BPSC

Modern History

DPP: 6

European Company 4

- Q1 Which Portuguese governor banned the practice of Sati in his area?
 - (A) Francisco de Almeida
 - (B) Nuno da Cunha
 - (C) Alphonso de Albuquerque
 - (D) Joa de Castro
- Q2 The Dutch East India Company started its factory in Musulipatnam in 1605. Which city did they later establish as their main headquarters?
 - (A) Pulicat
 - (B) Nagapatnam
 - (C) Cochin
 - (D) Cranganore
- Q3 Where did the French establish their first factory in India?
 - (A) Masulipatnam
- (B) Surat
- (C) Pondicherry
- (D) Goa

Q4

Consider the following statements regarding the French presence in India:

- 1. The French East India Company was founded in 1664 during the reign of Louis XIV.
- The first French factory in India was established at Chandernagore in 1668.
- Pondicherry became the main center of French power in India under Francois Martin in 1674.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (A) 1 and 3 only
- (B) 2 and 3 only
- (C) 1, 2 and 3
- (D) 1 and 2
- Q5 The Battle of Wandiwash (1760) was fought between the British and which of the following?
 - (A) The French
 - (B) The Portuguese
 - (C) The Dutch
 - (D) The Nawab of Carnatic

Answer Key

Q1	(c)	Q4	(A)
Q2	(B)	Q5	(A)
Q3	(B)		



Hints & Solutions

Q1 Text Solution:

Ans :- C

Explanation:-

 Albuquerque encouraged marriages with Indian women so that a permanent Portuguese population could be settled in India. He also banned the practice of Sati in his area of influence.

Q2 Text Solution:

Ans: (b)

Explanation:

- The Dutch East India Company initially set up a factory in Musulipatnam in 1605.
- They established their main headquarters at Pulicat in 1609 after Musulipatnam.
- They moved their headquarters from Pulicat to Nagapatnam in 1658.
- Pulicat and Nagapattinam were both important Dutch settlements during their rule in India.

Q3 Text Solution:

Ans. (b)

Explanation:

- In 1667 AD, an expedition led by Francis Caro reached India. In 1668 AD, this group established its first factory in Surat.
- In 1669 AD, the French established a second factory in Masulipatnam located on the east coast of India and Francis Martin was given the responsibility of the settlements of Surat and Masulipatnam.
- In 1672 AD, Admiral Day captured Santhome from the Sultan of Golconda. And established

his factory here.

Q4 Text Solution:

Ans: (a)

Explanation:

- Statement 1 is correct: During the reign of Louis XIV, the king's famous minister Colbert laid the foundation of the Compagnie des Indes Orientales (French East India Company) in 1664.
- Statement 2 is incorrect: The first French factory in India was established at Surat in 1668, not Chandernagore.
- Statement 3 is correct: Pondicherry became the main center of French power in India under Francois Martin, who assumed control in 1674. François Martin established a trading center in Pondicherry in 1674. Pondicherry was captured by the Dutch in 1693 but was returned to the French by the Treaty of Ryswick (1699).

Q5 Text Solution:

Answer: (A) Explanation:

War.

- The Battle of Wandiwash, fought on 22nd
 January 1760 in present-day Tamil Nadu, was
 the decisive conflict of the Third Carnatic
- It was fought between British forces under Eyre Coote and French forces led by Count de Lally.

The British victory ended significant French military presence in India, paving the way for **British dominance** in the subcontinent.