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Objective: I have tried to make use of Poisson regression techniques which is a useful modeling tool for count type dependent variables. Further, I have used Bayesian Poisson regression to increase the predictive power of the model. The dataset I have used is from the English Premier League database. Poisson distribution is a type of natural exponential family distribution, which uses GLM modeling for estimation, like the logistic model through the maximum likelihood method. Here I have presented the theoretical description, assumptions, and estimation technique of the model.

Natural Exponential Family

Suppose y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n are independent observations

where y_i has density from natural exponential family

$$f(y_i|\theta_i) = h(y_i) \exp\{(\eta(\theta_i)T(y_i) - \psi(\theta_i))\},$$

where $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

- $\eta(\theta_i)$ is known as canonical parameter
- $\psi(\cdot)$ and $h(\cdot)$ are known function

Poisson Distribution

Suppose $y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n \sim \text{Poisson}(\theta_i)$

$$\begin{aligned} f(y_i|\theta_i) &= \frac{\theta_i^{y_i}}{y_i!} \exp\{-\theta_i\}, \\ &= \frac{1}{y_i!} \exp\{\log(\theta_i)y_i - \theta_i\} \end{aligned}$$

where $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

- $h(y_i) = 1/y_i!$
- $\eta(\theta_i) = \log(\theta_i)$
- $T(y_i) = y_i$
- $\psi(\theta_i) = \theta_i$

Hence, Poisson distribution is a special case of NEF.

Generalized Linear Model

1. Random Component $y_i \sim \text{NEF}(\theta_i)$ with pdf

$$f(y_i|\theta_i) = h(y_i) \exp\{(\eta(\theta_i)T(y_i) - \psi(\theta_i))\},$$

where $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

2. Link function: $\eta(\theta_i) = z_i$

3. Systematic component: $z_i = X_i^T \beta$

4. $\eta(\theta_i) = X_i^T \beta$

Count (Poisson) Regression with GLM

1. Random Component $y_i \sim \text{Poisson}(\theta_i)$ with pdf

Suppose $y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n \sim \text{Poisson}(\theta_i)$

$$\begin{aligned} f(y_i | \theta_i) &= \frac{\theta_i^{y_i}}{y_i!} \exp\{-\theta_i\}, \\ &= \frac{1}{y_i!} \exp\{\log(\theta_i)y_i - \theta_i\} \end{aligned}$$

where $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

2. Systematic component: $\eta(\theta_i) = \log(\theta_i) = X_i^T \beta$

Likelihood function of GLM

Negative log-Likelihood function of GLM

Negative log-Likelihood function of GLM

$$\begin{aligned} -\log L &= -\sum_{i=1}^n \log(f(y_i | \theta_i)) \\ &= -\sum_{i=1}^n \log(f(y_i | \eta^{-1}(\mathbf{x}_i^T \beta))) \end{aligned}$$

MLE of β of GLM

$$\hat{\beta}_{MLE} = \operatorname{argmin}_{\beta} \left[-\sum_{i=1}^n \log(f(y_i | \eta^{-1}(\mathbf{x}_i^T \beta))) \right]$$

Key Assumptions in Poisson Regression:

1. Response Variable: The response variable consists of count data. For, e.g., the number of goals scored by the home team in our case.

2. Independence: The observations should be independent. Each count should be unrelated to the others in the dataset.

3. Constant rate of occurrence: The rate at which events occur is assumed to be constant over time and across different units of analysis. This means that the probability of an event occurring in a given time interval or unit of analysis is the same for all such intervals or units.

4. Linearity: The relationship between the expected counts of events (the mean) and the predictor variables is assumed to be linear on the log scale. This assumption is necessary because the Poisson regression model estimates the logarithm of the expected counts.

5. Mean-Variance Relationship: The variance of the counts should be equal to the mean. Overdispersion occurs when the variance is greater than the mean, indicating that there is more variability in the data than the Poisson distribution can account for. If overdispersion is present, alternative models such as the negative binomial regression may be more appropriate.

Data Description

Data has been taken from the English Premier League website for two time periods, 2020-21, and 2021-22. The first model without prior uses the later one, while the Bayesian model uses both datasets. Following is the data description, FTHG being the primary dependent variable:

Variable Definition

FTHG and HG = Full Time Home Team Goals

FTAG and AG = Full Time Away Team Goals

FTR and Res = Full Time Result (H=Home Win, D=Draw, A=Away Win)

HTHG = Half Time Home Team Goals

HTAG = Half Time Away Team Goals

HTR = Half Time Result (H=Home Win, D=Draw, A=Away Win)

Attendance = Crowd Attendance

Referee = Match Referee

HS = Home Team Shots

AS = Away Team Shots

HST = Home Team Shots on Target

AST = Away Team Shots on Target

HHW = Home Team Hit Woodwork

AHW = Away Team Hit Woodwork

HC = Home Team Corners

AC = Away Team Corners

HF = Home Team Fouls Committed

AF = Away Team Fouls Committed

HFKC = Home Team Free Kicks Conceded

AFKC = Away Team Free Kicks Conceded

HO = Home Team Offsides

AO = Away Team Offsides

HY = Home Team Yellow Cards

AY = Away Team Yellow Cards

HR = Home Team Red Cards

AR = Away Team Red Cards

HBP = Home Team Bookings Points (10 = yellow, 25 = red)

ABP = Away Team Bookings Points (10 = yellow, 25 = red)

B365H = Bet365 home win odds; B365D = Bet365 draw odds; B365A = Bet365 away win odds;
BSH = Blue Square home win odds; BSD = Blue Square draw odds; BSA = Blue Square away win odds

Primary Model (without any prior)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{FTHG} &\sim \lambda \\ \log(\lambda) &= \text{Poisson}(\lambda) \beta_0 + \beta_1 HS + \beta_2 AS + \beta_3 HST + \beta_4 AST + \beta_5 HC + \beta_6 AC + \beta_7 B365H + \beta_8 B365A \end{aligned}$$

English Premier League Data - Poisson Regression

Harsh Mittal

Read the data

```
data = read.csv("C:/Users/harsh.hm.mittal/Downloads/E0_21_22.csv")
```

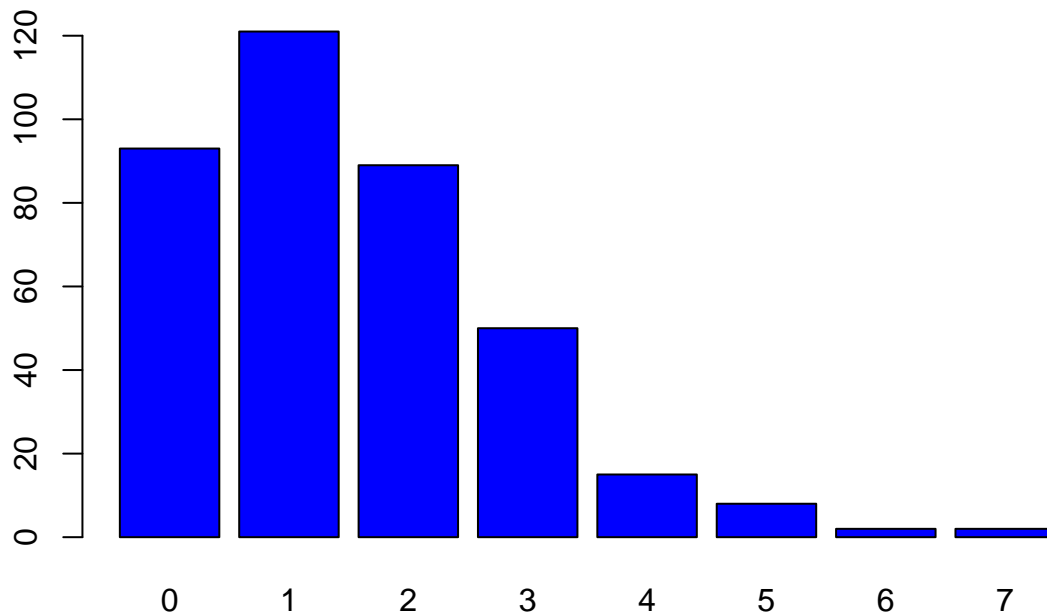
```
table(data$FTHG)
```

```
##
```

```
##  0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7
```

```
## 93 121 89 50 15 8 2 2
```

```
barplot(table(data$FTHG), col = 'Blue')
```

