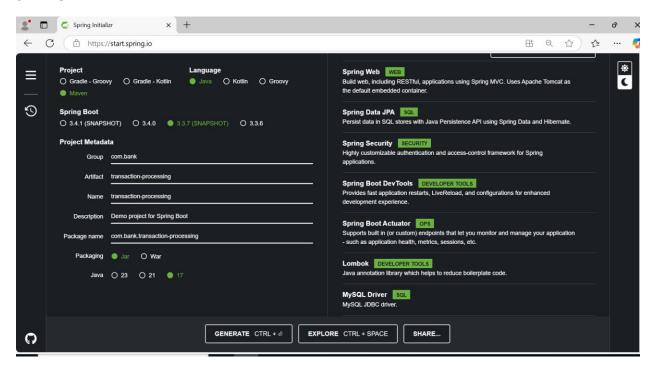
# **Banking Case Study: Real-Time Transaction Processing**

Scenario: A large, multinational bank is seeking to modernize its legacy transaction processing systems to improve efficiency, scalability, and customer experience. The bank aims to implement a real-time transaction processing system capable of handling high transaction volumes while ensuring data integrity, security, and compliance with regulatory requirements. Additionally, the bank wants to implement a robust fraud detection system to identify and prevent fraudulent activities.

#### **GitHub Link:**

harshapriyav6301/JavaCasestudy

# **SPRING INITILIZER**



# **INTELLIJ IDEA**

#### 1. TRANSACTION ENTITY:

```
package com.bank.transaction_processing;
```

```
import jakarta.persistence.Entity;
import jakarta.persistence.GeneratedValue;
import jakarta.persistence.GenerationType;
import jakarta.persistence.Id;
```

```
@Entity
public class Transaction {
```

#### @ld

@GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY) // Auto-generate the ID private Long id;

```
private String transactionType;
  private Double amount;
  // Getters and Setters
  public Long getId() {
    return id;
  }
  public void setId(Long id) {
    this.id = id;
  }
  public String getTransactionType() {
    return transactionType;
  }
  public void setTransactionType(String transactionType) {
    this.transactionType = transactionType;
  }
  public Double getAmount() {
    return amount;
  }
  public void setAmount(Double amount) {
    this.amount = amount;
  }
}
    2. TRANSACTION REPOSITORY
```

```
package com.bank.transaction_processing;
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
public interface TransactionRepository extends JpaRepository<Transaction, Long> {
}
```

# 3. TRANSACTION CONTROLLER

```
package com.bank.transaction_processing;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import java.util.List;
```

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/transactions")
public class TransactionController {
  @Autowired
  private TransactionRepository transactionRepository;
  // POST endpoint to create a new transaction
  @PostMapping
  public Transaction createTransaction(@RequestBody Transaction transaction) {
    return transactionRepository.save(transaction);
  }
  // GET endpoint to retrieve a transaction by its ID
  @GetMapping("/{id}")
  public Transaction getTransactionById(@PathVariable Long id) {
    return transactionRepository.findById(id).orElse(null);
  }
  // GET endpoint to retrieve a list of all transactions
  @GetMapping
  public List<Transaction> getAllTransactions() {
    return transactionRepository.findAll();
  }
  // PUT endpoint to update an existing transaction
  @PutMapping("/{id}")
  public Transaction updateTransaction(@PathVariable Long id, @RequestBody Transaction updatedTransaction) {
    return transactionRepository.findById(id)
         .map(transaction -> {
           // Update fields with the new values from updatedTransaction
           transaction.setTransactionType(updatedTransaction.getTransactionType());
           transaction.setAmount(updatedTransaction.getAmount());
           // Save the updated transaction
           return transactionRepository.save(transaction);
         })
         .orElse(null); // If not found, return null
  }
  // DELETE endpoint to delete a transaction by its ID
  @DeleteMapping("/{id}")
  public void deleteTransaction(@PathVariable Long id) {
    transactionRepository.deleteById(id);
  }
}
```

## 4. APPLICATION.YML

spring:

datasource:

url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/bank\_db

username: root password: abcd

jpa:

hibernate:

ddl-auto: update

### **OUTPUTS**

