

## Task:1 Database Design

1.Create the database named "TechShop"

Query:

```
CREATE DATABASE TechShop;
```

```
USE TechShop;
```

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE TechShop;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> USE TechShop;  
Database changed
```

2. Define the schema for the Customers, Products, Orders, OrderDetails and Inventory tables based on the provided schema.

Query:

```
CREATE TABLE Customers (
```

```
CustomerID INT,
```

```
FirstName VARCHAR(50),
```

```
LastName VARCHAR(50),
```

```
Email VARCHAR(100),
```

```
Phone VARCHAR(15),
```

```
Address VARCHAR(255));
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Customers (  
-> CustomerID INT,  
-> FirstName VARCHAR(50),  
-> LastName VARCHAR(50),  
-> Email VARCHAR(100),  
-> Phone VARCHAR(15),  
-> Address VARCHAR(255));  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc Customers;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
CustomerID	int	YES		NULL	
FirstName	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
LastName	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
Email	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
Phone	varchar(15)	YES		NULL	
Address	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	

```
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
CREATE TABLE Products (
ProductID INT,
ProductName VARCHAR(100),
Description TEXT,
Price DECIMAL(10, 2));
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Products (
->     ProductID INT,
->     ProductName VARCHAR(100),
->     Description TEXT,
->     Price DECIMAL(10, 2));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc Products;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
ProductID	int	YES		NULL	
ProductName	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
Description	text	YES		NULL	
Price	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
OrderID INT,
CustomerID INT,
OrderDate DATE,
TotalAmount DECIMAL(10, 2));
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Orders (
->     OrderID INT,
->     CustomerID INT,
->     OrderDate DATE,
->     TotalAmount DECIMAL(10, 2));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc Orders;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
OrderID	int	YES		NULL	
CustomerID	int	YES		NULL	
OrderDate	date	YES		NULL	
TotalAmount	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
CREATE TABLE OrderDetails (
  OrderDetailID INT,
  OrderID INT,
  ProductID INT,
  Quantity INT);
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE OrderDetails (
->   OrderDetailID INT,
->   OrderID INT,
->   ProductID INT,
->   Quantity INT);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc OrderDetails;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
OrderDetailID	int	YES		NULL	
OrderID	int	YES		NULL	
ProductID	int	YES		NULL	
Quantity	int	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
CREATE TABLE Inventory (
  InventoryID INT,
  ProductID INT,
  QuantityInStock INT,
  LastStockUpdate DATE);
```

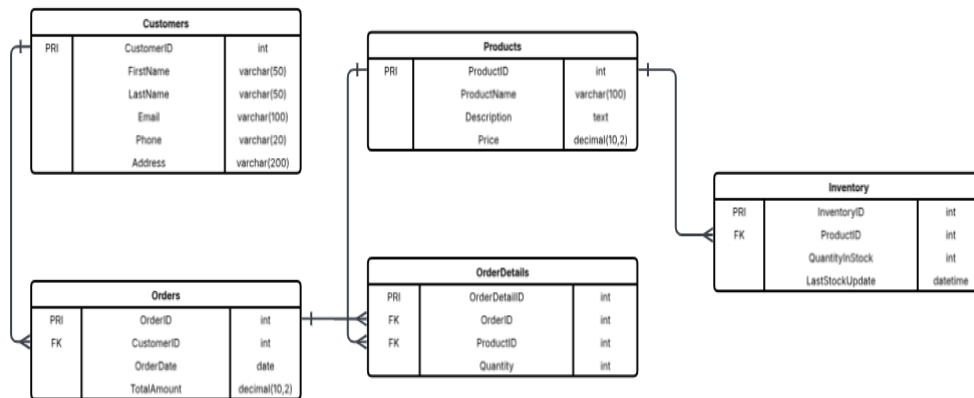
```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Inventory (
->   InventoryID INT,
->   ProductID INT,
->   QuantityInStock INT,
->   LastStockUpdate DATE);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc Inventory;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
InventoryID	int	YES		NULL	
ProductID	int	YES		NULL	
QuantityInStock	int	YES		NULL	
LastStockUpdate	date	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3. Create an ERD (Entity Relationship Diagram) for the database.



4. Create appropriate Primary Key and Foreign Key constraints for referential integrity.

Query:

-- Altering tables to add primary keys

ALTER TABLE Customers ADD PRIMARY KEY (CustomerID);

ALTER TABLE Products ADD PRIMARY KEY (ProductID);

ALTER TABLE Orders ADD PRIMARY KEY (OrderID);

ALTER TABLE OrderDetails ADD PRIMARY KEY (OrderDetailID);

ALTER TABLE Inventory ADD PRIMARY KEY (InventoryID);

```

mysql> ALTER TABLE Customers ADD PRIMARY KEY (CustomerID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> ALTER TABLE Products ADD PRIMARY KEY (ProductID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> ALTER TABLE Orders ADD PRIMARY KEY (OrderID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> ALTER TABLE OrderDetails ADD PRIMARY KEY (OrderDetailID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> ALTER TABLE Inventory ADD PRIMARY KEY (InventoryID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
  
```

Query:

-- Adding foreign key constraints

```
ALTER TABLE Orders
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Orders_Customers
FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers(CustomerID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE OrderDetails
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_OrderDetails_Orders
FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES Orders(OrderID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE OrderDetails
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_OrderDetails_Products
FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Products(ProductID);
```

```
ALTER TABLE Inventory
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Inventory_Products
FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Products(ProductID);
```

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE Orders
-> ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Orders_Customers
-> FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers(CustomerID)
;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql>
mysql> ALTER TABLE OrderDetails
-> ADD CONSTRAINT FK_OrderDetails_Orders
-> FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES Orders(OrderID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.10 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql>
mysql> ALTER TABLE OrderDetails
-> ADD CONSTRAINT FK_OrderDetails_Products
-> FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Products(ProductID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql>
mysql> ALTER TABLE Inventory
-> ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Inventory_Products
-> FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Products(ProductID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

5. Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.

a. Customers

Query:

```
INSERT INTO Customers VALUES
```

```
(1, 'Alice', 'Johnson', 'alice@email.com', '1234567890', 'Chennai'),  
(2, 'Bob', 'Smith', 'bob@email.com', '9876543210', 'Mumbai'),  
(3, 'Carol', 'Lee', 'carol@email.com', '7654321098', 'Delhi'),  
(4, 'David', 'Kumar', 'david@email.com', '9090909090', 'Hyderabad'),  
(5, 'Eva', 'Rao', 'eva@email.com', '8080808080', 'Bangalore'),  
(6, 'Frank', 'Das', 'frank@email.com', '7070707070', 'Pune'),  
(7, 'Grace', 'Menon', 'grace@email.com', '6060606060', 'Kolkata'),  
(8, 'Henry', 'Singh', 'henry@email.com', '5050505050', 'Ahmedabad'),  
(9, 'Ivy', 'Patel', 'ivy@email.com', '4040404040', 'Nagpur'),  
(10, 'John', 'Fernandes', 'john@email.com', '3030303030', 'Trivandrum');
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Customers VALUES  
-> (1, 'Alice', 'Johnson', 'alice@email.com', '1234567890', 'Chennai'),  
-> (2, 'Bob', 'Smith', 'bob@email.com', '9876543210', 'Mumbai'),  
-> (3, 'Carol', 'Lee', 'carol@email.com', '7654321098', 'Delhi'),  
-> (4, 'David', 'Kumar', 'david@email.com', '9090909090', 'Hyderabad'),  
-> (5, 'Eva', 'Rao', 'eva@email.com', '8080808080', 'Bangalore'),  
-> (6, 'Frank', 'Das', 'frank@email.com', '7070707070', 'Pune'),  
-> (7, 'Grace', 'Menon', 'grace@email.com', '6060606060', 'Kolkata'),  
-> (8, 'Henry', 'Singh', 'henry@email.com', '5050505050', 'Ahmedabad'),  
-> (9, 'Ivy', 'Patel', 'ivy@email.com', '4040404040', 'Nagpur'),  
-> (10, 'John', 'Fernandes', 'john@email.com', '3030303030', 'Trivandrum');  
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)  
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Customers;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| CustomerID | FirstName | LastName | Email | Phone | Address |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 1 | Alice | Johnson | alice@email.com | 1234567890 | Chennai |  
| 2 | Bob | Smith | bob@email.com | 9876543210 | Mumbai |  
| 3 | Carol | Lee | carol@email.com | 7654321098 | Delhi |  
| 4 | David | Kumar | david@email.com | 9090909090 | Hyderabad |  
| 5 | Eva | Rao | eva@email.com | 8080808080 | Bangalore |  
| 6 | Frank | Das | frank@email.com | 7070707070 | Pune |  
| 7 | Grace | Menon | grace@email.com | 6060606060 | Kolkata |  
| 8 | Henry | Singh | henry@email.com | 5050505050 | Ahmedabad |  
| 9 | Ivy | Patel | ivy@email.com | 4040404040 | Nagpur |  
| 10 | John | Fernandes | john@email.com | 3030303030 | Trivandrum |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

b. Products

```
INSERT INTO Products VALUES
(101, 'Laptop', '14-inch, 8GB RAM, 512GB SSD', 55000.00),
(102, 'Smartphone', '6.5-inch, 128GB Storage', 25000.00),
(103, 'Wireless Mouse', 'Ergonomic, Bluetooth', 1200.00),
(104, 'Keyboard', 'Mechanical, RGB backlit', 2200.00),
(105, 'Monitor', '24-inch Full HD', 11000.00),
(106, 'External Hard Drive', '1TB USB 3.0', 4500.00),
(107, 'Tablet', '10-inch, 64GB Storage', 18000.00),
(108, 'Webcam', '1080p Full HD', 2300.00),
(109, 'Printer', 'Ink Tank, Color Printer', 9000.00),
(110, 'Headphones', 'Noise Cancelling, Over-ear', 3200.00);
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Products VALUES
-> (101, 'Laptop', '14-inch, 8GB RAM, 512GB SSD', 55000.00),
-> (102, 'Smartphone', '6.5-inch, 128GB Storage', 25000.00),
-> (103, 'Wireless Mouse', 'Ergonomic, Bluetooth', 1200.00),
-> (104, 'Keyboard', 'Mechanical, RGB backlit', 2200.00),
-> (105, 'Monitor', '24-inch Full HD', 11000.00),
-> (106, 'External Hard Drive', '1TB USB 3.0', 4500.00),
-> (107, 'Tablet', '10-inch, 64GB Storage', 18000.00),
-> (108, 'Webcam', '1080p Full HD', 2300.00),
-> (109, 'Printer', 'Ink Tank, Color Printer', 9000.00),
-> (110, 'Headphones', 'Noise Cancelling, Over-ear', 3200.00);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Products;
```

ProductID	ProductName	Description	Price
101	Laptop	14-inch, 8GB RAM, 512GB SSD	55000.00
102	Smartphone	6.5-inch, 128GB Storage	25000.00
103	Wireless Mouse	Ergonomic, Bluetooth	1200.00
104	Keyboard	Mechanical, RGB backlit	2200.00
105	Monitor	24-inch Full HD	11000.00
106	External Hard Drive	1TB USB 3.0	4500.00
107	Tablet	10-inch, 64GB Storage	18000.00
108	Webcam	1080p Full HD	2300.00
109	Printer	Ink Tank, Color Printer	9000.00
110	Headphones	Noise Cancelling, Over-ear	3200.00

```
10 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

c. Orders

