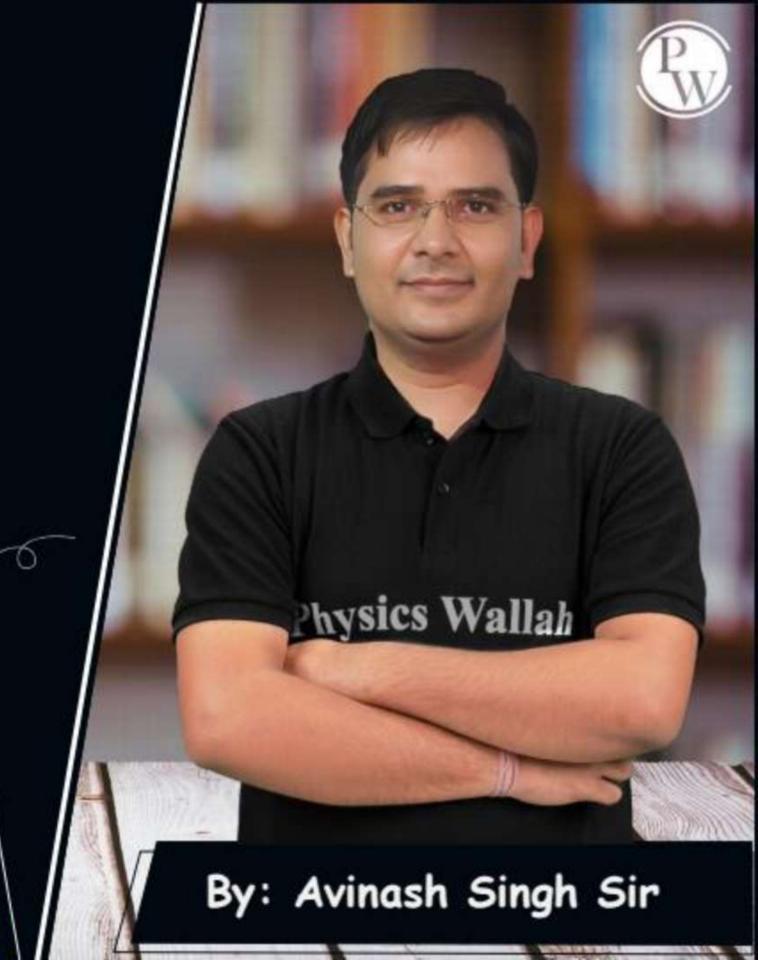
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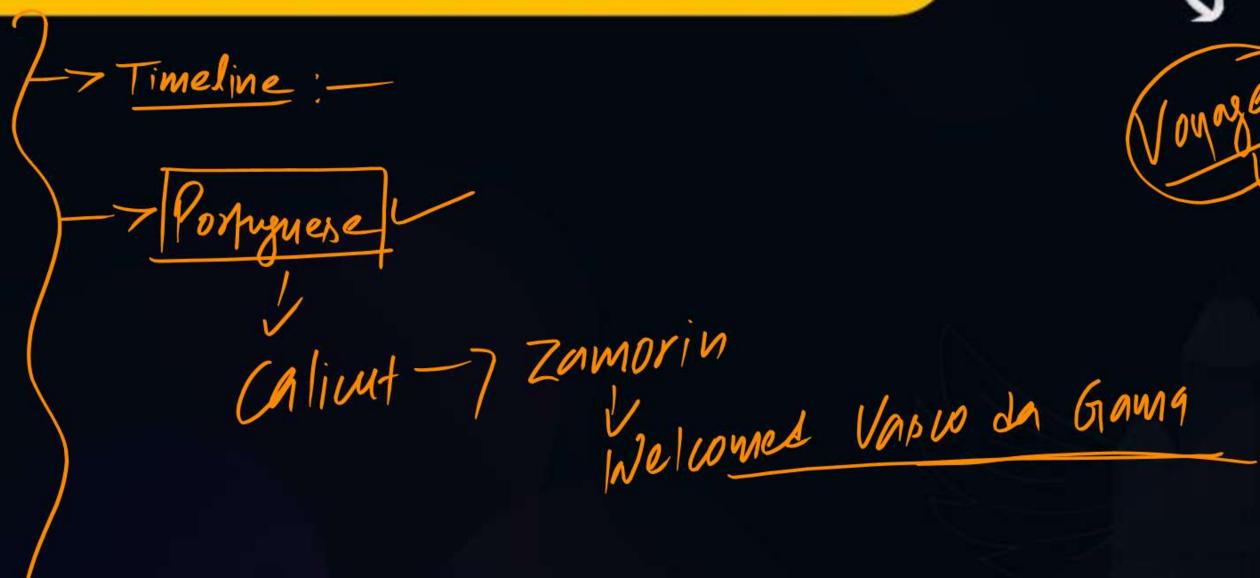


Topic :-

European Company 3



Recap of Previous Lecture







Topics to be Covered









Topic

One

Advent of the Europeans

Topic

Two

Offnguese

Three Topic

Topic

Four

Topic

Five



Topic:



the cost of the entire expedition. 60 times Groods Resto Alvares Cabrel -7 Bombarding light Discoveyer Of Brazis Rosoduction House ? Fight With Zamorin First factory in Loching.

