Assignment-9

- Give Syntax and Queries to demonstrate the use of following Date functions in System Defined Table
 - a. Add_months(d,n)

select Add_months('04-oct-12',3) from dual;

Workspace	
Enter SQL, PL/SQL and SQL*Plus statements.	
Select Add months ('04-oct-12',3) from dual; Execute Load Script Save Script Cancel	
ADD_MONTHS('04-OCT 04-JAN-13	
b. Last_day(d) select Last_day('04-oct-12') from dual;	7
select Last_day(04-0ct-12) from dual,	
Workspace Enter SQL, PUSQL and SQL*Plus statements.	
select Last_day('04-oct-12') from dual;	
Execute Load Script Save Script Cancel	
LAST_DAY('04-OCT-1	
c. Months between(d2,d1) select months_between('04-oct-12','03-Aug-12') from dual;	
Workspace	
Enter SQL, PL/SQL and SQL*Plus statements.	
select months_between("04-oct-12", "03-Aug-12") from dual;	
Execute Load Script Save Script Cancel	
MONTHS_BETWEEN('04-OCT-12','03-AUG-12')	0.0005000
	2.03225806

select round(months_between('04-oct-12','03-Aug-12')) from dual;

Workspace	
Enter SQL, PL/SQL and SQL*Plus statements.	
select round(months_batween(04-oct-12',03-Aug-12')) from dual; Execute Load Script Save Script Cancel	
	ROUND(MONTHS_BETWEEN('04-OCT-12','03-AUG-12'))
	2
d. Next_day(d,day)	

select next_day('04-oct-12','Thursday') from dual;

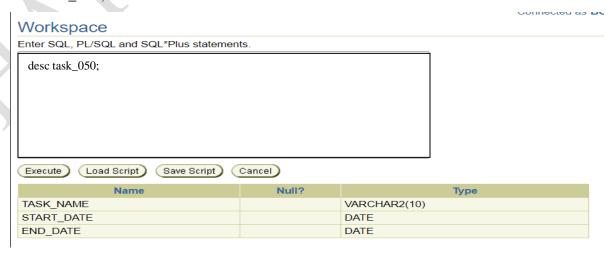
Workspace	
Enter SQL, PL/SQL and SQL*Plus statements.	
Select next_day('04-oct-12','Thursday') from dual; Execute Load Script Save Script Cancel	
	NEXT_DAY('04-OCT-1
11-OCT-12	TEXT_DATE 04:00 1:1
11. 5 5 1. 15	

2. Create table task___ and perform the following operations

Task_name	Start_date	End_Date
Planning	01-april-1995	23-april-1995
Analysis	24-april-1995	14-may-1995
Design	15-may-1995	30-may-1995
Coding	01-june-1995	30-june-1995
Testing	01-july-1995	02-aug-1995

create table task_050(Task_name varchar(10),Start_date date, End_date date);

desc task_050;



insert into task_050 values('Planning','01-April-1995','23-April-1995');

Workspace

Enter SQL, PL/SQL and SQL*Plus statements.

insert into task_050 values('Planning','01-April-1995','23-April-1995');

Execute

Load Script

Save Script

Cancel

1 row created.

insert into task_050 values('Analysis','24-April-1995','14-May-1995'); insert into task_050 values('Design','15-May-1995','30-May-1995'); insert into task_050 values('Coding','01-June-1995','30-June-1995'); insert into task_050 values('Testing','01-July-1995','02-Aug-1995'); select * from task_050;

Workspace

Enter SQL, PL/SQL and SQL*Plus statements.

select * from task_050;

Execute)

