CSS

Part 2



Float

- In CSS, floating is a word use when you want to position text, or an image in a particular place
- Typically you float things to the left or right
- In this example, we're going to create a few brand new classes
- This one doesn't contain the keyword float, but will be useful

```
.imgcenter{
    display: block;
    margin-right: auto;
    margin-left: auto;
}
```



Float (Cont...)

```
.imgleft{
  display: block;
  float:left;
  margin-right: 10px;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
.imgright{
  display: block;
  float:right;
  margin-left: 10px;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
```



Float (Cont...)

 Now we can apply the three new classes we've created, and see what they look like when we put them on one of our images.

```
<img class="imgcenter" src="....[your image]...."/>
```

```
<img class="imgleft" src="....[your image]...."/>
```




Box Shadow

- We can create shadows on boxes or images on our page
- We can do this with the box-shadow property

```
.shadow {
   box-shadow: Opx Opx 20px black;
}
```

- How it works is:
 - The first 0px is how far to push it to the left or right
 - The second 0px is how far to push the shadow up or down
 - The 20px is how far you want to spread the shadow out
 - And the black is the colour you'd like the shadow to be



Text Shadow

- We can create shadows on text in the exact same way as we created shadows on boxes/images
- We can do this with the text-shadow property

```
.textshadow {
    text-shadow: Opx Opx 20px black;
}
```

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Online Resources

- If you want to learn HTML & CSS on your own you can try the following good websites:
- http://learn.shayhowe.com/html-css/
- http://www.codecademy.com/en/tracks/web
- https://www.khanacademy.org/computing/computer-programming/htmlcss

