

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM PROJECT

PROFESSOR T. RAMAKRISHNUDU

TEAM:

HRITIK RAUSHAN 207130

M HARSHA VARDHAN 207144

R SUSVINEETH 207161

PROBLEM STATEMENT

In this project, we aim to create a database management system to store the data of medical treatments going all over the world. We aim to store the data of patients, doctors and hospitals along with all the reports and prescriptions.

We have created this database with the aim to store the medical information of the people so that it could help the doctors to create a more effective way to treat the patients and to also to corelate the various diseases and symptoms.

This will help doctors in detecting various dangerous diseases like cancer, tumer, etc which are difficult to detect initially and whose symptoms are generally ignored in beginning.

It would be more useful in developing nations which lack good medical infrastructure.

It will help the government, world health organization and many other organizations in devising more precise health programmes.

CONTENTS 1. Introduction 2. ER diagram 3. Entities and functional dependency 4. Creation and insertion 5. Queries 6. Conclusion

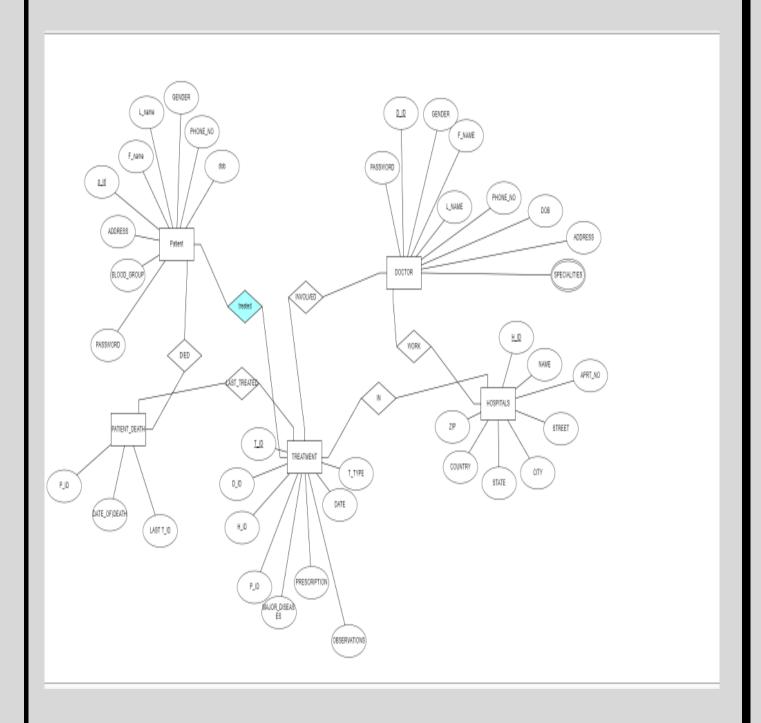
INTRODUCTION

This medical database management system aims to maintain the records of medical background of people so that it can be used in later treatment. It stores the information of patients, doctors and hospitals along with the data of prescriptions and diseases.

Advantages of this system:

- > Can be used to make census
- It gives various information regarding health of population in a region. So, it can be used by government agencies to create a precise health plan.
- It provides various vital information like birth rate, death rate, infant mortality rate. So it can be used to rank nations, states and a region on the basis of medical facility.
- Most important thing it can be used by doctors and researchers over the globe in analyzing the diseases as it provides the data of spread of diseases.
- > It can be used to warn the world regarding some new diseses.
- ➤ It can be used to treat the people more precisely on the basis of his/her medical backgound.

ER DIAGRAM



Entities and functional dependency:

1. PATIENT

It contains information regarding patients

(<u>p_id</u>, f_name, L_name, dob, gender, phone_no, password, Blood_group, Address)

p_id is unique.

Relational dependency:

p_id -> (f_ name, L_name, dob, gender, phone_no, password, Blood_group)
It is normalized. It is in BCNF.

p_id	number	pk
f_name	varchar	
L_name	varchar	
dob	date	
Phone_no	number	
password	varchar	
Blood_group	varchar	
address	varchar	
gender	varchar	

2. DOCTOR

It contains information of doctors.

(<u>d id</u>, f_name, L_name, phone_no, dob, address, specialities, password, gender)
d_id is unique

As we know that a doctor may have more than one specialities. So, it is not in 1NF.

