# CSE4/560 Project Milestone 1

"I have read and understood the course academic integrity policy in the syllabus of the class."

# 1. Project Details

**Project Name: MovieGoods** 

Project Team Name: EliteWorks

**Project Team Details:** 

| NAME                     | UBID     |
|--------------------------|----------|
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## 2. Problem Statement

Movie enthusiasts often struggle to find reliable and up-to-date information about movies, such as cast and crew details, release dates, and other details. The aim of this project is to develop a comprehensive and accurate movie database that stores information about movies and their associated details. The database will include data on movie titles, cast and crew members, release dates, genres, ratings, and other relevant information. The project will involve collecting data from multiple sources and using data cleaning and data integration techniques to ensure that the database is accurate and consistent. The database will also need to be scalable to accommodate new movie releases and updates to existing movie information. The project will also involve developing a user-friendly interface for accessing the database and querying for movie information. The objective of this project is to provide movie enthusiasts with a reliable and comprehensive database that can be used to access information quickly and easily about their favorite movies.

# Why we need a database instead of an excel file?

Databases are often preferred over Excel files for storing and managing data due to several advantages. First, databases are more scalable and performant than Excel files, which can become slow and unwieldy as data grows. Additionally, databases are designed to maintain data integrity and accuracy, minimizing the risk of errors and inconsistencies. Security is another advantage of databases, with robust authentication and permission features to protect sensitive data.

Whereas in our project, why we used database instead excel file because storing and maintaining a large amount of movie data, including directors, actors, and other details, can become complex and impractical using Excel sheets. To avoid duplication and errors, a database is needed to keep the data sorted, establish relationships between entities, and create a reliable source of information. This will also provide a long-term solution and a single source of truth for different movie database systems according to user needs.

# 3. Target user

### User of the database:

The target users of the MovieGoods database could be movie enthusiasts, filmmakers, movie critics, researchers, and more importantly people who want to explore different movies. This database is useful for every age group. Mainly the target end users would be the ones between 18-35 age. It can be used by anyone who loves entertainment.

# Administrator of the database:

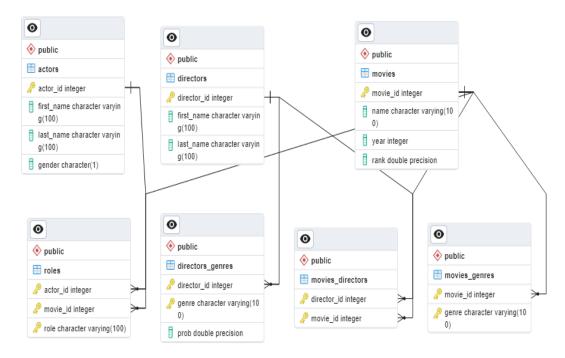
A team consisting of database administrators, developers, and system analysts are responsible for maintaining, updating, and securing the movie information system database.

### Real life-life scenario:

A real-life scenario for the movie information system could be a popular movie streaming service such as Netflix or Amazon Prime. These services could use the database to recommend movies to their users based on their viewing history and preferences. The database could also be used by movie review websites to provide comprehensive information about a particular movie, including ratings and reviews from various sources, and relevant information about the movie's cast and crew. The database could also be used by cinema halls to promote and screen movies that are popular among their audience.

# 4. E/R diagram

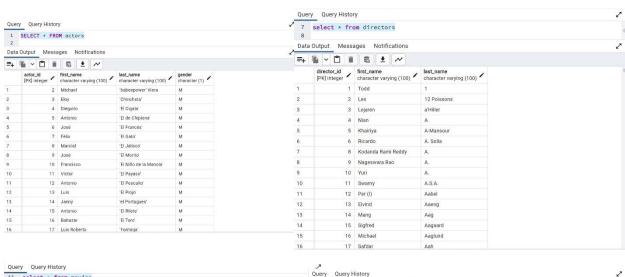
Entity relationship diagram is basically a visual representation of entities. It depicts the logical structure of a database by showing the relationships between tables, columns and keys.