```
INSERT INTO Orders VALUES
(201, 1, '2024-06-01', 58000.00),
(202, 2, '2024-06-02', 26000.00),
(203, 3, '2024-06-03', 13400.00),
(204, 4, '2024-06-04', 9000.00),
(205, 5, '2024-06-05', 11000.00),
(206, 6, '2024-06-06', 18000.00),
(207, 7, '2024-06-07', 5500.00),
(208, 8, '2024-06-08', 7700.00),
(209, 9, '2024-06-09', 12000.00),
(210, 10, '2024-06-10', 3500.00);
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Orders VALUES
-> (201, 1, '2024-06-01', 58000.00),
-> (202, 2, '2024-06-02', 26000.00),
-> (203, 3, '2024-06-03', 13400.00),
-> (204, 4, '2024-06-04', 9000.00),
-> (205, 5, '2024-06-05', 11000.00),
-> (206, 6, '2024-06-06', 18000.00),
-> (207, 7, '2024-06-07', 5500.00),
-> (208, 8, '2024-06-08', 7700.00),
-> (209, 9, '2024-06-09', 12000.00),
-> (210, 10, '2024-06-10', 3500.00);
```

```
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 10  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Orders;
```

OrderID	CustomerID	OrderDate	TotalAmount
201	1	2024-06-01	58000.00
202	2	2024-06-02	26000.00
203	3	2024-06-03	13400.00
204	4	2024-06-04	9000.00
205	5	2024-06-05	11000.00
206	6	2024-06-06	18000.00
207	7	2024-06-07	5500.00
208	8	2024-06-08	7700.00
209	9	2024-06-09	12000.00
210	10	2024-06-10	3500.00

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



d. OrderDetails

```
INSERT INTO OrderDetails VALUES
(301, 201, 101, 1), -- Laptop
(302, 202, 102, 1), -- Smartphone
(303, 203, 103, 2), -- Wireless Mouse x2
(304, 203, 104, 1), -- Keyboard
(305, 204, 109, 1), -- Printer
(306, 205, 105, 1), -- Monitor
(307, 206, 107, 1), -- Tablet
(308, 207, 106, 1), -- External HDD
(309, 208, 104, 1), -- Keyboard
(310, 209, 108, 2); -- Webcam x2
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO OrderDetails VALUES
-> (301, 201, 101, 1), -- Laptop
-> (302, 202, 102, 1), -- Smartphone
-> (303, 203, 103, 2), -- Wireless Mouse x2
-> (304, 203, 104, 1), -- Keyboard
-> (305, 204, 109, 1), -- Printer
-> (306, 205, 105, 1), -- Monitor
-> (307, 206, 107, 1), -- Tablet
-> (308, 207, 106, 1), -- External HDD
-> (309, 208, 104, 1), -- Keyboard
-> (310, 209, 108, 2); -- Webcam x2
```

```
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 10  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from OrderDetails;;
```

OrderDetailID	OrderID	ProductID	Quantity
301	201	101	1
302	202	102	1
303	203	103	2
304	203	104	1
305	204	109	1
306	205	105	1
307	206	107	1
308	207	106	1
309	208	104	1
310	209	108	2

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

e. Inventory

```
INSERT INTO Inventory VALUES
(401, 101, 15, '2024-06-01'),
(402, 102, 25, '2024-06-01'),
(403, 103, 50, '2024-06-01'),
(404, 104, 40, '2024-06-01'),
(405, 105, 20, '2024-06-01'),
(406, 106, 30, '2024-06-01'),
(407, 107, 18, '2024-06-01'),
(408, 108, 35, '2024-06-01'),
(409, 109, 10, '2024-06-01'),
(410, 110, 28, '2024-06-01');
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Inventory VALUES
-> (401, 101, 15, '2024-06-01'),
-> (402, 102, 25, '2024-06-01'),
-> (403, 103, 50, '2024-06-01'),
-> (404, 104, 40, '2024-06-01'),
-> (405, 105, 20, '2024-06-01'),
-> (406, 106, 30, '2024-06-01'),
-> (407, 107, 18, '2024-06-01'),
-> (408, 108, 35, '2024-06-01'),
-> (409, 109, 10, '2024-06-01'),
-> (410, 110, 28, '2024-06-01');
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 10  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Inventory;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| InventoryID | ProductID | QuantityInStock | LastStockUpdate |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 401 | 101 | 15 | 2024-06-01 |
| 402 | 102 | 25 | 2024-06-01 |
| 403 | 103 | 50 | 2024-06-01 |
| 404 | 104 | 40 | 2024-06-01 |
| 405 | 105 | 20 | 2024-06-01 |
| 406 | 106 | 30 | 2024-06-01 |
| 407 | 107 | 18 | 2024-06-01 |
| 408 | 108 | 35 | 2024-06-01 |
| 409 | 109 | 10 | 2024-06-01 |
| 410 | 110 | 28 | 2024-06-01 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## Tasks 2: Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE

1. Write an SQL query to retrieve the names and emails of all customers.

Query:

```
SELECT FirstName, LastName, Email  
FROM Customers;
```

```
mysql> SELECT FirstName, LastName, Email  
-> FROM Customers;  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| FirstName | LastName | Email |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| Alice     | Johnson  | alice@email.com |  
| Bob       | Smith    | bob@email.com    |  
| Carol     | Lee      | carol@email.com  |  
| David     | Kumar    | david@email.com  |  
| Eva       | Rao      | eva@email.com    |  
| Frank     | Das      | frank@email.com  |  
| Grace     | Menon    | grace@email.com  |  
| Henry     | Singh    | henry@email.com  |  
| Ivy       | Patel    | ivy@email.com    |  
| John      | Fernandes| john@email.com   |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Write an SQL query to list all orders with their order dates and corresponding customer names.

Query:

```
SELECT Orders.OrderID, Orders.OrderDate, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName  
FROM Orders  
JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID;
```

```
mysql> SELECT Orders.OrderID, Orders.OrderDate, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName  
-> FROM Orders  
-> JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| OrderID | OrderDate | FirstName | LastName |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 201     | 2024-06-01 | Alice     | Johnson  |  
| 202     | 2024-06-02 | Bob       | Smith    |  
| 203     | 2024-06-03 | Carol     | Lee      |  
| 204     | 2024-06-04 | David     | Kumar    |  
| 205     | 2024-06-05 | Eva       | Rao      |  
| 206     | 2024-06-06 | Frank     | Das      |  
| 207     | 2024-06-07 | Grace     | Menon    |  
| 208     | 2024-06-08 | Henry     | Singh    |  
| 209     | 2024-06-09 | Ivy       | Patel    |  
| 210     | 2024-06-10 | John      | Fernandes|  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3. Write an SQL query to insert a new customer record into the "Customers" table. Include customer information such as name, email, and address.

Query:

INSERT into Customers VALUES

(11,'Ravi', 'Sharma', 'ravi@gmail.com', '9999999999', 'Chennai');

```
mysql> INSERT into Customers VALUES(11,'Ravi', 'Sharma', 'ravi@gmail.com', '9999999999', 'Chennai');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> select * from customers;
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	Phone	Address
1	Alice	Johnson	alice@email.com	1234567890	Chennai
2	Bob	Smith	bob@email.com	9876543210	Mumbai
3	Carol	Lee	carol@email.com	7654321098	Delhi
4	David	Kumar	david@email.com	9090909090	Hyderabad
5	Eva	Rao	eva@email.com	8080808080	Bangalore
6	Frank	Das	frank@email.com	7070707070	Pune
7	Grace	Menon	grace@email.com	6060606060	Kolkata
8	Henry	Singh	henry@email.com	5050505050	Ahmedabad
9	Ivy	Patel	ivy@email.com	4040404040	Nagpur
10	John	Fernandes	john@email.com	3030303030	Trivandrum
11	Ravi	Sharma	ravi@gmail.com	9999999999	Chennai

```
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4. Write an SQL query to update the prices of all electronic gadgets in the "Products" table by increasing them by 10%.

Query:

update products set price = price \* 1.10;

```
mysql> update products set price=price*1.10;
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 10  Changed: 10  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from products;
```

ProductID	ProductName	Description	Price
101	Laptop	14-inch, 8GB RAM, 512GB SSD	66550.00
102	Smartphone	6.5-inch, 128GB Storage	30250.00
103	Wireless Mouse	Ergonomic, Bluetooth	1452.00
104	Keyboard	Mechanical, RGB backlit	2662.00
105	Monitor	24-inch Full HD	13310.00
106	External Hard Drive	1TB USB 3.0	4950.00
107	Tablet	10-inch, 64GB Storage	21780.00
108	Webcam	1080p Full HD	2530.00
109	Printer	Ink Tank, Color Printer	10890.00
110	Headphones	Noise Cancelling, Over-ear	3872.00

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Write an SQL query to delete a specific order and its associated order details from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the order ID as a parameter.

Query:

```
DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID=210;
```

```
DELETE FROM Orders WHERE OrderID=210;
```

```
mysql> DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID=210;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> DELETE FROM Orders WHERE OrderID=210;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from Orders;
```

OrderID	CustomerID	OrderDate	TotalAmount
201	1	2024-06-01	58000.00
202	2	2024-06-02	26000.00
203	3	2024-06-03	13400.00
204	4	2024-06-04	9000.00
205	5	2024-06-05	11000.00
206	6	2024-06-06	18000.00
207	7	2024-06-07	5500.00
208	8	2024-06-08	7700.00
209	9	2024-06-09	12000.00

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from OrderDetails;
```

OrderDetailID	OrderID	ProductID	Quantity
301	201	101	1
302	202	102	1
303	203	103	2
304	203	104	1
305	204	109	1
306	205	105	1
307	206	107	1
308	207	106	1
309	208	104	1
310	209	108	2

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

6. Write an SQL query to insert a new order into the "Orders" table. Include the customer ID, order date, and any other necessary information.

Query:

INSERT into Orders VALUES

(211, 11, '2024-06-11', 14500.00);

```
mysql> INSERT into Orders VALUES (211, 11, '2024-06-11', 14500.00);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> select * from Orders;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| OrderID | CustomerID | OrderDate | TotalAmount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 201 | 1 | 2024-06-01 | 58000.00 |
| 202 | 2 | 2024-06-02 | 26000.00 |
| 203 | 3 | 2024-06-03 | 13400.00 |
| 204 | 4 | 2024-06-04 | 9000.00 |
| 205 | 5 | 2024-06-05 | 11000.00 |
| 206 | 6 | 2024-06-06 | 18000.00 |
| 207 | 7 | 2024-06-07 | 5500.00 |
| 208 | 8 | 2024-06-08 | 7700.00 |
| 209 | 9 | 2024-06-09 | 12000.00 |
| 211 | 11 | 2024-06-11 | 14500.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Write an SQL query to update the contact information (e.g., email and address) of a specific customer in the "Customers" table. Allow users to input the customer ID and new contact information.

