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Mathura – 28140 INDIA
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Mini Project

Project: COMIC ADDA

COMIC ADDA
WEB APPLICATION

Submitted by

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Mini Project

Project: COMIC ADDA



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DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the work which is being presented in the Mini Project on
“**COMIC ADDA WEB APPLICATION**”, is an authentic record of my own work
carried under the guidance of **MD. FARMANUL HAQUE**

Signature:

Date:



Mini Project Synopsis

B.Tech. (CSE)-Batch 2021-2022

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

“Acknowledgement is the only way to keep love alive..”

I would like to express my special thanks of gratitude to my instructor
“MD.FARMANUL HAQUE”

who gave me the golden opportunity to do this wonderful project on the topic
“COMIC ADDA”,

He was always there with his competent guidance and valuable suggestion throughout the pursuance of this project. I would also like to place of appreciation to all the respondents whose responses and coordination were of utmost importance for the project. Above all no words can express my feelings to my parents, friends all those persons who supported me during my project. I am also thankful to all the respondents whose cooperation & support has helped me a lot in collecting necessary information.

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ABSTRACT

Project is an important phase of a student life. A well planned, properly executed and evaluated project helps a lot in developing a professional attitude. It develops an awareness of industrial approach to problem solving, based on a broad understanding of process and mode of operation of organization. The aim and motivation of this project is to receive discipline, skills, teamwork and technical knowledge through a proper training environment, which will help me, as a student in the field of Information Technology, to develop a responsiveness of the self-disciplinary nature of problems in information and communication technology. I created web- pages and finally develop **“COMIC ADDA”**.

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CHAPTER .1 INTRODUCTION

WEB DEVELOPMENT

Web development is a broad term for the work involved in developing a web site for the Internet (World Wide Web) or an intranet (a private network). Web development can range from developing the simplest static single page of plain text to the most complex web-based internet applications, electronic businesses, and social network services. A more comprehensive list of tasks to which web development commonly refers, may include web engineering, web design, web content development, client liaison, client-side/server-side scripting, web server and network security configuration, and e-commerce development. Among web professionals, "web development" usually refers to the main non-design aspects of building web sites: writing markup and coding. Most recently Web development has come to mean the creation of content management systems or CMS. These CMS can be made from scratch, proprietary or open source. In broad terms the CMS acts as middleware between the database and the user through the browser. A principle benefit of a CMS is that it allows non-technical people to make changes to their web site without having technical knowledge.

For larger organizations and businesses, web development teams can consist of hundreds of people (web developers) and follow standard methods like Agile methodologies while developing websites. Smaller organizations may only require a single permanent or contracting developer, or secondary assignment to related job positions such as a graphic designer or information systems technician. Web development may be a collaborative effort between departments rather than the domain of a designated department. There are three kind of web developer specialization: front-end developer, back-end developer, and full-stack developer.

CHAPTER .2 WEB DEVELOPMENT

Web-Site

A website is a collection of related web pages, including multimedia content, typically identified with a common domain name, and published on at least one web server.

A website may be accessible via a public Internet Protocol (IP) network, such as the Internet, or a private local area network (LAN), by referencing a uniform resource locator (URL) that identifies the site.

Websites have many functions and can be used in various fashions; a website can be a personal website, a commercial website for a company, a government website or a non-profit organization website. Websites are typically dedicated to a particular topic or purpose, ranging from entertainment and social networking to providing news and education.

All publicly accessible websites collectively constitute the World Wide Web, while private websites, such as a company's website for its employees, and are typically a

part of an intranet. Web pages, which are the building blocks of websites, are documents, typically composed in plain text interspersed with formatting instructions of Hypertext Markup Language (HTML, XHTML).

They may incorporate elements from other websites with suitable markup anchors. Web pages are accessed and transported with the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP), which may optionally employ encryption (HTTP Secure, HTTPS) to provide security and privacy for the page content according to its HTML markup instructions onto a display terminal. Hyperlinking between web pages conveys to the reader the site structure and guides the navigation of the site, which often starts with a home page containing a directory of the site web content.

Some websites require user registration or subscription to access content. Examples of subscription websites include many business sites, news websites, academic journal websites, gaming websites, file-sharing websites, message boards, web-based email, social networking websites, websites providing real-time stock market data, as well as sites providing various other services.

