Name:-Harshal Patil

PRN:-202401070048

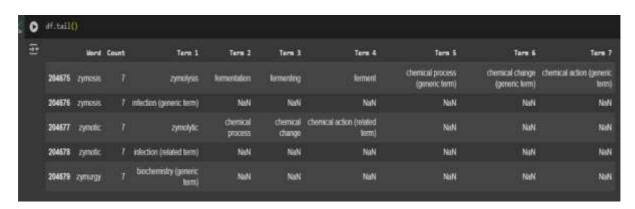
Roll no:-ET1-37

Dataset:-WordNet

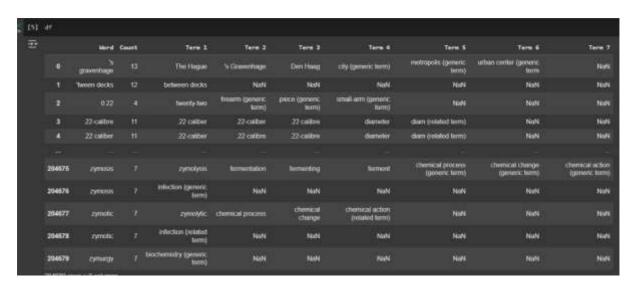
1. Display 1st five rows of the data set



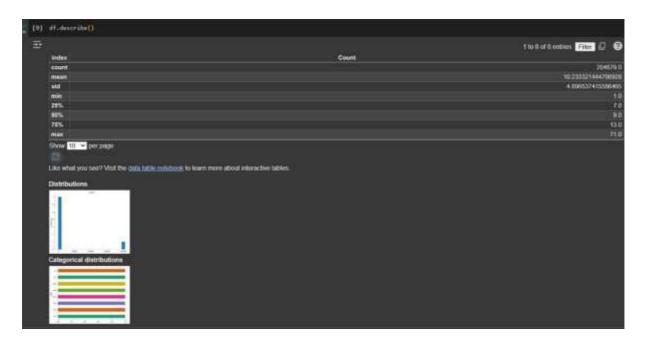
2. Display last 5 rows of the data set



3. Easy to analyze, filter, and visualize large datasets.



4. To describe the dataset



5. To display information about dataset

```
(11] df.info()

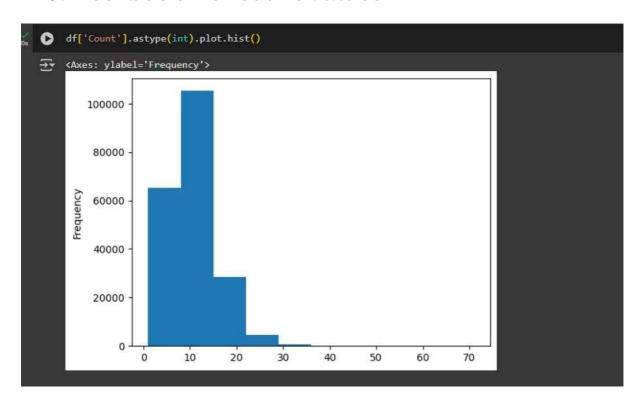
Cclass 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 204679 entries, 0 to 204679

Data columns (total 9 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype

    **Burney Non-Null Count Dtype

    **Burney Non-Null object
    **Count 204679 non-null int64
    **Z Term 1 204679 non-null object
    **J Term 2 178804 non-null object
    **J Term 3 140133 non-null object
    **J Term 4 93700 non-null object
    **S Term 4 93700 non-null object
    **T Term 6 38155 non-null object
    **J Term 7 24151 non-null object
    **S Term 8 38155 non-null object
    **S Term 9 24151 non-null object
    **S Term
```

6. Distribution of count values

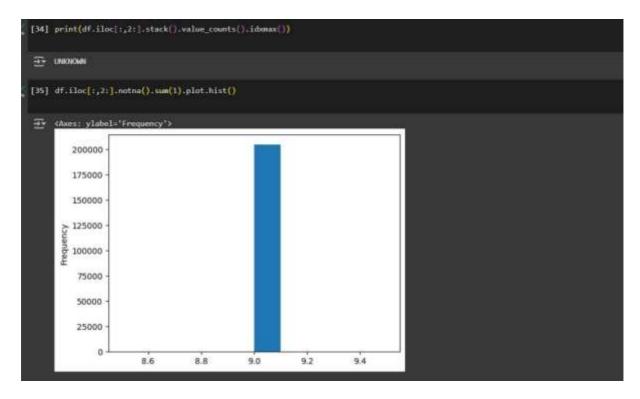


7. To clean the data by removing missing translation

```
[6] df.dropna(subset=['Term 1'], inplace=True)
print(df[['Word', 'Term 1']].head())

Word Term 1
0 's gravenhage The Hague
1 'tween decks between decks
2 0.22 twenty-two
3 .22-calibre .22 caliber
4 .22 caliber .22-caliber
```

- 8. Find the most common value in the columns
- 9. To plot a histogram showing how many non missings entries each row



- 10. To find the cell that has shortest text length
- 11. To find rows where there is only 0-1non null value

```
[30] print(df.iloc[:,2:].stack().dropna().str.len().idxmin())

The important of the importa
```

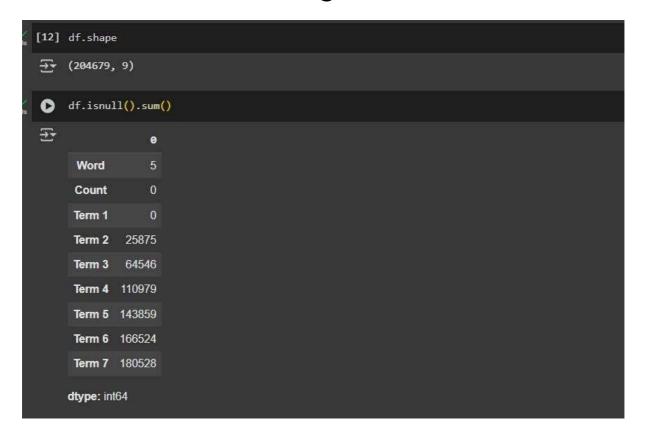
- 12. Display first 5 rows of the columns
- 13. counts how many times the 'Word' column has duplicate entries.

- 14. counts the number of missing (NaN) values in each column
- 15. counts how many rows have *all* values missing across the selected columns

randomly inspecting 5 words and their related terms



- 17. returns the **shape** of the DataFrame
- 18. checks for missing values



19. calculates the **length** of each string in the **Word** column.

```
[29] print(df.loc[df['Word'].str.len().idxmax(), 'Word'])

blood-oxygenation level dependent functional magnetic resonance imaging
```

20. selects all **columns starting from the 3rd column** onward

```
[28] print((df.iloc[:,2:].isna().all(1)).sum())

= 0
```