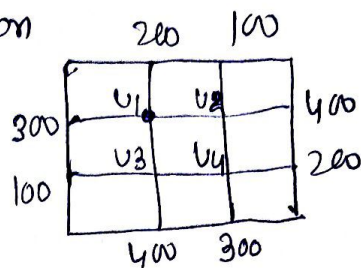


Solution of PDE Continued.

Q.2. Solve the elliptic equation

$$u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$$



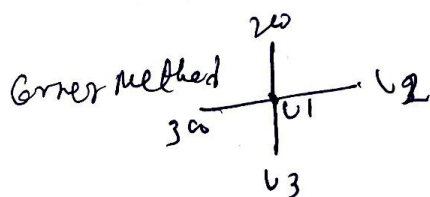
Solⁿ:- Let u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4 are interior.

Here since we cannot calculate interior points either by cross averaging or diagonal method.

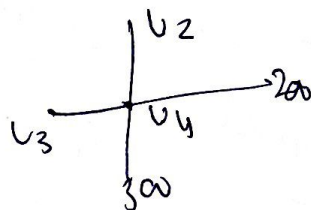
1st iteration

$$\therefore \text{Let } u_2 = u_3 = 0$$

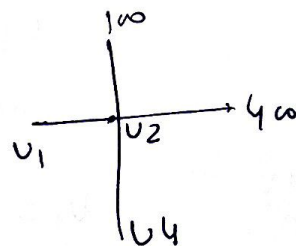
$$u_1 = \frac{1}{4} [300 + 200 + u_2 + u_3] \\ = 125$$



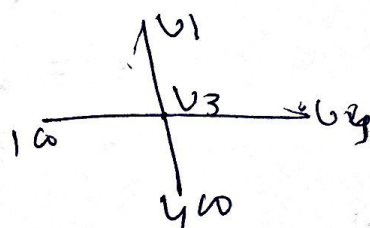
$$u_4 = \frac{1}{4} [u_3 + u_2 + 300 + 200] \\ = \frac{1}{4} [0 + 0 + 300 + 200] = 125$$



$$u_2 = \frac{1}{4} [u_1 + 100 + u_4 + 400] \\ = \frac{1}{4} [125 + 100 + 125 + 400] = 187.5$$



$$u_3 = \frac{1}{4} [100 + u_1 + u_4 + 400] \\ = \frac{1}{4} [100 + 125 + 125 + 400] \\ = 187.5$$



2nd iteration

$$u_1 = \frac{1}{4} [300 + 200 + u_2 + u_3]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [300 + 200 + 187.5 + 187.5] = 218.75$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_2 &= \frac{1}{4} [v_1 + 100 + v_4 + 400] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} [218.75 + 100 + 125 + 400] \\
 &= 210.937
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_3 &= \frac{1}{4} [100 + v_1 + v_4 + 400] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} [100 + 218.75 + 125 + 400] \\
 &= 210.937
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_4 &= \frac{1}{4} [v_3 + v_2 + 300 + 200] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} [210.937 + 210.937 + 300 + 200] \\
 &= 230.468
 \end{aligned}$$

III iteration

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_1 &= 230.468 \\
 v_2 &= 240.234 \\
 v_3 &= 240.234 \\
 v_4 &= 295.117
 \end{aligned}$$

IV

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_1 &= 245.117 \\
 v_2 &= 260.058 \\
 v_3 &= 260.058 \\
 v_4 &= 305.029
 \end{aligned}$$

V

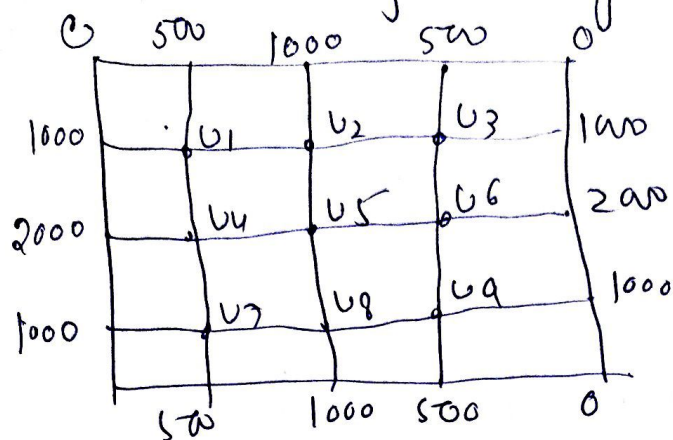
$$\begin{aligned}
 v_1 &= 255.029 \\
 v_2 &= 265.014 \\
 v_3 &= 265.014 \\
 v_4 &= 307.507
 \end{aligned}$$

//

Ques 3.