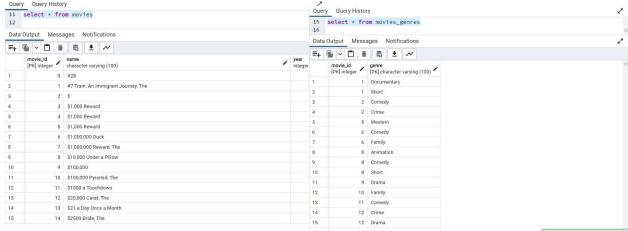


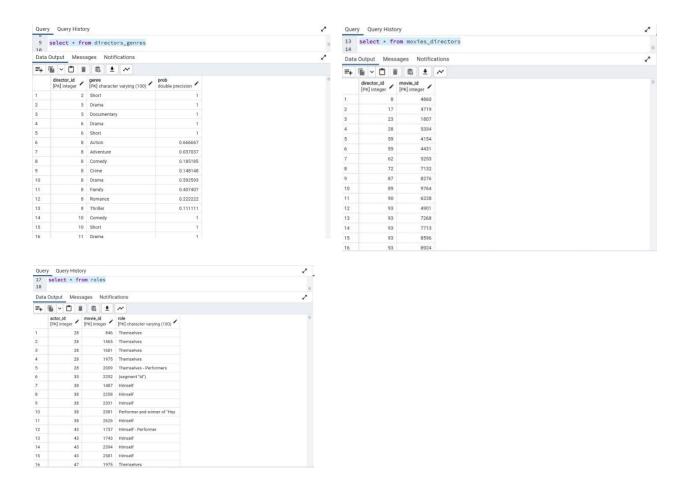
# 5. Relations and Data

```
create TABLE actors (
                                                                                                                                                                            CREATE TABLE directors_genres (
             actor_id INT NOT NULL DEFAULT '0',
                                                                                                                                                                                         director_id INT NOT NULL,
             first_name VARCHAR(100) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
                                                                                                                                                                                         genre VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
             last_name VARCHAR(100) NULL DEFAULT NULL ,
                                                                                                                                                                                         prob FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
             gender CHAR(1) NULL DEFAULT NULL ,
                                                                                                                                                                                         PRIMARY KEY (director_id, genre),
             PRIMARY KEY (actor_id)
                                                                                                                                                                                         FOREIGN KEY (director_id) REFERENCES directors(director_id)
);
                                                                                                                                                                             CREATE TABLE movies_directors (
CREATE TABLE directors (
                                                                                                                                                                                         director_id INT NOT NULL,
             director_id INT NOT NULL DEFAULT '0',
                                                                                                                                                                                         movie_id INT NOT NULL,
             first_name VARCHAR(100) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
                                                                                                                                                                                         PRIMARY KEY (director_id, movie_id) ,
             last_name VARCHAR(100) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
                                                                                                                                                                                         \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \textbf{REFERENCES} & \texttt{directors}(\texttt{director\_id}) \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{directors}(\texttt{director\_id}) \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{directors}(\texttt{director\_id}) \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{directors}(\texttt{director\_id}) \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{directors}(\texttt{director\_id}) \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{directors}(\texttt{director\_id}) \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{directors}(\texttt{director\_id}) \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{directors}(\texttt{director\_id}) \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{REFERENCES} & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{FOREIGN KEY} & (\texttt{director\_id}) & \texttt{director\_id} \end{tabular}, \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} 
             PRIMARY KEY (director_id)
                                                                                                                                                                                         FOREIGN KEY (movie_id) REFERENCES movies(movie_id)
);
                                                                                                                                                                             CREATE TABLE movies_genres (
CREATE TABLE movies (
                                                                                                                                                                                         movie_id INT NOT NULL,
             movie_id INT NOT NULL DEFAULT '0',
                                                                                                                                                                                         genre VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL ,
             name VARCHAR(100) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
                                                                                                                                                                                         PRIMARY KEY (movie_id, genre)
             year INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
                                                                                                                                                                                         FOREIGN KEY (movie_id) REFERENCES movies(movie_id)
             rank FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
             PRIMARY KEY (movie_id)
```

```
CREATE TABLE roles (
    actor_id INT NOT NULL,
    movie_id INT NOT NULL,
    role VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL ,
    PRIMARY KEY (actor_id, movie_id, role) ,
    FOREIGN KEY (actor_id) REFERENCES actors(actor_id),
    FOREIGN KEY (movie_id) REFERENCES movies (movie_id)
);
```







A relationship between two database tables presupposes that one of them has a foreign key that references the primary key of another table.

- To form a relationship between movies\_genre and movies, we have movie\_id, which forms a link between.
- In director\_genres table, we have director\_id, which create the relationship between it and directors table.
- Coming to movies\_directors, it can be linket to two tables, which are director\_id from directors table & movie\_id from movies table.
- Roles table can have two relations, one can be with movies table which has movie\_id, and, secondly with actors which has actor\_id.

# 6. Constraints

# **Primary Keys:**

actors table: actor\_id directors table: director\_id movies table: movie\_id directors\_genres: genre movies\_genres: genre

roles: role

# **Foreign Keys:**

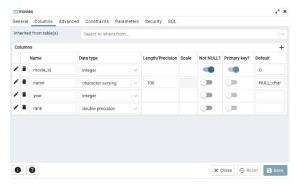
directors\_genres: director\_id

movies\_directors: director\_id, movie\_id

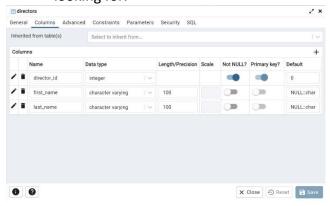
movies\_genres: movie\_id roles: actor\_id, movie\_id

# 7. Attributes

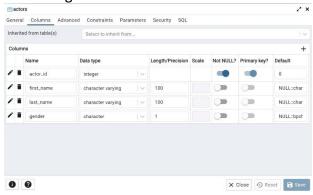
• It gives the information about the name of the movie, year in which it was released, and the rank it holds.