Normalizing it, we get two tables:-

Doctor

(d id, f_name, L_name, phone_no, dob, address,password,gender)

d_id	number	pk
f_name	varchar	
L_name	varchar	
phone	number	
dob	date	
address	varchar	
password	varchar	
gender	varchar	

Doctor_specialities

 $(d_id,specialities)\\$

d_id	number	fk
specialities	varchar	

d_id is foreign key refering to doctor table.

Tables are in normal form upto BCNF.

3. Hospitals

It contains information regarding hospitals.

(h_id, name, apartment_no, street, city, state, country, zip)

h_id ->(name, apartment_no, street, city, country, zip)

h_id is unique.

It is in normal formal upto BCNF.

h_id	number	pk
name	varchar	
Apartment_no	varchar	
state	varchar	
city	varchar	
country	varchar	
zip	number	

4. Treatment

It contains information regarding treatment of person.

(t_id,treatment_type,date, observation, major_disease, p_id,h_id,d_id,prescription) There are chances that more than one doctors are involved in a particular treatment. So, it is not in 1NF

Normalizing it:

• Treatment

(t_id,treatment_type,date, observation, major_disease ,p_id,h_id,prescription)

t_id	number	pk
Treatment_type	Varchar	
disease		
date	date	
observation	Varchar	
P_id	number	fk
H_id	number	fk
prescription	varchar	

• Doctor_treatment

T_id	fk
D_id	fk

5.work

Relation between doctor andd hospital)

$$(d_id,h_d)$$

D_id	fk
H_id	fk

6. Patient_death

It contains the data of patients died.

(p_id,date_of_date,t_id)