3

Solve following boundary value problem (BVP)



Soln:- let interiors are $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5, u_6, u_7, u_8, u_9$

By symmetry

$$u_1 = u_3 = u_7 = u_9$$

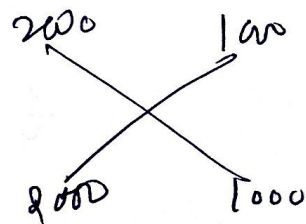
$$u_2 = u_8$$

$$u_4 = u_6$$

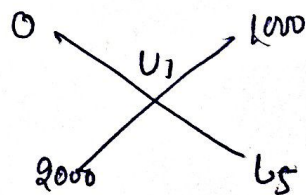
\therefore we have to calculate u_1, u_2, u_4 and u_5 only

By cross averaging formula

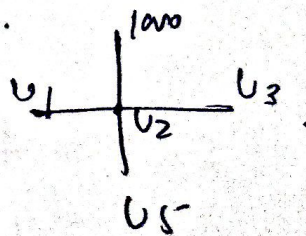
$$u_5 = \frac{1}{4} [2000 + 1000 + 1000 + 2000] \\ = 1500$$



$$u_1 = \frac{1}{4} [0 + u_5 + 2000 + 1000] \\ = \frac{1}{4} [1500 + 2000 + 1000] = 1125$$



$$u_2 = \frac{1}{4} [u_1 + 1000 + u_3 + u_5] \\ = \frac{1}{4} [1125 + 1000 + 1125 + 1500] \\ = 1167.5$$



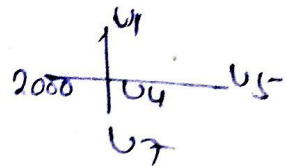
(4)

Cross averaging formula,

$$v_4 = \frac{1}{4} [2000 + v_1 + v_5 + v_7]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [2000 + 1125 + 1500 + 1125]$$

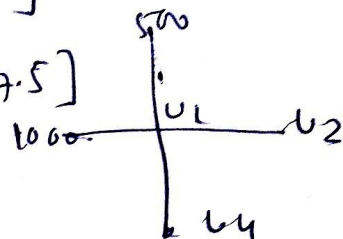
$$= 1437.5$$

as $v_7 = v_1$ 1) Iteration Use cross averaging formula: -

$$v_1 = \frac{1}{4} [1000 + 500 + v_2 + v_4]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [1000 + 500 + 1187.5 + 1437.5]$$

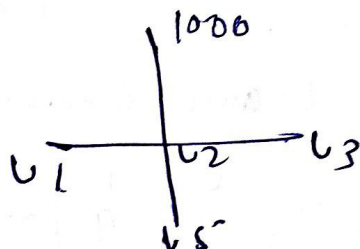
$$= 1031.25$$



$$v_2 = \frac{1}{4} [v_1 + 1000 + v_3 + v_5]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [1031.25 + 1000 + 1031.25 + 1500]$$

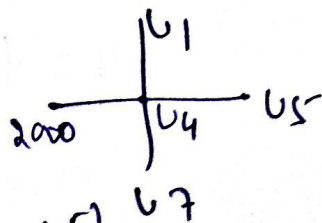
$$= \frac{1}{4} [4562.5] = 1140.5$$



$$v_4 = \frac{1}{4} [2000 + v_1 + v_5 + v_7]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [2000 + 1031.25 + 1500 + 1031.25]$$

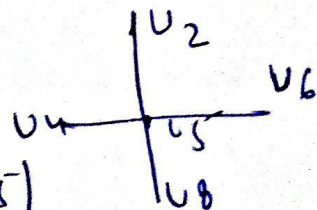
$$= 1390.63$$

 $v_7 = v_1$

$$v_5 = \frac{1}{4} [v_4 + v_2 + v_6 + v_8]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} [1390.63 + 1140.5 + 1390.63 + 1140.5]$$

$$= 1265.63$$



III iteration!