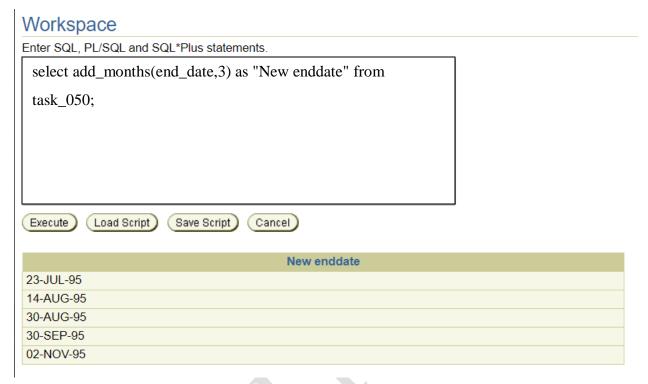
Load Script

Save Script

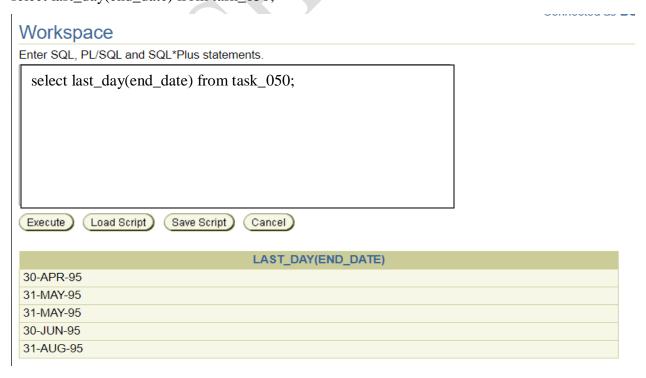
(Cancel)

TASK_NAME	START_DATE	END_DATE
Planning	01-APR-95	23-APR-95
Analysis	24-APR-95	14-MAY-95
Design	15-MAY-95	30-MAY-95
Coding	01-JUN-95	30-JUN-95
Testing	01-JUL-95	02-AUG-95

a. Increase End date by 3 months and name the column as new end date select add_months(end_date,3) as "New enddate" from task_050;

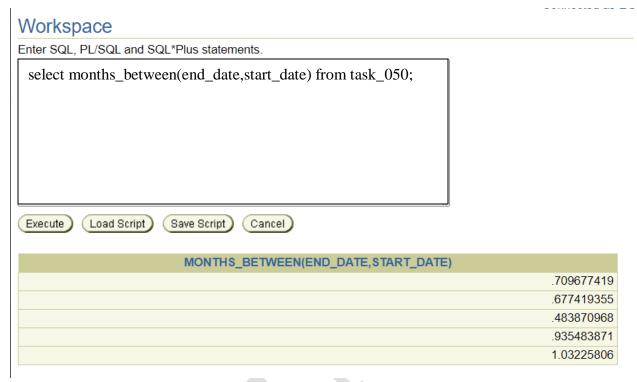


b. Find the last working day of every end date select last_day(end_date) from task_050;



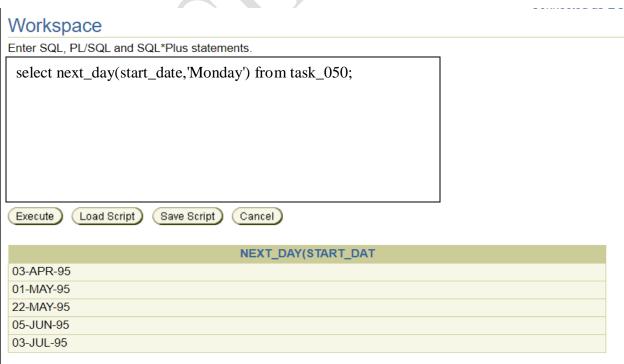
c. Calculate months between start date and end date.

select months_between(end_date,start_date) from task_050;



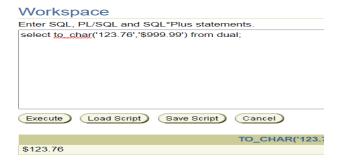
d. Find the next working day of every start date.

select next_day(start_date,'Monday') from task_050;



- 3. Give Syntax and Queries to demonstrate the use of following Date functions in System Defined Table
 - a. To_Char()

select to_char('123.76','\$999.99') from dual;



b. To_Date()

select to_date('070903','mmddyy')

from dual;



c. To_number

select to_number(('15')+3) from dual;