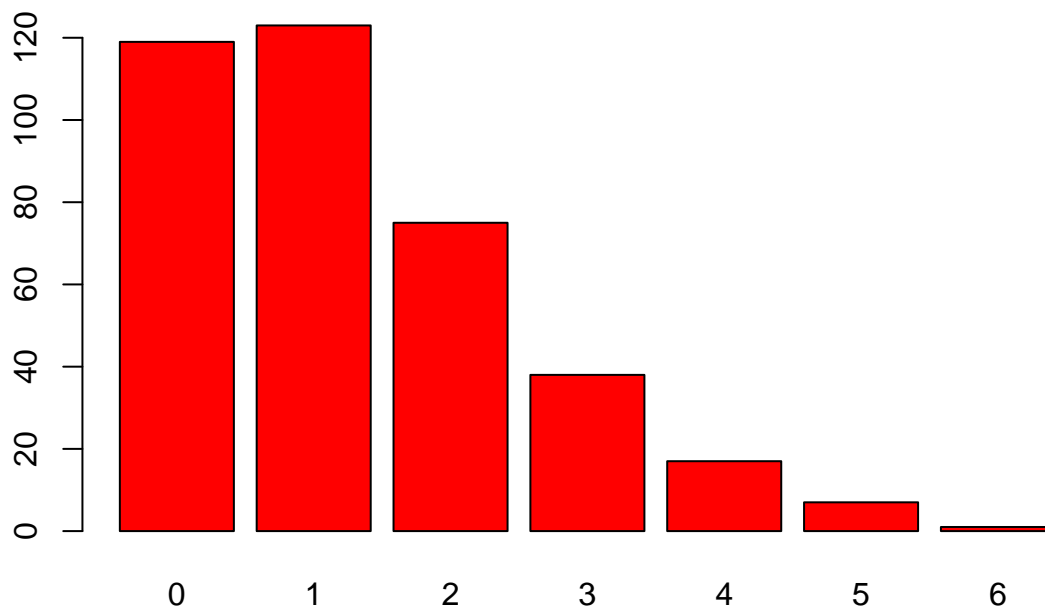


```
mean(data$FTHG)
```

```
## [1] 1.513158
```

```
table(data$FTAG)
```

```
##
##  0   1   2   3   4   5   6
## 119 123  75  38  17   7   1
barplot(table(data$FTAG), col = 'Red')
```



```
mean(data$FTAG)
```

```
## [1] 1.305263
```

```
##Modelling number of goals by Home Team as function of HS, HST, HC, HF, HY, HR ##FTHG ~ HS +
HST+ HC + HF + HY+ HR
```

```
n = nrow(data)
m=ceiling(n*0.7)
set.seed(138)
train_id = sort(sample(1:n, m, replace = F))

df_train = data[train_id,]
df_test = data[-train_id,]
```

Poisson regression model

HS: Home Team Shots

HST: Home Team Shots on Target

HC: Home Team Corners

HF: Home Team Fouls Committed

HY: Home Team Yellow Cards

HR: Home Team Red Cards

```
mod1 = step(glm(FTHG ~ HS + HST+ HC + HF + HY+ HR
                ,data=df_train
                ,family = poisson(link = 'log')))
```

```
## Start:  AIC=748.45
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR
##
##      Df Deviance    AIC
## - HF    1    230.81 746.46
## - HC    1    230.90 746.55
## - HS    1    230.96 746.60
## - HR    1    231.32 746.97
## <none>      230.80 748.45
## - HY    1    236.88 752.53
## - HST   1    291.61 807.26
##
## Step:  AIC=746.46
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HY + HR
##
##      Df Deviance    AIC
## - HC    1    230.91 744.56
## - HS    1    230.98 744.62
## - HR    1    231.33 744.98
## <none>      230.81 746.46
## - HY    1    237.33 750.98
## - HST   1    291.65 805.30
##
## Step:  AIC=744.56
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HY + HR
##
##      Df Deviance    AIC
## - HS    1    231.29 742.94
## - HR    1    231.42 743.07
## <none>      230.91 744.56
## - HY    1    237.50 749.15
## - HST   1    293.62 805.26
##
## Step:  AIC=742.94
## FTHG ~ HST + HY + HR
##
##      Df Deviance    AIC
## - HR    1    231.74 741.38
```



```
## <none>      231.29 742.94
## - HY      1   237.52 747.17
## - HST      1   329.98 839.63
##
## Step: AIC=741.38
## FTHG ~ HST + HY
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## <none>      231.74 741.38
## - HY      1   237.96 745.61
## - HST      1   333.90 841.55
```

```
summary(mod1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = FTHG ~ HST + HY, family = poisson(link = "log"),
##      data = df_train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.11917  -1.09148  -0.09127   0.57635   2.47377
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -0.29735    0.13929  -2.135   0.0328 *
## HST          0.16587    0.01566  10.591  <2e-16 ***
## HY          -0.11036    0.04491  -2.457   0.0140 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for poisson family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 364.48  on 265  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 231.74  on 263  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 741.38
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

```
mod2 = step(glm(FTHG ~ HS + HST+ HC + HF + HY+ HR
                + AS + AST + AC + AF + AY+ AR
                + I(HST^2) + I (HST^3) + I(HST^4) + I(HST^5)
                + I(AST^2) + I (AST^3) + I(AST^4) + I(AST^5)
                ,data=df_train
                ,family = poisson(link = 'log')))
```

```
## Start: AIC=742.51
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AS + AST + AC + AF + AY +
##      AR + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) + I(HST^4) + I(HST^5) + I(AST^2) +
##      I(AST^3) + I(AST^4) + I(AST^5)
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - I(HST^4)  1   196.86 740.51
## - I(HST^5)  1   196.87 740.52
## - I(HST^3)  1   196.88 740.53
```

```

## - AS      1    196.91 740.56
## - AC      1    196.93 740.58
## - AF      1    196.95 740.59
## - I(AST^4) 1    196.98 740.63
## - I(AST^5) 1    196.98 740.63
## - I(AST^3) 1    197.00 740.65
## - I(AST^2) 1    197.07 740.72
## - AR      1    197.11 740.76
## - I(HST^2) 1    197.11 740.76
## - HR      1    197.28 740.93
## - AST     1    197.32 740.97
## - HF      1    197.32 740.97
## - HC      1    197.41 741.06
## - HS      1    197.50 741.14
## - AY      1    197.70 741.35
## <none>      196.86 742.51
## - HST     1    199.34 742.99
## - HY      1    202.26 745.91
##
## Step:  AIC=740.51
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AS + AST + AC + AF + AY +
##       AR + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) + I(HST^5) + I(AST^2) + I(AST^3) +
##       I(AST^4) + I(AST^5)
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - AS      1    196.91 738.56
## - AC      1    196.93 738.58
## - AF      1    196.95 738.60
## - I(AST^4) 1    196.98 738.63
## - I(AST^5) 1    196.98 738.63
## - I(AST^3) 1    197.00 738.65
## - I(AST^2) 1    197.07 738.72
## - I(HST^5) 1    197.08 738.73
## - AR      1    197.11 738.76
## - HR      1    197.28 738.93
## - AST     1    197.32 738.97
## - HF      1    197.32 738.97
## - HC      1    197.42 739.07
## - HS      1    197.50 739.15
## - AY      1    197.71 739.35
## - I(HST^3) 1    198.27 739.92
## <none>      196.86 740.51
## - I(HST^2) 1    200.46 742.11
## - HY      1    202.31 743.96
## - HST     1    208.83 750.48
##
## Step:  AIC=738.56
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AST + AC + AF + AY + AR +
##       I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) + I(HST^5) + I(AST^2) + I(AST^3) + I(AST^4) +
##       I(AST^5)
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - AC      1    196.95 736.60
## - AF      1    196.99 736.63

```

