

# Classification

- Logistic Regression
- Decision Tree classifier
- Random Forest classifier
- Naive Bayes
- Support Vector Machine
- K-Nearest Neighbour
- Artificial Neural Network

# Regression

- Simple Linear Regression
- Multilinear Regression
- Polynomial Regression
- Decision Tree Regressor
- Random Forest Regressor
- K-Nearest Neighbor
- Support Vector machine
- Artificial Neural Network

In [1]:

```
# 1 import libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

In [2]:

```
# 2 read data set
df= pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\Hp-\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\global.csv" , encoding="latin-1")
```

In [3]:

df

Out[3]:

	Country	City	AQI Value	AQI Category	CO AQI Value	CO AQI Category	Ozone AQI Value	Ozone AQI Category	NO2 AQI Value	N Ci
0	Russian Federation	Praskoveya	51	Moderate	1	Good	36	Good	0	
1	Brazil	Presidente Dutra	41	Good	1	Good	5	Good	1	
2	Italy	Priolo Gargallo	66	Moderate	1	Good	39	Good	2	
3	Poland	Przasnysz	34	Good	1	Good	34	Good	0	
4	France	Punaauia	22	Good	0	Good	22	Good	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23458	India	Gursahaiganj	184	Unhealthy	3	Good	154	Unhealthy	2	
23459	France	Sceaux	50	Good	1	Good	20	Good	5	
23460	India	Mormugao	50	Good	1	Good	22	Good	1	
23461	United States of America	Westerville	71	Moderate	1	Good	44	Good	2	
23462	Malaysia	Marang	70	Moderate	1	Good	38	Good	0	

23463 rows × 12 columns



In [4]:

```
df.info(  
)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 23463 entries, 0 to 23462  
Data columns (total 12 columns):  
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype    
---  ---                  
0   Country                23036 non-null object   
1   City                   23462 non-null object   
2   AQI Value              23463 non-null int64    
3   AQI Category          23463 non-null object   
4   CO AQI Value           23463 non-null int64    
5   CO AQI Category       23463 non-null object   
6   Ozone AQI Value        23463 non-null int64    
7   Ozone AQI Category     23463 non-null object   
8   NO2 AQI Value          23463 non-null int64    
9   NO2 AQI Category       23463 non-null object   
10  PM2.5 AQI Value        23463 non-null int64    
11  PM2.5 AQI Category     23463 non-null object   
dtypes: int64(5), object(7)  
memory usage: 2.1+ MB
```

In [5]:

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[5]:

```
Country                427  
City                   1  
AQI Value              0  
AQI Category          0  
CO AQI Value           0  
CO AQI Category       0  
Ozone AQI Value        0  
Ozone AQI Category     0  
NO2 AQI Value          0  
NO2 AQI Category       0  
PM2.5 AQI Value        0  
PM2.5 AQI Category     0  
dtype: int64
```

In [6]:

```
df1=df.dropna()  
df1
```

Out[6]:

	Country	City	AQI Value	AQI Category	CO AQI Value	CO AQI Category	Ozone AQI Value	Ozone AQI Category	NO2 AQI Value	N C
0	Russian Federation	Praskoveya	51	Moderate	1	Good	36	Good	0	
1	Brazil	Presidente Dutra	41	Good	1	Good	5	Good	1	
2	Italy	Priolo Gargallo	66	Moderate	1	Good	39	Good	2	
3	Poland	Przasnysz	34	Good	1	Good	34	Good	0	
4	France	Punaauia	22	Good	0	Good	22	Good	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23458	India	Gursahaiganj	184	Unhealthy	3	Good	154	Unhealthy	2	
23459	France	Sceaux	50	Good	1	Good	20	Good	5	
23460	India	Mormugao	50	Good	1	Good	22	Good	1	
23461	United States of America	Westerville	71	Moderate	1	Good	44	Good	2	
23462	Malaysia	Marang	70	Moderate	1	Good	38	Good	0	

23035 rows × 12 columns

In [7]:

```
df1.isnull().sum()
```

Out[7]:

```
Country      0  
City         0  
AQI Value    0  
AQI Category 0  
CO AQI Value 0  
CO AQI Category 0  
Ozone AQI Value 0  
Ozone AQI Category 0  
NO2 AQI Value 0  
NO2 AQI Category 0  
PM2.5 AQI Value 0  
PM2.5 AQI Category 0  
dtype: int64
```

In [8]:

```
df1.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 23035 entries, 0 to 23462
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country                23035 non-null  object
1   City                   23035 non-null  object
2   AQI Value               23035 non-null  int64
3   AQI Category           23035 non-null  object
4   CO AQI Value            23035 non-null  int64
5   CO AQI Category         23035 non-null  object
6   Ozone AQI Value         23035 non-null  int64
7   Ozone AQI Category      23035 non-null  object
8   NO2 AQI Value           23035 non-null  int64
9   NO2 AQI Category        23035 non-null  object
10  PM2.5 AQI Value         23035 non-null  int64
11  PM2.5 AQI Category      23035 non-null  object
dtypes: int64(5), object(7)
memory usage: 2.3+ MB
```

In [9]:

```
df1.describe()
```

Out[9]:

	AQI Value	CO AQI Value	Ozone AQI Value	NO2 AQI Value	PM2.5 AQI Value
count	23035.000000	23035.000000	23035.000000	23035.000000	23035.000000
mean	72.344693	1.376254	35.233905	3.084741	68.883482
std	56.360992	1.844926	28.236613	5.281708	55.057396
min	6.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	39.000000	1.000000	21.000000	0.000000	35.000000
50%	55.000000	1.000000	31.000000	1.000000	54.000000
75%	80.000000	1.000000	40.000000	4.000000	79.000000
max	500.000000	133.000000	235.000000	91.000000	500.000000

In [10]:

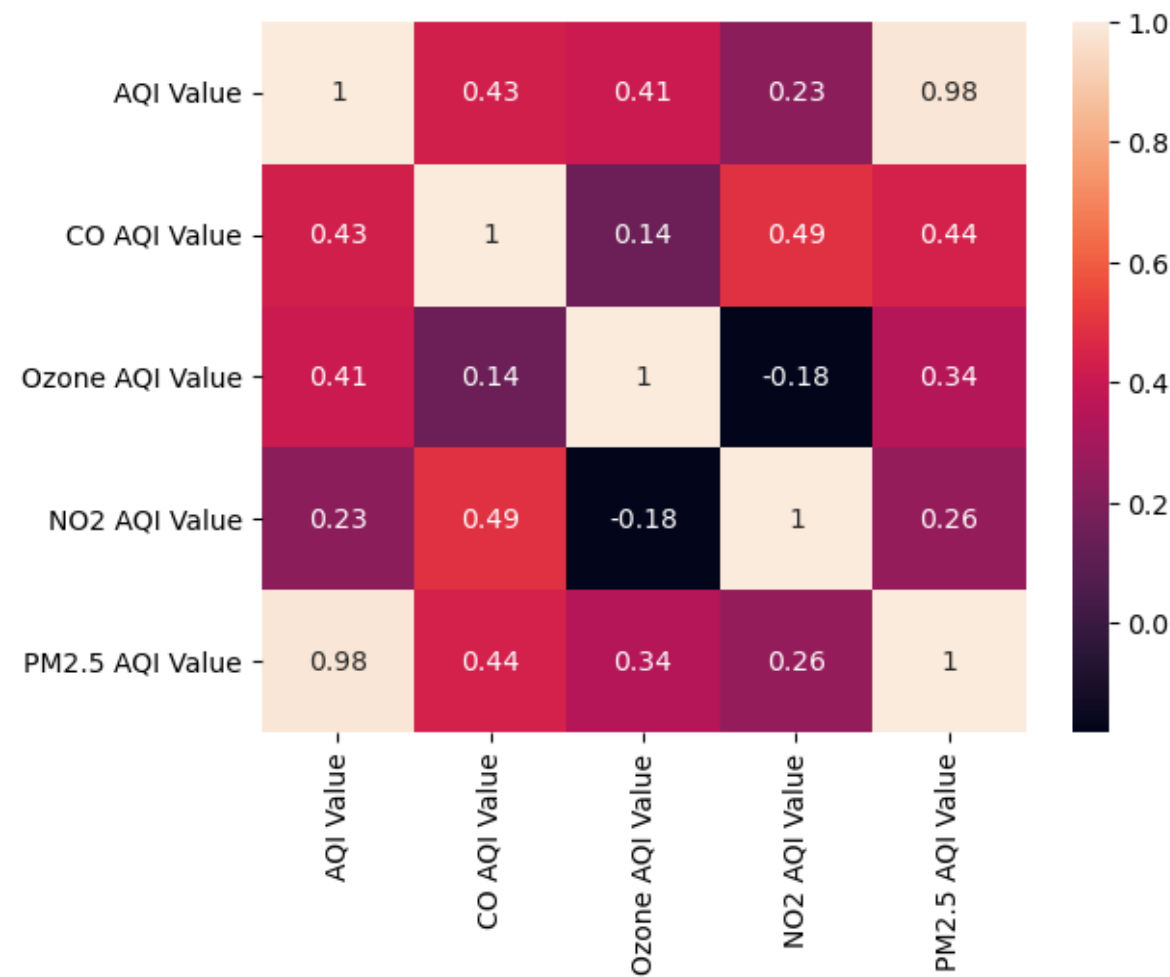
```
df1.corr()
```

Out[10]:

	AQI Value	CO AQI Value	Ozone AQI Value	NO2 AQI Value	PM2.5 AQI Value
AQI Value	1.000000	0.429643	0.405086	0.230845	0.984518
CO AQI Value	0.429643	1.000000	0.144838	0.487627	0.437751
Ozone AQI Value	0.405086	0.144838	1.000000	-0.182934	0.340488
NO2 AQI Value	0.230845	0.487627	-0.182934	1.000000	0.259084
PM2.5 AQI Value	0.984518	0.437751	0.340488	0.259084	1.000000

In [11]:

```
sns.heatmap(df1.corr(),annot=True)
plt.show()
```



# Classification algorithm

In [12]:

```
df1.head()
```

Out[12]:

	Country	City	AQI Value	AQI Category	CO AQI Value	CO AQI Category	Ozone AQI Value	Ozone AQI Category	NO2 AQI Value	NO2 AQI Category
0	Russian Federation	Praskoveya	51	Moderate	1	Good	36	Good	0	Good
1	Brazil	Presidente Dutra	41	Good	1	Good	5	Good	1	Good
2	Italy	Priolo Gargallo	66	Moderate	1	Good	39	Good	2	Good
3	Poland	Przasnysz	34	Good	1	Good	34	Good	0	Good
4	France	Punaauia	22	Good	0	Good	22	Good	0	Good

In [13]:

```
df1.nunique()
```

Out[13]:

```
Country          175
City             23035
AQI Value        347
AQI Category      6
CO AQI Value     34
CO AQI Category  3
Ozone AQI Value  213
Ozone AQI Category 5
NO2 AQI Value    59
NO2 AQI Category 2
PM2.5 AQI Value  383
PM2.5 AQI Category 6
dtype: int64
```

## AQI Value AQI Category - classification

In [14]:

```
# 4 Lebel Encoding
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
lb=LabelEncoder()
```

In [15]:

```
df1['AQI Category']=lb.fit_transform(df1['AQI Category'])
```

C:\Users\Hp-\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_35684\1468386655.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy) ([https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy))

```
df1['AQI Category']=lb.fit_transform(df1['AQI Category'])
```

In [16]:

```
df1.head(2)
```

Out[16]:

	Country	City	AQI Value	AQI Category	CO AQI Value	CO AQI Category	Ozone AQI Value	Ozone AQI Category	NO2 AQI Value	NO2 AQI Category
0	Russian Federation	Praskoveya	51	2	1	Good	36	Good	0	Good
1	Brazil	Presidente Dutra	41	0	1	Good	5	Good	1	Good

In [17]:

```
# 5 Define x and y as independent and dependent variable
```

In [18]:

```
df1.columns
```

Out[18]:

```
Index(['Country', 'City', 'AQI Value', 'AQI Category', 'CO AQI Value',  
      'CO AQI Category', 'Ozone AQI Value', 'Ozone AQI Category',  
      'NO2 AQI Value', 'NO2 AQI Category', 'PM2.5 AQI Value',  
      'PM2.5 AQI Category'],  
      dtype='object')
```

In [19]:

```
x=df1[['AQI Value']]  
y=df1['AQI Category']
```

In [20]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```



In [21]:

```
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,train_size=.7)
```

In [22]:

```
x_train.head(),x_train.shape,x_test.head(),x_test.shape
```

Out[22]:

```
(      AQI Value
20636         45
23091         81
12784        184
10990         55
18734        21,
(16124, 1),
      AQI Value
16920        180
8105         15
22292         66
7989         56
10069         67,
(6911, 1))
```

In [23]:

```
y_train.head(),y_train.shape,y_test.head(),y_test.shape
```

Out[23]:

```
(20636    0
23091     2
12784     3
10990     2
18734     0
Name: AQI Category, dtype: int32,
(16124,)),
16920     3
8105      0
22292     2
7989      2
10069     2
Name: AQI Category, dtype: int32,
(6911,))
```

In [24]:

```
# import the Model
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
logr=LogisticRegression()
```

In [25]:

```
# Train the model
logr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.p
y:814: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
```

Increase the number of iterations (max\_iter) or scale the data as shown in:  
<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html> (<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>)  
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:  
[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression) ([https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression))  
n\_iter\_i = \_check\_optimize\_result(

Out[25]:

```
LogisticRegression()
```

In [26]:

```
y_pred=logr.predict(x_test)
```

In [27]:

```
y_pred[:10],y_test.values[:10]
```

Out[27]:

```
(array([3, 0, 2, 2, 2, 0, 0, 2, 4, 0]), array([3, 0, 2, 2, 2, 0, 0, 2, 4,
0]))
```

In [28]:

```
logr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[28]:

```
0.9972507596585154
```

In [29]:

```
logr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[29]:

```
0.9972091292483255
```

In [30]:

```
y.value_counts()
```

Out[30]:

```
0    9688
2    9087
3    2215
4    1568
5     286
1     191
```

Name: AQI Category, dtype: int64

In [31]:

```
# evaluation
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

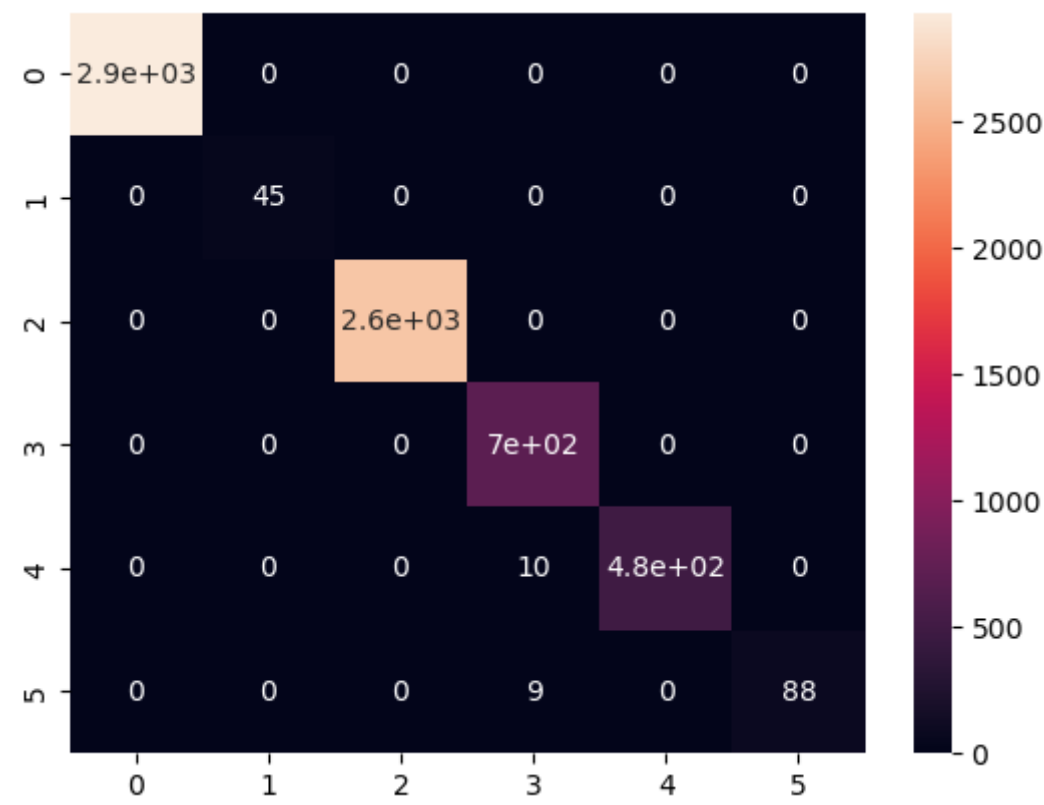
In [32]:

```
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
print(cm)
```

```
[[2934   0   0   0   0   0]
 [   0  45   0   0   0   0]
 [   0   0 2644   0   0   0]
 [   0   0   0  698   0   0]
 [   0   0   0  10  483   0]
 [   0   0   0   9   0  88]]
```