* Vasio da Giama

L7 Caugo

L7 meted out

* 1505 -> appointment of Giovennor

* Objectives of the Portuguese: -

1) To end the influence of the Arabs and the Venetian trades in India.

2) To propagate Christanity in India.

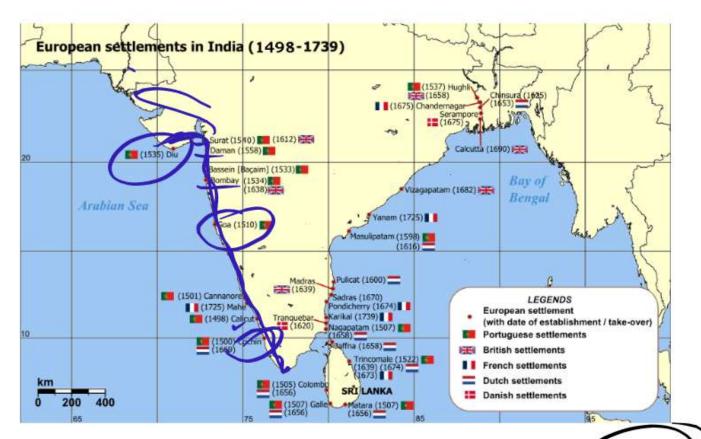
* Method of Portuguese Control: -17 The Portuguesse named their manitime empione as "Estado de India"

17 State of India!

17 Mathod: Cantaz (Pennit) -> Ar mada (Militam Force) * Pornguese Governor in India: O Francisco de Almeida: [1505-1509] LyBlue Water Policy - Treace Policy by Almeida Letested the combined muslim theet. = 17 Under the leadership of Albuqueque @ Control over Hormoz. Ormuz-7

Ly abolished the fractice of (Mi-1515)
Ly marriage with Indian Women

Nuno da Cunha [1529-1538]: -71530-> Goa as capital 171534-7 Bassein, Bombay



Postquese - Jufch - British

* Pornguese Settlement, in India: (1) Cochin (Kochi) -> 1503 2) Cannanore (Kannur) -> 1505 (3) Gioa -71510 @ Bassein + 130mbay -71534 8) Diu -> 1535 @ Surat -71540 A) Dawan-71558

Eastern Coast

O Chittagong (Porto Grande)

171537

O 17001My -71579

* Major Deteat Ot Portuguese:-
O Battle of Swally Surali: - 29th Nov. 1612 [in Surat]
Ly British up Portuguese
Result: - Portuguese Naval Power Seteated by the British Captain
Thomas Dad
Battle of Hooghly—\$1632) Ly During the time of Shahijahan, anythal borces attacked on the Portuguese Lolony of Hooghly and drown them out of Hooghly Colony of Hooghly and drown them out of Hooghly January 1658
colony of Hoophly and drown them out of Hoophly. (all tox Malacca - (1641)
(3) Fight for Malacca: (1641) 17 Dutch deteated the Portuguese. In Dutch deteated the
Populare (or propulare)

Won the area of <u>Salsette</u> and <u>Bassein</u> from the Porhyuese. 5) 1739 :- Manatha 6) 1961: Operation Vigay C) Sparted by the Goot ob India against the Portuguese torces Ot Goa, Damon & Diu. Note: - The tirst European traders to come to India and the last to leave were the populars

* Reason for the deteat of the Portuguese:
O Religious intolerance

O Method of Commercial Loofing

O Rivalry with the other European Powers.

* Contribution of the Portuguese =
1) In the tood and Agriculture Sector:-
Lyintroduced New crops> Potato, Tomato, Maize, Papaya, Peanuts, Guava, Avocado, Tobacco, Pineapple,
Guava, Avocado, Tobacco, Pineapple,
(ashein, chilli
3) Culinam influences - Use of Vinegry, Brun Paoi Pao Bhazi
(a) Albhanko Wanno
a) Alphonso Mango Girt in Goa in 1556.
B printing press — Thirst in Goa in 1556. B printing press — Thirst in Goa in 1556. B AA Sector: - Graphic architecture style introduced by popularized by the British. popularized by the British.
6) AA sector Grofwirzed by the British.

Ly In 1662, Portuguese princess Catherine Ot Brganza married British Prince Charles II and the British got Bombay as downy

Ly Charles II leased Bombay to East India Company in 1668 AD on the annual rent Ot 10 pounds.



THANK - YOU