```

## - I(AST^4) 1 197.02 736.67
## - I(AST^5) 1 197.02 736.67
## - I(AST^3) 1 197.04 736.69
## - I(HST^5) 1 197.10 736.75
## - I(AST^2) 1 197.10 736.75
## - AR 1 197.17 736.82
## - HR 1 197.35 737.00
## - AST 1 197.36 737.01
## - HF 1 197.37 737.01
## - HC 1 197.43 737.08
## - HS 1 197.52 737.17
## - AY 1 197.75 737.40
## - I(HST^3) 1 198.27 737.92
## <none> 196.91 738.56
## - I(HST^2) 1 200.46 740.11
## - HY 1 202.52 742.17
## - HST 1 208.83 748.48
##
## Step: AIC=736.6
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AST + AF + AY + AR + I(HST^2) +
## I(HST^3) + I(HST^5) + I(AST^2) + I(AST^3) + I(AST^4) + I(AST^5)
##
## Df Deviance AIC
## - AF 1 197.03 734.67
## - I(AST^4) 1 197.06 734.71
## - I(AST^5) 1 197.06 734.71
## - I(AST^3) 1 197.08 734.73
## - I(AST^2) 1 197.14 734.79
## - I(HST^5) 1 197.14 734.79
## - AR 1 197.19 734.84
## - AST 1 197.39 735.04
## - HR 1 197.42 735.07
## - HF 1 197.43 735.07
## - HC 1 197.50 735.15
## - HS 1 197.61 735.25
## - AY 1 197.76 735.41
## - I(HST^3) 1 198.31 735.96
## <none> 196.95 736.60
## - I(HST^2) 1 200.49 738.14
## - HY 1 202.63 740.27
## - HST 1 208.83 746.48
##
## Step: AIC=734.67
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AST + AY + AR + I(HST^2) +
## I(HST^3) + I(HST^5) + I(AST^2) + I(AST^3) + I(AST^4) + I(AST^5)
##
## Df Deviance AIC
## - I(AST^4) 1 197.12 732.77
## - I(AST^5) 1 197.12 732.77
## - I(AST^3) 1 197.14 732.78
## - I(AST^2) 1 197.20 732.85
## - I(HST^5) 1 197.21 732.85
## - AR 1 197.22 732.87
## - AST 1 197.46 733.11

```

```

## - HR      1  197.48 733.13
## - HC      1  197.54 733.19
## - HF      1  197.57 733.22
## - HS      1  197.67 733.32
## - AY      1  197.76 733.41
## - I(HST^3) 1  198.36 734.00
## <none>      197.03 734.67
## - I(HST^2) 1  200.53 736.18
## - HY      1  202.63 738.28
## - HST     1  208.86 744.51
##
## Step: AIC=732.77
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AST + AY + AR + I(HST^2) +
##       I(HST^3) + I(HST^5) + I(AST^2) + I(AST^3) + I(AST^5)
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - I(AST^5)  1  197.12 730.77
## - I(AST^3)  1  197.16 730.81
## - I(AST^2)  1  197.28 730.93
## - I(HST^5)  1  197.29 730.94
## - AR        1  197.32 730.97
## - AST       1  197.62 731.26
## - HR        1  197.64 731.29
## - HF        1  197.66 731.31
## - HS        1  197.71 731.36
## - HC        1  197.73 731.38
## - AY        1  197.85 731.50
## - I(HST^3)  1  198.42 732.07
## <none>      197.12 732.77
## - I(HST^2)  1  200.57 734.21
## - HY        1  202.63 736.28
## - HST       1  208.86 742.51
##
## Step: AIC=730.77
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AST + AY + AR + I(HST^2) +
##       I(HST^3) + I(HST^5) + I(AST^2) + I(AST^3)
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - I(HST^5)  1  197.29 728.94
## - AR        1  197.33 728.97
## - HR        1  197.64 729.29
## - HF        1  197.67 729.32
## - HS        1  197.71 729.36
## - HC        1  197.74 729.39
## - AY        1  197.85 729.50
## - I(AST^3)  1  198.01 729.65
## - I(AST^2)  1  198.13 729.78
## - I(HST^3)  1  198.42 730.07
## - AST       1  198.47 730.12
## <none>      197.12 730.77
## - I(HST^2)  1  200.57 732.22
## - HY        1  202.63 734.28
## - HST       1  208.88 740.53
##

```

```

## Step: AIC=728.94
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AST + AY + AR + I(HST^2) +
##      I(HST^3) + I(AST^2) + I(AST^3)
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - AR      1   197.54 727.19
## - HR      1   197.81 727.45
## - HF      1   197.84 727.49
## - HS      1   197.88 727.52
## - HC      1   197.93 727.58
## - AY      1   198.06 727.71
## - I(AST^3) 1   198.35 727.99
## - I(AST^2) 1   198.53 728.18
## - AST     1   198.95 728.60
## <none>      197.29 728.94
## - HY      1   203.03 732.68
## - I(HST^3) 1   211.11 740.76
## - I(HST^2) 1   216.35 746.00
## - HST     1   234.10 763.75
##
## Step: AIC=727.19
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HF + HY + HR + AST + AY + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) +
##      I(AST^2) + I(AST^3)
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - HF      1   198.00 725.65
## - HS      1   198.07 725.72
## - HR      1   198.07 725.72
## - HC      1   198.19 725.84
## - AY      1   198.34 725.99
## - I(AST^3) 1   198.65 726.30
## - I(AST^2) 1   198.85 726.50
## - AST     1   199.34 726.98
## <none>      197.54 727.19
## - HY      1   203.41 731.06
## - I(HST^3) 1   211.17 738.82
## - I(HST^2) 1   216.39 744.04
## - HST     1   234.12 761.76
##
## Step: AIC=725.65
## FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC + HY + HR + AST + AY + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) +
##      I(AST^2) + I(AST^3)
##
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - HS      1   198.45 724.10
## - HR      1   198.58 724.23
## - HC      1   198.67 724.32
## - AY      1   198.69 724.34
## - I(AST^3) 1   199.08 724.73
## - I(AST^2) 1   199.27 724.92
## - AST     1   199.70 725.35
## <none>      198.00 725.65
## - HY      1   205.42 731.07
## - I(HST^3) 1   211.75 737.40

```

