LEAD SCORING CASE STUDY

PRESENTED BY:

RICHA RASHMI (DSC 47)

HARSHADKUMAR CHAVDA(DSC 47)

TEJ VAMSI (DSC 47)

SCOPE

- X Education is an education company who sells online courses to industry professionals.
- With the help of ML model company wishes to find out the hot leads, who have more likely chances of conversion.
- The target of lead conversion rate is set to be around 80% by CEO.
- Logistic model will be built based on data provided

- To Build a logistic regression model to assign a lead score between 0 and 100 to each of the leads which can be used by the company to target potential leads.
- A higher score would mean that the lead is most likely to convert
- Model should be able to adjust to if the company's requirement changes in the future.

DATA UNDERSTANDING

- STEP FOLLOWED
 - READING THE DATASET
 - UNDERSTANDING THROUGH DATA DICTIONARY
 - FINDING THE MISSING VALUES
- RESULT
 - 9240 ROWS AND 37 COLUMNS
 - DATA CONTAINS 'SELECT' AS IMPURITY WHICH NEEDS TREATMENT
 - FEW COLUMNS CONTAINS MORE THAN 40 % NULL VALUES

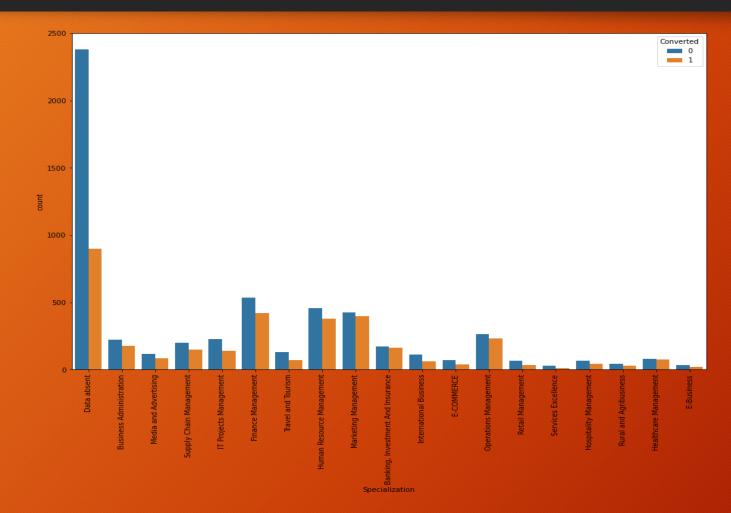
DATA CLEANING

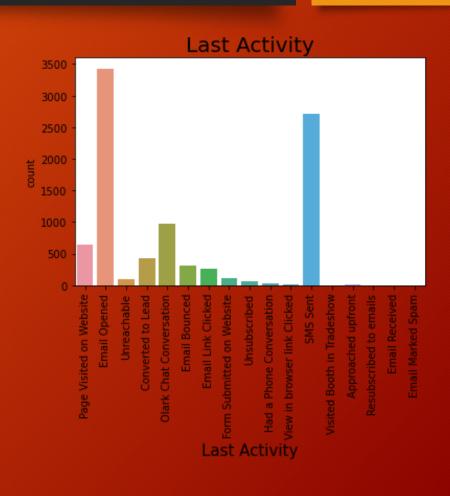
Following steps were undertaken to perform missing data identification and treatment:

- UNDERSTANDING THE DATA THROUGH COLUMNS
- COLUMNS CONTAINING HIGHER MISSING VALUES HAS BEEN DROPPED AND ROWS HAVING CONSIDERABLE MISSING VALUES WERE REMOVED.
- DATA CORRECTION WAS APPLIED BY REPLACING 'SELECT' WITH APPROPRIATE ATTRIBUTE TO MAKE IT MORE EASY FOR ANALYSIS.

<u>EDA</u>

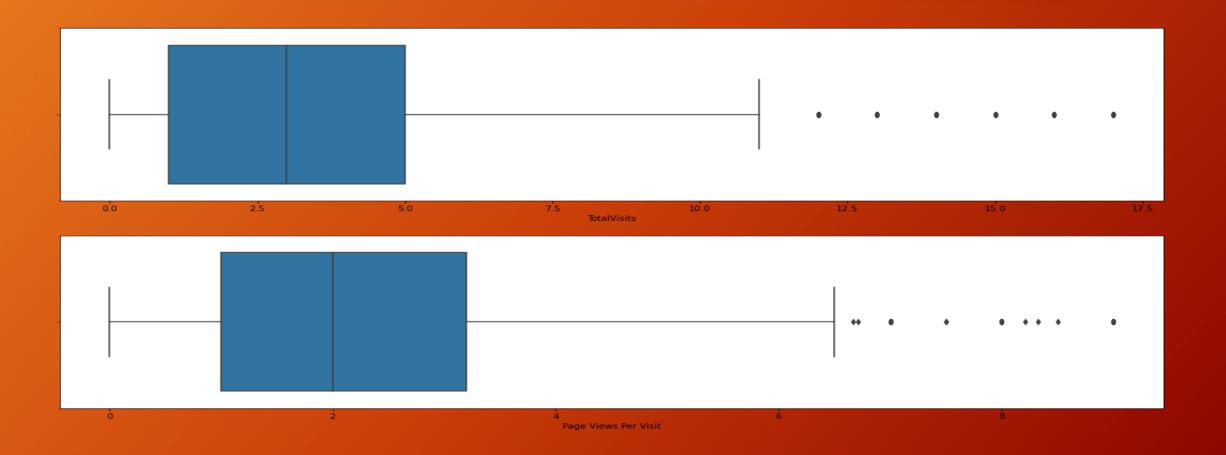
 Performed Univariate analysis and bivariate analysis on categorical variable and numerical variable.





