1933. Check if String Is Decomposable Into Value-Equal Substrings A value-equal string is a string where all characters are the same. • For example, "1111" and "33" are value-equal strings. • In contrast, "123" is not a value-equal string. Given a digit string s, decompose the string into some number of consecutive value-equal substrings where exactly one substring has a length of 2 and the remaining substrings have a length of 3. Return true if you can decompose s according to the above rules. Otherwise, return false. A **substring** is a contiguous sequence of characters in a string. Example 1: **Input:** s = "000111000" Output: false Explanation: s cannot be decomposed according to the rules because ["000", "111", "000"] does not have a substring of length 2. Example 2: Input: s = "000111111222" Output: true Explanation: s can be decomposed into ["000", "111", "11", "222"]. Example 3: Input: s = "011100022233" Output: false Explanation: s cannot be decomposed according to the rules because of the first '0'. Constraints: • 1 <= s.length <= 1000 • s consists of only digits '0' through '9'. Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5 Yes No Accepted 3.9K Submissions 7.6K Acceptance Rate 51.0% ♥ Topics String O Hint 1 Keep looking for 3-equals, if you find a 3-equal, keep going. If you don't find a 3-equal, check if it is a 2-equal. O Hint 2 Make sure that it is the only 2-equal. O Hint 3 If it is neither a 3-equal nor a 2-equal, then it is impossible. Discussion (4)

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