

modules & packages

In [4]:

```
import sys
print(dir(sys))
```

```
['__breakpointhook__', '__displayhook__', '__doc__', '__excepthook__', '__interactivehook__', '__loader__', '__name__', '__package__', '__spec__', '__stderr__', '__stdin__', '__stdout__', '__unraisablehook__', '_base_executable', '_clear_type_cache', '_current_frames', '_debugmallocstats', '_framework', '_getframe', '_git', '_home', '_xoptions', 'abiflags', 'addaudithook', 'api_version', 'argv', 'audit', 'base_exec_prefix', 'base_prefix', 'breakpointhook', 'builtin_module_names', 'byteorder', 'call_tracing', 'callstats', 'copyright', 'displayhook', 'dont_write_bytecode', 'exc_info', 'excepthook', 'exec_prefix', 'executable', 'exit', 'flags', 'float_info', 'float_repr_style', 'get_asyncgen_hooks', 'get_coroutine_origin_tracking_depth', 'getallocatedblocks', 'getandroidapilevel', 'getcheckinterval', 'getdefaultencoding', 'getdlopenflags', 'getfilesystemencodingerrors', 'getfilesystemencoding', 'getprofile', 'getrecursionlimit', 'getrefcount', 'getsizeof', 'getswitchinterval', 'gettrace', 'hash_info', 'hexversion', 'implementation', 'int_info', 'intern', 'is_finalizing', 'last_traceback', 'last_type', 'last_value', 'maxsize', 'maxunicode', 'meta_path', 'modules', 'path', 'path_hooks', 'path_importer_cache', 'platform', 'prefix', 'ps1', 'ps2', 'ps3', 'pycache_prefix', 'set_asyncgen_hooks', 'set_coroutine_origin_tracking_depth', 'setcheckinterval', 'setdlopenflags', 'setprofile', 'setrecursionlimit', 'setswitchinterval', 'settrace', 'stderr', 'stdin', 'stdout', 'thread_info', 'unraisablehook', 'version', 'version_info', 'warnoptions']
```

In [8]:

```
print(sys.version) #version of python
```

```
3.8.3 (default, May 27 2020, 02:08:17)
[GCC 9.3.0]
```

In [9]:

```
print(sys.version_info)
```

```
sys.version_info(major=3, minor=8, micro=3, releaselevel='final', serial=0)
```

In [15]:

```
print (sys.stderr)
print (dir(sys.stderr))
```

```
<ipykernel.iostream.OutStream object at 0x71b984c100>
```

```
['__abstractmethods__', '__class__', '__del__', '__delattr__', '__dict__', '__dir__', '__doc__', '__enter__', '__eq__', '__exit__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__gt__', '__hash__', '__init__', '__init_subclass__', '__iter__', '__le__', '__lt__', '__module__', '__ne__', '__new__', '__next__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__setattr__', '__sizeof__', '__str__', '__subclasshook__', '_abc_impl', '_buffer', '_checkClosed', '_checkReadable', '_checkSeekable', '_checkWritable', '_flush', '_flush_buffer', '_flush_pending', '_io_loop', '_is_master_process', '_master_pid', '_new_buffer', '_schedule_flush', '_subprocess_flush_pending', 'close', 'closed', 'detach', 'echo', 'encoding', 'errors', 'fileno', 'flush', 'flush_interval', 'flush_timeout', 'isatty', 'name', 'newlines', 'parent_header', 'pub_thread', 'read', 'readable', 'readline', 'readlines', 'seek', 'seekable', 'session', 'set_parent', 'tell', 'topic', 'truncate', 'writable', 'write', 'writelines']
```