Query:

UPDATE Customers

SET Email='@04alice@gmail.com', Address='Vellore'

WHERE CustomerID=1;

```
mysql> UPDATE Customers
-> SET Email='@04alice@gmail.com', Address='Vellore'
-> WHERE CustomerID=1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Customers;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| CustomerID | FirstName | LastName | Email | Phone | Address |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | Alice | Johnson | @04alice@gmail.com | 1234567890 | Vellore |
| 2 | Bob | Smith | bob@email.com | 9876543210 | Mumbai |
| 3 | Carol | Lee | carol@email.com | 7654321098 | Delhi |
| 4 | David | Kumar | david@email.com | 9090909090 | Hyderabad |
| 5 | Eva | Rao | eva@email.com | 8080808080 | Bangalore |
| 6 | Frank | Das | frank@email.com | 7070707070 | Pune |
| 7 | Grace | Menon | grace@email.com | 6060606060 | Kolkata |
| 8 | Henry | Singh | henry@email.com | 5050505050 | Ahmedabad |
| 9 | Ivy | Patel | ivy@email.com | 4040404040 | Nagpur |
| 10 | John | Fernandes | john@email.com | 3030303030 | Trivandrum |
| 11 | Ravi | Sharma | ravi@gmail.com | 9999999999 | Chennai |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Write an SQL query to recalculate and update the total cost of each order in the "Orders" table based on the prices and quantities in the "OrderDetails" table.

Query:

```
UPDATE Orders
SET TotalAmount = (
SELECT SUM(OD.Quantity * P.Price)
FROM OrderDetails OD
JOIN Products P ON OD.ProductID = P.ProductID
WHERE OD.OrderID = Orders.OrderID );
```

```
mysql> UPDATE Orders
-> SET TotalAmount = (
->     SELECT SUM(OD.Quantity * P.Price)
->     FROM OrderDetails OD
->     JOIN Products P ON OD.ProductID = P.ProductID
->     WHERE OD.OrderID = Orders.OrderID
-> );
```

```
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 10  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from Orders;
```

OrderID	CustomerID	OrderDate	TotalAmount
201	1	2024-06-01	66550.00
202	2	2024-06-02	30250.00
203	3	2024-06-03	5566.00
204	4	2024-06-04	10890.00
205	5	2024-06-05	13310.00
206	6	2024-06-06	21780.00
207	7	2024-06-07	4950.00
208	8	2024-06-08	2662.00
209	9	2024-06-09	5060.00
211	11	2024-06-11	NULL

```
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Write an SQL query to delete all orders and their associated order details for a specific customer from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

Query:

```
DELETE FROM OrderDetails
```

```
WHERE OrderID IN (
```

```
SELECT OrderID FROM Orders WHERE CustomerID = 3);
```

```
DELETE FROM Orders
```

```
WHERE CustomerID = 3;
```

```
mysql> DELETE FROM OrderDetails
-> WHERE OrderID IN (
->     SELECT OrderID FROM Orders WHERE CustomerID = 3
-> );
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql>
mysql> DELETE FROM Orders
-> WHERE CustomerID = 3;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> Select * from Orders;
```

OrderID	CustomerID	OrderDate	TotalAmount
201	1	2024-06-01	66550.00
202	2	2024-06-02	30250.00
204	4	2024-06-04	10890.00
205	5	2024-06-05	13310.00
206	6	2024-06-06	21780.00
207	7	2024-06-07	4950.00
208	8	2024-06-08	2662.00
209	9	2024-06-09	5060.00
211	11	2024-06-11	NULL

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> Select * from OrderDetails;
```

OrderDetailID	OrderID	ProductID	Quantity
301	201	101	1
302	202	102	1
305	204	109	1
306	205	105	1
307	206	107	1
308	207	106	1
309	208	104	1
310	209	108	2

```
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



10. Write an SQL query to insert a new electronic gadget product into the "Products" table, including product name, category, price, and any other relevant details.

Query:

INSERT INTO Products VALUES

(111, 'Smartwatch', 'Bluetooth, Waterproof, Touchscreen', 4500.00);

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Products VALUES
-> (111, 'Smartwatch', 'Bluetooth, Waterproof, Touchscreen', 4500.00);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> Select * from Products;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ProductID | ProductName | Description | Price |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 101 | Laptop | 14-inch, 8GB RAM, 512GB SSD | 66550.00 |
| 102 | Smartphone | 6.5-inch, 128GB Storage | 30250.00 |
| 103 | Wireless Mouse | Ergonomic, Bluetooth | 1452.00 |
| 104 | Keyboard | Mechanical, RGB backlit | 2662.00 |
| 105 | Monitor | 24-inch Full HD | 13310.00 |
| 106 | External Hard Drive | 1TB USB 3.0 | 4950.00 |
| 107 | Tablet | 10-inch, 64GB Storage | 21780.00 |
| 108 | Webcam | 1080p Full HD | 2530.00 |
| 109 | Printer | Ink Tank, Color Printer | 10890.00 |
| 110 | Headphones | Noise Cancelling, Over-ear | 3872.00 |
| 111 | Smartwatch | Bluetooth, Waterproof, Touchscreen | 4500.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

11. Write an SQL query to update the status of a specific order in the "Orders" table (e.g., from "Pending" to "Shipped"). Allow users to input the order ID and the new status.

Query:

ALTER TABLE Orders ADD Status VARCHAR(20);

UPDATE Orders

SET Status = 'Shipped'

WHERE OrderID = 201;

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE Orders
-> ADD Status VARCHAR(20);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Orders
-> SET Status = 'Shipped'
-> WHERE OrderID = 201;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> Select * from Orders;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| OrderID | CustomerID | OrderDate | TotalAmount | Status |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 201 | 1 | 2024-06-01 | 66550.00 | Shipped |
| 202 | 2 | 2024-06-02 | 30250.00 | NULL |
| 204 | 4 | 2024-06-04 | 10890.00 | NULL |
| 205 | 5 | 2024-06-05 | 13310.00 | NULL |
| 206 | 6 | 2024-06-06 | 21780.00 | NULL |
| 207 | 7 | 2024-06-07 | 4950.00 | NULL |
| 208 | 8 | 2024-06-08 | 2662.00 | NULL |
| 209 | 9 | 2024-06-09 | 5060.00 | NULL |
| 211 | 11 | 2024-06-11 | NULL | NULL |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Write an SQL query to calculate and update the number of orders placed by each customer in the "Customers" table based on the data in the "Orders" table.

