

# Software Requirements Specification for SFWRENG 4G06: subtitle describing software

Team 28, Cowvolution Minds

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## Revision History

Date	Version	Notes
Date 1	1.0	Notes
Date 2	1.1	Notes

# **1 Purpose of the Project**

## **1.1 User Business**

*Insert your content here.*

## **1.2 Goals of the Project**

*Insert your content here.*

# **2 Stakeholders**

## **2.1 Client**

*Insert your content here.*

## **2.2 Customer**

*Insert your content here.*

## **2.3 Other Stakeholders**

*Insert your content here.*

## **2.4 Hands-On Users of the Project**

*Insert your content here.*

## **2.5 Personas**

*Insert your content here.*

## **2.6 Priorities Assigned to Users**

*Insert your content here.*

## **2.7 User Participation**

*Insert your content here.*

## **2.8 Maintenance Users and Service Technicians**

*Insert your content here.*

# **3 Mandated Constraints**

## **3.1 Solution Constraints**

*Insert your content here.*

## **3.2 Implementation Environment of the Current System**

*Insert your content here.*

## **3.3 Partner or Collaborative Applications**

*Insert your content here.*

## **3.4 Off-the-Shelf Software**

*Insert your content here.*

## **3.5 Anticipated Workplace Environment**

*Insert your content here.*

## **3.6 Schedule Constraints**

*Insert your content here.*

## **3.7 Budget Constraints**

*Insert your content here.*



### **3.8 Enterprise Constraints**

*Insert your content here.*

## **4 Naming Conventions and Terminology**

### **4.1 Glossary of All Terms, Including Acronyms, Used by Stakeholders involved in the Project**

*Insert your content here.*

## **5 Relevant Facts And Assumptions**

### **5.1 Relevant Facts**

*Insert your content here.*

### **5.2 Business Rules**

*Insert your content here.*

### **5.3 Assumptions**

*Insert your content here.*

## **6 The Scope of the Work**

### **6.1 The Current Situation**

The current state of dairy farming presents challenges in efficiently predicting the health, productivity, and breeding outcomes of cattle. Farmers typically rely on historical records, but the analysis is done manually, often leading to reactive management. The existing systems do not utilize advanced technologies such as machine learning for predictive analytics. As a result, there is limited proactive management regarding milk production, breeding success, and herd longevity, which directly impacts farm profitability and sustainability.

The current solution environment lacks integration of large datasets from multiple sources, such as individual cow health records, breeding history, and environmental conditions, into a single system that can offer actionable predictions.

## **6.2 The Context of the Work**

This project aims to develop a machine learning model that will leverage historical herd data to predict important traits such as milk yield, breeding success rates, and the likelihood of a cow leaving the herd. This model will be integrated into a farm management system, providing farmers with actionable insights. The goal is to move from reactive to proactive herd management.

The model will use data such as the health, breed, and genetic history of both the mother and father to predict traits in calves. The software will be developed as part of a partnership with CATTLEytics Inc., ensuring seamless integration into their existing platform used by dairy farmers.

## **6.3 Work Partitioning**

The project will be divided into several key components:

### **1. Data Collection and Preprocessing:**

- Collection of historical data from existing systems, including cow health records, breeding data, and productivity metrics.
- Cleaning and standardizing the data for input into the machine learning model.

### **2. Model Development:**

- Designing and implementing the machine learning model for trait prediction (e.g., milk production, herd retention).
- Training and validating the model on historical datasets.
- Iterative testing and refinement.

### **3. Integration:**

- Integrating the prediction model into the CATTLEytics farm management system.
- Ensuring that outputs are presented in a user-friendly format for farmers to make decisions.

#### 4. **Testing and Validation:**

- Testing the software in real-world farm environments to validate predictions and refine the user interface.

#### 5. **Documentation and Training:**

- Providing clear documentation for users and training for farmers to effectively use the system.

## 6.4 Specifying a Business Use Case (BUC)

**Title:** Predicting Cow Traits for Optimized Herd Management

**Primary Actor:** Dairy farmer using the CATTLEytics system.

**Precondition:** The farmer has access to a herd management system integrated with the prediction model. Historical data on breeding, milk production, and herd turnover are available.

**Trigger:** The farmer initiates the model to predict the outcomes of a planned breeding or evaluates the likelihood of an existing cow leaving the herd.

**Main Success Scenario:**

1. The farmer selects cows for breeding and inputs the necessary data (e.g., parent traits).
2. The system processes the input and returns predictions for milk yield and herd retention likelihood.
3. Based on the model's predictions, the farmer makes informed decisions on breeding strategies or management actions to prevent herd loss.