P_id	
Date_of_death	
T_id	

TABLE CREATION AND INSERTION

```
create table patient

(

p_id number primary key,
f_name varchar(50),

L_name varchar(50),

dob date,
gender varchar(1),
phone_no number,
password varchar(50),

Blood_group varchar(10),

Address varchar(100)
```

```
);
INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES(1, 'RAMU', 'VANAPARTHI', '12-03-
97','M',5623894178,'ADC@12','A+','1-45 EAST MUMBAI');
INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES(2, 'RAGHU', 'CHIMTHA', '22-10-
87','M',9545294568,'RC@218','AB+','1-55 WEST CHENNAI');
INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES(3, 'RAJESHWARI', 'CHOUDHARY', '15-07-
77','F',8956751514,'RAC@1','O+','1-5 MIYAPUR HYDERABAD');
INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES(4, 'SRINIDHI', 'VASUDEVA', '18-09-
95','F',6319164166,'SVA@109','B-','2-2-5 NEW DEHLI');
INSERT INTO PATIENT VALUES(5, 'ROSHAN', 'KURE', '19-06-
02','M',7515486325,'RK@196','O-','1-5-6 BANGALORE');
create table doctor
  d id number primary key,
  f name varchar(50),
  L name varchar(50),
  phone_no number,
  dob date,
  address varchar(100),
  password varchar(50),
  gender varchar(1)
);
INSERT INTO DOCTOR VALUES(101, 'RANJAN', 'HINDHRE', 7545859513, '12-12-
96','1-7 EAST MUMBAI','RHC@719','M');
```

```
INSERT INTO DOCTOR VALUES(375, 'RAMESH', 'MEHRA', 8956751556, '02-02-
89','1-98 KPHB HYDERABAD','RMN@328','M');
INSERT INTO DOCTOR VALUES(562, SHREYA', SHARMA', 9565294573, 15-11-
86','1-7 EAST DEHLI','SSG@118','F');
INSERT INTO DOCTOR VALUES(771, 'RANJANI', 'RAGHAVAN', 7365257841, '16-
10-76','2-5 WEST CHENNAI','RRO@125','F');
INSERT INTO DOCTOR VALUES(962, 'SHRAVANI', 'RATHOD', 6545859513, '10-12-
99','1-7 NORTH BANGALORE','SRWE@719','F');
create table doctor specialities
  did number,
  specialities varchar(50),
 foreign key (did) references doctor(d id)
);
INSERT INTO DOCTOR SPECIALITIES VALUES(101, 'CARDIOLOGY');
INSERT INTO DOCTOR SPECIALITIES VALUES(771, 'ONCOLOGY');
INSERT INTO DOCTOR SPECIALITIES VALUES(375, 'NEUROLOGY');
INSERT INTO DOCTOR SPECIALITIES VALUES(562, 'GYNAECOLOGY');
INSERT INTO DOCTOR SPECIALITIES VALUES(962, 'SURGERY');
create table hospital
  h id number primary key,
  name varchar(50),
  apartment_no number,
 street varchar(50),
```

```
city varchar(50),
  state varchar(20),
  country varchar(50),
  zip number
);
INSERT INTO HOSPITAL
VALUES(112233, 'YASHODA', 32, 'H STREET', 'HYDERABAD', 'TELANGANA', 'INDIA',
500022);
INSERT INTO HOSPITAL VALUES(215635, 'APOLLO', 45, 'D_STREET', 'DEHLI', 'NEW
DEHLI', 'INDIA', 110022);
INSERT INTO HOSPITAL
VALUES(356625, 'RAGHAVENDRA', 52, 'K STREET', 'BANGALORE', 'KARNATAKA', 'I
NDIA',560002);
INSERT INTO HOSPITAL
VALUES(586452, 'CHINNADEVARAN', 75, 'AK STREET', 'CHENNAI', 'TAMILNADU', 'I
NDIA',600022);
INSERT INTO HOSPITAL
VALUES(785856, 'LILAVATI', 82, 'HAG_STREET', 'MUMBAI', 'MAHARASTHRA', 'INDI
A',400022);
create table treatment
  t_id number primary key,
  treatment type varchar(100),
  observation varchar(50),
  date_of_admission date,
  doctor view varchar(50),
```

```
pid number,
  hid number,
  prescription varchar(50),
  foreign key (pid) references patient(p id),
  foreign key (hid) references hospital(h id)
);
INSERT INTO TREATMENT VALUES(1101, 'ARDIOVERSION THERAPY', 'ATRIAL
FIBRILLATION', '12-05-17', 'DIZZINESS', 1, 785856, 'AMIODARONE');
INSERT INTO TREATMENT VALUES(2771, 'CHEMOTHERAPY', 'LUNG CANCER', '19-
07-15','LOSS OF APPETITE',2,586452,'DOCETAXEL');
INSERT INTO TREATMENT VALUES(5962, SURGERY', 'IBD', '12-05-17',
'ABDOMINAL PAIN',5,356625,'MESALAMINE');
INSERT INTO TREATMENT VALUES(3375, 'TABLETS', 'EPILEPSY', '12-08-
20','ANXIETY',3,112233,'DEPAKENE');
INSERT INTO TREATMENT VALUES(4562, HORMONE
THERAPY', 'ENDOMETRIOSIS', '12-08-16', 'PAIN IN
ABDOMEN',4,215635,'ORILISSA');
create table treatment doctor
  Tid number,
  Did number,
  foreign key (Tid) references treatment(t id),
  foreign key (did) references doctor(d_id)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO TREATMENT DOCTOR VALUES(1101,101);
INSERT INTO TREATMENT_DOCTOR VALUES(2771,771);
INSERT INTO TREATMENT DOCTOR VALUES(3375,375);
INSERT INTO TREATMENT DOCTOR VALUES(4562,562);
INSERT INTO TREATMENT_DOCTOR VALUES(5962,962);
create table patient death
  pid number,
  date of death date,
  tid number,
 foreign key (pid) references patient(p_id),
 foreign key (tid) references treatment(t_id)
);
INSERT INTO PATIENT_DEATH VALUES(1,NULL,1101);
INSERT INTO PATIENT_DEATH VALUES(2,NULL,2771);
INSERT INTO PATIENT DEATH VALUES(3,'14-08-20',3375);
INSERT INTO PATIENT DEATH VALUES(4, NULL, 4562);
INSERT INTO PATIENT_DEATH VALUES(5,NULL,5962);
create table work
  Did number,
  Hid number,
```

```
foreign key (hid) references hospital(h_id),
foreign key (did) references doctor(d_id)
);
INSERT INTO WORK VALUES(101,785856);
INSERT INTO WORK VALUES(375,112233);
INSERT INTO WORK VALUES(562,215635);
INSERT INTO WORK VALUES(771,586452);
INSERT INTO WORK VALUES(962,356625);
```

TABLES:

PATIENT

,	P_ID & F_NAME	L_NAME	♦ DOB		₱ PHONE_NO			
1	1 RAMU	VANAPARTHI	12-03-97	M	5623894178	ADC@12	A+	1-45 EAST MUMBAI
2	2 RAGHU	CHIMTHA	22-10-87	M	9545294568	RC@218	AB+	1-55 WEST CHENNAI
3	3 RAJESHWARI	CHOUDHARY	15-07-77	F	8956751514	RAC@1	0+	1-5 MIYAPUR HYDERABAD
4	4 SRINIDHI	VASUDEVA	18-09-95	F	6319164166	SVA@109	B-	2-2-5 NEW DEHLI
5	5 ROSHAN	KURE	19-06-02	M	7515486325	RK@196	0-	1-5-6 BANGALORE

