

REST (Representational State Transfer)

- 1. Client-Server: Separation of data, logics and presentations.
- 2. Statelessness: No client states are stored on the server side.
- 3. Uniformed Interface:
 - Resource identification in requests
 - Self-descriptive messages
 - Hypermedia / Hyperlinks to resources
 - Enables resource manipulation through representations of them
- 4. Layered System: What's between the client and server is abstract.
- 5. Cacheability: Responses specifies whether they are cacheable (can be done implicitly)
- 6. Code on demand (optional): Servers can optionally return executable code.