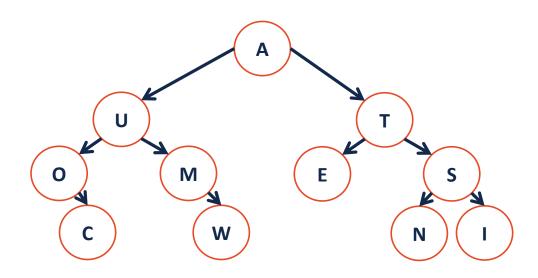
CS 225

Data Structures

March 8 – Binary Search Tree (BST)

G Carl Evans

Search Running Times on a Binary Tree



Dictionary ADT

Data is often organized into key/value pairs:

```
Word → Definition

Course Number → Lecture/Lab Schedule

Node → Incident Edges

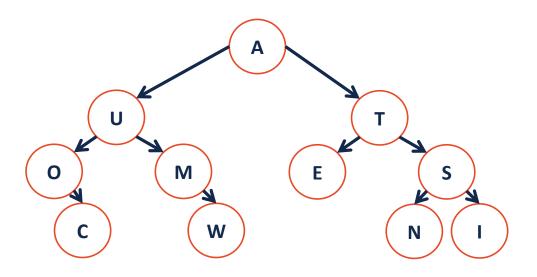
Flight Number → Arrival Information

URL → HTML Page
```

Dictionary.h

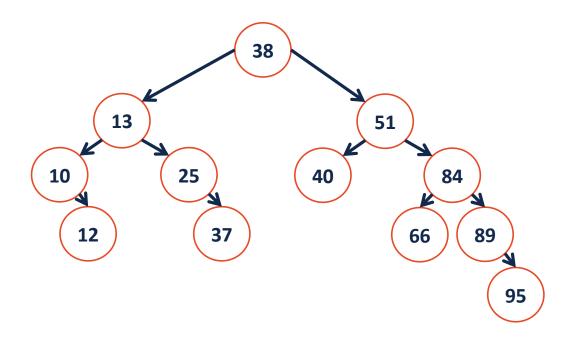
```
#pragma once
 2
 3
   class Dictionary {
 5
     public:
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
     private:
16
17
18
19
   };
20
   #endif
21
22
```

Binary Tree as a Search Structure



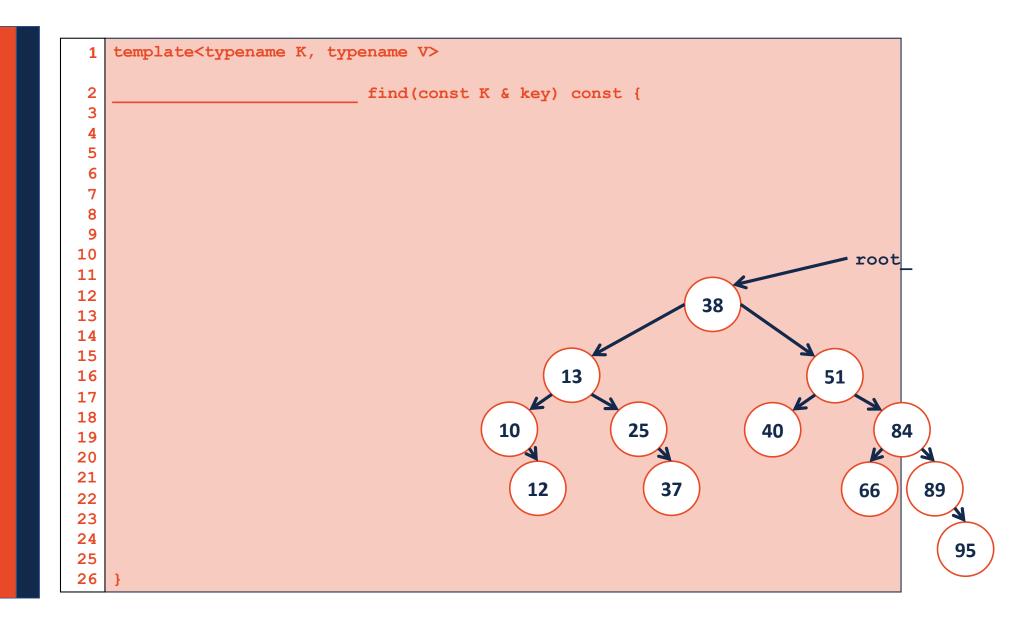
Binary _____ Tree (BST)

