



UNIVERSITÄT
PADERBORN



HITS
Human-Centered IT Security



EXERCISE: PRIVACY AND EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES
19TH & 20TH DEC

PRIVACY AND TECHNOLOGY (PaT)

L.079.05705

Emiram Kablo, Yorick Last

Today's Outline

- 1. Recap Contextual Integrity**
2. Case Study: Neuroprivacy
3. Exercise about Quantitative Analysis

Privacy as “Contextual Integrity” (CI)*

Helen Nissenbaum, “*Privacy as Contextual Integrity*” (2004)

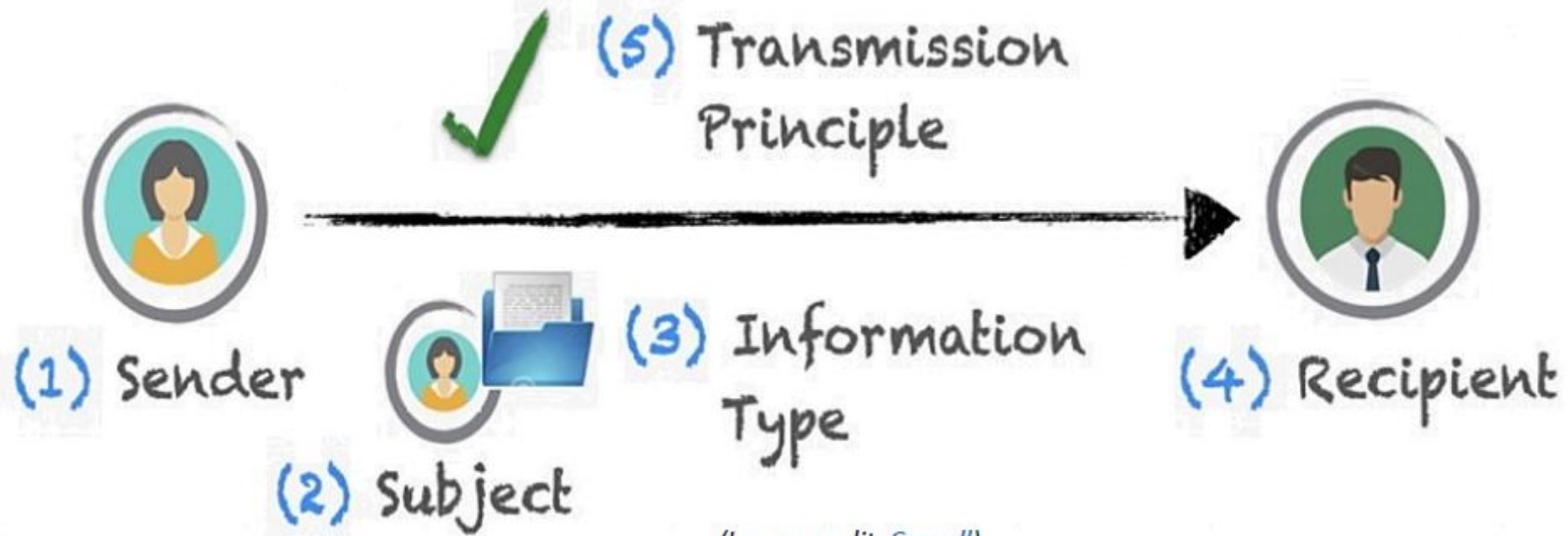
Idea: data is shared with specific mindset in specific context. Within each context there are established norms how information should be shared

Privacy is the **appropriate** flow of information

- Appropriateness = follows informational **norms** in a given context
- Information norms = 5 key parameters

* See lecture slides “General Background”

Privacy as “Contextual Integrity” (CI)



(Image credit: [Cornell](#))

Contextual Integrity: Example

Information flow

- **Sender:** fitness tracker
- **Subject:** fitness tracker user
- **Information type:** physiological data (heart rhythm)
- **Recipient:** doctor
- **Transmission Principle:** health emergency support

Full flow:

The fitness tracker sends user's physiological data (heart rhythm) to a doctor for health emergency support.