**Postconditions:**

- The farmer has actionable insights to improve herd productivity and manage herd turnover proactively.

## 7 Business Data Model and Data Dictionary

### 7.1 Business Data Model

This section will be completed once the relevant data model details are available.

### 7.2 Data Dictionary

This section will be completed once the relevant data model details are available.

## 8 The Scope of the Product

### 8.1 Product Boundary

The product's primary function is to predict cow traits such as milk production, breeding success, and herd retention based on parental data. The machine learning model will integrate into a platform like CATTLEytics, and its boundaries will include:

- **Included:** The product will use historical data to generate predictive insights on milk production, breeding success rates, and herd retention likelihood. Farmers will be able to input relevant data to receive predictions.
- **Not Included:** Real-time data collection and analysis, live health monitoring, or any complex integrations with external devices (e.g., IoT sensors).

This product will focus solely on predictive analytics based on historical data and will not handle aspects like data collection or advanced herd management automation beyond providing insights.

### 8.2 Product Use Case Table

This table outlines the core use cases currently identified for the product, based on available information.

ID	Title	Actor	Description
PUC1	Predict Breeding Success	Dairy Farmer	Farmers input breeding data to get predictions on the likelihood of successful breeding.
PUC2	Forecast Milk Production	Dairy Farmer	Farmers input cow data to get a prediction of future milk production.
PUC3	Predict Herd Retention Likelihood	Dairy Farmer	Farmers receive predictions on whether cows are likely to stay in or leave the herd.

## 8.3 Individual Product Use Cases (PUC's)

### 8.3.1 PUC1: Predict Breeding Success

- **Primary Actor:** Dairy Farmer
- **Preconditions:** Farmer has historical data about cow and parental traits available for input.
- **Trigger:** The farmer initiates a request to predict breeding success.
- **Main Success Scenario:**

1. The farmer enters relevant breeding data.
  2. The system processes the input using historical records.
  3. A prediction is generated on the likelihood of breeding success.
- **Postcondition:** The farmer gets an actionable prediction to decide whether to proceed with the breeding.

### 8.3.2 PUC2: Forecast Milk Production

- **Primary Actor:** Dairy Farmer
- **Preconditions:** Historical data for milk production and parental traits is available for input.
- **Trigger:** The farmer requests a prediction for future milk production.
- **Main Success Scenario:**
  1. The farmer inputs the cow's data.
  2. The system processes the input data.
  3. A prediction on future milk production is generated.
- **Postcondition:** The farmer receives a prediction that helps in planning milk yield expectations.

### 8.3.3 PUC3: Predict Herd Retention Likelihood

- **Primary Actor:** Dairy Farmer
- **Preconditions:** Health and productivity data is available for the cows in question.
- **Trigger:** The farmer requests predictions on herd retention likelihood.
- **Main Success Scenario:**
  1. The farmer selects a cow or group of cows for analysis.
  2. The system processes the available data.
  3. A prediction is generated on whether the cows are likely to stay in or leave the herd.

- **Postcondition:** The farmer receives predictions to assist in managing herd turnover.

## 9 Functional Requirements

### 9.1 Functional Requirements

#### FR1: Predict Breeding Success

- **Description:** The system shall predict the likelihood of a successful breeding event between two cows based on input data regarding parental traits and historical breeding records.
- **Rationale:** This feature will help farmers make more informed breeding decisions, improving breeding efficiency and reducing failures.
- **Fit Criterion:** The system will output a probability of breeding success based on parental data, and this probability must be verified by comparing predicted outcomes with actual breeding success over time.

#### FR2: Forecast Milk Production

- **Description:** The system shall forecast the milk production of a cow based on historical milk yield and parental traits.
- **Rationale:** Accurate predictions of future milk yield will enable farmers to better plan for production and make decisions on herd management.
- **Fit Criterion:** The forecasted milk production must be within 10% accuracy when compared to actual milk yield over a specified period.

#### FR3: Predict Herd Retention Likelihood

- **Description:** The system shall predict the likelihood of cows leaving the herd based on health records, productivity, and other historical data.
- **Rationale:** This feature will enable farmers to proactively manage their herd, reducing unexpected departures and improving herd stability.

- **Fit Criterion:** The system will provide a prediction score (e.g., high, medium, low) for herd retention, which can be evaluated by tracking actual herd retention over a six-month period.

#### **FR4: Data Input for Predictions**

- **Description:** The system shall allow the farmer to input relevant data, such as breeding records, milk production history, and health records, into the prediction model.
- **Rationale:** To generate accurate predictions, the system requires access to a range of historical data that can be inputted by the user.
- **Fit Criterion:** The input form must successfully accept and validate required fields for at least 95% of user inputs, with clear error handling for missing or incorrect data.

