C-Lab Work

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1.Insertion sort
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
int n, array[1000], c, d, t, flag = 0;
printf("Enter number of elements\n");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("Enter %d integers\n", n);
for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
scanf("%d", &array[c]);
for (c = 1; c \le n - 1; c++) {
t = array[c];
for (d = c - 1; d \ge 0; d - ) {
if (array[d] > t) {
array[d+1] = array[d];
flag = 1;
else
break;
}if (flag)
array[d+1] = t;
}
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2.Selection sort
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int *a, int *b) {
int temp = *a;
*a = *b;
*b = temp;
}
void selectionSort(int array[], int size) {
for (int step = 0; step < size - 1; step++) {
int min idx = step;
for (int i = step + 1; i < size; i++) {
if (array[i] < array[min_idx])</pre>
min idx = i;
swap(&array[min_idx], &array[step]);
}
}
void printArray(int array[], int size) {
for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
printf("%d ", array[i]);
printf("\n");
}// driver code
int main() {
int data[] = {20, 12, 10, 15, 2};
int size = sizeof(data) / sizeof(data[0]);
selectionSort(data, size);
printf("Sorted array in Acsending Order:\n");
printArray(data, size);
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3. Bubble sort
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
int array[100], n, c, d, swap;
printf("Enter number of elements\n");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("Enter %d integers\n", n);
for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
scanf("%d", &array[c]);
for (c = 0; c < n - 1; c++)
{
for (d = 0; d < n - c - 1; d++)
if (array[d] > array[d+1])
swap = array[d];array[d] = array[d+1];
array[d+1] = swap;
}
printf("Sorted list in ascending order:\n");
for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
printf("%d\n", array[c]);
return 0;
}
#include <stdio.h>
void merge_sort(int i, int j, int a[], int aux[]) {
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if (j \le i) {
   return;
int mid = (i + j) / 2;
merge_sort(i, mid, a, aux);
merge_sort(mid + 1, j, a, aux);
int pointer left = i;
int pointer_right = mid + 1;
int k;
for (k = i; k \le j; k++) {
   if (pointer_left == mid + 1) {
     aux[k] = a[pointer_right];
     pointer_right++;
   } else if (pointer_right == j + 1) {
     aux[k] = a[pointer_left];
     pointer left++;
   } else if (a[pointer_left] < a[pointer_right]) {</pre>
     aux[k] = a[pointer_left];
     pointer_left++;
  } else {
     aux[k] = a[pointer_right];
     pointer_right++;
  }
}
for (k = i; k \le j; k++) {
   a[k] = aux[k];
}
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}

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int main() {
 int a[100], aux[100], n, i, d, swap;
 printf("Enter number of elements in the array:\n");
 scanf("%d", &n);
 printf("Enter %d integers\n", n);
 for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
  scanf("%d", &a[i]);
 merge_sort(0, n - 1, a, aux);
 printf("Printing the sorted array:\n");
 for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
   printf("%d\n", a[i]);
 return 0;
}
void create(int []);
void down adjust(int [],int);
void main()
{
      int heap[30],n,i,last,temp;
      printf("Enter no. of elements:");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      printf("\nEnter elements:");
      for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
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scanf("%d",&heap[i]);
      heap[0]=n;
      create(heap);
     while(heap[0] > 1)
     {
            last=heap[0];
            temp=heap[1];
            heap[1]=heap[last];
            heap[last]=temp;
            heap[0]--;
            down_adjust(heap,1);
     }
      printf("\nArray after sorting:\n");
     for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
            printf("%d ",heap[i]);
}
void create(int heap[])
{
      int i,n;
      n=heap[0];
     for(i=n/2;i>=1;i--)
            down_adjust(heap,i);
}
void down_adjust(int heap[],int i)
      int j,temp,n,flag=1;
      n=heap[0];
```