Today's Outline

1. Recap Contextual Integrity
- 2. Case Study: Neuroprivacy**
3. Exercise about Quantitative Analysis

Case Study: Neuroprivacy

Brainwaves correlate with mental states and emotions, interests and more personal data can be inferred

Neuroprivacy:

- Need to safeguard brain data
- Call for legal frameworks¹



Chile: Pioneering the protection of neurorights

Chile is
neurote
21 March 20

Neurorights: The Debate About New Legal Safeguards to Protect the Mind

Human rights: advances in neurotechnology lead to calls for protection against abuse of 'brain data'

Sara Chessa Thursday 26 October 2023

¹ Marcello Lenca and Roberto Andorno. 2017. Towards new human rights in the age of neuroscience and neurotechnology.

Case Study: Neuroprivacy²

- Conducted online survey with 287 participants to investigate public attitudes towards brain data collection and use
- Research Questions:
 - **Neuroprivacy Expectations:** Under which conditions do people consider sharing neurodata acceptable?
 - **Neuroprivacy and Neurotechnology Awareness:** How aware are people of neurotechnology privacy implications and how would they use this technology?



²Kablo, E., and Arias-Cabarcos, P.. "Privacy in the Age of Neurotechnology: Investigating Public Attitudes towards Brain Data Collection and Use." *Proceedings of the 2023 ACM SIGSAC Conference on Computer and Communications Security*. 2023.

Case Study: Neuroprivacy²

- Conducted online survey with 287 participants to investigate public attitudes towards brain data collection and use
- Research Questions:
 - **Neuroprivacy Expectations: Under which conditions do people consider sharing neurodata acceptable?**
 - Neuroprivacy and Neurotechnology Awareness: How aware are people of neurotechnology privacy implications and how would they use this technology?



²Kablo, E., and Arias-Cabarcos, P.. "Privacy in the Age of Neurotechnology: Investigating Public Attitudes towards Brain Data Collection and Use." *Proceedings of the 2023 ACM SIGSAC Conference on Computer and Communications Security*. 2023.

Case Study: Neuroprivacy

Methodology:

- CI as instrument to define information flows

Parameters:



Sender (1)	Recipient (10)	Subject & Attribute (1)	Transmission Principles (16)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• BCI device	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Its manufacturer	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• User's brain signals	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If user has given consent
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Online service provider		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If user is directly notified before data collection
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Academic researchers		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If data is kept confidential and secure
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• User's social media accounts		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If data is stored online for a limited period

			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Null (no principle)

Case Study: Neuroprivacy

11 **Matrix-like visualizations** with a 5-point Likert scale for rating acceptability:

- (2) Completely acceptable
- (1) Somewhat acceptable
- (0) Neutral
- (-1) Somewhat unacceptable
- (-2) Completely unacceptable



Null-principle:

A commercial BCI headset records the brain signals of its user. How acceptable is it for the headset to share this information with the following recipients? *

Please choose the appropriate response for each item:

	utral	Somewhat acceptable	Completely acceptable	Doesn't make sense
with its manufacturer				
with online service				
with academic research				

Manufacturer:

A commercial BCI headset records the brain signals of its user. How acceptable is it for the headset to share this information with its manufacturer under the following conditions: *

Please choose the appropriate response for each item:

	Completely unacceptable	Somewhat unacceptable	Neutral	Somewhat acceptable	Completely acceptable
if the user has given verifiable and revocable consent	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
if the user is directly notified before data collection	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
if data is kept confidential and secure	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Case Study: Neuroprivacy

Analysis and results:

Your Part!



Today's Outline

1. Recap Contextual Integrity
2. Case Study: Neuroprivacy
- 3. Exercise about Quantitative Analysis**



Practicing CI and Quantitative Analysis