As of 2016 end users can access websites on a range of devices, including desktop and laptop computers, tablet computers, smartphones and smart TVs. A web site consists of web pages which are interconnected to each other and contain various data and functionalities.

Web Page

A web page, or webpage, is a document that is suitable for the World Wide Web and web browsers. A web browser displays a web page on a monitor or mobile device. The web page is what displays, but the term also refers to a computer file, usually written in HTML or comparable markup language.

Web browsers coordinate the various web resource elements for the written web page, such as style sheets, scripts, and images, to present the web page. Typical web pages provide hypertext that includes a navigation bar or a sidebar menu to other web pages via hyperlinks, often referred to as links. On a network, a web browser can retrieve a web page from a remote web server.

On a higher level, the web server may restrict access to only a private network such as a corporate intranet or it provides access to the World Wide Web. On a lower level, the

web browser uses the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) to make such requests.

A static web page is delivered exactly as stored, as web content in the web server's file system, while a dynamic web page is generated by a web application that is driven by server- side software or client-side scripting. Dynamic website pages help the browser (the client) to enhance the web page through user input to the server.

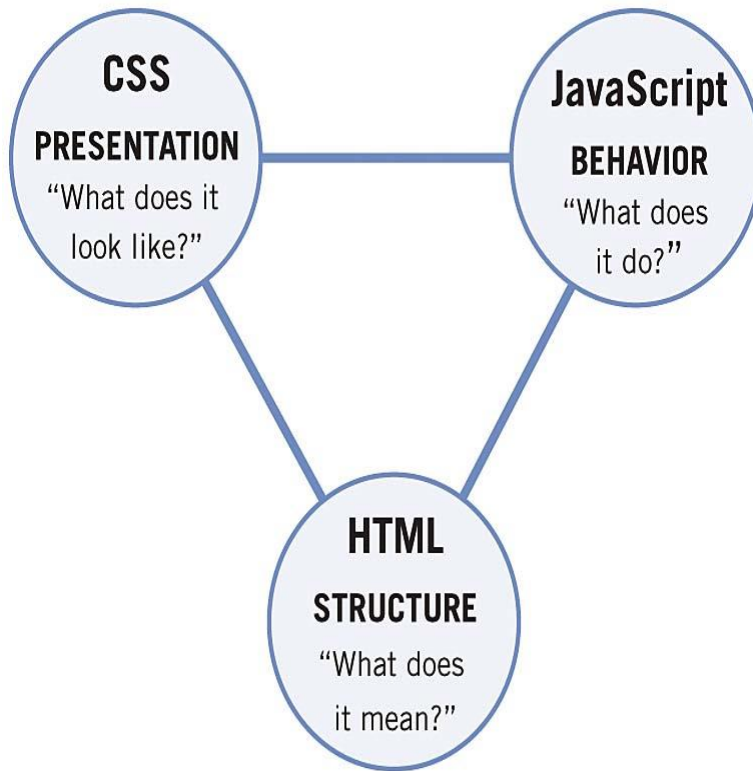


Figure
1:Website
Description

1. TECHNOLOGIES

Technologies that are used to develop A website are:

- HTML
- CSS.
- JavaScript

CHAPTER .3 TECHNOLOGIES

Introduction to HTML

HTML Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) is the standard markup language for creating web pages and web applications. With Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) and JavaScript it forms a triad of cornerstone technologies for the World Wide Web. Web browsers receive HTML documents from a webserver or from local storage and render them into multimedia web pages. HTML describes the structure of a web page semantically and originally included cues for the appearance of the document.

HTML elements are the building blocks of HTML pages. With HTML constructs, images and other objects, such as interactive forms, may be embedded into the rendered page. It

provides a means to create structured documents by denoting structural semantics for text such as headings, paragraphs, lists, links, quotes and other items.

HTML elements are delineated by tags, written using angle brackets. Tags such as `` and `<input />` introduce content into the page directly. Others such as `<p>...</p>` surround and provide information about document text and may include other tags as sub-elements. Browsers do not display the HTML tags, but use them to interpret the content of the page.