```

## - I(HST^2) 1 216.82 742.47
## - HST 1 234.36 760.01
##
## Step: AIC=724.1
## FTHG ~ HST + HC + HY + HR + AST + AY + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) +
## I(AST^2) + I(AST^3)
##
## Df Deviance AIC
## - HR 1 198.98 722.63
## - AY 1 199.09 722.74
## - I(AST^3) 1 199.57 723.22
## - I(AST^2) 1 199.76 723.41
## - HC 1 199.90 723.55
## - AST 1 200.11 723.76
## <none> 198.45 724.10
## - HY 1 205.45 729.09
## - I(HST^3) 1 212.03 735.68
## - I(HST^2) 1 217.08 740.73
## - HST 1 234.38 758.03
##
## Step: AIC=722.63
## FTHG ~ HST + HC + HY + AST + AY + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) + I(AST^2) +
## I(AST^3)
##
## Df Deviance AIC
## - AY 1 199.53 721.17
## - I(AST^3) 1 199.92 721.57
## - I(AST^2) 1 200.09 721.74
## - HC 1 200.38 722.03
## - AST 1 200.44 722.09
## <none> 198.98 722.63
## - HY 1 205.91 727.56
## - I(HST^3) 1 212.38 734.03
## - I(HST^2) 1 217.44 739.09
## - HST 1 234.89 756.54
##
## Step: AIC=721.17
## FTHG ~ HST + HC + HY + AST + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) + I(AST^2) +
## I(AST^3)
##
## Df Deviance AIC
## - I(AST^3) 1 200.48 720.13
## - I(AST^2) 1 200.64 720.29
## - HC 1 200.93 720.58
## - AST 1 200.95 720.60
## <none> 199.53 721.17
## - HY 1 205.99 725.64
## - I(HST^3) 1 213.43 733.08
## - I(HST^2) 1 218.48 738.13
## - HST 1 235.99 755.64
##
## Step: AIC=720.13
## FTHG ~ HST + HC + HY + AST + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) + I(AST^2)
##

```

```
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - I(AST^2)  1   200.70 718.35
## - AST      1   200.98 718.63
## - HC       1   201.93 719.58
## <none>      200.48 720.13
## - HY       1   207.62 725.26
## - I(HST^3)  1   213.76 731.41
## - I(HST^2)  1   218.73 736.38
## - HST      1   236.10 753.75
```

```
##
## Step: AIC=718.35
## FTHG ~ HST + HC + HY + AST + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3)
```

```
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - AST      1   201.19 716.84
## - HC       1   202.09 717.74
## <none>      200.70 718.35
## - HY       1   207.84 723.48
## - I(HST^3)  1   213.92 729.56
## - I(HST^2)  1   218.86 734.51
## - HST      1   236.23 751.88
```

```
##
## Step: AIC=716.84
## FTHG ~ HST + HC + HY + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3)
```

```
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## - HC       1   202.41 716.06
## <none>      201.19 716.84
## - HY       1   208.58 722.23
## - I(HST^3)  1   214.20 727.85
## - I(HST^2)  1   219.13 732.78
## - HST      1   236.67 750.32
```

```
##
## Step: AIC=716.06
## FTHG ~ HST + HY + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3)
```

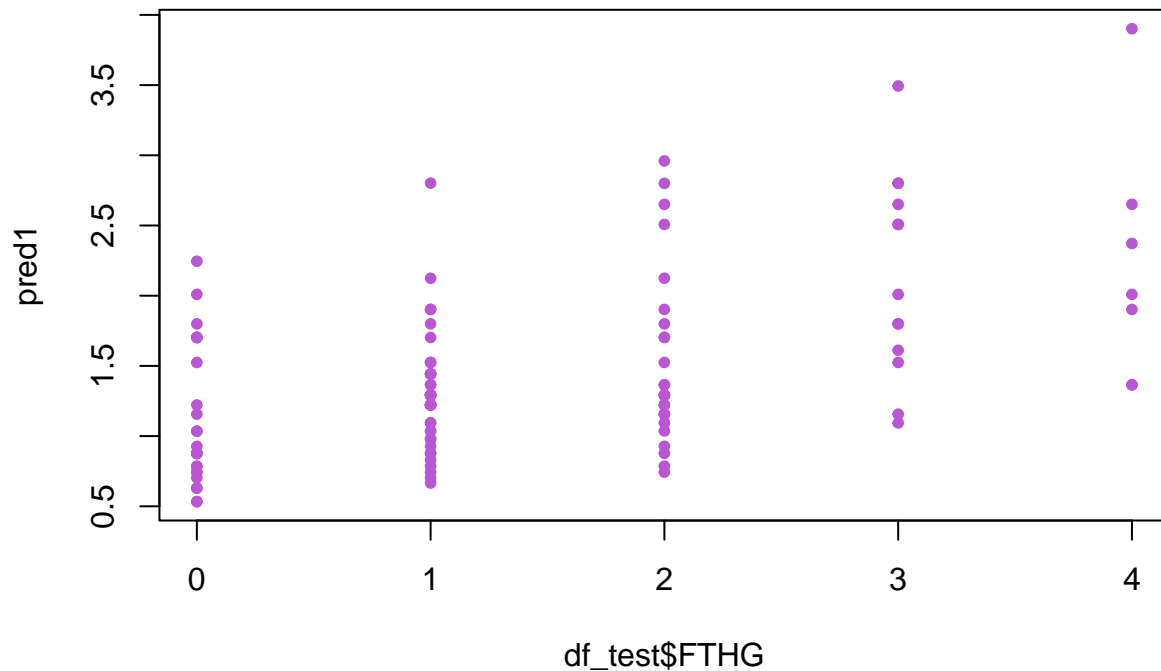
```
##           Df Deviance    AIC
## <none>      202.41 716.06
## - HY       1   209.32 720.97
## - I(HST^3)  1   216.52 728.16
## - I(HST^2)  1   221.16 732.81
## - HST      1   237.89 749.54
```

```
summary(mod2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = FTHG ~ HST + HY + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3), family = poisson(link = "log"),
##      data = df_train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.2374  -0.7603  -0.1690   0.4645   2.3331
##
## Coefficients:
```

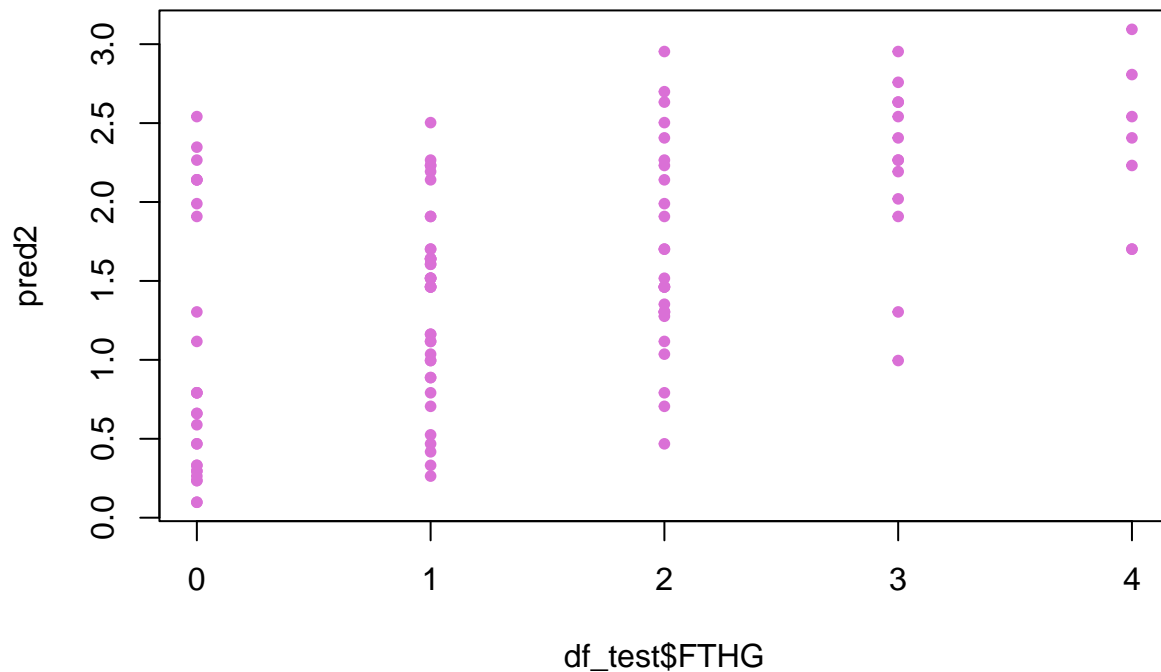
```
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.979650   0.401728  -4.928 8.31e-07 ***
## HST          0.976904   0.183659   5.319 1.04e-07 ***
## HY          -0.114787   0.044369  -2.587 0.009679 **
## I(HST^2)    -0.104901   0.025698  -4.082 4.46e-05 ***
## I(HST^3)     0.003830   0.001053   3.637 0.000276 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for poisson family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 364.48  on 265  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 202.41  on 261  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 716.06
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

```
pred1 = predict(mod1, newdata = df_test, type = "response")
plot(df_test$FTHG, pred1, pch = 20, col = 'MediumOrchid')
```



```
R2_approx = cor(df_test$FTHG, pred1)^2
```

```
pred2 = predict(mod2, newdata = df_test, type = "response")
plot(df_test$FTHG, pred2, pch = 20, col = 'Orchid')
```

