

Assignment - 3

POMDP

Roll Nos.: 2019101086 and 2019101105

Introduction

Cells and states in POMDP

(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)
(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)

Total number of states : 128 (Agent position (2*4) x Target position (2*4) x Call (True/ False))
Each state is mapped to a number:

$$\begin{aligned} & Call \\ + & Target_{position_column} * 2 \\ + & Target_{position_row} * 8 \\ + & Agent_{position_column} * 16 \\ + & Agent_{position_row} * 64 \end{aligned}$$

Q1:

Given Target is in (1,0) and Observation is o6. The target is not in the one-cell neighborhood of the agent.

Possible positions for Agent are (0,1) ,(1,2) , (0,2) ,(1,3) ,(0,3)

Number of possible states = (Number of positions of target = 1) * (Number of positions of agent = 5) * (Number of values of call = 2 (T/ F)) = 10

All the ten states are equiprobable.

Initial Belief state:

States

((0,1) , (1,0) , 1),

((0,1) , (1,0) , 0),
((0,2) , (1,0) , 1),
((0,2) , (1,0) , 0),
((0,3) , (1,0) , 1),
((0,3) , (1,0) , 0),
((1,2) , (1,0) , 1),
((1,2) , (1,0) , 0),
((1,3) , (1,0) , 1),
((1,3) , (1,0) , 1)

have belief value 0.1 and the remaining states have belief value 0.

Q2:

Given Agent is in (1, 1) and Target is in the one-cell neighborhood, i.e., four possible states for the neighborhood are (1, 1), (1, 0), (0, 1), (1, 2), and given target in not making a call, so the number of possible states is $1*4*1 = 4$.

The states

((1,1) , (1,1), 0),

((1,1) , (1,0), 0),

((1,1) , (0,1), 0),

((1,1) , (1,2), 0)

Have value 0.25. Other states will have a belief value as 0

Q3:

Expectations were calculated using **pomdsim** command with arguments **--simLen 100** and **--simNum 1000** using the generated .pomdp and .policy files.

The expected value for Q1: **14.2337**

The expected value for Q2: **28.3098**

Q1:

```
~/I/S/M/A/part2 >>> ../sarsop/src/pomdp sim --simLen 100 --simNum 1000 --policy-file out.policy 20191010186_2019101105.pomdp
```

Loading the model ...
input file : 20191010186_2019101105.pomdp

Loading the policy ...
input file : out.policy

Simulating ...
action selection : one-step look ahead

#Simulations	Exp Total Reward
100	13.8989
200	14.1858
300	14.6717
400	14.4178
500	14.3882
600	14.2027
700	14.366
800	14.3045
900	14.3179
1000	14.2337

Finishing ...

#Simulations	Exp Total Reward	95% Confidence Interval
1000	14.2337	(13.5295, 14.9378)

Q2:

```
~/I/S/M/A/part2 >>> ../sarsop/src/pomdp sim --simLen 100 --simNum 1000 --policy-file out.policy q2.pomdp
```

Loading the model ...
input file : q2.pomdp

Loading the policy ...
input file : out.policy

Simulating ...
action selection : one-step look ahead

#Simulations	Exp Total Reward
100	28.7763
200	29.0511
300	28.8957
400	28.3778
500	28.4331
600	28.5954
700	28.655
800	28.42
900	28.2621
1000	28.3098

Finishing ...

#Simulations	Exp Total Reward	95% Confidence Interval
1000	28.3098	(27.6177, 29.0018)

Q4:

- The Agent is in (0,0) with a probability of 0.4
 - The Target is in (0,1) with a probability of 0.25
 - The observation is o2 with a probability of 1.0
 - This probability of o2, in this case, is $0.25 * 0.4 = 0.1$
 - The Target is in (0,2) with a probability of 0.25
 - The observation is o6 with a probability of 1.0
 - This probability of o6, in this case, is $0.25 * 0.4 = 0.1$
 - The Target is in (1,1) with a probability of 0.25
 - The observation is o6 with a probability of 1.0
 - This probability of o6, in this case, is $0.25 * 0.4 = 0.1$
 - The Target is in (1,2) with a probability of 0.25
 - The observation is o6 with a probability of 1.0
 - This probability of o6, in this case, is $0.25 * 0.4 = 0.1$
- The Agent is in (1,3) with a probability of 0.6
 - The Target is in (0,1) with a probability of 0.25
 - The observation is o6 with a probability of 1.0
 - This probability of o6, in this case, is $0.25 * 0.6 = 0.15$
 - The Target is in (0,2) with a probability of 0.25
 - The observation is o6 with a probability of 1.0
 - This probability of o6, in this case, is $0.25 * 0.6 = 0.15$
 - The Target is in (1,1) with a probability of 0.25
 - The observation is o6 with a probability of 1.0
 - This probability of o6, in this case, is $0.25 * 0.6 = 0.15$
 - The Target is in (1,2) with a probability of 0.25
 - The observation is o4 with a probability of 1.0
 - This probability of o4, in this case, is $0.25 * 0.6 = 0.15$

$$o6 : 0.1 * 3 + 0.15 * 3 = 0.75$$

o4: 0.15

o2: 0.1

Observation o6 is most likely to be observed as it has the highest probability.

Q5:

```
~/I/S/M/A/part2 >>> ../sarsop/src/pomdpsol q5.pomdp

Loading the model ...
  input file   : q5.pomdp
  loading time : 0.20s

SARSOP initializing ...
  initialization time : 0.00s

-----
Time    |#Trial|#Backup|LBound  |UBound  |Precision|#Alphas|#Beliefs
-----
0       |0      |0       |11.13   |24.06   |12.93    |5       |1
0.01    |11     |51      |20.0097|20.1024 |0.0927502|30      |13
0.01    |18     |103     |20.0695|20.093  |0.0234803|52      |22
0.02    |23     |151     |20.0816|20.0912 |0.00954044|65     |31
0.02    |28     |201     |20.0855|20.0897 |0.00420003|84     |42
0.03    |32     |250     |20.0869|20.0892 |0.0022028 |93     |57
0.04    |35     |300     |20.0874|20.089  |0.00160091|109    |69
0.06    |38     |350     |20.0878|20.0888 |0.00104404|129    |84
0.06    |40     |375     |20.0879|20.0888 |0.000879535|148   |91
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SARSOP finishing ...
  target precision reached
  target precision : 0.001000
  precision reached : 0.000880

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Time    |#Trial|#Backup|LBound  |UBound  |Precision|#Alphas|#Beliefs
-----
0.06    |40     |375     |20.0879|20.0888 |0.000879535|148   |91
-----

Writing out policy ...
  output file : out.policy
```

P : Number of policy trees

$$P = |A|^N$$

N : Number of nodes in the tree

$|A|$: Number of Actions = 5

$|O|$: Number of observations = 6

T : Horizon of the POMDP = 40 from #Trial

$$N = \sum_{i=0}^{T-1} |O|^i = (|O|^T - 1) / (|O| - 1)$$

$$N = (6^{40} - 1) / (6 - 1) = 2.673498907768746813567769195315 \times 10^{30}$$

$$P = 5^{(6^{40}-1)/5}$$