In [33]:

```
sns.heatmap(cm,annot=True)
plt.show()
```



In [34]:

```
cr=classification_report(y_test,y_pred)
print(cr)
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	2934
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	45
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	2644
3	0.97	1.00	0.99	698
4	1.00	0.98	0.99	493
5	1.00	0.91	0.95	97
accuracy			1.00	6911
macro avg	1.00	0.98	0.99	6911
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	6911

In [35]:

```
# 4 Lebel Encoding
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
lb=LabelEncoder()

df1['AQI Category']=lb.fit_transform(df1['AQI Category'])

df1.head(2)

# 5 Define x and y as independent and dependent variable

df1.columns

x=df1[['AQI Value']]
y=df1['AQI Category']

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,train_size=.7)

x_train.head(),x_train.shape,x_test.head(),x_test.shape

y_train.head(),y_train.shape,y_test.head(),y_test.shape

# import the Model
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
model=DecisionTreeClassifier()

# Train the model
model.fit(x_train,y_train)

y_pred=model.predict(x_test)

print(y_pred[:10],y_test.values[:10])

print(model.score(x_test,y_test))

print(model.score(x_train,y_train))

y.value_counts()

# evaluation
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report,confusion_matrix

cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
print(cm)

sns.heatmap(cm,annot=True)
plt.show()

cr=classification_report(y_test,y_pred)
print(cr)
```

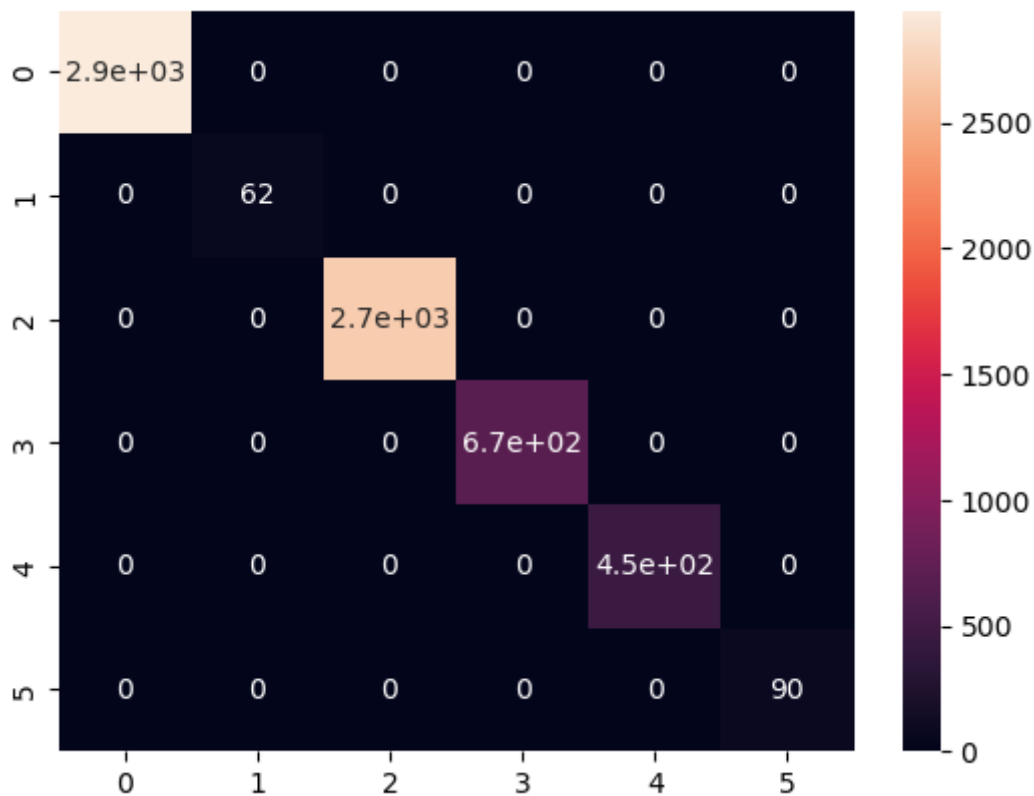
```
[2 2 2 4 0 0 0 2 0 2] [2 2 2 4 0 0 0 2 0 2]
1.0
1.0
[[2945    0    0    0    0    0]
 [   0   62    0    0    0    0]
 [   0    0 2696    0    0    0]]
```