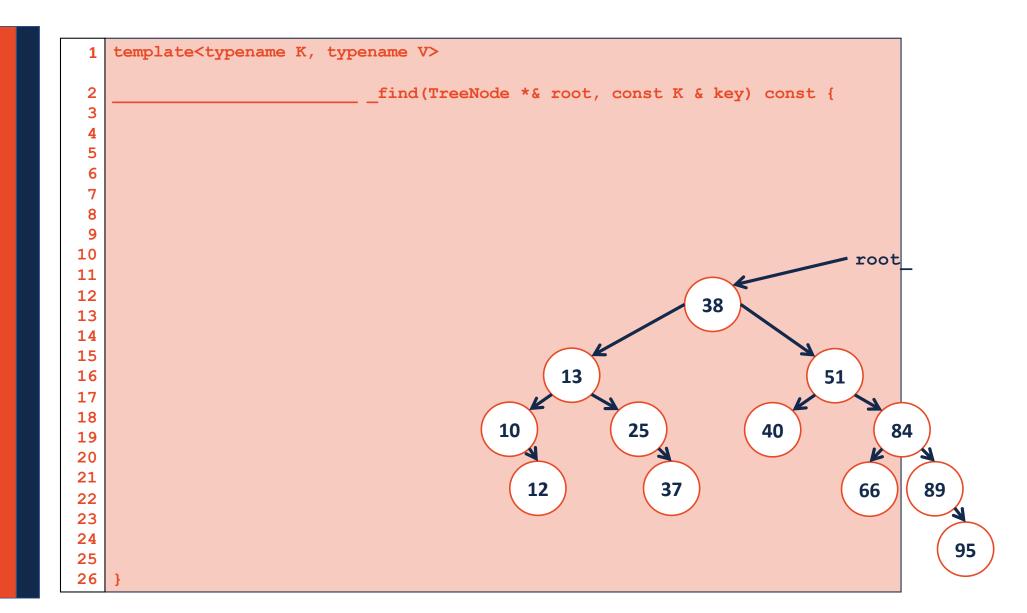
A **BST** is a binary tree **T** such that:

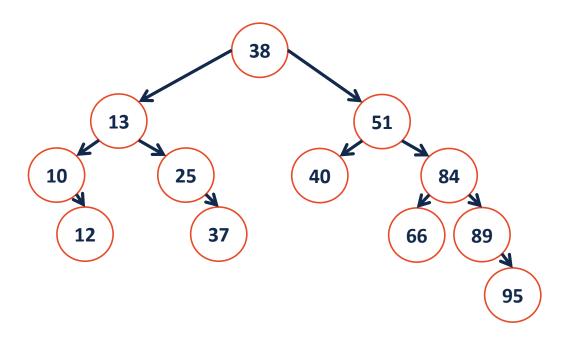


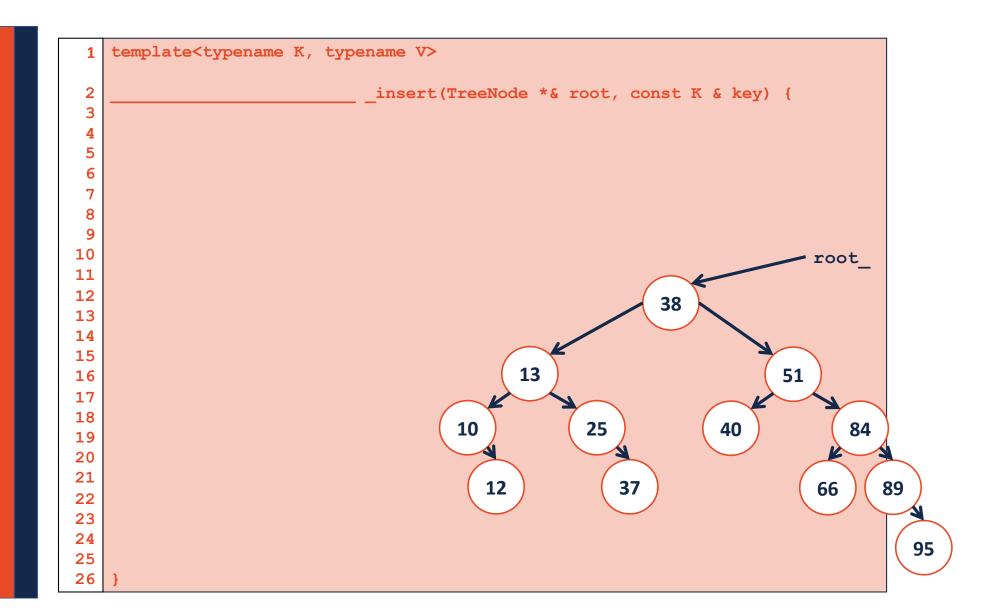
BST.h

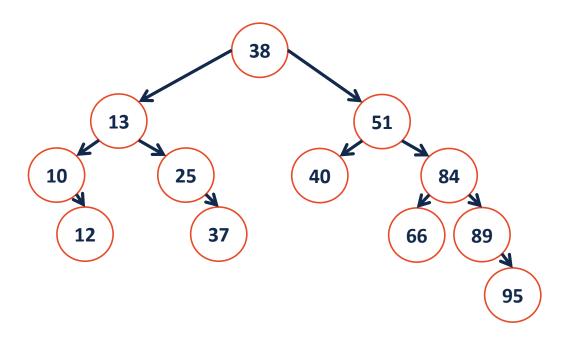
```
#pragma once
 2
   template <typename K, typename V>
   class BST {
     public:
 5
       BST();
       void insert(const K key, V value);
       V remove(const K & key);
 8
 9
       V find(const K & key) const;
       TreeIterator traverse() const;
10
11
12
     private:
13
       struct TreeNode {
14
          TreeNode *left, *right;
15
          K & key;
16
          V & value;
17
          TreeNode(K & k, V & v) : key(k), value(v), left(NULL),
18
             right(NULL) { }
19
       };
20
21
       TreeNode *head ;
22 };
```