HTML can embed programs written in a scripting language such as JavaScript which affect the behaviour and content of web pages. Inclusion of CSS defines the look and layout of content. The World Wide Web Consortium (W3C), maintainer of both the HTML and the CSS standards, has encouraged the use of CSS over explicit presentational HTML since 1997.

HTML markup consists of several key components, including those called tags (and their attributes), character-based data types, character references and entity references. HTML tags most commonly come in pairs like `<h1>` and `</h1>`, although some represent empty elements and so are unpaired, for example ``. The first tag in such a pair is the start tag, and the second is the end tag (they are also called opening tags and closing tags).

The following is an example of the classic Hello world program, a common test employed for comparing programming languages, scripting languages and markup languages. This example is made using 9 lines of code:

GENERAL SYNTAX OF HTML:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html>  
    <head>  
        <title>This is a title</title>  
    </head> <body>  
        <p>Hello world!</p>  
    </body>
```

(The text between <html> and </html> describes the web page, and the text between <body> and </body> is the visible page content. The markup text "<title>This is a title</title>" defines the browser page title.)

The Document Type Declaration <!DOCTYPE html> is for HTML5. If a declaration is not included, various browsers will revert to "quirks mode" for rendering.

Introduction to CSS

CSS Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) is a style sheet language used for describing the presentation of a document written in a markup language. Although most often used to set the visual style of web pages and user interfaces written in HTML and XHTML, the language can be applied to any XML document, including plain XML, SVG and XUL, and is applicable to rendering in speech, or on other media. Along with HTML and JavaScript, CSS is a cornerstone technology used by most websites to create visually engaging webpages, user interfaces for web applications, and user interfaces for many mobile applications.

CSS is designed primarily to enable the separation of presentation and content, including aspects such as the layout, colors, and fonts. This separation can improve content accessibility, provide more flexibility and control in the specification of presentation characteristics, enable multiple HTML pages to share formatting by specifying the relevant CSS in a separate .css file, and reduce complexity and repetition in the structural content.

Separation of formatting and content makes it possible to present the same markup page in different styles for different rendering methods, such as on-screen, in print, by voice (via speech-based browser or screen reader), and on Braille-based tactile devices. It can also display the web page differently depending on the screen size or viewing device. Readers can also specify a different style sheet, such as a CSS file stored on their own computer, to override the one the author specified.

Changes to the graphic design of a document (or hundreds of documents) can be applied quickly and easily, by editing a few lines in the CSS file they use, rather than by changing markup in the documents.

The CSS specification describes a priority scheme to determine which style rules apply if more than one rule matches against a particular element. In this so-called

cascade, priorities (or weights) are calculated and assigned to rules, so that the results are predictable. The CSS specifications are maintained by the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C). Internet media type (MIME type) text/css is registered for use with CSS by RFC 2318 (March 1998). The W3C operates a free CSS validation service for CSS documents.

TYPES OF CSS :

- **Inline CSS:** In this CSS is applied in between the tags. E.g.:

```
<tag style = " styling " > Hello World </tag>
```

- **Internal CSS:** In this the css code is defined inside the style tag in the head section of the HTML page. General Syntax: `<html>`

```
<head> <style> <!-- CSS STYLING -->
</style>
```

```
</head>
```

```
</html>
```

- **External CSS:** In this the CSS code is written on another page and is linked to the HTML page. It is advantageous to use this type of styling as we can use the same file to style various HTML pages. External CSS uses the extension .css and is applied using the following syntax: `<html>`