```
[ 0  0  0 669  0  0]
[ 0  0  0  0 449  0]
[ 0  0  0  0  0 90]]
```

C:\Users\Hp-\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_35684\1634432991.py:5: SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy) ([https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy))

```
df1['AQI Category']=lb.fit_transform(df1['AQI Category'])
```



	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	2945
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	62
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	2696
3	1.00	1.00	1.00	669
4	1.00	1.00	1.00	449
5	1.00	1.00	1.00	90
accuracy			1.00	6911

macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	6911
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	6911



In [36]:

```
x.head(2),y.head(2)
```

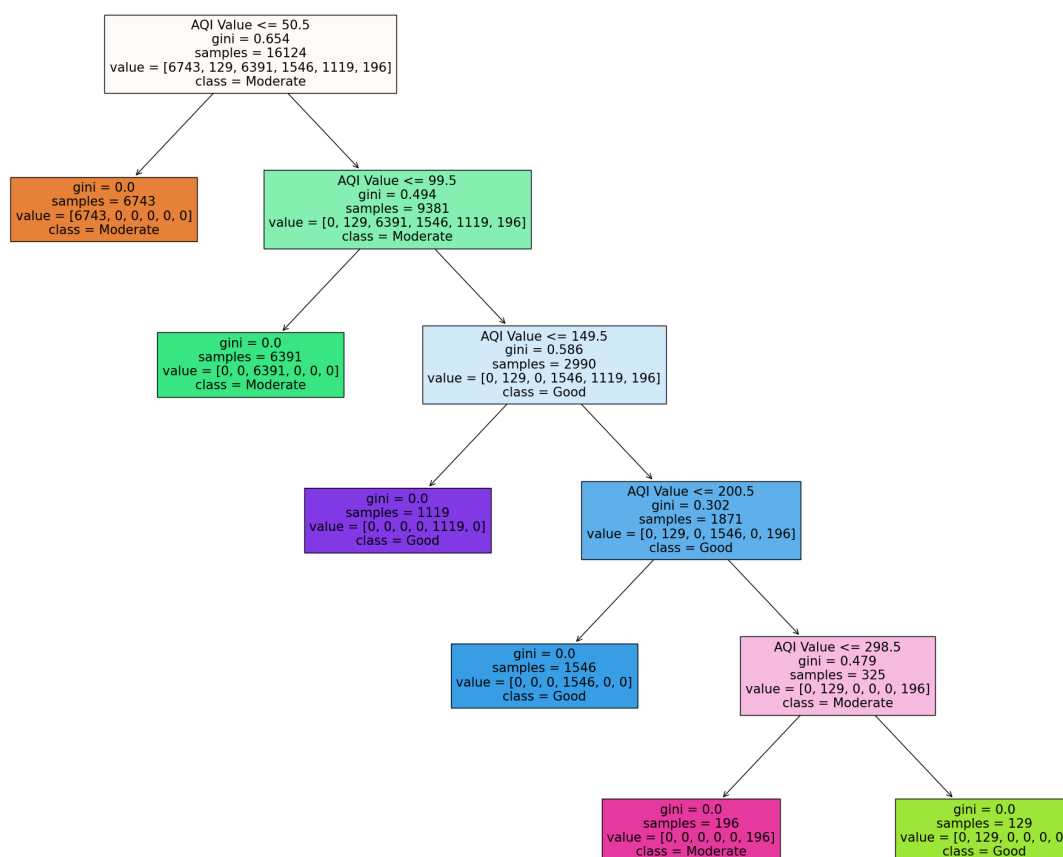
Out[36]:

```
(   AQI Value
0         51
1         41,
0         2
1         0
Name: AQI Category, dtype: int64)
```

In [37]:

```
model.score(x_test,y_test)
from sklearn import tree
fn = x.columns
tn = df['AQI Category']
print(fn)
print(tn)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(25,20))
tree.plot_tree(model, feature_names=fn,class_names=tn,filled=True)
plt.show()
```

```
Index(['AQI Value'], dtype='object')
0      Moderate
1      Good
2      Moderate
3      Good
4      Good
...
23458   Unhealthy
23459      Good
23460      Good
23461      Moderate
23462      Moderate
Name: AQI Category, Length: 23463, dtype: object
```





In [38]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
slr=LinearRegression()

slr.fit(x_train,y_train)
y_pred=slr.predict(x_test)

print(slr.score(x_train,y_train))
print(slr.score(x_test,y_test))

from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error,r2_score
print("Mean Absolute Error:- ",mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred))
print("Mean Squared Error:- ",mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred))
print("r2_score:- ",r2_score(y_test,y_pred))

a=slr.coef_
b=slr.intercept_

plt.scatter(x_test['AQI Value'],y_test,color='g')
plt.plot(x_test['AQI Value'],y_pred,color='b')

plt.show()
```

