

3339. Find the Number of K-Even Arrays Premium

Medium Topics Hint

You are given three integers n , m , and k .

An array `arr` is called **k-even** if there are **exactly** k indices such that, for each of these indices i ($0 \leq i < n - 1$):

- $(arr[i] * arr[i + 1]) - arr[i] - arr[i + 1]$ is *even*.

Return the number of possible **k-even** arrays of size n where all elements are in the range $[1, m]$.

Since the answer may be very large, return it **modulo** $10^9 + 7$.

Example 1:

Input: $n = 3, m = 4, k = 2$

Output: 8

Explanation:

The 8 possible 2-even arrays are:

- `[2, 2, 2]`
- `[2, 2, 4]`
- `[2, 4, 2]`
- `[2, 4, 4]`
- `[4, 2, 2]`
- `[4, 2, 4]`
- `[4, 4, 2]`
- `[4, 4, 4]`

Example 2:

Input: $n = 5, m = 1, k = 0$

Output: 1

Explanation:

The only 0-even array is `[1, 1, 1, 1, 1]`.

Example 3:

Input: $n = 7, m = 7, k = 5$

Output: 5832

Constraints:

- $1 \leq n \leq 750$
- $0 \leq k \leq n - 1$
- $1 \leq m \leq 1000$

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

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Topics

Dynamic Programming

Hint 1

Use dynamic programming.

Hint 2

Store whether the last element was even or odd.

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