FLASK WEB DEVELOPMENT (URL SHORTENER)

Why Do We Need a URL Shortener?

Sometimes we need to share or send links, and this can be tiresome and annoying to copy and paste long URLs. That is where URL shorteners come in. Not only it helps in shortening the URL but it also allows the user to copy the shortened URL with a click of a button.

The Project Consists of 3 Parts:

- 1. Frontend (Done With HTML, CSS, and Bootstrap)
- 2. Backend Flask (Python)
- 3. Backend Database ORM

1. Importing Necessary Modules

```
# Import Necessary Libraries

import os
import random
import string
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, url_for, redirect
from flask_sqlalchemy import SQLAlchemy
from flask_migrate import Migrate
```

2. Initialize Name

```
# Initialize Name
app = Flask(__name__)
```

3. SQL Alchemy Configuration

```
# SQL Alchemy Configuration

basedir = os.path.abspath(os.path.dirname(__file__))
path = 'sqlite:///' + os.path.join(basedir, 'data.db')
app.config['SQLALCHEMY_DATABASE_URI'] = path
app.config['SQLALCHEMY_TRACK_MODIFICATION'] = False

db = SQLAlchemy(app)
Migrate(app,db)
```

4. Create a Model

```
# Create a Model
class urls(db.Model):
   id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary key = True)
   original = db.Column(db.String())
   short = db.Column(db.String(15))
   def __init__(self, original, short):
       self.original = original
        self.short = short
   def __repr__(self) -> str:
       return f"{self.original} - {self.short}"
def shorten_url():
   total characters = string.ascii lowercase + string.ascii uppercase + string.digits
   while True:
        random char = random.choices(total characters, k = 7)
       random_char = "".join(random_char)
       short_url = urls.query.filter_by(short = random_char).first()
        if not short url:
            return random_char
```

5. Create End Points for Backend

```
@app.route('/', methods=['POST', 'GET'])
def home():
   if request.method == "POST":
       url_got = request.form["url_link"]
       url_found = urls.query.filter_by(original = url_got).first()
       if url_found:
          return redirect(url for("display short url", url = url found.short))
           short url = shorten url()
           new_url = urls(url_got, short_url)
           db.session.add(new_url)
           db.session.commit()
           return redirect(url for("display short url", url = short url))
       return render_template('url_Page.html')
@app.route('/<short_url>')
def redirecting(short_url):
   original_url = urls.query.filter_by(short = short_url).first()
   if original_url:
      return redirect(original_url.original)
```

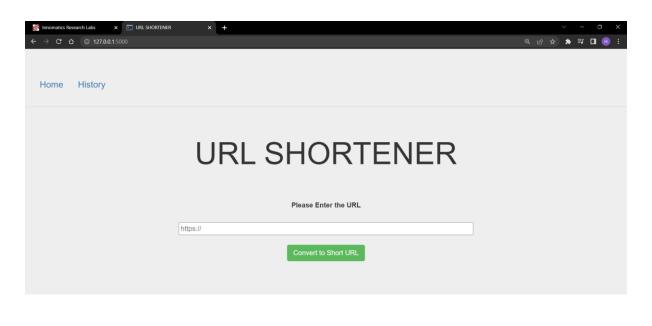
```
@app.route('/<short_url>')
def redirecting(short_url):
   original_url = urls.query.filter_by(short = short_url).first()
   if original url:
        return redirect(original url.original)
        return f'<h1>Url Does Not Exist!</h1>'
@app.route('/display/<url>')
def display short url(url):
    return render_template('url_Page.html', short_url_display = url)
@app.route('/delete/<int:id>')
def delete(id):
   url = urls.query.filter by(id = id).first()
   db.session.delete(url)
   db.session.commit()
    return redirect("/history")
@app.route('/history')
def history():
    return render_template('history.html', vals = urls.query.all())
```

6. Run The App

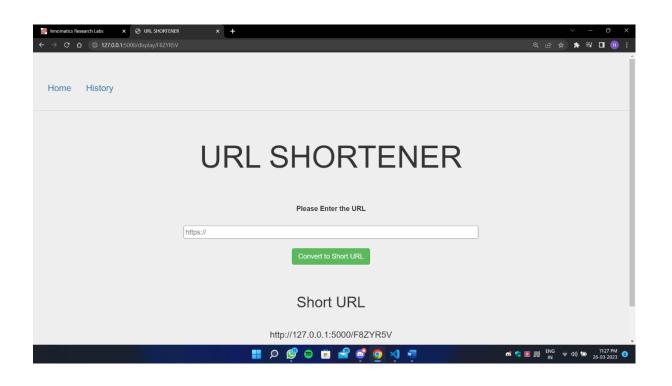
```
# Run the App

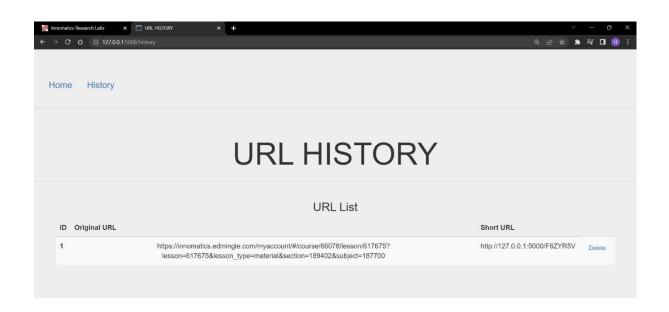
vif __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

Outputs:









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