1,Get three values x, y, z and write a program to print 1 if x is the middle value, 2 if y is the middle value and 3 if z is the **middle value**. Assume that all three variables (x, y, z) are distinct and have different values.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int x, y, z;
  printf("Enter the value of x: ");
  scanf("%d", &x);
  printf("Enter the value of y: ");
  scanf("%d", &y);
  printf("Enter the value of z: ");
  scanf("%d", &z);
  if ((x < y \&\& y < z) | | (z < y \&\& y < x)) {
    printf("2\n"); // y is the middle value
  ellipse = \{ ((y < x \&\& x < z) \mid | (z < x \&\& x < y)) \} 
    printf("1\n"); // x is the middle value
  } else {
    printf("3\n"); // z is the middle value
  }
return 0;
  }
2. A password is said to be strong if it satisfies the following criteria:
It contains at least one lowercase English character.
It contains at least one uppercase English character.
It contains at least one special character.
The special characters are: !@#$%^&*()-+
Its length is at least 8.
It contains at least one digit. Given a string, find its strength.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
bool isSpecialChar(char ch) {
```

```
char specialChars[] = "!@#$%^&*()-+";
  for (int i = 0; i < strlen(specialChars); i++) {
    if (ch == specialChars[i]) {
       return true;
    }
  }
  return false;
}
bool isStrongPassword(char password[]) {
  int length = strlen(password);
if (length < 8) {
    return false;
  }
bool hasLower = false;
bool hasUpper = false;
bool hasSpecial = false;
bool hasDigit = false;
for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
    if (islower(password[i])) {
       hasLower = true;
    } else if (isupper(password[i])) {
       hasUpper = true;
    } else if (isdigit(password[i])) {
       hasDigit = true;
    } else if (isSpecialChar(password[i])) {
       hasSpecial = true;
    }
  }
 return hasLower && hasUpper && hasDigit && hasSpecial;
}
```

```
int main() {
  char password[100];
  printf("Enter the password: ");
  scanf("%s", password);
  if (isStrongPassword(password)) {
  printf("Password is strong.\n");
  } else {
     printf("Password is not strong.\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
```

3,A firm creates projects for which a certain number of hours are needed. The firm has a certain number of days. During 10% of the days, the workers are being trained and cannot work on the project. A normal working day is 8 hours long. The project is important for the firm and every worker must work on it with overtime of 2 hours per day. The hours must be rounded down to the nearest integer (for example, 6.98 hours are rounded to 6 hours). Write a program that calculates whether the firm can finish the project on time and how many hours more are needed or left.

Input:

Accept three integers as input(total number of hours needed, number of days, number of workers).

Output:

If the time is enough, print "Yes!{the hours left} hours left.".

If the time is NOT enough, print "Not enough time!{additional hours} hours needed.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int totalHoursNeeded, numDays, numWorkers;
  printf("Enter the total number of hours needed: ");
  scanf("%d", &totalHoursNeeded);
  printf("Enter the number of days: ");
  scanf("%d", &numDays);
  printf("Enter the number of workers: ");
  scanf("%d", &numWorkers);

int totalWorkDays = numDays - (numDays * 0.1); // 10% of days are training days
  int totalWorkHours = totalWorkDays * numWorkers * 8; // 8 hours per worker per day
  int totalOvertimeHours = totalWorkDays * numWorkers * 2;
  int totalAvailableHours = totalWorkHours + totalOvertimeHours;
  if (totalAvailableHours >= totalHoursNeeded) {
   int hoursLeft = totalAvailableHours - totalHoursNeeded;
}
```

```
printf("Yes! %d hours left.\n", hoursLeft);
} else {
int additionalHoursNeeded = totalHoursNeeded - totalAvailableHours;
printf("Not enough time! %d hours needed.\n", additionalHoursNeeded);
}
return 0;
}
```