(5)

$$\begin{aligned} u_1 &= \frac{1}{4} [1000 + 500 + u_2 + u_4] \\ &= \frac{1}{4} [1000 + 500 + 1140.5 + 1390.63] \\ &= 1007.8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_2 &= \frac{1}{4} [u_1 + 1000 + u_3 + u_5] \\ &= 1070.307 \end{aligned}$$

$$u_4 = 1320.807$$

$$u_5 = 1195.307$$

IV :-

$$u_1 = 972.1$$

$$u_2 = 1035.3$$

$$u_4 = 1285.2$$

$$u_5 = 1160.2$$

V :-

$$u_1 = 955.1$$

$$u_2 = 1017.6$$

$$u_4 = 1267.63$$

$$u_5 = 1142.60$$

Ans By Leibmann iteration method solve the elliptic equation.

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0 \quad \text{Satisfy the following}$$

Boundaries

(a) $u(x, y) = 0$ for $0 \leq y \leq 4$

(b) $u(y, y) = 12 + y$ for $0 \leq y \leq 4$

(c) $u(x, 0) = 3x$ for $0 \leq x \leq 4$

(d) $u(x, 4) = x^2$ for $0 \leq x \leq 4$.

Soln -

8

Here

$$v(0, y) = 0$$

means $x=0$ then $v=0$

$$v(4, y) = 12 + y \quad ; 0 \leq y \leq 4$$

means $x=4$ & $v=12+y$
for 4 equal parts i.e. $h=1, k=1$.

When $x=4, y=1$

$$v(4, 1) = 13$$

$$x=4, y=2 \quad v(4, 2) = 14$$

$$x=4, y=3 \quad v(4, 3) = 15$$

$$x=4, y=4 \quad v(4, 4) = 16$$

$$\text{When } y=0, v(4, 0) = 12$$

Hence 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, are the boundary values on the 4th Column.

$$\text{Next } v(x, 0) = 3x \quad \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 4$$

when $y=0, x=0$

$$v(0, 0) = 0$$

$y=0, x=1$

$$v(1, 0) = 3$$

$$v(2, 0) = 6$$

$$v(3, 0) = 9$$

$$v(4, 0) = 12$$

The boundary values on first row are 0, 3, 6, 9, 12

Next - Boundary Condition.

$$v(x, y) = x^2 \quad \text{or} \quad 0 \leq x \leq 4$$

When $y=4, x=0$ $v(0, 4) = 0$.

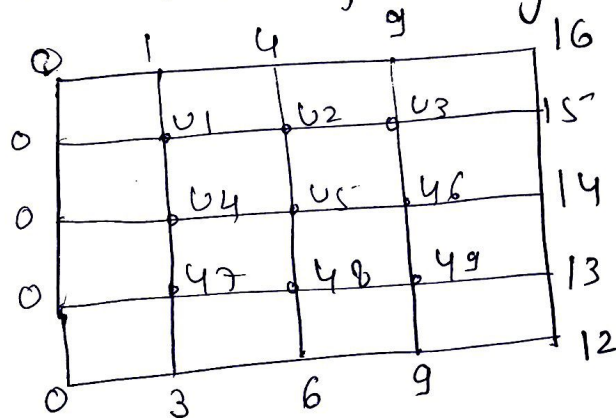
$y=4, x=1$ $v(1, 4) = 1$

$y=4, x=2$ $v(2, 4) = 4$

$y=4, x=3$ $v(3, 4) = 9$

\therefore The boundary values on fourth row are
0, 1, 4, 9.

Hence we get following figure



now start the iteration to find the solution
upto (4 iteration)

After 4th iteration Ans! - $U_1 = 2.37$

$$U_2 = 5.59$$

$$U_3 = 9.87$$

$$U_4 = 2.88$$

$$U_5 = 6.13$$

$$U_6 = 9.88$$

$$U_7 = 3.07$$

$$U_8 = 6.16$$

$$U_9 = 9.51$$