# CMPT 383: Vitamin #9

Anders Miltner miltner@cs.sfu.ca

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#### Introduction

This Vitamin is to help you practice lifetimes and borrowing in Rust. The test suite is provided in src/lib.rs. You should fill out the function definitions in src/functions.rs.

This submission will be partially autograded. There are some portions of the assignment that are ungraded, and some that will be graded. We provide a (partial) test suite for partial validation. You can run these tests by opening a terminal in the v7 directory, and running cargo test.

We have omitted all imports. If you import additional functions, you may get a zero on the assignment.

## 1 prefixes

The prefixes function returns all prefixes of a provided string. The empty string is a prefix of every string. For example the prefixes of "Hi" are "", "H", and "Hi".

Using string slices will be quite helpful. As a reminder, you can get the substring of s between i (inclusive) and j (exclusive) with the syntax: &s[i..j]. For example: &"Hello"[1..3] == "el"

## 2 return\_if\_satisfies\_both

The return\_if\_satisfies\_both function is provided a higher-order function (f) and two borrowed values (x and y). If f(x) and f(y) both evaluate to true, a Some Option should be returned, containing a tuple with both x and y. If at least one of them evaluate to false, a None option should be returned. Currently, the function signature returns an option with incorrect lifetimes: Option<(&'static T,&'static T)>. To get the desired function to compile, you will need to change the lifetime in the return type.

## 3 map

The map function will involve re-implementing the Haskell map function on the List data type. The List data type involves using a Box. You can see an example of building lists by looking at the tests. Apply the provided

#### 4 concat

The concat function will involve re-implementing the Haskell (++) function on the List data type. Note: you are permitted to use the clone() method in exactly one of the cases.