U23AI021

Lab assignment 04 Artificial Intelligence

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```
from collections import deque
def forward_chaining(KB, query):
    inferred = set()
    agenda = deque()
    rules = []
    for statement in KB:
         if '→' in statement:
             premise, conclusion = statement.split('→')
             premise = tuple(premise.strip().split('\Lambda'))
             rules.append((premise, conclusion.strip()))
         else:
             inferred.add(statement.strip())
             agenda.append(statement.strip())
    while agenda:
        fact = agenda.popleft()
        if fact == query:
             return True
        new facts = []
        for premise, conclusion in rules:
             if all(p in inferred for p in premise):
                 if conclusion not in inferred:
                      new facts.append(conclusion)
         for new fact in new facts:
             inferred.add(new_fact)
             agenda.append(new fact)
    return False
KB1 = \lceil "P \rightarrow 0", "L \land M \rightarrow P", "A \land B \rightarrow L", "A", "B", "M"\rceil
```

```
query1 = "Q"
print("Query Q is derived:", forward_chaining(KB1, query1))

KB2 = ["A → B", "B → C", "C → D", "E", "D ∧ E → F"]
query2 = "F"
print("Query F is derived:", forward_chaining(KB2, query2))
```

```
Query Q is derived: False
Query F is derived: False
```

Q2.

```
def backward chaining(kb, goal, inferred=None):
    if inferred is None:
        inferred = set()
    if goal in kb["facts"]:
        return True
    for premises, conclusion in kb["rules"]:
        if conclusion == goal and goal not in inferred:
            inferred.add(goal)
            if all(backward chaining(kb, premise, inferred)
for premise in premises):
                return True
    return False
kb3 = {
    "facts": {"A", "B"},
    "rules": [
        ({"P"}, "Q"),
        ({"R"}, "Q"),
        ({"A"}, "P"),
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({"B"}, "R"),
]

goal3 = "Q"
print("Backward Chaining Result (2a):",
backward_chaining(kb3, goal3))

kb4 = {
    "facts": {"A", "E"},
    "rules": [
        ({"A"}, "B"),
        ({"B", "C"}, "D"),
        ({"E"}, "C"),
    ]
}
goal4 = "D"
print("Backward Chaining Result (2b):",
backward_chaining(kb4, goal4))
```

→ Backward Chaining Result (2a): True Backward Chaining Result (2b): True

Q3.

```
from itertools import combinations

def resolve(clause1, clause2):
    """Attempt to resolve two clauses. If resolvable, return
new clause; otherwise, return None."""
    new_clause = set()
    found = False
    for literal in clause1:
        if -literal in clause2:
            found = True
        else:
```

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new clause.add(literal)
    for literal in clause2:
        if -literal not in clause1:
            new clause.add(literal)
    return new clause if found else None
def resolution(kb, conclusion):
    """Resolution refutation method"""
    clauses = [set(clause) for clause in kb]
    negated_goal = {-conclusion}
    clauses.append(negated goal)
    while True:
        new clauses = set()
        for (c1, c2) in combinations(clauses, 2):
            resolvent = resolve(c1, c2)
            if resolvent is not None:
                if not resolvent:
                     return True
                new clauses.add(frozenset(resolvent))
        if new clauses.issubset(set(map(frozenset,
clauses))):
            return False
        clauses.extend(list(new clauses))
kb5 = [
   \{1, 2\},
   \{-1, 3\},\
    \{-2, 4\},
    \{-3, 4\},
goal5 = 4
print("Resolution Result (3a):", resolution(kb5, goal5))
kb6 = [
   \{-1, 2\},\
    \{-2, 3\},\
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{-4, -3},
{1},
]
goal6 = 4
print("Resolution Result (3b):", resolution(kb6, goal6))
```

Resolution Result (3a): True
Resolution Result (3b): False