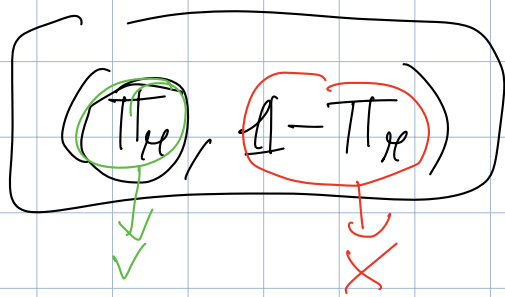
$$= \sqrt{\frac{\text{Tr}[\rho \tilde{N}]}{M}}$$

$$\leq \sqrt{\frac{E}{M}} \stackrel{!}{\leq} \varepsilon$$

$\leadsto$

$$M \geq \frac{E}{\varepsilon^2}$$

$$M := \left\lceil \frac{E}{\varepsilon^2} \right\rceil$$



$\rho$

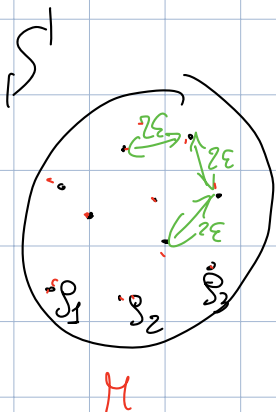
$\mathcal{H}$

$$\rho \rightsquigarrow \frac{\pi_H S \pi_H}{\text{Tr}[\pi_H S]} \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{H})$$

$$N = O\left(\frac{M^2}{\varepsilon^2}\right) = O\left(\frac{E^2}{\varepsilon^6}\right) \quad (\text{MIXED})$$

$$N = O\left(\frac{M}{\varepsilon}\right) = O\left(\frac{E}{\varepsilon^4}\right) \quad (\text{PURE})$$

LOWER BOUNDS:



ALICE PICKS  $i \in \{s_1, \dots, s_n\}$

BOB




$M$  messages  
 $\log_2 M$  bits

## HOLEVO THEOREM

QUDIT  $\dim = d$

$$\begin{aligned}\log_2 M &\leq \log_2 \dim H_d^{\otimes N} \\ &= \log_2 d^N \\ &= N \log_2 d\end{aligned}$$


$$N \geq \frac{\log_2 M}{\log_2 d}$$

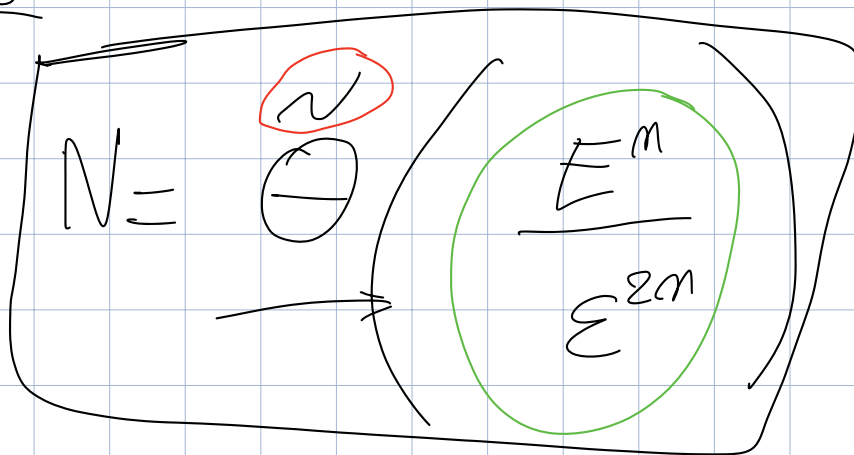
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$n$  modes :

$$\hat{N}_{\text{Tot}} = \sum_{j=1}^n \hat{N}_j$$

$$\text{Tr}[\rho \hat{N}_{\text{TOT}}] \leq n(E)$$

PURE :



Pure

FINITE :

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon^2}$$

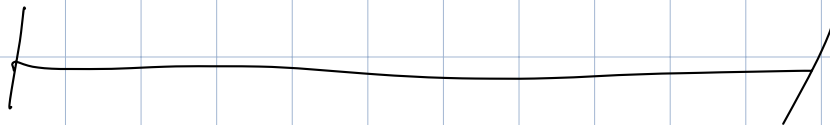
$$N \mapsto \epsilon N$$

CV :

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon^{2m}}$$

$$N \mapsto \epsilon^m N$$

$$\epsilon \mapsto \frac{\epsilon}{2}$$



GAUSSIAN STATES :



$n$  modes  
 $\rho$  GAUSS  $\longleftrightarrow$

$$m \in \mathbb{R}^{2m}$$

$$V \in \mathbb{R}^{2m \times 2m}$$

$$(2m)$$

$$(4m^2)$$

HETERODYNE

$$\rho \otimes N \rightsquigarrow \mathbb{P}[\|\tilde{V} - V\| \leq \varepsilon] \geq 1 - \delta$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \|\rho - \tilde{\rho}\|_1 \leq \varepsilon$$

$$\rho_{m,N} \rightsquigarrow \tilde{\rho}_m \rightsquigarrow \rho_{m,\tilde{V}} \approx \rho_{m,V}$$

$$m=0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \|\rho_V - \rho_W\|_1 \leq \frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{8} \mathbb{E}_2 \left[ \left( \frac{V^\dagger + W^\dagger}{2} \right) |V - W| \right]$$

HETERODYNE

$$N = O\left(\frac{n^3}{\varepsilon^2} E^2\right)$$

$$\left( \mathbb{E}[\hat{N}_{\text{eff}}] \right) \leq mE$$

ADAPTIVE - UNSQUEEZING PROTOCOL

$\leadsto$

$$N = O\left(\frac{M^2}{\varepsilon^2} \log \log E\right)$$

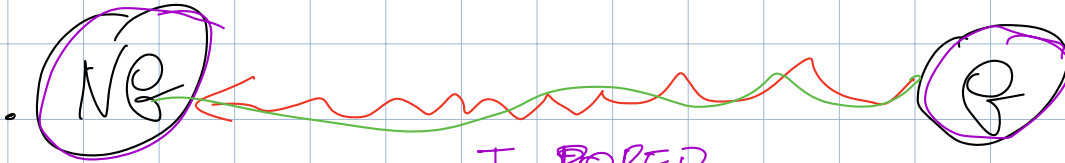
$$E = 10^{300}$$

$$\leadsto \log \log E \leq 10$$

$$d_{\text{eff}} = \frac{E}{\varepsilon^2}$$

$$P_{\text{eff}} := \dots$$

$$O\left(\frac{d_{\text{eff}} P_{\text{eff}}}{\varepsilon^2}\right)$$



NON-EFFICIENT

EFFICIENT