DOCTOR

	∯ D_ID	♦ F_NAME	↓ L_NAME	₱ PHONE_NO	∯ DOB	ADDRESS	₱ PASSWORD	
1	101	RANJAN	HINDHRE	7545859513	12-12-96	1-7 EAST MUMBAI	RHC@719	M
2	375	RAMESH	MEHRA	8956751556	02-02-89	1-98 KPHB HYDERABAD	RMN@328	M
3	562	SHREYA	SHARMA	9565294573	15-11-86	1-7 EAST DEHLI	SSG@118	F
4	771	RANJANI	RAGHAVAN	7365257841	16-10-76	2-5 WEST CHENNAI	RR0@125	F
5	962	SHRAVANI	RATHOD	6545859513	10-12-99	1-7 NORTH BANGALORE	SRWE@719	F

DOCTORS_SPECIALITIES

	∯ DID	
1	101	CARDIOLOGY
2	771	ONCOLOGY
3	375	NEUROLOGY
4	562	GYNAECOLOGY
5	962	SURGERY

HOSPITALS

	∯ H_ID	NAME	APARTMENT_NO	STREET	CITY	STATE		∜ ZIP
1	112233	YASHODA	32 H	H_STREET	HYDERABAD	TELANGANA	INDIA	500022
2	215635	APOLLO	45 I	_STREET	DEHLI	NEW DEHLI	INDIA	110022
3	356625	RAGHAVENDRA	52 F	K_STREET	BANGALORE	KARNATAKA	INDIA	560002
4	586452	CHINNADEVARAN	75 2	AK_STREET	CHENNAI	TAMILNADU	INDIA	600022
5	785856	LILAVATI	82 H	HAG_STREET	MUMBAI	MAHARASTHRA	INDIA	400022

TREATMENT

	T_ID TREATMENT_TYPE	⊕ OBSERVATION	DATE_OF_ADMISSION	⊕ DOCTOR_VIEW	∯ PID	∯ HID	⊕ PRESCRIPTION
[]	1101 ARDIOVERSION THERAPY	ATRIAL FIBRILLATION	12-05-17	DIZZINESS	1	785856	AMIODARONE
2 2	2771 CHEMOTHERAPY	LUNG CANCER	19-07-15	LOSS OF APPETITE	2	586452	DOCETAXEL
3 5	5962 SURGERY	IBD	12-05-17	ABDOMINAL PAIN	5	356625	MESALAMINE
1 3	3375 TABLETS	EPILEPSY	12-08-20	ANXIETY	3	112233	DEPAKENE
5 4	4562 HORMONE THERAPY	ENDOMETRIOSIS	12-08-16	PAIN IN ABDOMEN	4	215635	ORILISSA

PATIENT DEATH

	∯ PID	♦ DATE_OF_DEATH	∯ TID
1	1	(null)	1101
2	2	(null)	2771
3	3	14-08-20	3375
4	4	(null)	4562
5	5	(null)	5962

WORK

	∯ DID	∯ HID
1	101	785856
2	375	112233
3	562	215635
4	771	586452
5	962	356625

DOCTOR_TREATMENT

	∯ TID	∯ DID
1	1101	101
2	2771	771
3	3375	375
4	4562	562
5	5962	962

QUERIES:

1. Number of patients died in 2020
select p.f_name, p.l_name, d.date_of_death
from patient p, patient_death d, treatment t
where p.p_id=d.pid and
d.tid=t.t_id and
d.date of death between '1-1-20' and '31-12-20';

2. Patient id of all lung cancer patients

select P.p_id,p.f_name, p.l_name, t.observation from patient p, patient_death d, treatment t where p.p_id=d.pid and d.tid=t.t_id and t.observation='LUNG CANCER';

3. Order the hospital and total patients visited them with respect number of visits

select name, count(*) as no_of_visits

from Hospital

group by name

order by count(*) desc;

NAME	⊕ NO_OF_VISITS
APOLLO	1
CHINNADEVARAN	1
YASHODA	1
RAGHAVENDRA	1
LILAVATI	1
	v .

Conclusion:

We implemented a database management system that stores the medical history of patients and help the doctors and all related organizations in keeping a track of it.

