

IIIT-Bangalore
SM 402 - Basic Computational Topology:
Implementation Assignments

(Total marks: 20)

Instruction: Document the details of your algorithm, implementation steps and demo-results in a pdf and submit along with the implementation sources. Put all the files in single folder and submit the zipped folder. **And show demo of your implementation.**

- P1. Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), compute β_0 using the boundary matrix method.
- P2. Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), compute β_1 using the boundary matrix method.
- P3. Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), compute β_2 using the boundary matrix method.
- P4. Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), compute β_3 using the boundary matrix method.
- P5. Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), compute its Betti numbers using the incremental algorithm.
- P6. Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), plot the barcode of the evolution of the Betti numbers when the simplices are added incrementally.
- P7. Given a volumetric scalar data, compute a sub-level set corresponding to a given scalar value. **Integrate with P1** and compute β_0 for an increasing sequence of scalar values.
- P8. Given a volumetric scalar data, compute a sub-level set corresponding to a given scalar value. **Integrate with P2** and compute β_1 for an increasing sequence of scalar values.
- P9. Given a volumetric scalar data, compute a sub-level set corresponding to a given scalar value. **Integrate with P3** and compute β_2 for an increasing sequence of scalar values.

- P10. Given a volumetric scalar data, compute a sub-level set corresponding to a given scalar value. [Integrate with P4](#) and compute β_3 for an increasing sequence of scalar values.
- P11. Given a volumetric scalar data, compute a super-level set corresponding to a given scalar value. [Integrate with P1](#) and compute β_0 for an increasing sequence of scalar values.
- P12. Given a volumetric scalar data, compute a super-level set corresponding to a given scalar value. [Integrate with P2](#) and compute β_1 for an increasing sequence of scalar values.
- P13. Given a volumetric scalar data, compute a super-level set corresponding to a given scalar value. [Integrate with P3](#) and compute β_2 for an increasing sequence of scalar values.
- P14. Given a volumetric scalar data, compute a super-level set corresponding to a given scalar value. [Integrate with P4](#) and compute β_3 for an increasing sequence of scalar values.
- P15. Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), corresponding to each 0-hole compute a representative 0-cycle and visualize all the representative 0-cycles. ([interact with P1](#))
- P16. Given any input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), corresponding to each 1-hole (tunnel) find a representative 1-cycle and visualize all the representative 1-cycles. ([interact with P2](#))
- P17. Given an input simplicial complex (up to 3-dimensional), corresponding each 2-hole (void) find a representative 2-cycle and visualize all the representative 2-cycles in the input simplicial complex. ([interact with P3](#))
- P18. Given an input triangulation of a shape or surface, compute the Morse critical points and their types using a chosen height field (Morse function). From that compute the Betti numbers of the surface.