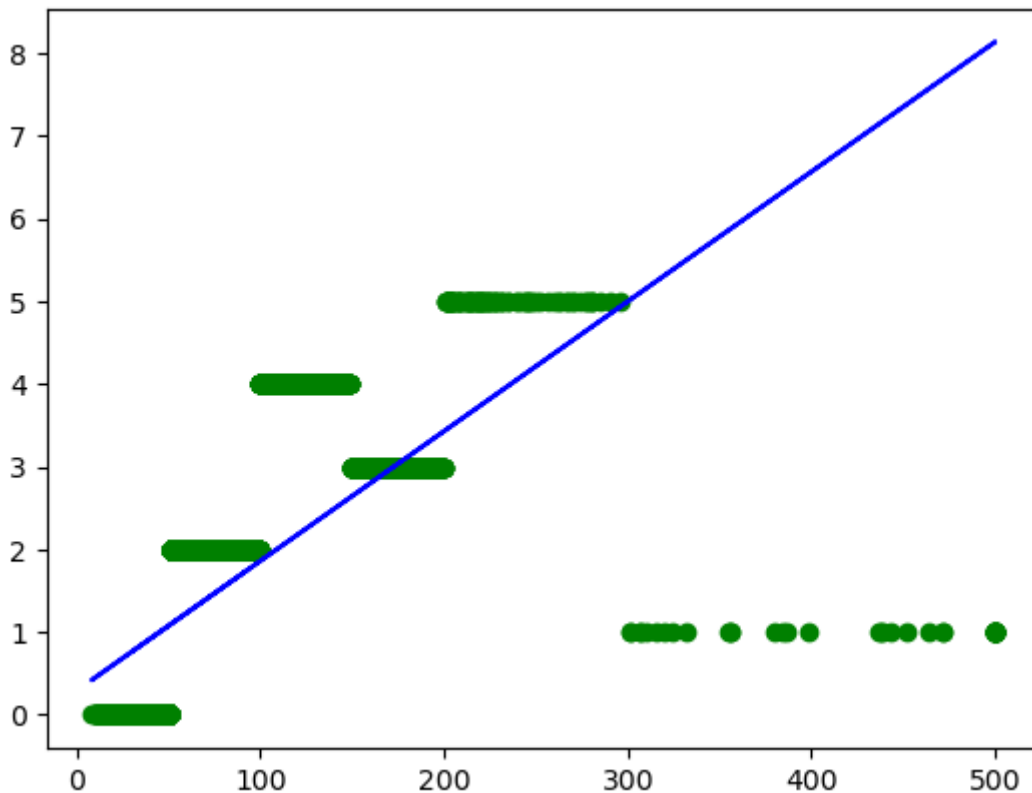
0.4150687205522784

0.3825910520522813

Mean Absolute Error:- 0.8373566685462246

Mean Squared Error:- 1.1316170219657296

r2\_score:- 0.3825910520522813





In [39]:

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
dtr=DecisionTreeRegressor()

print(dtr.fit(x_train, y_train))

y_pred_dtr=dtr.predict(x_test)

print(y_pred_dtr[:5])
print(y_test.values[:5])

print('-----accuracy score-----')
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score
from math import sqrt

print('mean_absolute_error:-', mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_dtr))
print('mean_squared_error:-', mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_dtr))

mse=mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_dtr)

print('r2_score', r2_score(y_test, y_pred_dtr))
print('MODEL SCORE', dtr.score(x_test, y_test))

print(sqrt(mse))

ax = plt.axes (projection = '3d')
ax.scatter3D(x_test['AQI Value'], x_test['AQI Value'], y_test, color='g')
ax.scatter3D(x_test['AQI Value'], x_test['AQI Value'], y_pred_dtr, 'b')
plt.show()
```

```
DecisionTreeRegressor()
[2. 2. 2. 4. 0.]
[2 2 2 4 0]
-----accuracy score-----
mean_absolute_error:- 0.0
mean_squared_error:- 0.0
r2_score 1.0
MODEL SCORE 1.0
0.0
```