```
<head>
```

```
<link relation=" stylesheet" type="css" href="URL to
the page">
```

```
</head>
```

```
</html>
```

All the CSS style types are important but can be used in different situations.

- **Inline CSS** is used when only small changes are to be done to the HTML tag and the changes are to be reflected only to that specific tag
- **Internal CSS** is used when the individual HTML pages have to be designed differently. This also slows the page load system if the internal styling is long.

- **External CSS** files are maintained to design multiple pages and use common styles over various pages. It is useful as it helps in managing the resources in an easy manner.

Both HTML and CSS are used to create a UI but CSS behaves like a makeup on the face of an actress which makes her look even more beautiful than she is in reality, and here is the difference.

Introduction to JAVA SCRIPT

JAVASCRIPT is a scripting language that enables you to create dynamically updating content, control multimedia, animate images, and pretty much everything else. (Okay, not everything, but it is amazing what you can achieve with a few lines of JavaScript code.) The core client-side JavaScript language consists of some common programming features that allow you to do things like:

-
- **Store useful values inside variables.** In the above example for instance, we ask for a new name to be entered then store that name in a variable called name.
 - **Operations on pieces of text (known as "strings" in programming).** In the above example we take the string "Player 1: " and join it to the name variable to create the complete text label, e.g. "Player 1: Chris".
 - **Running code in response to certain events occurring on a web page.** We used a **CLICK** event in our example above to detect when the label is clicked and then run the code that updates the text label.
