

Refer: <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLp0ed20U4R4jkn4xYdhx3yJn5RhWECxn>

Internal Implementation of DrawingApp

```
interface DrawShape {
    draw();
}
```

```
class DrawSquare {
    draw() {
        // code
    }
}
```

Problem

```
class SquareRequest {
    DrawSquare d = new DrawSquare();
    makeRequest() {
        d.draw();
    }
}
```

← Dependent
← Dependency

On user input, we do following :

1. SquareRequest r = new SquareRequest();
2. r.makeRequest();

Problems :

1. Tightly Coupled
2. Breaks Single Responsibility Principle
3. Not good for Unit test

Solution

```
class SquareRequest {
    DrawShape d;
    SquareRequest(DrawShape d) {
        this.d = d;
    }
    makeRequest() {
        d.draw();
    }
}
```

← Dependent
← Dependency

On user input, we do following :

1. DrawShape d = new DrawSquare();
1. SquareRequest r = new SquareRequest(d)
2. r.makeRequest();

After GoogleGuice

On user input, we do following :

1. SquareRequest r = // code to instantiate SquareRequest from Guice
2. r.makeRequest();

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Scroll for details

How Guice builds object ?

When, say, TypeA is requested, it does two things :

1. Consults binding to resolve the concrete type
2. Build object of that type

→ If TypeA is an interface, then, we must have bindings for it :

```
bind(TypeA.class).to(SomeConcreteImplOfTypeA.class);
```

→ If TypeA is a concrete impl, then,

Case1 :

No bindings

Case2 :

```
bind(TypeA.class).to(SubClassOfTypeA.class);
```

Object Graph

```
SquareRequest request = injector.getInstance(SquareRequest.class);
```

```
public class SquareRequest {  
    DrawShape d;  
  
    @Inject  
    public SquareRequest(DrawShape d){  
        this.d = d;  
    }  
}
```

```
@Override  
protected void configure() {  
    bind(DrawShape.class).to(DrawSquare.class);  
    bind(String.class).annotatedWith(ColorValue.class).toInstance("Red");  
    bind(Integer.class).annotatedWith(EdgeValue.class).toInstance(40);  
}
```

```
public class DrawSquare implements DrawShape {  
    private String color;  
    private Integer edge;  
  
    @Inject  
    public DrawSquare(@ColorValue String color, @EdgeValue Integer edge) {  
        super();  
        this.color = color;  
        this.edge = edge;  
    }  
}
```

"Red"

40