CS4450/7450 Chapter 3: Types and Type Classes Principles of Programming Languages

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Let the type be your guide

What does foo do?

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foo :: [Char] -> [Char]
foo st = [ c | c <- st, c 'elem' ['A'..'Z']]
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```
ghci> foo "A Connecticut Yankee in King
    Arthur's Court"
"ACYKAC"
```

Type Systems

Haskell has "static types with inference"

 Type Checking: given an expression e and a type t, check whether e :: t. E.g.,

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 Static Types. a type system for which the types of expressions are known at compile-time. I.e., the type of every expression is known by inspecting its code—and not by running it.

Type Variables

Reintroducing what we called "parametric polymorphism

The following type means that, for all types a and b, the function fst can be applied.

```
ghci> :t fst
fst :: (a, b) -> a
```

Type Classes

The following is a type constraint:

```
ghci> :t (==)
(==) :: (Eq a) => a -> a -> Bool
```

It means that (==) can be applied only at types in the $\mathbb{E}q$ class.

There are many predefined classes in Haskell, including Ord, Show, Enum, Num, etc.