

510. Inorder Successor in BST II Premium

Medium

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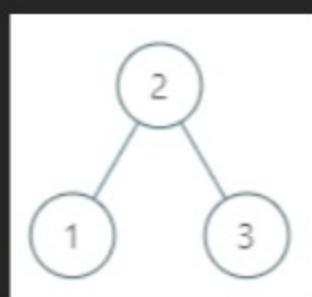
Given a `node` in a binary search tree, return *the in-order successor of that node in the BST*. If that node has no in-order successor, return `null`.

The successor of a `node` is the node with the smallest key greater than `node.val`.

You will have direct access to the node but not to the root of the tree. Each node will have a reference to its parent node. Below is the definition for `Node`:

```
class Node {
    public int val;
    public Node left;
    public Node right;
    public Node parent;
}
```

Example 1:

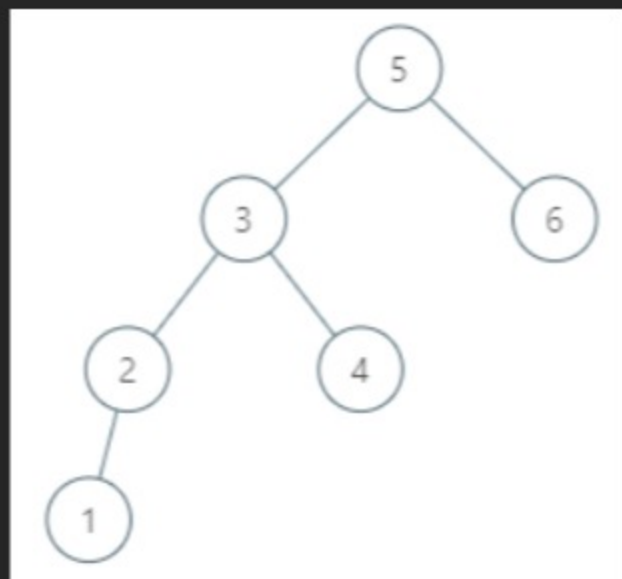


Input: `tree = [2,1,3]`, `node = 1`

Output: `2`

Explanation: 1's in-order successor node is 2. Note that both the node and the return value is of `Node` type.

Example 2:



Input: `tree = [5,3,6,2,4,null,null,1]`, `node = 6`

Output: `null`

Explanation: There is no in-order successor of the current node, so the answer is `null`.

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range `[1, 104]`.
- `-105 <= Node.val <= 105`
- All Nodes will have unique values.

Follow up: Could you solve it without looking up any of the node's values?

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes

No

Accepted 67.9K

Submissions 111.5K

Acceptance Rate 60.9%



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Binary Search Tree

Binary Tree



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