In [16]:

```
print(sys.stdout)
print(dir(sys.stdout))
```

```
<ipykernel.iostream.OutStream object at 0x71b984c070>
```

```
['__abstractmethods__', '__class__', '__del__', '__delattr__', '__dict__', '__dir__', '__doc__', '__enter__', '__eq__', '__exit__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__gt__', '__hash__', '__init__', '__init_subclass__', '__iter__', '__le__', '__lt__', '__module__', '__ne__', '__new__', '__next__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__
```

```

__del__', '__delattr__', '__dict__', '__dir__', '__doc__',
__enter__', '__eq__', '__exit__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattr__', '__gt__',
__hash__', '__init__', '__init_subclass__', '__iter__', '__le__', '__lt__', '__ne__', '__new__',
__next__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__setattr__', '__sizeof__',
__str__', '__subclasshook__', '__checkClosed__', '__checkReadable__', '__checkSeekable__',
__checkWritable__', '__finalizing__', 'buffer', 'close', 'closed', 'detach', 'echo', 'encoding',
'errors', 'fileno', 'flush', 'flush_interval', 'flush_timeout', 'isatty', 'name', 'newlines',
'parent_header', 'pub_thread', 'read', 'readable', 'readline', 'readlines', 'seek',
'seekable', 'session', 'set_parent', 'softspace', 'tell', 'topic', 'truncate', 'writable',
'write', 'writelines']

```

In [17]:

```

print(sys.stdin)
print (dir (sys.stdin))

```

```

<_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stdin>' mode='r' encoding='utf-8'>
['_CHUNK_SIZE', '__class__', '__del__', '__delattr__', '__dict__', '__dir__', '__doc__',
__enter__', '__eq__', '__exit__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattr__', '__gt__',
__hash__', '__init__', '__init_subclass__', '__iter__', '__le__', '__lt__', '__ne__', '__new__',
__next__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__setattr__', '__sizeof__',
__str__', '__subclasshook__', '__checkClosed__', '__checkReadable__', '__checkSeekable__',
__checkWritable__', '__finalizing__', 'buffer', 'close', 'closed', 'detach', 'encoding', 'errors',
'fileno', 'flush', 'isatty', 'line_buffering', 'mode', 'name', 'newlines', 'read', 'readable',
'readline', 'readlines', 'reconfigure', 'seek', 'seekable', 'tell', 'truncate',
'writable', 'write', 'write_through', 'writelines']

```

- **python file is created**
 - go to jupyter home page
 - click on new
 - select on text file
 - rename text file as module.py
 - (.py) is extension of python
 - module is the name of python file
 - PYTHON FILE is created.....

In [32]:

```
ls
```

Alarms/	Fonts/	Pictures/	iLovePDF/
Android/	JioSwitch/	Podcasts/	inShare/
Audiobooks/	Movies/	Subtitles/	module.py
ColorOS/	Music/	Untitled.ipynb	oplus_log/
DCIM/	Notifications/	VidMate/	python/
Documents/	PDF'S/	__pycache__	
Download/	PicsArt/	apssdc/	

In [33]:

```

import module
print(dir(module))

```

```

['_builtins__', '__cached__', '__doc__', '__file__', '__loader__', '__name__', '__package__',
'__spec__', 'add', 'mul', 'sub']

```

In [34]:

```
print (module.sub(100,10))
```

90

In [35]:

```
print (module.add(100,20))
```

120

In [36]:

```
print (module.mul(10,5))
```

-----O-----

continuation of another topic

PYTHON OOP'S

new concept

- object oriented programming language
 - our login will implement based on classes and objects
 - it is used to develop an application base
 - concepts here are....
1. class
 - collection of objects
 - logic will have some objects & methods
 - ex:-student--->sname,semail, srollno
 2. object
 - object is real world entity that has state and behaviour
 3. method
 - method is a function
 4. constructor
 - it is special function to interact with object
 - we can create a constructor by using---> *init()*
 - 3 types but mainly 2 are helpfull
 5. inherritance
 - it will aquires all the parent class attributes in child class

1. CLASS

syntax of class

- class classname:
 - statement1
 -
 - statementn

2.OBJECT (object creation)

- objectname=classname
- def functionname():
 - statements

3.METHOD

- class classname:
 - def methodname():# defining a method

4.CONSTRUCTOR

- class classname:

- **class classname:**
 - **def *init*():**

5. INHERITANCE

- **class classname:**
 - **statements**
- **class classname1(classname):**
 - **statements**

In [12]:

```
# class
class student: #class
    srollno=542
    sname="harsha"
    sbranch="cse"

    def show(self): #method
        print("roll no",self.srollno)
        print("name",self.sname)
        print("branch",self.sbranch)
```

In [13]:

```
s1=student()
```

In [14]:

```
s1.show()
```

```
roll no 542
name harsha
branch cse
```

In [15]:

```
print(s1.sname)
```

```
harsha
```

In [16]:

```
print(s1.srollno)
```

```
542
```

In [17]:

```
print(s1.sbranch)
```

```
cse
```

constructor----> special method (function)

init()

1. parameterized--> a constructor with parameters
2. non parameterized--> constructors without parameters

In [18]:

```
# BASIC
class student: #class
    def __init__(self,name,roll,branch):
        self.name=name
```

```
self.roll=roll
self.branch=branch
def display(self): #method
    print("roll no",self.roll)
    print("name",self.name)
    print("branch",self.branch)
```

In [19]:

```
st=student("Harsha",542,"Cse")
```

In [20]:

```
st.display()
```

```
roll no 542
name Harsha
branch Cse
```

In [21]:

```
# parameterized
class A:
    def __init__(self,a,b):
        print("wel to parameterized constructor")
        self.a=a
        self.b=b
    def add(self):
        print("result is:",self.a+self.b)
```

In [22]:

```
a1=A(5,7)
```

```
wel to parameterized constructor
```

In [23]:

```
a1.add()
```

```
result is: 12
```

In [24]:

```
a2 = A("ap","python")
```

```
wel to parameterized constructor
```

In [25]:

```
a2.add()
```

```
result is: appython
```

In [26]:

```
# non parameterized
class B:
    def __init__(self):
        print("welcome to non parameterized")
    def mul(self,n,n1):
        print("mul is:",n*n1)
```

In [27]:

```
b=B()
```

```
welcome to non parameterized
```

In [28]:

```
b.mul(5,6)
```

```
mul is: 30
```

```
In [29]:
```

```
b.mul(3,45)
```

```
mul is: 135
```

```
In [30]:
```

```
# multiple constructors
class multiple:
    def __init__(self):
        print("first cons")
    def __init__(self):
        print("second cons")
```

```
In [31]:
```

```
m=multiple()
```

```
second cons
```

python built_in class functions

- **1.getattr()**-->for getting attribute value from class
 - we have to give 2 parameters
 - 1.objectname
 - 2.attributename
- **2.setattr()**-->for assigning new value to attribute
 - we have 3 parameters
 - 1.objectname
 - 2.attribute
 - 3.new value
- **3.delattr()**-->we can delete attribute from the class
 - we have 2 arguments
 - objectname
 - attributename
- **4.hasattr()**-->it returns TRUE if attribute is existed
 - 2 arguments
 - objectname
 - attributename

```
In [60]:
```

```
class college:
    def __init__(self,c_name,c_code,c_loc):
        self.c_name=c_name
        self.c_code=c_code
        self.c_loc=c_loc
```

```
In [61]:
```

```
c=college("kits",1,"guntur")
```

```
In [62]:
```

```
print(getattr(c,"c_name"))
print(getattr(c,"c_loc"))
```

```
kits
guntur
```

```
In [63]:
```

```
setattr(c, "c_name", "kkr & ksr")
```

In [64]:

```
print(getattr(c, "c_name"))  
print(getattr(c, "c_loc"))
```

kkr & ksr
guntur

In [65]:

```
print(getattr(c, "c_code"))
```

1

In [66]:

```
delattr(c, "c_code")  
# c_code is deleted so can be displayed if we use gerattr
```

In [71]:

```
print(hasattr(c, "c_loc")) # it is there so true
```

True

In [72]:

```
print(hasattr(c, "c_code")) # it is deleted so false
```

False

In []: