

11T2019135

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(3)

 \Rightarrow Given $PV^n = C$ Applying \ln on both sides

$$\ln(PV^n) = \ln(C)$$

$$\ln(P) + n \ln(V) = \ln(C)$$

$$\ln P + \left(-n \ln\left(\frac{1}{V}\right)\right) = \ln C$$

$$\ln(P) - n \ln\left(\frac{1}{V}\right) = \ln C$$

$$\ln(P) = \ln(C) + n \ln\left(\frac{1}{V}\right)$$

$$Y = w_0 + w_1(x)$$

$$\text{where, } Y = \ln(P) ; x = \ln\left(\frac{1}{V}\right)$$

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^m x_i = \sum \ln\left(\frac{1}{V}\right) = -26.929$$

$$B = \sum_{i=1}^m y_i = \sum \ln(P) = 20.254$$

$$C = \sum_{i=1}^m x_i^2 = \sum \ln\left(\frac{1}{V}\right)^2 = 121.975$$

$$D = \sum_{i=1}^m x_i y_i = \sum \ln\left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \times \ln(P) = -89.349$$

$$W_0 = \frac{BC - AD}{m(-A^2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow W_0 = \ln(C)$$

$$e^{W_0} = C$$

$$W_0 = 9.675$$

$$\therefore C = e^{9.675} = 15,914.72$$

$$W_1 = \frac{AB - mD}{A^2 - mC}$$

$$\therefore W_1 = n$$

$$W_1 = 1.403$$

$$\therefore n = 1.403$$

(b) Given equation $PV^n = C \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$

from the above question

$$n = 1.40 \text{ and } C = 15914.72$$

Substituting values of n, C in $\textcircled{1}$

$$P \cdot V^{(1.40)} = 15914.72$$

(c) Value of P when V is 100

Substituting $V = 100$, in the above equation.

$$P(100)^{1.4} = 15914.72$$

$$P = 25.223$$