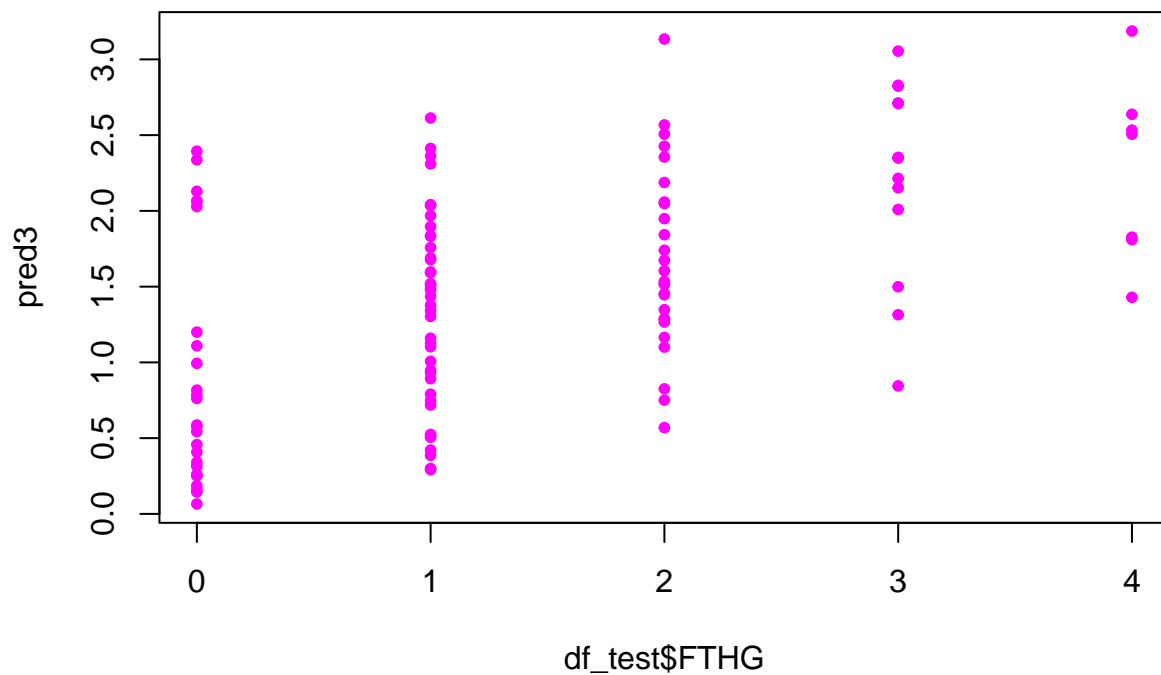
```
R2_approx = cor(df_test$FTHG, pred2)^2
```

```
mod3 = update(mod2, .~. + B365H)
```

```
summary(mod3)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = FTHG ~ HST + HY + I(HST^2) + I(HST^3) + B365H,
##      family = poisson(link = "log"), data = df_train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.1149  -0.7587  -0.0925   0.4686   2.2460
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.453960   0.442355  -3.287 0.001013 **
## HST          0.874387   0.184870   4.730 2.25e-06 ***
## HY          -0.108373   0.044539  -2.433 0.014966 *
## I(HST^2)     -0.094838   0.025660  -3.696 0.000219 ***
## I(HST^3)      0.003491   0.001050   3.324 0.000886 ***
## B365H        -0.098973   0.040623  -2.436 0.014834 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for poisson family taken to be 1)
```

```
##
## Null deviance: 364.48 on 265 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 195.49 on 260 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 711.14
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
pred3 = predict(mod3, newdata = df_test, type = "response")
plot(df_test$FTHG, pred3, pch = 20, col = 'Magenta')
```



```
R2_approx = cor(df_test$FTHG, pred3)^2
```

```
c(cor(df_test$FTHG, pred1)^2
,cor(df_test$FTHG, pred2)^2
,cor(df_test$FTHG, pred3)^2)
```

```
## [1] 0.2752409 0.2900639 0.3207744
```

Assumptions Check

Independence

```
library(randtests)
```

```
## Warning: package 'randtests' was built under R version 4.2.3
```

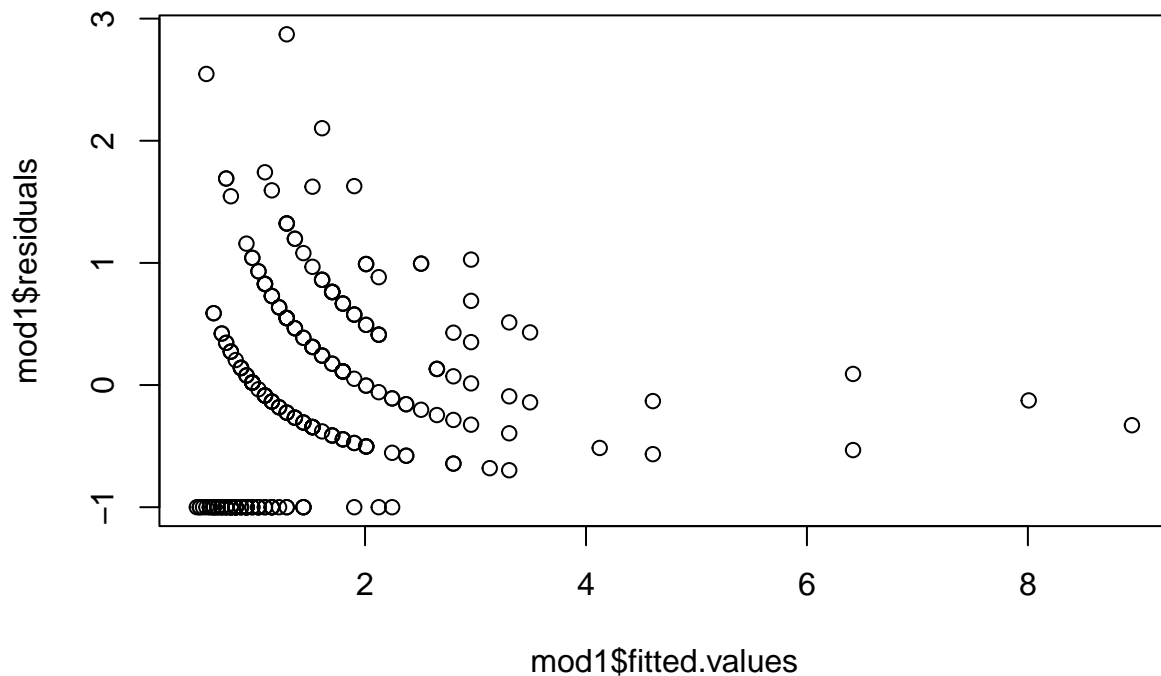
```

bartels.rank.test(mod1$residuals)

##
## Bartels Ratio Test
##
## data: mod1$residuals
## statistic = -0.67192, n = 266, p-value = 0.5016
## alternative hypothesis: nonrandomness

#Linearity
plot(mod1$fitted.values, mod1$residuals)

```



```

cor(mod1$fitted.values, mod1$residuals)

## [1] 0.07376815

```

Since, these models have weak predictive power, hence we'll now proceed with Bayesian Poisson Regression Models in which we use prior.