#### **FR5: Report Generation**

- **Description:** The system shall generate a report summarizing predictions for breeding success, milk production, and herd retention for selected cows.
- **Rationale:** Farmers need a consolidated report that provides actionable insights based on the predictions generated by the system.
- **Fit Criterion:** The system will generate reports that can be exported to a PDF format and include all requested predictions in a structured layout.

#### **FR6: User Access Control**

- **Description:** The system shall provide secure login and role-based access control, ensuring that only authorized users can access or modify the prediction data.
- **Rationale:** Farm management data is sensitive and should only be accessible by authorized personnel.
- **Fit Criterion:** The system must enforce unique login credentials for each user and restrict access based on roles (e.g., farmer, supervisor), with at least 99% reliability in access control enforcement.



### **FR7: Integration with Farm Management System (if applicable)**

- **Description:** The system shall be designed to integrate with existing farm management platforms, such as CATTLEytics, allowing seamless data exchange.
- **Rationale:** Integration with existing platforms will enable the system to leverage historical data and provide predictions without requiring manual data entry.
- **Fit Criterion:** The system should successfully exchange data with the farm management platform 90% of the time during testing, without errors in data transmission.

## **10 Look and Feel Requirements**

### **10.1 Appearance Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **10.2 Style Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **11 Usability and Humanity Requirements**

### **11.1 Ease of Use Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **11.2 Personalization and Internationalization Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **11.3 Learning Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **11.4 Understandability and Politeness Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **11.5 Accessibility Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

# **12 Performance Requirements**

## **12.1 Speed and Latency Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **12.2 Safety-Critical Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **12.3 Precision or Accuracy Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **12.4 Robustness or Fault-Tolerance Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **12.5 Capacity Requirements**

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## **12.6 Scalability or Extensibility Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **12.7 Longevity Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **13 Operational and Environmental Requirements**

### **13.1 Expected Physical Environment**

*Insert your content here.*

### **13.2 Wider Environment Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **13.3 Requirements for Interfacing with Adjacent Systems**

*Insert your content here.*

### **13.4 Productization Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **13.5 Release Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **14 Maintainability and Support Requirements**

### **14.1 Maintenance Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **14.2 Supportability Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **14.3 Adaptability Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **15 Security Requirements**

### **15.1 Access Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **15.2 Integrity Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **15.3 Privacy Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **15.4 Audit Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **15.5 Immunity Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **16 Cultural Requirements**

### **16.1 Cultural Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **17 Compliance Requirements**

### **17.1 Legal Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

### **17.2 Standards Compliance Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **18 Open Issues**

*Insert your content here.*

## **19 Off-the-Shelf Solutions**

### **19.1 Ready-Made Products**

*Insert your content here.*

### **19.2 Reusable Components**

*Insert your content here.*

### **19.3 Products That Can Be Copied**

*Insert your content here.*

## **20 New Problems**

### **20.1 Effects on the Current Environment**

*Insert your content here.*

### **20.2 Effects on the Installed Systems**

*Insert your content here.*

### **20.3 Potential User Problems**

*Insert your content here.*

### **20.4 Limitations in the Anticipated Implementation Environment That May Inhibit the New Product**

*Insert your content here.*

## **20.5 Follow-Up Problems**

*Insert your content here.*

## **21 Tasks**

### **21.1 Project Planning**

*Insert your content here.*

### **21.2 Planning of the Development Phases**

*Insert your content here.*

## **22 Migration to the New Product**

### **22.1 Requirements for Migration to the New Product**

*Insert your content here.*

### **22.2 Data That Has to be Modified or Translated for the New System**

*Insert your content here.*

## **23 Costs**

*Insert your content here.*

## **24 User Documentation and Training**

### **24.1 User Documentation Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **24.2 Training Requirements**

*Insert your content here.*

## **25 Waiting Room**

*Insert your content here.*

## **26 Ideas for Solution**

*Insert your content here.*

## Appendix — Reflection

The information in this section will be used to evaluate the team members on the graduate attribute of Lifelong Learning. Please answer the following questions:

1. What knowledge and skills will the team collectively need to acquire to successfully complete this capstone project? Examples of possible knowledge to acquire include domain specific knowledge from the domain of your application, or software engineering knowledge, mechatronics knowledge or computer science knowledge. Skills may be related to technology, or writing, or presentation, or team management, etc. You should look to identify at least one item for each team member.
2. For each of the knowledge areas and skills identified in the previous question, what are at least two approaches to acquiring the knowledge or mastering the skill? Of the identified approaches, which will each team member pursue, and why did they make this choice?