## Homework 3

p63 D.1, p64 E.5 and E.6, p65 G.1 and G.2, p75 A.1, A.2, and A.5, p76 B.2

1. **p63 D.1.** Find the composite function,  $f \circ g$  and  $g \circ f$ :

$$f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$$
 is defined by  $f(x) = \sin(x)$   
 $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  is defined by  $g(x) = e^x$ 

Solution.

2. **p64 E.5.** *f* is a bijective function. Describe its inverse.

$$A = \{a, b, c, d\}, B = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$
 and  $f : A \to B$  is given by:  $\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ 

Solution.

3. **p64 E.6.** f is a bijective function. Describe its inverse.

G is a group, 
$$a \in G$$
, and  $f: G \to G$  is defined by  $f(x) = ax$ .

- 4. **p65 G.1.** Let A, B, and C by sets. Prove that if  $g \circ f$  is injective, then f is injective. Solution.
- 5. **p65 G.2.** Let A, B, and C by sets. Prove that if  $g \circ f$  is surjective, then g is surjective.

6. **p75 A.1.** Consider the following permutations f, g, and h in  $S_6$ 

$$f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 6 & 1 & 3 & 5 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 6 & 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$h = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 3 & 1 & 6 & 4 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solution. Compute the following:

7. **p75 A.2.** Given p75 A.1, compute the following:

$$f \circ (g \circ h) =$$

Solution.

$$g \circ h = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ - & - & - & - & - & - \end{pmatrix}$$

8. **p75 A.5.** Given p75 A.1, compute the following:

$$g \circ g \circ g =$$

$$g \circ g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ - & - & - & - & - & - \end{pmatrix}$$

9. **p76 B.2.** List the elements of the cyclic subgroup of  $S_6$  generated by:

$$f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 & 6 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$