Likelihood and Bayesian Poisson Regression using Julia & CRRao

- Maximum Likelihood Methods
- Ridge Prior
- Laplace Prior
- Cauchy Prior
- T-Distributed Prior
- Horse Shoe Prior

```
In [2]: df_train = DataFrame(CSV.File("E0_20_21.csv"));
```

$$\begin{aligned}
FTHG \quad & Poisson(\lambda) & (1) \\
\log(\lambda) = & \beta_0 + \beta_1 HS + \beta_2 AS + \beta_3 HST + \beta_4 AST + \beta_5 HC + \beta_6 AC + \beta_7 B365H + \beta_8 B365A & (2)
\end{aligned}$$

```
In [3]: using CRRao, StatsModels

mod1 = fit(@formula(FTHG ~ HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC +B365H + B365A),df_train,PoissonRegression())
```

```
Out[3]: Model Class: Poisson Regression
Likelihood Mode: Poison
Link Function: Log
Computing Method: Optimization
```

	Coef.	Std. Error	z	Pr(> z)	Lower 95%	Upper 95%
(Intercept)	-0.352743	0.236089	-1.49	0.1351	-0.815468	0.109983
HS	-0.034822	0.0141776	-2.46	0.0140	-0.0626096	-0.00703447
AS	-0.023019	0.0139061	-1.66	0.0979	-0.0502744	0.00423639
HST	0.238636	0.0229936	10.38	<1e-24	0.193569	0.283703
AST	0.0255725	0.0271946	0.94	0.3470	-0.0277279	0.0788729
HC	-0.0438155	0.0186827	-2.35	0.0190	-0.0804331	-0.00719804
AC	0.0344269	0.0193173	1.78	0.0747	-0.00343431	0.0722882
B365H	-0.0248462	0.0300651	-0.83	0.4086	-0.0837727	0.0340803
B365A	0.0368102	0.0145484	2.53	0.0114	0.00829595	0.0653245

```
In [4]: mod_ridge = fit(@formula(FTHG ~ HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A)
                        ,df_train,PoissonRegression()
                        ,Prior_Ridge())
```

[illegible]

```
Out[4]: Formula: FTHG ~ 1 + HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A
Link: CRRao.Identity(CRRao.Identity_Link)
Chain: Chains MCMC chain (1000x22x1 Array{Float64, 3}):

Iterations      = 501:1:1500
Number of chains = 1
Samples per chain = 1000
Wall duration    = 9.67 seconds
Compute duration = 9.67 seconds
parameters      = λ, β[1], β[2], β[3], β[4], β[5], β[6], β[7], β[8], β[9]
internals       = lp, n_steps, is_accept, acceptance_rate, log_density, hamiltonian_energy, hamiltonian_energy_error, max_hamiltonian_energy_error, tree_depth, numerical_error, step_size, nom_step_size
```

Summary Statistics

parameters	mean	std	naive_se	mcse	ess	rhat	...
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	...
λ	0.1054	0.0339	0.0011	0.0014	464.9617	1.0000	...
β[1]	-0.0623	0.1052	0.0033	0.0047	397.6786	1.0076	...
β[2]	-0.0346	0.0131	0.0004	0.0004	747.5306	0.9995	...
β[3]	-0.0267	0.0127	0.0004	0.0005	714.2560	0.9998	...
β[4]	0.2259	0.0226	0.0007	0.0006	829.1529	0.9990	...
β[5]	0.0169	0.0261	0.0008	0.0009	752.0529	0.9990	...
β[6]	-0.0481	0.0184	0.0006	0.0007	911.7310	0.9992	...
β[7]	0.0282	0.0188	0.0006	0.0005	1093.4051	1.0027	...
β[8]	-0.0400	0.0265	0.0008	0.0009	868.9328	0.9992	...
β[9]	0.0274	0.0127	0.0004	0.0004	1028.8591	1.0054	...

1 column omitted

Quantiles

parameters	2.5%	25.0%	50.0%	75.0%	97.5%
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64
λ	0.0605	0.0826	0.1000	0.1201	0.1981
β[1]	-0.2970	-0.1122	-0.0517	0.0018	0.1119
β[2]	-0.0605	-0.0437	-0.0346	-0.0253	-0.0088
β[3]	-0.0516	-0.0353	-0.0262	-0.0183	-0.0018
β[4]	0.1797	0.2110	0.2257	0.2414	0.2701
β[5]	-0.0338	-0.0005	0.0165	0.0334	0.0710
β[6]	-0.0822	-0.0608	-0.0483	-0.0357	-0.0120
β[7]	-0.0111	0.0152	0.0283	0.0416	0.0646
β[8]	-0.0914	-0.0575	-0.0395	-0.0219	0.0113
β[9]	0.0010	0.0196	0.0277	0.0363	0.0508

Bayesian Poisson Regression with Laplace Prior

```
In [5]: mod_laplace = fit(@formula(FTHG ~ HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A)
                        ,df_train,PoissonRegression()
                        ,Prior_Laplace())
```

```
└ Info: Found initial step size
└ ε = 0.00625
```

```
Sampling: 100% | Time: 0:00:02
```

```
Out[5]: Formula: FTHG ~ 1 + HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A
Link: CRRao.Identity(CRRao.Identity_Link)
Chain: Chains MCMC chain (1000x22x1 Array{Float64, 3}):

Iterations      = 501:1:1500
Number of chains = 1
Samples per chain = 1000
Wall duration    = 4.83 seconds
Compute duration = 4.83 seconds
parameters       = λ, β[1], β[2], β[3], β[4], β[5], β[6], β[7], β[8], β[9]
internals        = lp, n_steps, is_accept, acceptance_rate, log_density, hamiltonian_energy, hamiltonian_energy_error, max_hamiltonian_energy_error, tree_depth, numerical_error, step_size, nom_step_size
```

Summary Statistics

parameters	mean	std	naive_se	mcse	ess	rhat	e ...
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	...
λ	0.0787	0.0344	0.0011	0.0015	561.0030	0.9995	...
β[1]	-0.0708	0.1243	0.0039	0.0071	309.8460	1.0003	...
β[2]	-0.0360	0.0137	0.0004	0.0005	675.3930	0.9995	...
β[3]	-0.0244	0.0128	0.0004	0.0005	674.2893	1.0009	...
β[4]	0.2302	0.0242	0.0008	0.0010	722.7525	1.0015	...
β[5]	0.0114	0.0243	0.0008	0.0009	591.8113	0.9992	...
β[6]	-0.0462	0.0191	0.0006	0.0005	873.4254	0.9996	...
β[7]	0.0231	0.0181	0.0006	0.0006	831.4847	0.9999	...
β[8]	-0.0332	0.0270	0.0009	0.0010	811.8887	0.9992	...
β[9]	0.0264	0.0137	0.0004	0.0004	638.7690	1.0011	...

