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10. Illustrate the concept of inter-process communication using message queue with a C program.

Aim:

To implement inter-process communication (IPC) using message queues in C.

Algorithm:

- 1. Create a message queue using msgget().
- 2. Send a message to the queue using msgsnd().
- 3. Receive the message from the queue using msgrcv().
- 4. Display the received message.
- 5. Terminate the processes and clean up the resources.

Procedure:

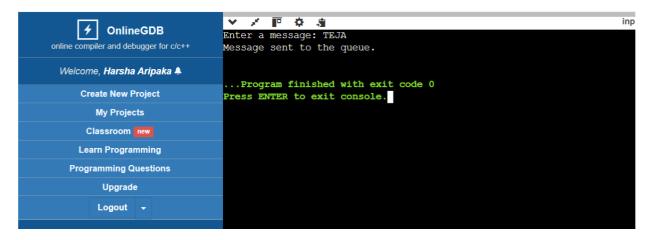
- 1. Create a message queue with a unique key.
- 2. Define a structure for the message.
- 3. Use msgsnd() in the sender process to send a message to the queue.
- 4. Use msgrcv() in the receiver process to read the message from the queue.
- 5. Display the received message.
- 6. Clean up by removing the message queue when no longer needed.

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
#define MSG_SIZE 1024
struct msg_buffer {
 long msg_type;
 char msg_text[MSG_SIZE];
};
int main() {
 key_t key = 1234;
 int msgid;
 struct msg_buffer message;
 msgid = msgget(key, 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
 message.msg_type = 1;
 printf("Enter a message: ");
 fgets(message.msg_text, MSG_SIZE, stdin);
 msgsnd(msgid, &message, sizeof(message), 0);
 printf("Message sent to the queue.\n");
 return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:



Result:					
The C program successfully demonstrates inter-process communication using messag queues. The sender process sends a message to the message queue, and the receiver process retrieves and displays the message from the queue.					