 - **And much more!**

What is even more exciting however is the functionality built on top of the client-side JavaScript language. So-called Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) provide you with extra superpowers to use in your JavaScript code.

APIs are ready-made sets of code building blocks that allow a developer to implement programs that would otherwise be hard or impossible to implement. They do the same thing for programming that ready-made furniture kits do for home building — it is much easier to take ready-cut panels and screw them together to make a bookshelf than it is to work out the design yourself, go and find the correct wood, cut all the panels to the right

size and shape, find the correct-sized screws, and *then* put them together to make a bookshel

This web application was successfully created and stored all the BOOKS And comics for those who love to read it, creation managing the webapplication using this web d The application was tested very well and the errors were properly debugged. Testing also concluded that the performance of the system is satisfactory. All the necessary output is generated. This system thus provides an easy way to automate all the functionalities of consumption. If this application is implemented in few consumptions, it will be helpful. Further enhancements can be made to the project, so that the website functions in a very attractive and useful manner than the present one. It is concluded that the application works well and satisfy the needs. The application is tested very well and errors are properly debugged. It also acts as to add the cart to the valuable resource

CHAPTER .5 HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

HARDWARE






**REQUIREMENTS: -i3
Processor(Or More)
required. -4GB(Or More)
required. -Monitor.**

SOFTWARE