Query:

ALTER TABLE Customers

ADD NumberOfOrders INT DEFAULT 0;

UPDATE Customers c

SET NumberOfOrders = (

SELECT COUNT(\*)

FROM Orders o

WHERE o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID );

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE Customers
-> ADD NumberOfOrders INT DEFAULT 0;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Customers c
-> SET NumberOfOrders = (
->     SELECT COUNT(*)
->     FROM Orders o
->     WHERE o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
-> );
Query OK, 9 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 11 Changed: 9 Warnings: 0

mysql> Select * from Customers;
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	Email	Phone	Address	NumberOfOrders
1	Alice	Johnson	@04alice@gmail.com	1234567890	Vellore	1
2	Bob	Smith	bob@email.com	9876543210	Mumbai	1
3	Carol	Lee	carol@email.com	7654321098	Delhi	0
4	David	Kumar	david@email.com	9090909090	Hyderabad	1
5	Eva	Rao	eva@email.com	8080808080	Bangalore	1
6	Frank	Das	frank@email.com	7070707070	Pune	1
7	Grace	Menon	grace@email.com	6060606060	Kolkata	1
8	Henry	Singh	henry@email.com	5050505050	Ahmedabad	1
9	Ivy	Patel	ivy@email.com	4040404040	Nagpur	1
10	John	Fernandes	john@email.com	3030303030	Trivandrum	0
11	Ravi	Sharma	ravi@gmail.com	9999999999	Chennai	1

```
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

### Task 3. Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins:

1. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of all orders along with customer information (e.g., customer name) for each order.

Query:

```
SELECT o.OrderID, o.OrderDate, c.FirstName, c.LastName
FROM Orders o
JOIN Customers c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID;
```

```
mysql> SELECT o.OrderID, o.OrderDate, c.FirstName, c.LastName
-> FROM Orders o
-> JOIN Customers c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID;
```

OrderID	OrderDate	FirstName	LastName
201	2024-06-01	Alice	Johnson
202	2024-06-02	Bob	Smith
204	2024-06-04	David	Kumar
205	2024-06-05	Eva	Rao
206	2024-06-06	Frank	Das
207	2024-06-07	Grace	Menon
208	2024-06-08	Henry	Singh
209	2024-06-09	Ivy	Patel
211	2024-06-11	Ravi	Sharma

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

2. Write an SQL query to find the total revenue generated by each electronic gadget product. Include the product name and the total revenue.

Query:

```
SELECT p.ProductName, SUM(od.Quantity * p.Price) AS TotalRevenue
FROM OrderDetails od
JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName;
```

```
mysql> SELECT p.ProductName, SUM(od.Quantity * p.Price) AS TotalRevenue
-> FROM OrderDetails od
-> JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
-> GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName;
```

ProductName	TotalRevenue
Laptop	66550.00
Smartphone	30250.00
Printer	10890.00
Monitor	13310.00
Tablet	21780.00
External Hard Drive	4950.00
Keyboard	2662.00
Webcam	5060.00

8 rows in set (0.01 sec)

3. Write an SQL query to list all customers who have made at least one purchase. Include their names and contact information.

Query:

```
SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email, c.Phone,
COUNT(o.OrderID) AS NumberOfPurchases
FROM Customers c
JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
GROUP BY
c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email, c.Phone
HAVING
COUNT(o.OrderID) >= 1;
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, Status)
-> VALUES
-> (10, 2, '2024-06-01', 299.99, 'shipped'), (11, 2, '2024-06-10', 149.50, 'shipped'), (12, 6, '2024-06-11', 450.00, 'shipped');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> SELECT
-> c.FirstName,
-> c.LastName,
-> c.Email,
-> c.Phone,
-> COUNT(o.OrderID) AS NumberOfPurchases
-> FROM
-> Customers c
-> JOIN
-> Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
-> GROUP BY
-> c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email, c.Phone
-> HAVING
-> COUNT(o.OrderID) >= 1;
```

FirstName	LastName	Email	Phone	NumberOfPurchases
Alice	Johnson	@04alice@gmail.com	1234567890	1
Bob	Smith	bob@email.com	9876543210	3
David	Kumar	david@email.com	9090909090	1
Eva	Rao	eva@email.com	8080808080	1
Frank	Das	frank@email.com	7070707070	2
Grace	Menon	grace@email.com	6060606060	1
Henry	Singh	henry@email.com	5050505050	1
Ivy	Patel	ivy@email.com	4040404040	1
Ravi	Sharma	ravi@gmail.com	9999999999	1

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

4. Write an SQL query to find the most popular electronic gadget, which is the one with the highest total quantity ordered. Include the product name and the total quantity ordered.

Query:

```
SELECT p.ProductName, SUM(od.Quantity) AS TotalOrdered
FROM OrderDetails od
JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName
ORDER BY TotalOrdered DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
mysql> SELECT p.ProductName, SUM(od.Quantity) AS TotalOrdered
-> FROM OrderDetails od
-> JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
-> GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName
-> ORDER BY TotalOrdered DESC
-> LIMIT 1;

+-----+-----+
| ProductName | TotalOrdered |
+-----+-----+
| Webcam      | 2            |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of electronic gadgets along with their corresponding categories.