<u>EDA</u>

• Outlier treatment



MODEL PREPERATION

- CREATION OF DUMMY VARIBLES ON SELECTED ATTRIBUTES
 - Lead origin
 - Lead source
 - Do not email
 - Specialization
 - What is your current occupation
 - A free copy of mastering the interview

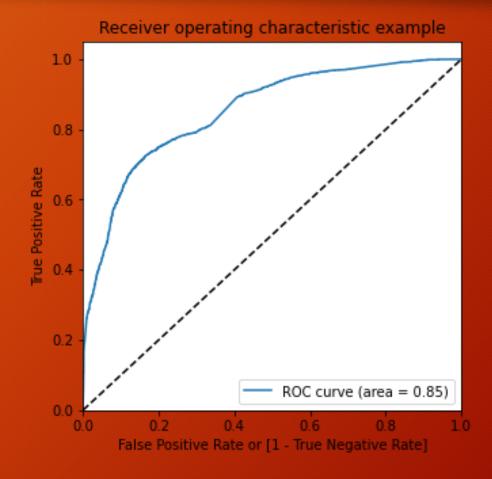
MODEL BUILDING

- SPLITTING MODEL INTO 70:30 TRAIN TEST
- SCALING WITH MIN MAX SCALER ON THE COLUMNS
- RFE FOR FEATURE SELECTION AND SELECT BEST 15 FEATURES
- SELECTION OF FINAL MODEL AFTER 5 ITERATIONS WHERE VIF <5 AND P VALUE<0.05
- MAKING PREDICTIONS
 - PREDICT PROBABILITIES ON TRAIN SET
 - CREATING DATAFRAME

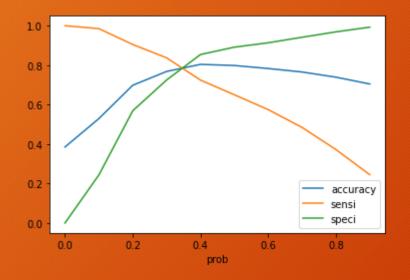
MODEL EVALUATION

PLOTTING ROC CURVE

• Area= 0.85



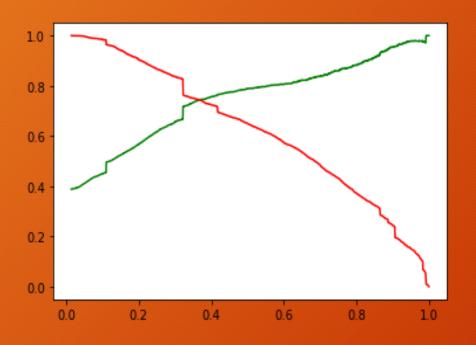
OPTIMAZTION OF THRESHOLD POINT



<u>Train Data</u>		Test Data	
1. Accuracy	76.88%	1. Accuracy	77.30%
2. Sensitivity	76.61%	2. Sensitivity	75.02%
3. Specificity	77.05%	3. Specificity	78.60%

0.30 AS NEW CUTOFF POINT

OPTIMAZTION OF THRESHOLD POINT THROUGH PRECISION AND RECALL



<u>Train Data</u>		Test Data	
1. Accuracy	78.74%	1. Accuracy	78.99%
2. Sensitivity	73.50%	2. Sensitivity	71.28%
3. Specificity	82.02%	3. Specificity	83.39%

FINAL MODEL WITH LEAD SCORE

- MOST CONRTIBUTING VARIABLE
- Lead source from Welingak Website.
- People with maximum time spent on website.
- Lead source from Reference.
- Working professional.

CONCLUSION

- The company should make calls to the leads coming from the lead sources "Welingak Websites" and "Reference" as these are more likely to get converted.
- The company should make calls to the leads who are the "working professionals" as they are more likely to get converted.
- The company should make calls to the leads who spent "more time on the websites" as these are more likely to get converted.
- The company should make calls to the leads whose current occupation was Student, Unemployed, Other as they are more likely to get converted.
- The company should not make calls to the leads whose Lead origin was "landing page submission" as they are not likely to get converted.
- The company should not make calls to the leads whose Lead Source was "Referral Sites" as they are not likely to get converted.
- The company should not make calls to the leads who opted for "Do Not Email" as they are not likely to get converted.