**REQUIREMENTS: -
Windows7(Or Higher Config.)
required. -VS-CODE - Active
Internet Connection. - -
HTML,CSS,JAVASCRIPT**

Page With CSS


Best Sellers in Marvel and DC Comics


Inspired by your browsing history




JOKER COMIC 2016 CC
₹999.00
Get it by Monday, August 22 FREE Delivery over ₹499. Fulfilled by COMICADDA




BLACK PANTHER -- NEW EDITION 2020
₹ 45.00
Get it by Monday, August 22 FREE Delivery over ₹499. Fulfilled by COMICADDA




JUSTICE LEAGUE -- OLD EDITION 1999
₹6,000.00
Get it by Monday, August 22 FREE Delivery over ₹499. Fulfilled by COMICADDA



SPIDERMAN MARVEL EDITION -- STANLEE 2013
₹ 500.00
Get it by Monday, August 22 FREE Delivery over ₹499. Fulfilled by COMICADDA




VALIANT COMIC COMBO PACK
₹ 499.00
Get it by Monday, August 22 FREE Delivery over ₹499. Fulfilled by COMICADDA



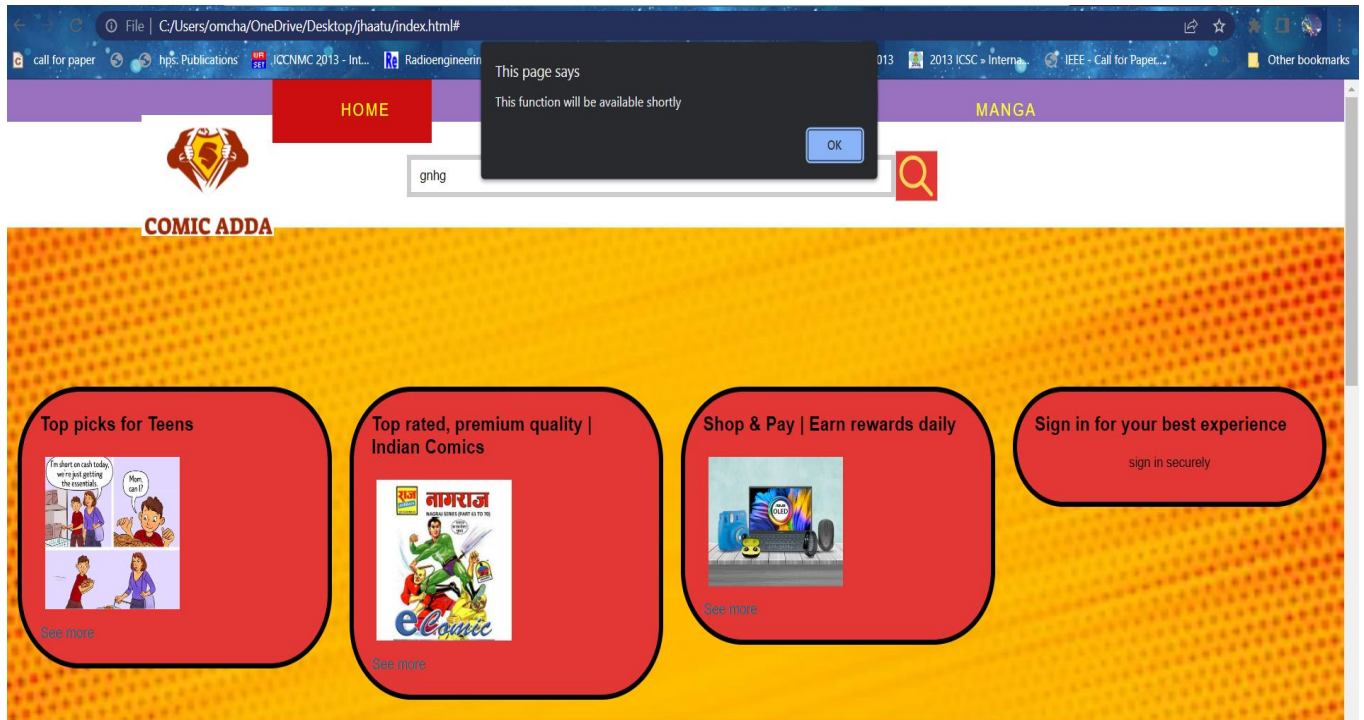
VALIAN COMIC COMBO PACK 2019 -- 500.
₹ 1,200.00
Get it by Monday, August 22 FREE Delivery over ₹499. Fulfilled by COMICADDA

See personalized recommendations

sign in securely

Made with  by Harsh , Virat , Om and Ankit

Page with javascript notification





PROJECT: COMIC ADDA

OBJECTIVE: “COMIC ADDA” is the online website where users can find their favourite BOOKS AND COMICS FOR THERE ENTERTAINMENT AND TO SEE THERE FAVORITE SUPERHERO, in this project we tried to describe that “books can give us everything fun ,knowledge etc.

TECHNOLOGIES USED:

- CSS
- JavaScript
- HTML

Overall Description

DESCRIPTION:

- Any one can visit website and can choose BOOKS
- There are many COMIC BOOKS which can attract users
- If they are interested, then they can add to cart their

How to view website or code:

Website:

Code: https://github.com/harsh-kumar-cs20/mini_project.git

WEB PAGE DETAILS:

✚ Home Page

✚ About us

✚ ADD TO CART(YOU CAN EASILY ADD THE PRODUCTS TO CART)

✚ Order summary

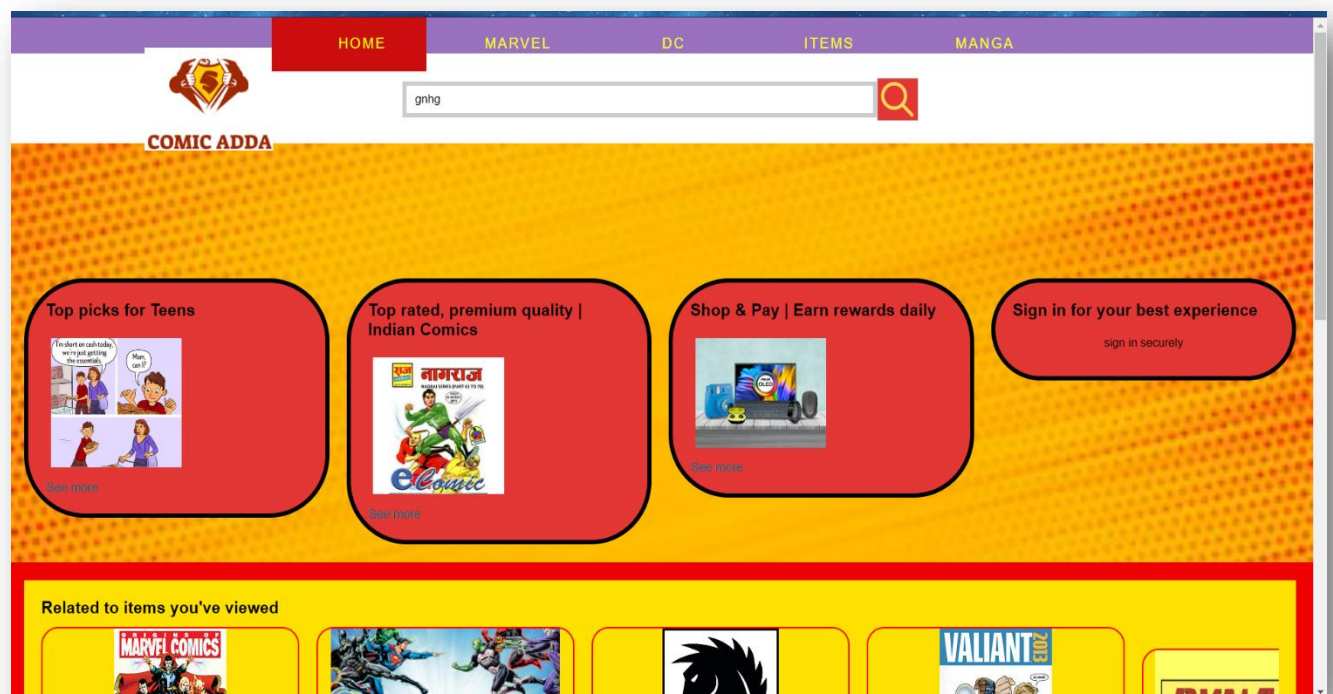
