

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  #define MAX_STRING_LENGTH 512
4
5  int main(void)
6  {
7      //variable declaraions
8
9      // *** A 'STRING' IS AN ARRAY OF CHARACTERS ... so char[] IS A char ARRAY AND
      HENCE, char[] IS A 'STRING' ***
10     // *** AN ARRAY OF char ARRAYS IS AN ARRAY OF STRINGS !!! ***
11     // *** HENCE, char[] IS ONE char ARRAY AND HENCE, IS ONE STRING ***
12     // *** HENCE, char[][] IS AN ARRAY OF char ARRAYS AND HENCE, IS AN ARRAY OF
      STRINGS ***
13
14     //Here, the string array can allow a maximum number of 5 strings (5 rows) and
      each of these 5 strings can have only upto 10 characters maximum (10
      columns)
15     char strArray[5][10]; // 5 ROWS (0, 1, 2, 3, 4) -> 5 STRINGS (EACH STRING CAN
      HAVE A MAXIMUM OF 10 CHARACTERS)
16     int char_size;
17     int strArray_size;
18     int strArray_num_elements, strArray_num_rows, strArray_num_columns;
19     int i;
20
21     //code
22     printf("\n\n");
23
24     char_size = sizeof(char);
25
26     strArray_size = sizeof(strArray);
27     printf("Size Of Two Dimensional ( 2D ) Character Array (String Array) Is = %d
      \n\n", strArray_size);
28
29     strArray_num_rows = strArray_size / sizeof(strArray[0]);
30     printf("Number of Rows (Strings) In Two Dimensional ( 2D ) Character Array
      (String Array) Is = %d\n\n", strArray_num_rows);
31
32     strArray_num_columns = sizeof(strArray[0]) / char_size;
33     printf("Number of Columns In Two Dimensional ( 2D ) Character Array (String
      Array) Is = %d\n\n", strArray_num_columns);
34
35     strArray_num_elements = strArray_num_rows * strArray_num_columns;
36     printf("Maximum Number of Elements (Characters) In Two Dimensional ( 2D )
      Character Array (String Array) Is = %d\n\n", strArray_num_elements);
37
38     // *** PIECE-MEAL ASSIGNMENT ***
39     // ***** ROW 1 / STRING 1 *****
40     strArray[0][0] = 'M';
41     strArray[0][1] = 'y';
42     strArray[0][2] = '\0'; //NULL-TERMINATING CHARACTER
43
```

```
44 // ***** ROW 2 / STRING 2 *****
45 strArray[1][0] = 'N';
46 strArray[1][1] = 'a';
47 strArray[1][2] = 'm';
48 strArray[1][3] = 'e';
49 strArray[1][4] = '\0'; //NULL-TERMINATING CHARACTER
50
51 // ***** ROW 3 / STRING 3 *****
52 strArray[2][0] = 'I';
53 strArray[2][1] = 's';
54 strArray[2][2] = '\0'; //NULL-TERMINATING CHARACTER
55
56 // ***** ROW 4 / STRING 4 *****
57 strArray[3][0] = 'P';
58 strArray[3][1] = 'r';
59 strArray[3][2] = 'a';
60 strArray[3][3] = 'd';
61 strArray[3][4] = 'n';
62 strArray[3][5] = 'y';
63 strArray[3][6] = 'a';
64 strArray[3][7] = '\0'; //NULL-TERMINATING CHARACTER
65
66 // ***** ROW 5 / STRING 5 *****
67 strArray[4][0] = 'G';
68 strArray[4][1] = 'o';
69 strArray[4][2] = 'k';
70 strArray[4][3] = 'h';
71 strArray[4][4] = 'a';
72 strArray[4][5] = 'l';
73 strArray[4][6] = 'e';
74 strArray[4][7] = '\0'; //NULL-TERMINATING CHARACTER
75
76 printf("\n\n");
77 printf("The Strings In the 2D Character Array Are : \n\n");
78
79 for (i = 0; i < strArray_num_rows; i++)
80     printf("%s ", strArray[i]);
81
82 printf("\n\n");
83
84 return(0);
85 }
86
87 int MyStrlen(char str[])
88 {
89     //variable declarations
90     int j;
91     int string_length = 0;
92
93     //code
94     // *** DETERMINING EXACT LENGTH OF THE STRING, BY DETECTING THE FIRST
        OCCURENCE OF NULL-TERMINATING CHARACTER ( \0 ) ***
```

```
95     for (j = 0; j < MAX_STRING_LENGTH; j++)
96     {
97         if (str[j] == '\0')
98             break;
99         else
100             string_length++;
101     }
102     return(string_length);
103 }
104
```