

Assignment 9: Graph Traversals

2PM – 5PM

22ND MARCH, 2022

General Instructions (to be followed strictly)

Submit a single C/C++ source file.
Do not use global variables unless you are explicitly instructed so.
Do not use Standard Template Library (STL) of C++.
Use proper indentation in your code and include comments.
Name your file as `<roll_no>_a9.<extn>`

Write your name, roll number, and assignment number at the beginning of your program.

In today's assignment, we solve some problems concerning an undirected graph $G = (V, E)$ using depth-first search (DFS).

Write a function *read_graph* that reads a graph with n vertices and e edges from the user. The vertices of the graph will be numbered $0, 1, \dots, n-1$. Read the edges as follows. For each $i = 0, 1, \dots, n$, read the vertices connected to i via an edge, with input -1 indicating end of the list. Use the *adjacency list* representation to store the graph. Solve the following problems on the input graph. Note that the input graph may not be connected.

- (a) Suppose that vertices of the input graph represent different classes/lectures and the presence of an edge between two vertices indicates that the two corresponding classes have common students. Suppose that each class runs for 3 hours and there are exactly two 3-hour slots in a day – one in the morning and the other in the afternoon. A class schedule for a day is called *conflict-free* if classes can be scheduled in a way that no student misses any class (s)he has enrolled in. Write a function *exists_schedule* to determine whether or not there exists a conflict-free schedule. Your algorithm must run in $O(n + e)$ time.
- (b) *Removal* of a vertex v from G results in a graph H which is similar to G except that it does not contain v and all the edges of G incident on v . A *trivial vertex* is a vertex whose removal does not disconnect the graph (or does not increase the number of disconnected components in the graph). Design an $O(n + e)$ -time algorithm that finds all the trivial vertices of G . Write a function *find_trivial* that implements the algorithm and also prints all the trivial vertices.

In the *main()* function,

- Read n, e and call *read_graph*.
- Call *exists_schedule* and print whether or not there exists a conflict-free class schedule.
- Call *find_trivial*.

Do not use any built-in library functions.

- **Sample Output 1**

```
n = 9
e = 10
```

```
Reading edges...
```

```
0: 6 -1
1: 2 8 -1
2: 1 5 6 7 -1
3: 4 -1
4: 3 5 -1
5: 2 4 7 -1
6: 0 2 8 -1
7: 2 5 -1
8: 1 6 -1
```

```
There exists no conflict-free schedule.
```

```
The trivial vertices of the graph are:
0 1 3 7 8
```

- **Sample Output 2**

```
n = 8
e = 9
```

```
0: 2 3 5 -1
1: 3 -1
2: 0 6 -1
3: 0 1 7 -1
4: 5 -1
5: 0 4 6 7 -1
6: 2 5 -1
7: 3 5 -1
```

```
There exists a conflict-free schedule.
```

```
Trivial vertices of the graph are:
0 1 2 4 6 7
```

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