Week 1 Practice Exercises

<u>Remark</u>: For the sake of easy reading and minimizing errors in writing bits, it is recommended that we write bits in group of four and separate them with spaces. Example: Instead of writing 10011101, it is better to write it is 1001 1101.

- 1. Convert the decimal numbers 125, 87 and 177 to binary as unsigned binary numbers.
- 2. Express the unsigned binary representation of the integers 125, 87 and 177 as bytes.
- 3. What are the decimal numbers represented by the unsigned binary numbers 10 0101, 0000, and 1 0101 0111
- 4. Find the sign and magnitude representations of the integers -125, 343 and 87 as Bytes.
- 5. Find the two's complement representations of the integers -125, 343, 128 and -128, 87, -87 as Bytes.
- Convert the following two's complement Byte patterns to decimal: 1000 0000, 1010 1001, and 0101 0111
- 7. Perform the operation 125 87, -128 + 37 and -87 37 in two's complement using a Byte pattern and show that your answer is consistent with what we would expect if the arithmetic is performed in decimal.
- 8. Given the binary 1101 1100 0100 1111 0111 1011, write it in Hexadecimal format.
- **9.** Given the Hexadecimal A68D4F, write it as binary.
- 10. Given the decimal 173. Write it down as unsigned binary in a Byte. Also write it down as Hexadecimal.
- 11. Given the Byte binary 1101 0011. What value does it represent if it is
 - a. Unsigned binary?
 - b. Sign and Magnitude binary?
 - c. Two's complement binary?
 - d. Ascii code?