1 column omitted

Quantiles

parameters	2.5%	25.0%	50.0%	75.0%	97.5%
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64
λ	0.0375	0.0563	0.0716	0.0912	0.1619
β[1]	-0.4111	-0.1190	-0.0375	0.0066	0.0998
β[2]	-0.0628	-0.0452	-0.0361	-0.0260	-0.0097
β[3]	-0.0519	-0.0324	-0.0242	-0.0152	-0.0006
β[4]	0.1848	0.2127	0.2300	0.2466	0.2777
β[5]	-0.0353	-0.0049	0.0102	0.0279	0.0623
β[6]	-0.0838	-0.0595	-0.0461	-0.0337	-0.0062
β[7]	-0.0095	0.0100	0.0231	0.0355	0.0594
β[8]	-0.0859	-0.0526	-0.0321	-0.0154	0.0201
β[9]	0.0004	0.0165	0.0262	0.0360	0.0533

Bayesian Poisson Regression with Cauchy Prior

```
In [6]: mod_Cauchy = fit(@formula(FTHG ~ HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A)
                        ,df_train,PoissonRegression()
                        ,Prior_Cauchy())
```

```
└ Info: Found initial step size
└ ε = 7.450580596923829e-10
```

```
Sampling: 100% | Time: 0:00:02
```

```
Out[6]: Formula: FTHG ~ 1 + HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A
Link: CRRao.Identity(CRRao.Identity_Link)
Chain: Chains MCMC chain (1000x22x1 Array{Float64, 3}):

Iterations      = 501:1:1500
Number of chains = 1
Samples per chain = 1000
Wall duration    = 5.11 seconds
Compute duration = 5.11 seconds
parameters      = λ, β[1], β[2], β[3], β[4], β[5], β[6], β[7], β[8], β[9]
internals        = lp, n_steps, is_accept, acceptance_rate, log_density, hamiltonian_energy, hamiltonian_energy_error, max_hamiltonian_energy_error, tree_depth, numerical_error, step_size, nom_step_size
```

Summary Statistics

parameters	mean	std	naive_se	mcse	ess	rhat	...
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	...
λ	0.1627	0.0590	0.0019	0.0020	896.0429	0.9995	...
β[1]	-0.1611	0.1845	0.0058	0.0061	864.8895	1.0003	...
β[2]	-0.0377	0.0136	0.0004	0.0004	889.7947	0.9995	...
β[3]	-0.0258	0.0138	0.0004	0.0004	972.0278	0.9999	...
β[4]	0.2358	0.0220	0.0007	0.0007	986.9997	0.9990	...
β[5]	0.0212	0.0270	0.0009	0.0005	1158.4883	1.0004	...
β[6]	-0.0461	0.0187	0.0006	0.0005	1135.6974	1.0003	...
β[7]	0.0307	0.0194	0.0006	0.0004	1223.4360	0.9999	...
β[8]	-0.0356	0.0285	0.0009	0.0009	1156.0803	0.9997	...
β[9]	0.0307	0.0134	0.0004	0.0004	1101.4153	1.0004	...

1 column omitted

Quantiles

parameters	2.5%	25.0%	50.0%	75.0%	97.5%
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64
λ	0.0841	0.1227	0.1507	0.1898	0.3116
β[1]	-0.5707	-0.2686	-0.1351	-0.0272	0.1458
β[2]	-0.0638	-0.0469	-0.0382	-0.0281	-0.0118
β[3]	-0.0527	-0.0347	-0.0258	-0.0169	0.0019
β[4]	0.1914	0.2220	0.2361	0.2506	0.2784
β[5]	-0.0290	0.0015	0.0217	0.0401	0.0743
β[6]	-0.0836	-0.0594	-0.0459	-0.0328	-0.0094
β[7]	-0.0084	0.0180	0.0309	0.0436	0.0674
β[8]	-0.0898	-0.0551	-0.0355	-0.0164	0.0185
β[9]	0.0049	0.0214	0.0312	0.0402	0.0549

Bayesian Poisson Regression with TDistributed Prior

```
In [7]: mod_TDist = fit(@formula(FTHG ~ HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A)
                      ,df_train,PoissonRegression()
                      ,Prior_TDist(),0.95,10000)
```

```
└ Info: Found initial step size
└ ε = 0.0125
```

```
Sampling: 100% | Time: 0:00:14
```

```
Out[7]: Formula: FTHG ~ 1 + HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A
Link: CRRao.Identity(CRRao.Identity_Link)
Chain: Chains MCMC chain (10000x23x1 Array{Float64, 3}):

Iterations      = 1001:1:11000
Number of chains = 1
Samples per chain = 10000
Wall duration    = 19.01 seconds
Compute duration = 19.01 seconds
parameters       = λ, v, β[1], β[2], β[3], β[4], β[5], β[6], β[7], β[8], β[9]
internals        = lp, n_steps, is_accept, acceptance_rate, log_density, hamiltonian_energy, hamiltonian_energy_error, max_hamiltonian_energy_error, tree_depth, numerical_error, step_size, nom_step_size
```

Summary Statistics

parameters	mean	std	naive_se	mcse	ess	rhat	...
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	...
λ	0.1657	0.0583	0.0006	0.0006	6946.7029	1.0001	...
v	37.4676	816.4755	8.1648	9.8767	6717.1613	0.9999	...
β[1]	-0.1359	0.1649	0.0016	0.0020	6949.4095	1.0003	...
β[2]	-0.0371	0.0135	0.0001	0.0001	8245.6082	0.9999	...
β[3]	-0.0265	0.0134	0.0001	0.0002	8096.6953	1.0002	...
β[4]	0.2345	0.0230	0.0002	0.0002	9461.6627	0.9999	...
β[5]	0.0209	0.0268	0.0003	0.0003	8849.2239	0.9999	...
β[6]	-0.0469	0.0186	0.0002	0.0002	10050.3263	1.0004	...
β[7]	0.0298	0.0189	0.0002	0.0002	9393.7048	0.9999	...
β[8]	-0.0370	0.0285	0.0003	0.0002	9875.2924	0.9999	...
β[9]	0.0301	0.0139	0.0001	0.0001	9648.7479	1.0001	...

1 column omitted

Quantiles

parameters	2.5%	25.0%	50.0%	75.0%	97.5%
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64
λ	0.0854	0.1249	0.1549	0.1937	0.3100
v	0.7862	2.2735	4.5396	11.1572	147.0323
β[1]	-0.5099	-0.2325	-0.1163	-0.0225	0.1383
β[2]	-0.0639	-0.0461	-0.0369	-0.0280	-0.0108
β[3]	-0.0528	-0.0354	-0.0266	-0.0174	-0.0001
β[4]	0.1899	0.2190	0.2343	0.2499	0.2793
β[5]	-0.0311	0.0029	0.0207	0.0388	0.0746
β[6]	-0.0836	-0.0597	-0.0469	-0.0341	-0.0107
β[7]	-0.0068	0.0169	0.0297	0.0427	0.0668
β[8]	-0.0930	-0.0563	-0.0367	-0.0175	0.0191
β[9]	0.0026	0.0208	0.0302	0.0394	0.0573

Bayesian Poisson Regression with Horse Shoe Prior

```
In [8]: mod_HS = fit(@formula(FTHG ~ HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A)
                    ,df_train,PoissonRegression()
                    ,Prior_HorseShoe())
```

```
[ Info: Found initial step size
      ε = 3.4694469519536144e-19
```

```
Sampling: 100% | Time: 0:01:46
```



```
Out[8]: Formula: FTHG ~ 1 + HS + AS + HST + AST + HC + AC + B365H + B365A
Link: CRRao.Identity(CRRao.Identity_Link)
Chain: Chains MCMC chain (1000x31x1 Array{Float64, 3}):

Iterations      = 501:1:1500
Number of chains = 1
Samples per chain = 1000
Wall duration    = 110.14 seconds
Compute duration = 110.14 seconds
parameters      = τ, λ[1], λ[2], λ[3], λ[4], λ[5], λ[6], λ[7], λ[8], λ[9], β[1], β[2], β[3], β[4], β[5], β[6], β[7], β[8], β[9]
internals       = lp, n_steps, is_accept, acceptance_rate, log_density, hamiltonian_energy, hamiltonian_energy_error, max_hamiltonian_energy_error, tree_depth, numerical_error, step_size, nom_step_size
```