✚ CHECKOUT PAGE

COMIC ADDA

. “COMIC ADDA” is an online COMIC Order is a web based application which enable customers to order comic through web online. • As the internet users are increasing rapidly, online dc and marvel comic ordering system will help the customers to order the comic as per their choice.

HOME PAGE:

Home Page



About Us:

About Us



Our mission is to empower young audience to back to comic book era.

In a world where so much is being done for technology and so little for the entertainment, comics are not even a part of most discussions.

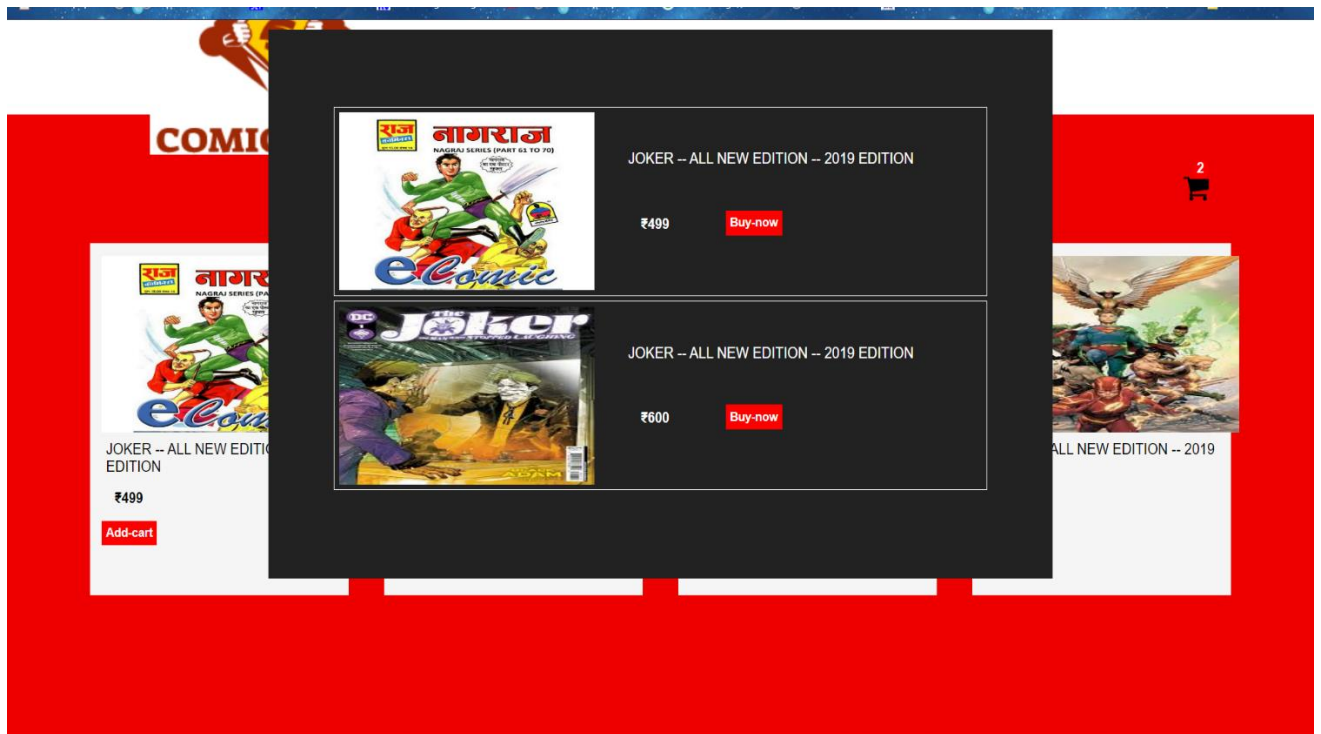
We at COMICADDA believe that by widening the reach of comics, by making it freely available, so much can be archived.

And this journey started in 2013 when a young boy thought "wouldn't it be great, to have a website, with all the latest and old comic books collection, and COMICADDA was born.

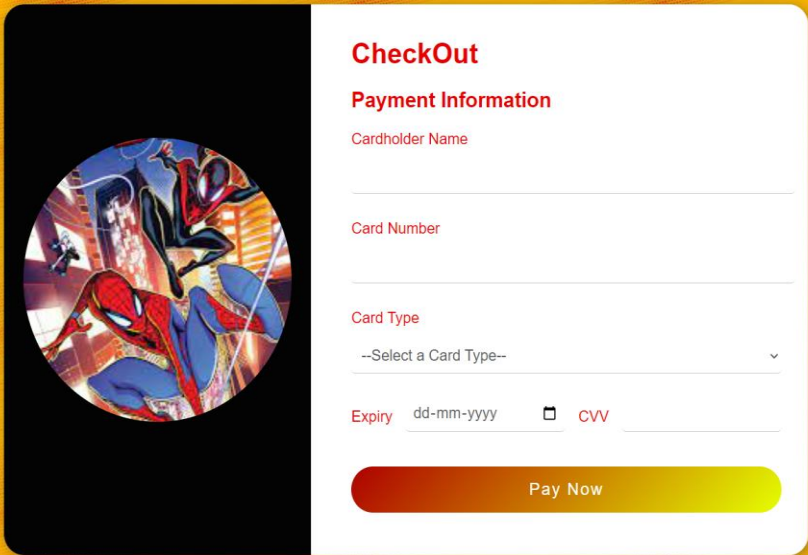
follow us on



Add to cart page:



Checkout page:



The checkout page is displayed on a bright orange background. It features a white rounded rectangle containing a Spider-Man comic book cover on the left and a payment form on the right. The form is titled "CheckOut" in red and includes fields for "Payment Information": "Cardholder Name", "Card Number", "Card Type" (a dropdown menu), "Expiry" (dd-mm-yyyy), and "CVV". A "Pay Now" button is at the bottom.

CheckOut

Payment Information

Cardholder Name

Card Number

Card Type

--Select a Card Type--

Expiry dd-mm-yyyy CVV

Pay Now

ABOUT COMIC:



COMIC ADDA



DC Comics



JOKER -- ALL NEW EDITION -- 2019

₹999.00

About the item

Joker is back again all new episodes.
Will the joker defeat batman
Batman will strike back?
What will the fate of gotham
Come join the era of hatred
Action pack new series
With illustrative text and graphics

Buy Now