Query:

```
ALTER TABLE Products
ADD Category VARCHAR(100);
```

```
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Computers' WHERE ProductID = 101;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Mobile Devices' WHERE ProductID = 102;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Accessories' WHERE ProductID = 103;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Accessories' WHERE ProductID = 104;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Display' WHERE ProductID = 105;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Storage Devices' WHERE ProductID = 106;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Mobile Devices' WHERE ProductID = 107;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Accessories' WHERE ProductID = 108;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Printers' WHERE ProductID = 109;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Audio Devices' WHERE ProductID = 110;
UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Wearables' WHERE ProductID = 111;
```

```
SELECT ProductName, Category FROM Products;
```

```

mysql> ALTER TABLE Products
    -> ADD Category VARCHAR(100);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)
Records: 0  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Computers' WHERE ProductID = 101;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Mobile Devices' WHERE ProductID = 102;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Accessories' WHERE ProductID = 103;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Accessories' WHERE ProductID = 104;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Display' WHERE ProductID = 105;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Storage Devices' WHERE ProductID = 106;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Mobile Devices' WHERE ProductID = 107;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Accessories' WHERE ProductID = 108;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Printers' WHERE ProductID = 109;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Audio Devices' WHERE ProductID = 110;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> UPDATE Products SET Category = 'Wearables' WHERE ProductID = 111;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT ProductName, Category
    -> FROM Products;
+-----+-----+
| ProductName | Category |
+-----+-----+
| Laptop      | Computers |
| Smartphone  | Mobile Devices |
| Wireless Mouse | Accessories |
| Keyboard    | Accessories |
| Monitor     | Display |
| External Hard Drive | Storage Devices |
| Tablet      | Mobile Devices |
| Webcam      | Accessories |
| Printer     | Printers |
| Headphones  | Audio Devices |
| Smartwatch  | Wearables |
+-----+-----+
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

6. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value for each customer. Include the customer's name and their average order value.

Query:

```
SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, AVG(o.TotalAmount) AS AvgOrderValue
FROM Orders o
JOIN Customers c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
GROUP BY c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName;
```

```
mysql> SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, AVG(o.TotalAmount) AS AvgOrderValue
-> FROM Orders o
-> JOIN Customers c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
-> GROUP BY c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName;

+-----+-----+-----+
| FirstName | LastName | AvgOrderValue |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Alice     | Johnson  | 66550.000000  |
| Bob       | Smith    | 30250.000000  |
| David     | Kumar    | 10890.000000  |
| Eva       | Rao      | 13310.000000  |
| Frank     | Das      | 21780.000000  |
| Grace     | Menon    | 4950.000000   |
| Henry     | Singh    | 2662.000000   |
| Ivy       | Patel    | 5060.000000   |
| Ravi      | Sharma   | NULL          |
+-----+-----+-----+
9 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

7. Write an SQL query to find the order with the highest total revenue. Include the order ID, customer information, and the total revenue.

Query:

```
SELECT o.OrderID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, o.TotalAmount
FROM Orders o
JOIN Customers c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
ORDER BY o.TotalAmount DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
mysql> SELECT o.OrderID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, o.TotalAmount
-> FROM Orders o
-> JOIN Customers c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
-> ORDER BY o.TotalAmount DESC
-> LIMIT 1;

+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| OrderID | FirstName | LastName | TotalAmount |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 201     | Alice     | Johnson  | 66550.00    |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Write an SQL query to list electronic gadgets and the number of times each product has been ordered.

Query:

```
SELECT p.ProductName, COUNT(od.OrderDetailID) AS TimesOrdered
FROM OrderDetails od
JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName;
```

```
mysql> SELECT p.ProductName, COUNT(od.OrderDetailID) AS TimesOrdered
-> FROM OrderDetails od
-> JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
-> GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName;
```

ProductName	TimesOrdered
Laptop	1
Smartphone	1
Wireless Mouse	1
Keyboard	1
Monitor	2
External Hard Drive	1
Tablet	1
Webcam	1
Printer	1

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



9. Write an SQL query to find customers who have purchased a specific electronic gadget product. Allow users to input the product name as a parameter.

Query:

```
SELECT DISTINCT c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email, c.Phone
FROM Customers c
JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
JOIN OrderDetails od ON o.OrderID = od.OrderID
JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
WHERE p.ProductName = 'laptop';
```

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email, c.Phone
-> FROM Customers c
-> JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
-> JOIN OrderDetails od ON o.OrderID = od.OrderID
-> JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
-> WHERE p.ProductName = 'laptop';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| FirstName | LastName | Email                | Phone      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Alice     | Johnson  | @04alice@gmail.com  | 1234567890 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

10. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by all orders placed within a specific time period. Allow users to input the start and end dates as parameters.

Query:

```
SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
FROM Orders
WHERE OrderDate BETWEEN '2024-01-01' AND '2024-12-31';
```

```
mysql> SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
-> FROM Orders
-> WHERE OrderDate BETWEEN '2024-01-01' AND '2024-12-31';
+-----+
| TotalRevenue |
+-----+
| 155452.00    |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

#### Task 4. Subquery and its type

1. Write an SQL query to find out which customers have not placed any orders.

Query:

```
SELECT FirstName, LastName
FROM Customers
WHERE CustomerID NOT IN (
SELECT DISTINCT CustomerID FROM Orders);
```

```
mysql> SELECT FirstName, LastName
-> FROM Customers
-> WHERE CustomerID NOT IN (
->     SELECT DISTINCT CustomerID FROM Orders
-> );
```

FirstName	LastName
Carol	Lee
John	Fernandes

```
2 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

2. Write an SQL query to find the total number of products available for sale.

Query:

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalProducts
FROM Products;
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalProducts
-> FROM Products;
```

TotalProducts
11

```
1 row in set (0.03 sec)
```

3. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by TechShop.

