

CS 559 - HW2

$$Q1) \quad y(x, w) = w_0 + w_1 x + w_2 x^2 + \dots + w_m x^m = \sum_{j=0}^m w_j x^j \quad (1)$$

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N [y(x_n, w) - t_n]^2 \quad (2)$$

Substituting (1) in (2), we get.

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \left[\sum_{j=0}^m w_j x_n^j - t_n \right]^2$$

Differentiating w.r.t. w_i then,

$$0 = \frac{2}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \left[\sum_{j=0}^m w_j x_n^j - t_n \right] x_n^i$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^N \left[\sum_{j=0}^m w_j x_n^j - t_n \right] x_n^i = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{j=0}^m w_j x_n^{i+j} = \sum_{n=1}^N t_n x_n^i$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{j=0}^m \left[\sum_{n=1}^N x_n^{i+j} \right] w_j = \sum_{n=1}^N t_n x_n^i$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{j=0}^m A_{ij} w_j = T_i$$

$$A_{ij} = \sum_{n=1}^N x_n^{i+j}, \quad T_i = \sum_{n=1}^N t_n x_n^i$$

The solⁿ of the set of linear eq. is

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{j=0}^M A_{ij} w_j = T_i \quad (3)$$

For the regularized sum of squares of error function. The corresponding linear eq. are obtained by differentiation.

Replace A_{ij} by $\tilde{A}_{ij} = A_{ij} + \lambda I_{ij}$ in eq. (3),

$$\sum_{j=0}^M \tilde{A}_{ij} w_j = T_i$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^M (A_{ij} + \lambda I_{ij}) w_j = T_i$$

Q2)

$$S_B = (m_2 - m_1)(m_2 - m_1)^T$$

$$S_W = \sum_{n \in C_1} (x_n - m_1)(x_n - m_1)^T + \sum_{n \in C_2} (x_n - m_2)(x_n - m_2)^T$$

$$w_0 = -w^T m, \quad \sum_{n=1}^N (w^T x_n + w_0 - t_n) x_n = 0$$

$$\therefore \left(S_W + \frac{N_1 N_2}{N} S_B \right) w = N(m_1 - m_2).$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_W^2 &= \sum_{x \in C_1} w^T (x - m_1)(x - m_1)^T w + \sum_{x \in C_2} w^T (x - m_2)(x - m_2)^T w \\ &= \underline{w^T S_1 w + w^T S_2 w} \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore S_w$ comes out to be

$$S_w = \underline{\underline{w^T S_w w}}$$

$$\text{III}^{\text{ly}} \quad (m_2 - m_1)^2 = \underline{\underline{w^T S_B w}}$$

$$\text{where } S_B = (m_2 - m_1)(m_2 - m_1)^T$$

$$J(w) = \frac{w^T S_B w}{w^T S_w w} \quad \text{and hence,}$$

$$(w^T S_B w) S_w w = (w^T S_w w) S_B w$$

$$\therefore S_B w = (m_1 - m_2)(m_1 - m_2)^T w \quad \text{where}$$

$(m_1 - m_2)^T w$ is a scalar and always in the dirⁿ of $(m_1 - m_2)$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{w \propto S_w^{-1} (m_2 - m_1)}}$$