Summary Statistics

parameters	mean	std	naive_se	mcse	ess	rhat	e ...
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	...
τ	0.0635	0.0458	0.0014	0.0058	44.9252	0.9994	...
λ[1]	2.4507	3.7919	0.1199	0.5050	31.0019	1.0056	...
λ[2]	2.8976	3.6569	0.1156	0.5497	21.7962	1.0218	...
λ[3]	0.9336	1.0848	0.0343	0.1025	86.6476	1.0091	...
λ[4]	10.0035	18.6598	0.5901	2.4316	49.6860	1.0259	...
λ[5]	0.8682	0.9239	0.0292	0.1033	73.0142	1.0010	...
λ[6]	2.4317	10.2987	0.3257	0.6058	216.5385	1.0014	...
λ[7]	1.0051	1.6633	0.0526	0.2303	44.5547	1.0030	...
λ[8]	1.3956	1.7142	0.0542	0.1553	62.8062	1.0079	...
λ[9]	0.7882	0.7374	0.0233	0.0851	59.2560	1.0015	...
β[1]	-0.0808	0.1491	0.0047	0.0146	46.7113	1.0103	...
β[2]	-0.0369	0.0147	0.0005	0.0011	85.9806	1.0128	...
β[3]	-0.0189	0.0125	0.0004	0.0009	181.2878	0.9990	...
β[4]	0.2339	0.0233	0.0007	0.0013	212.4691	1.0107	...
β[5]	0.0042	0.0200	0.0006	0.0011	378.1641	0.9999	...
β[6]	-0.0414	0.0200	0.0006	0.0014	111.3421	1.0055	...
β[7]	0.0148	0.0174	0.0006	0.0010	241.5746	1.0093	...
β[8]	-0.0292	0.0275	0.0009	0.0025	73.2588	1.0097	...
β[9]	0.0207	0.0146	0.0005	0.0013	75.8727	1.0008	...

1 column omitted

Quantiles

parameters	2.5%	25.0%	50.0%	75.0%	97.5%
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64
τ	0.0137	0.0325	0.0507	0.0776	0.2020
λ[1]	0.1064	0.4433	1.1526	2.4544	14.6567
λ[2]	0.0976	0.6809	1.3315	3.6645	12.9160
λ[3]	0.0448	0.3038	0.5982	1.1379	4.2300
λ[4]	0.9601	2.6341	4.7961	9.3348	63.7628
λ[5]	0.0856	0.3238	0.6016	1.0793	3.3642
λ[6]	0.1319	0.6039	1.0761	1.9451	10.7852
λ[7]	0.1014	0.3468	0.6334	1.0848	3.3018
λ[8]	0.0847	0.4637	0.8732	1.6833	5.2768
λ[9]	0.0463	0.3072	0.5716	1.0311	2.7116
β[1]	-0.4956	-0.1148	-0.0197	0.0042	0.0765
β[2]	-0.0657	-0.0465	-0.0364	-0.0273	-0.0072
β[3]	-0.0439	-0.0273	-0.0183	-0.0104	0.0030
β[4]	0.1911	0.2182	0.2325	0.2492	0.2817
β[5]	-0.0326	-0.0072	0.0025	0.0136	0.0492
β[6]	-0.0776	-0.0558	-0.0426	-0.0284	-0.0011
β[7]	-0.0143	0.0019	0.0127	0.0258	0.0529
β[8]	-0.0869	-0.0479	-0.0257	-0.0071	0.0121
β[9]	-0.0030	0.0096	0.0209	0.0303	0.0500

```
In [9]: mod_HS_small = fit(@formula(FTHG ~ HS + HST + HC)
                        ,df_train,PoissonRegression()
                        ,Prior_HorseShoe())
```

```
└ Info: Found initial step size
└ ε = 0.0001953125
```

```
Sampling: 100% | Time: 0:00:03
```

```
Out[9]: Formula: FTHG ~ 1 + HS + HST + HC
Link: CRRao.Identity(CRRao.Identity_Link)
Chain: Chains MCMC chain (1000x21x1 Array{Float64, 3}):

Iterations      = 501:1:1500
Number of chains = 1
Samples per chain = 1000
Wall duration    = 6.08 seconds
Compute duration = 6.08 seconds
parameters       = τ, λ[1], λ[2], λ[3], λ[4], β[1], β[2], β[3], β[4]
internals        = lp, n_steps, is_accept, acceptance_rate, log_density, hamiltonian_energy, hamiltonian_energy_error, max_hamiltonian_energy_error, tree_depth, numerical_error, step_size, nom_step_size
```

Summary Statistics

parameters	mean	std	naive_se	mcse	ess	rhat	e ...
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	...
τ	0.3946	0.3513	0.0111	0.0188	368.5988	1.0111	...
λ[1]	2.5646	4.2298	0.1338	0.1868	468.5260	1.0099	...
λ[2]	0.7144	1.3416	0.0424	0.0436	804.4869	0.9990	...
λ[3]	1.9189	2.8678	0.0907	0.1137	542.7584	1.0009	...
λ[4]	0.7556	2.0590	0.0651	0.0766	765.0860	1.0020	...
β[1]	-0.3863	0.1293	0.0041	0.0062	524.4397	1.0021	...
β[2]	-0.0284	0.0148	0.0005	0.0008	341.0983	1.0004	...
β[3]	0.2431	0.0221	0.0007	0.0012	379.9273	0.9998	...
β[4]	-0.0365	0.0179	0.0006	0.0009	559.1591	1.0002	...

1 column omitted

Quantiles

parameters	2.5%	25.0%	50.0%	75.0%	97.5%
Symbol	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64
τ	0.0565	0.1733	0.2995	0.4893	1.3802
λ[1]	0.2632	0.7968	1.4737	2.7810	10.9341
λ[2]	0.0296	0.1608	0.3478	0.7931	3.3743
λ[3]	0.2386	0.6768	1.1526	1.9833	8.9125
λ[4]	0.0382	0.1736	0.4038	0.7734	3.3412
β[1]	-0.6304	-0.4765	-0.3880	-0.2982	-0.1319
β[2]	-0.0576	-0.0384	-0.0284	-0.0186	0.0001
β[3]	0.2012	0.2279	0.2433	0.2578	0.2873
β[4]	-0.0710	-0.0484	-0.0356	-0.0237	-0.0038

```
In [10]: pred_FTHG = predict(mod_HS_small,df_train);
```

```
In [11]: pred_FTHG
```

```
Out[11]: 380-element Vector{Float64}:
```

```
0.8924489238533787
0.953105286404616
1.1377269787383852
0.6915580613565018
0.6615862087919823
1.4811993289246943
0.844390692927946
0.560038291818685
1.5504011585488242
2.343971193196086
0.8991012783133118
0.8987351119621247
2.247688053598424
:
1.0887707750031057
0.9727343554643355
0.9816409372101816
1.105893332170171
0.3846014710296586
2.803581869191904
1.6514310571553237
0.8137947180728899
4.2261071620341655
0.7518355392578444
2.3325122405509036
0.9727343554643355
```

```
In [15]: cor(pred_FTHG,df_train.FTHG)^2
# Hence Bayesian regression gives better predictive power
```

```
Out[15]: 0.4270550503539198
```

```
In [18]: sqrt(mean((pred_FTHG-df_train.FTHG).^2))
```

```
Out[18]: 1.000902177196898
```

```
In [23]: using Plots
scatter(pred_FTHG,df_train.FTHG,label="")
xlabel!("predicted goal by Home Team")
ylabel!("actual number of goals by Home Team")
```

```
Out[23]:
```