Query:

```
SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
FROM Orders
WHERE TotalAmount IS NOT NULL;
```

```
mysql> SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
-> FROM Orders
-> WHERE TotalAmount IS NOT NULL;
+-----+
| TotalRevenue |
+-----+
|    155452.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

4. Write an SQL query to calculate the average quantity ordered for products in a specific category. Allow users to input the category name as a parameter.

Query:

```
SELECT AVG(od.Quantity) AS AvgQuantityOrdered
FROM OrderDetails od
JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
WHERE p.Category = 'Mobile Devices';
```

```
mysql> SELECT AVG(od.Quantity) AS AvgQuantityOrdered
-> FROM OrderDetails od
-> JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
-> WHERE p.Category = 'Mobile Devices';
+-----+
| AvgQuantityOrdered |
+-----+
|             1.0000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

5. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by a specific customer. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

Query:

```
SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS CustomerRevenue
FROM Orders
WHERE CustomerID = 1;
```

```
mysql> SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS CustomerRevenue
-> FROM Orders
-> WHERE CustomerID = 1;
+-----+
| CustomerRevenue |
+-----+
|          66550.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Write an SQL query to find the customers who have placed the most orders. List their names and the number of orders they've placed.

Query:

```
UPDATE Customers c
SET NumberOfOrders = (
SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM Orders o
WHERE o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID);
```

```
WITH OrderCounts AS (
SELECT
    CustomerID,
    COUNT(*) AS TotalOrders
FROM Orders
GROUP BY CustomerID
)
SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, oc.TotalOrders
FROM Customers c
JOIN OrderCounts oc ON c.CustomerID = oc.CustomerID
WHERE oc.TotalOrders = (
    SELECT MAX(TotalOrders) FROM OrderCounts
);
```

```
mysql> UPDATE Customers c
  -> SET NumberOfOrders = (
  ->     SELECT COUNT(*)
  ->     FROM Orders o
  ->     WHERE o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
  -> );
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Rows matched: 11  Changed: 2  Warnings: 0

mysql> WITH OrderCounts AS (
  ->     SELECT
  ->         CustomerID,
  ->         COUNT(*) AS TotalOrders
  ->     FROM Orders
  ->     GROUP BY CustomerID
  -> )
  -> SELECT c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, oc.TotalOrders
  -> FROM Customers c
  -> JOIN OrderCounts oc ON c.CustomerID = oc.CustomerID
  -> WHERE oc.TotalOrders = (
  ->     SELECT MAX(TotalOrders) FROM OrderCounts
  -> );
```

CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	TotalOrders
2	Bob	Smith	3

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

7. Write an SQL query to find the most popular product category, which is the one with the highest total quantity ordered across all orders.

Query:

```
SELECT Category, SUM(od.Quantity) AS TotalOrdered
FROM OrderDetails od
JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
GROUP BY Category
ORDER BY TotalOrdered DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
mysql> SELECT Category, SUM(od.Quantity) AS TotalOrdered
  -> FROM OrderDetails od
  -> JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
  -> GROUP BY Category
  -> ORDER BY TotalOrdered DESC
  -> LIMIT 1;
```

Category	TotalOrdered
Accessories	3

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

8. Write an SQL query to find the customer who has spent the most money (highest total revenue) on electronic gadgets. List their name and total spending.

Query:

```
SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, SUM(od.Quantity * p.Price) AS TotalSpent
FROM Customers c
JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
JOIN OrderDetails od ON o.OrderID = od.OrderID
JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
WHERE p.Category IN ('Mobile Devices', 'Computers', 'Wearables', 'Storage Devices',
'Printers', 'Display', 'Audio Devices')
GROUP BY c.CustomerID
ORDER BY TotalSpent DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
mysql> SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, SUM(od.Quantity * p.Price) AS TotalSpent
-> FROM Customers c
-> JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
-> JOIN OrderDetails od ON o.OrderID = od.OrderID
-> JOIN Products p ON od.ProductID = p.ProductID
-> WHERE p.Category IN ('Mobile Devices', 'Computers', 'Wearables', 'Storage Devices', 'Printers', 'Display', 'Audio Devices')
-> GROUP BY c.CustomerID
-> ORDER BY TotalSpent DESC
-> LIMIT 1;
```

FirstName	LastName	TotalSpent
Alice	Johnson	66550.00

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

9. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value (total revenue divided by the number of orders) for all customers.

Query:

```
SELECT ROUND(SUM(TotalAmount) / COUNT(OrderID), 2) AS AverageOrderValue
FROM Orders WHERE TotalAmount IS NOT NULL;
```

```
mysql> SELECT
->     ROUND(SUM(TotalAmount) / COUNT(OrderID), 2) AS AverageOrderValue
-> FROM
->     Orders
-> WHERE
->     TotalAmount IS NOT NULL;
+-----+
| AverageOrderValue |
+-----+
|          14213.77 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

10. Write an SQL query to find the total number of orders placed by each customer and list their names along with the order count.

Query:

```
SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, COUNT(o.OrderID) AS OrderCount
FROM Customers c
LEFT JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
GROUP BY c.CustomerID;
```

```
mysql> SELECT c.FirstName, c.LastName, COUNT(o.OrderID) AS OrderCount
-> FROM Customers c
-> LEFT JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
-> GROUP BY c.CustomerID;
+-----+-----+-----+
| FirstName | LastName | OrderCount |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Alice     | Johnson  | 1          |
| Bob       | Smith    | 3          |
| Carol     | Lee      | 0          |
| David     | Kumar    | 1          |
| Eva       | Rao      | 1          |
| Frank     | Das      | 2          |
| Grace     | Menon    | 1          |
| Henry     | Singh    | 1          |
| Ivy       | Patel    | 1          |
| John      | Fernandes| 0          |
| Ravi      | Sharma   | 1          |
+-----+-----+-----+
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```