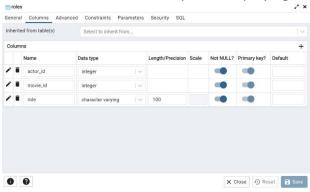
 It gives the information about the full name of the director who made the film you are looking for.



• It gives the information about actors who acted in the movie.



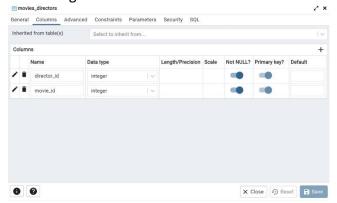
It talks about which person is playing what role as in cast of movie.



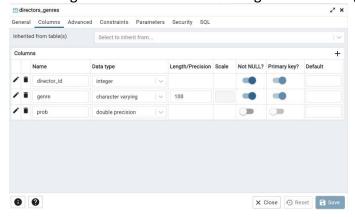
• It gives information about what genre is the movie you are looking for.



• It gives details about the movie and director.

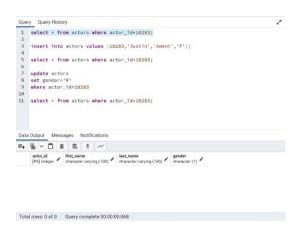


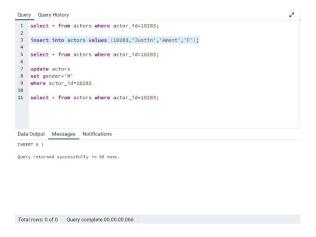
• It gives the information about genre and rating of the director's movies.

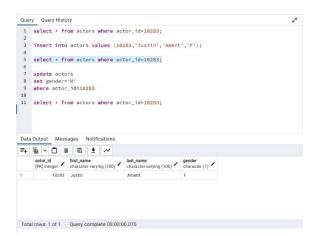


# 8. Queries

### **Select & Insert:**



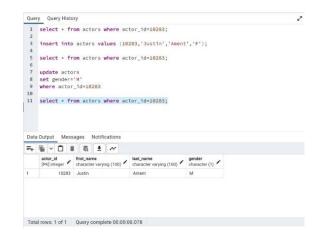




# **Update:**

```
Query Query History

| select * from actors where actor_id=10283;
| select * from actors values (10283, 'Justin', 'Ament', 'F');
| select * from actors where actor_id=10283;
| update actors |
| set | set | set | set |
| set |
```

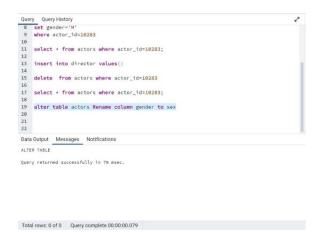


### Delete:

```
Query History

2
3 insert into actors values (10283,'Justin','Ament','F');
4
5 select * from actors where actor_id=10283;
6
7 updae actors
8 set gender='M'
9 where actor_id=10283
10
11 select * from actors where actor_id=10283;
12
13 insert into director values()
14
15 delete from actors where actor_id=10283
16
Data Output Messages Notifications
OLLITE 1
Query returned successfully in 59 msec.
```

### Alter:



# Query History 8 set gender='M' 9 where actor\_id=10283 10 11 select \* from actors where actor\_id=10283; 12 13 insert into director values() 14 15 delete from actors where actor\_id=10283 16 17 select \* from actors where actor\_id=10283; 18 19 alter table actors where actor\_id=10283; 20 21 select \* from actors where actor\_id=10283; 22 22 Dela Output Messages Notifications \$\frac{\text{The Message}}{\text{Spi}} \sqrt{\text{Distance}} \text{ isst\_name} \text{ character varying (100) } \text{ character varying (100) } \text{ character varying (100) } \text{ character (1) } \text{ Total rows: 0 of 0 Query complete 00.00.00.00.59}

### **Data Load:**

```
21 COPY movies_directors
Query Query History
                                                              22 FROM 'C:\movies_directors.csv'
1 COPY actors
 2 FROM 'C:\actors.csv'
                                                              23 DELIMITER ','
 3 DELIMITER ','
                                                              24 CSV Header;
4 CSV Header;
                                                              25
6 COPY directors
                                                              26
                                                                  COPY movies_genres
 7 FROM 'C:\directors.csv'
                                                              27
                                                                   FROM 'C:\movies_genres.csv'
 8 DELIMITER ','
   CSV Header;
                                                                   DELIMITER ','
                                                              28
10
                                                              29
                                                                   CSV Header;
11 COPY directors_genres
12 FROM 'C:\directors_genres.csv'
                                                              30
13 DELIMITER ','
                                                              31 COPY roles
14 CSV Header;
                                                              32
                                                                  FROM 'C:\roles.csv'
15
16 COPY movies
                                                              33 DELIMITER ','
17 FROM 'C:\movies.csv'
18 DELIMITER ','
                                                              34 CSV Header;
19 CSV Header;
                                                              35
20
                                                              36
21
22
36
38 select count(*) from actors;
39
40
Data Output Messages Notifications
=+ 6 ~ 6 6 ± ~
   count
bigint
      10000
```