# Compiler Design(18CSC304J)

## **Experiment 13**

### Computation of LR(0) Items

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Aim: A program to implement LR(0) items

Language: C++

#### Procedure:

- 1. Start.
- 2. Create structure for production with LHS and RHS.
- 3. Open file and read input from file.
- 4. Build state 0 from extra grammar Law S' -> S \$ that is all start symbol of grammar and one
- 5. Dot ( . ) before S symbol.
- 6. If Dot symbol is before a non-terminal, add grammar laws that this non-terminal is in Left
- 7. Hand Side of that Law and set Dot in before of first part of Right Hand Side.
- 8. If state exists (a state with this Laws and same Dot position), use that instead.
- 9. Now find set of terminals and non-terminals in which Dot exist in before.
- 10. If step 7 Set is non-empty go to 9, else go to 10.
- 11. For each terminal/non-terminal in set step 7 create new state by using all grammar law that
- 12.Dot position is before of that terminal/non-terminal in reference state by increasing Dot point
- 13.to next part in Right Hand Side of that laws.
- 14.Go to step 5.
- 15. End of state building.
- 16. Display the output.
- 17.End.

### **Code Snippet:**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
#include <string.h>
char prod[20][20], listofvar[26] = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR";
int novar = 1, i = 0, j = 0, k = 0, n = 0, m = 0, arr[30];
int noitem = 0;
struct Grammar
    char lhs;
    char rhs[8];
} g[20], item[20], clos[20][10];
int isvariable(char variable)
    for (int i = 0; i < novar; i++)
        if (g[i].lhs == variable)
            return i + 1;
    return 0;
void findclosure(int z, char a)
    int n = 0, i = 0, j = 0, k = 0, l = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < arr[z]; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < strlen(clos[z][i].rhs); j++)</pre>
            if (clos[z][i].rhs[j] == '.' && clos[z][i].rhs[j + 1] ==
a )
                clos[noitem][n].lhs = clos[z][i].lhs;
                strcpy(clos[noitem][n].rhs, clos[z][i].rhs);
                char temp = clos[noitem][n].rhs[j];
                clos[noitem][n].rhs[j] = clos[noitem][n].rhs[j + 1];
                clos[noitem][n].rhs[j + 1] = temp;
                n = n + 1;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < strlen(clos[noitem][i].rhs); j++)</pre>
            if (clos[noitem][i].rhs[j] == '.' && isvariable(clos[noit
em][i].rhs[j + 1]) > 0)
                for (k = 0; k < novar; k++)
                    if (clos[noitem][i].rhs[j + 1] == clos[0][k].lhs)
```

```
for (l = 0; l < n; l++)
                             if (clos[noitem][l].lhs == clos[0][k].lhs
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                                 strcmp(clos[noitem][l].rhs, clos[0][k
].rhs) == 0)
                                 break;
                        if (l == n)
                             clos[noitem][n].lhs = clos[0][k].lhs;
                             strcpy(clos[noitem][n].rhs, clos[0][k].rh
s);
                            n = n + 1;
    arr[noitem] = n;
    int flag = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < noitem; i++)
        if (arr[i] == n)
            for (j = 0; j < arr[i]; j++)
                int c = 0;
                for (k = 0; k < arr[i]; k++)
                    if (clos[noitem][k].lhs == clos[i][k].lhs &&
                        strcmp(clos[noitem][k].rhs, clos[i][k].rhs) =
= 0)
                        c = c + 1;
                if (c == arr[i])
                    flag = 1;
                    goto exit;
exit:;
    if (flag == 0)
        arr[noitem++] = n;
void main()
    clrscr();
```

```
cout << "ENTER THE PRODUCTIONS OF THE GRAMMAR(0 TO END) :\n";</pre>
    cin >> prod[i++];
} while (strcmp(prod[i - 1], "0") != 0);
for (n = 0; n < i - 1; n++)
    m = 0;
    j = novar;
    g[novar++].lhs = prod[n][0];
    for (k = 3; k < strlen(prod[n]); k++)</pre>
        if (prod[n][k] != '|')
            g[j].rhs[m++] = prod[n][k];
        if (prod[n][k] == '|')
            g[j].rhs[m] = '\0';
            m = 0;
            j = novar;
            g[novar++].lhs = prod[n][0];
for (i = 0; i < 26; i++)
    if (!isvariable(listofvar[i]))
        break:
g[0].lhs = listofvar[i];
char temp[2] = {g[1].lhs, '\0'};
strcat(g[0].rhs, temp);
cout << "\n\n augumented grammar \n";</pre>
for (i = 0; i < novar; i++)
    cout << endl</pre>
         << g[i].lhs << "->" << g[i].rhs << " ";
getch();
for (i = 0; i < novar; i++)
    clos[noitem][i].lhs = g[i].lhs;
    strcpy(clos[noitem][i].rhs, g[i].rhs);
    if (strcmp(clos[noitem][i].rhs, "ε") == 0)
        strcpy(clos[noitem][i].rhs, ".");
    else
        for (int j = strlen(clos[noitem][i].rhs) + 1; j >= 0; j--
            clos[noitem][i].rhs[j] = clos[noitem][i].rhs[j - 1];
        clos[noitem][i].rhs[0] = '.';
```

```
arr[noitem++] = novar;
for (int z = 0; z < noitem; z++)
    char list[10];
    int l = 0;
    for (j = 0; j < arr[z]; j++)
        for (k = 0; k < strlen(clos[z][j].rhs) - 1; k++)
            if (clos[z][j].rhs[k] == '.')
                for (m = 0; m < l; m++)
                     if (list[m] == clos[z][j].rhs[k + 1])
                         break;
                if (m == l)
                    list[l++] = clos[z][j].rhs[k + 1];
    for (int x = 0; x < 1; x++)
        findclosure(z, list[x]);
cout << "\n THE SET OF ITEMS ARE \n\n";</pre>
for (z = 0; z < noitem; z++)
    cout << "\n I" << z << "\n\n";</pre>
    for (j = 0; j < arr[z]; j++)
        cout << clos[z][j].lhs << "->" << clos[z][j].rhs << "\n";</pre>
    getch();
getch();
```

### **Output Screenshots:**

```
ENTER THE PRODUCTIONS OF THE GRAMMAR (0 TO END) :
E->E+T
E->T
T->T*F
T->F
F->(E)
F->i
augumented grammar
A->E
E->E+T
E->T
T->T*F
T->F
F->(E)
F->i
THE SET OF ITEMS ARE
I0
A->.E
E->.E+T
```

```
E->.T
T->.T*F
T->.F
F->.(E)
F->.i
A->E.
E->E.+T
E->T.
T->T.*F
T->F.
F->(.E)
E->.E+T
E->.T
T->.T*F
T->.F
F->.(E)
F->.i
F->i.
```

```
E->E+.T
T->.T*F
T->.F
F->.(E)
F->.i
T->T*.F
F->.(E)
F->.i
F->(E.)
E->E.+T
E->E+T.
T->T.*F
 I10
T->T*F.
 111
```

### Result:

The code was successfully implemented and output was recorded.