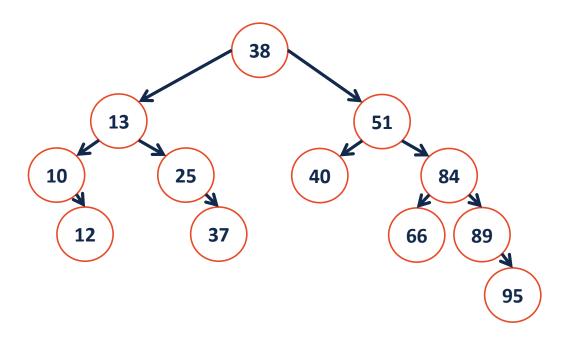


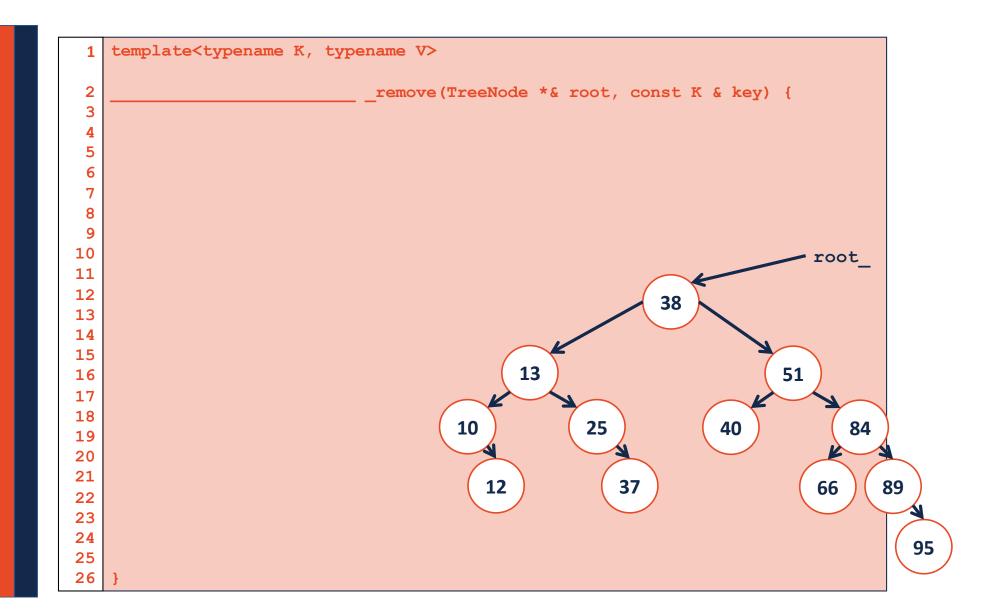


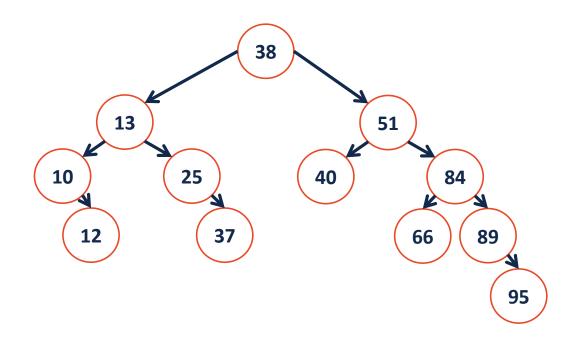




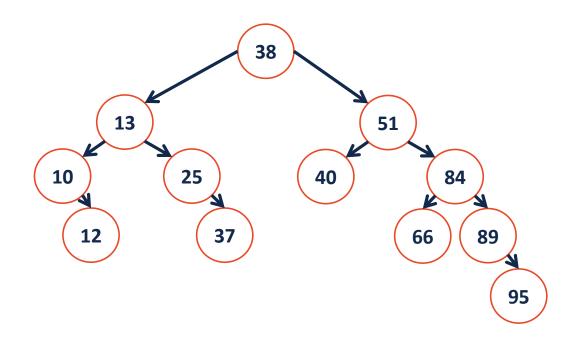




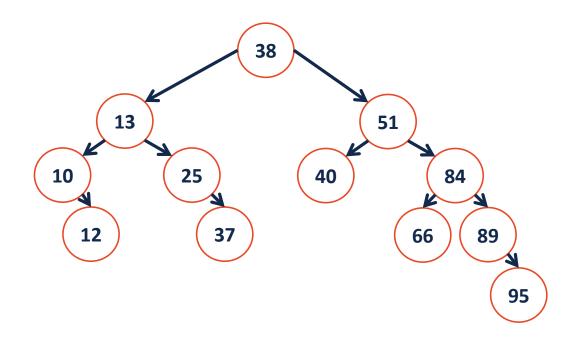




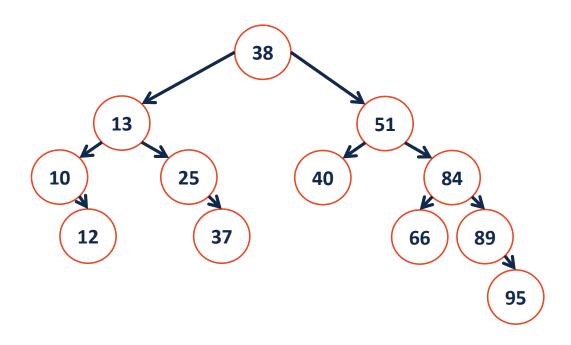
remove(40);



remove(25);



remove(10);



remove(13);