# BUILD OUR FIRST HARDWARE

**WORKING WITH LINKIT ONE & GROVE** 

## HARDWARE WE WILL USE

#### **Linkit One**

- produced by SeeedStudio
- An Arduino compatible board with build-in wifi, GPS, GPRS etc.
- Based on a smart phone system-on-chip from MediaTek

#### **Grove sensors**

- designed by SeeedStudio
- A common hardware interface for various sensors
- Analog, Digital, UART, I2C

## PREPARE OUR DEVELOPMENT

#### **Arduino**

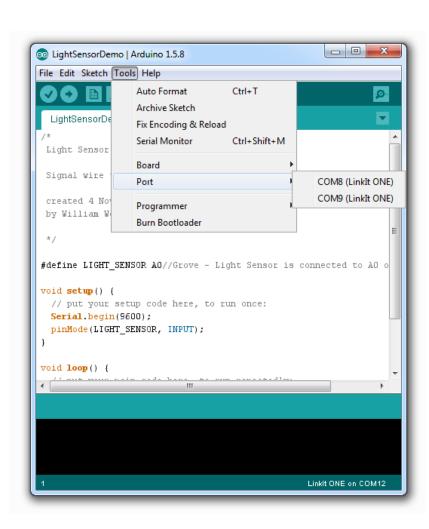
- A name for both its hardware & software
- An open design of micro-controller board which support easy inputs / outputs, logics and communication with computer
- A standalone IDE (based on Processing) with built-in commands for development
- download the Arduino IDE 1.5.8 Beta (as of Nov 2014) from its official page
- http://arduino.cc/en/Main/Software

## PREPARE OUR DEVELOPMENT

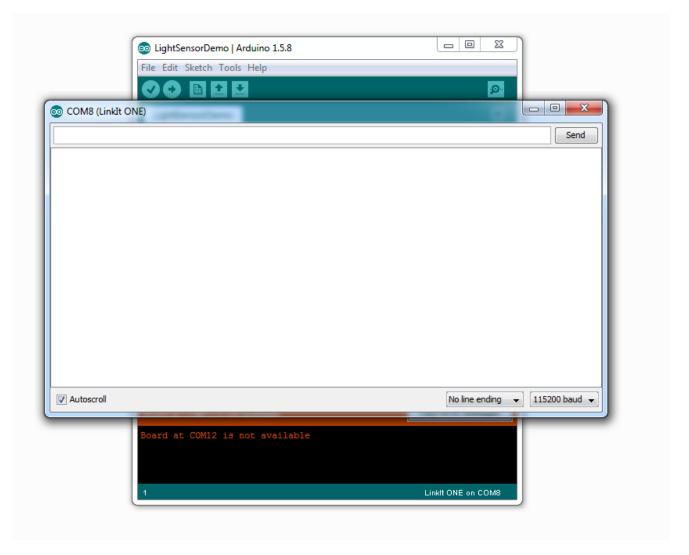
#### **Driver for LinkIt One**

- Join member to Mediatek Labs
- Read more about the design
- https://labs.mediatek.com/site/global/developer\_tools/ mediatek\_linkit/whatis\_linkit/index.gsp

## **ARDUINO IDE**



## **ARDUINO IDE**



### **OUR FIRST BUILD**

- 1. Load sample project at Example > 01. Basics > Blink
- 2. Make sure your are in the right COM port
- 3. Upload the file
- 4. Done!

## **OUR FIRST BUILD**

Read and understand the code

## **READING BASIC**

Let's read some data from a sensor we have, and we have light



### **READING BASIC**

- Connecting the base shield
- 2. Connect the light sensor module to A0
- 3. Plug the board to computer
- 4. Download the project file from GitHub
- 5. Make sure your are in the right COM port
- 6. Upload the file
- 7. Done!

### **WARNING**

#### **NEVER DO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING**

- 1. Connecting more than VCC (typically 5V) to any of the I/O pin
- 2. Overload any I/O pin (e.g. driving a motor directly or connecting to a LED without resistor)
- 3. Shorting a VCC or HIGH to GND
- 4. Change connections while powered

### **SENSOR TYPES**

- Light sensor: Analog
- Sound sensor: Analog
- Touch sensor: Digital
- Barometer : I2C
- 3-axis Accelerometer : I2C
- UV sensor: Analog
- Dust sensor : Digital

### **ANALOG & DIGITAL**

#### What is Analog

- Something with states other than 1 or 0
- Smooth transitions
- Typically means voltage value in range of GND to VCC
- Sampled from 0 to 1023

#### What is Digital

- With only HIGH state or LOW state, ON or OFF
- Switchs
- PWM (Pulse width modulation)

### **UART & 12C**

#### **UART**

- Common communication between systems
- Often used in serial comminication, such as RS-232, RS-422, RS485

#### I2C

- Common communication between integrated circuits
- Support serial of devices connected together with addressing

## CONNECTING TO THE INTERNET

- 1. Connecting the Wi-Fi antenna
- 2. Plug the board to computer
- 3. Download the project file from GitHub
- 4. Make sure your are in the right COM port
- 5. Upload the file
- 6. Done!

## CONNECTING TO THE INTERNET

POST /points.json HTTP/1.1

Host: cuhk-air-quality.herokuapp.com

Cotent-Type: application/json

Content-Length: 43

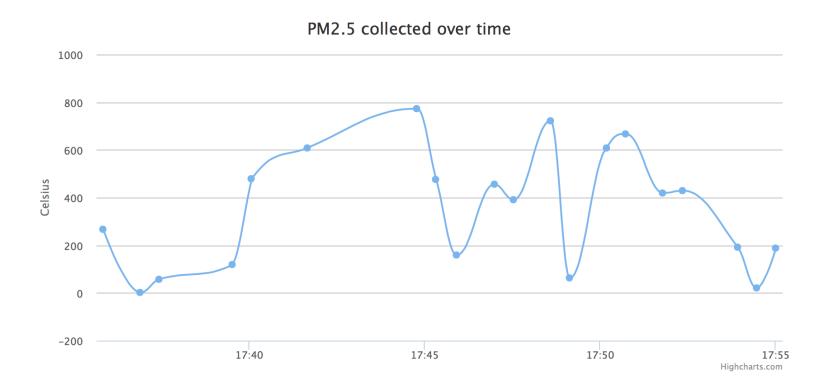
Cache-Control: no-cache

{"temperature": "23", "pm25": 234, "group": "1"}

## CONNECTING TO THE INTERNET

Read dynamic changes at,

http://cuhk-air-quality.herokuapp.com/



### **GRAND UNIFICATION**

Measuring Temperature & PM2.5 and upload to our server

- 1. Use Barometer module and Dust module
- 2. Download reference project from GitHub
- 3. Compose your own POST target
- 4. Make sure your are in the right COM port
- 5. Upload the file
- 6. Done!

## **GRAND UNIFICATION**

Read and understand the code

## **EXPERIMENTING YOUR WAY OUT**



