

## 2247. Maximum Cost of Trip With K Highways Premium

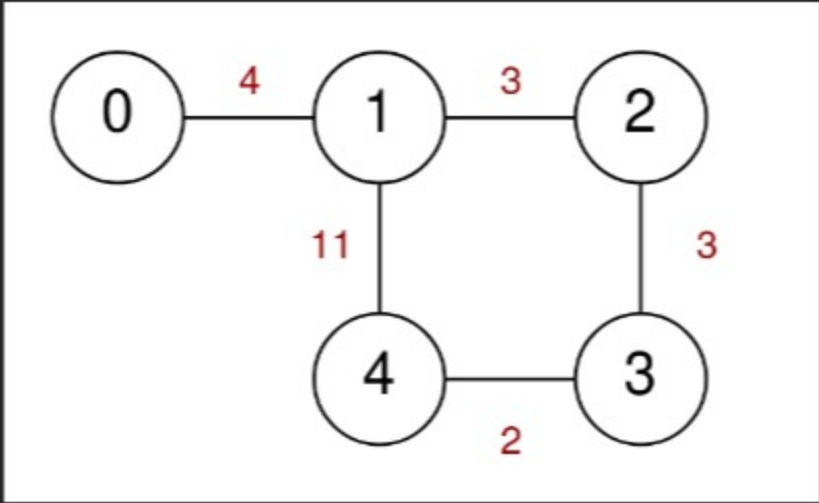
Hard Topics Hint

A series of highways connect  $n$  cities numbered from  $0$  to  $n - 1$ . You are given a 2D integer array `highways` where `highways[i] = [city1i, city2i, tolli]` indicates that there is a highway that connects `city1i` and `city2i`, allowing a car to go from `city1i` to `city2i` and **vice versa** for a cost of `tolli`.

You are also given an integer `k`. You are going on a trip that crosses **exactly** `k` highways. You may start at any city, but you may only visit each city **at most** once during your trip.

Return *the **maximum** cost of your trip*. *If there is no trip that meets the requirements, return `-1`*.

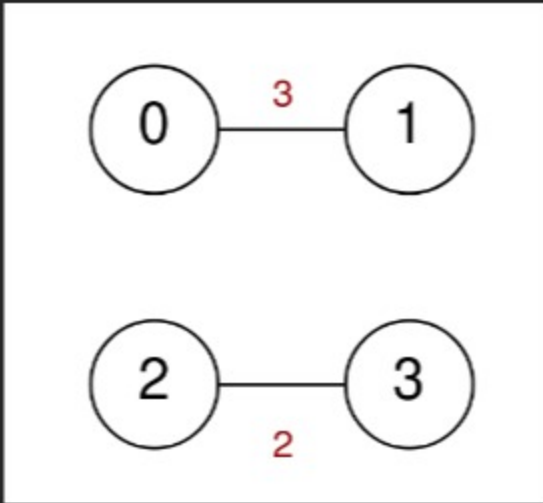
Example 1:



**Input:** `n = 5, highways = [[0,1,4],[2,1,3],[1,4,11],[3,2,3],[3,4,2]]`, `k = 3`  
**Output:** `17`  
**Explanation:**  
One possible trip is to go from `0 -> 1 -> 4 -> 3`. The cost of this trip is `4 + 11 + 2 = 17`.  
Another possible trip is to go from `4 -> 1 -> 2 -> 3`. The cost of this trip is `11 + 3 + 3 = 17`.  
It can be proven that `17` is the maximum possible cost of any valid trip.

Note that the trip `4 -> 1 -> 0 -> 1` is not allowed because you visit the city `1` twice.

Example 2:



**Input:** `n = 4, highways = [[0,1,3],[2,3,2]]`, `k = 2`  
**Output:** `-1`  
**Explanation:** There are no valid trips of length `2`, so return `-1`.

Constraints:

- $2 \leq n \leq 15$
- $1 \leq \text{highways.length} \leq 50$
- `highways[i].length == 3`
- $0 \leq \text{city1}_i, \text{city2}_i \leq n - 1$
- `city1i != city2i`
- $0 \leq \text{toll}_i \leq 100$
- $1 \leq k \leq 50$
- There are no duplicate highways.

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

Accepted 1.9K | Submissions 3.8K | Acceptance Rate 50.2%

Topics

Dynamic Programming Bit Manipulation Graph Bitmask

Hint 1

Are there any computations being repeated?

Hint 2

The same path can be visited multiple times. Could we reuse the previously calculated result?

Hint 3

Store the nodes seen on the current path and the last node on the current path as a dynamic programming state.

Similar Questions

Minimum Cost to Reach Destination in Time

Hard

Minimum Cost to Reach City With Discounts



Medium

Discussion (0)