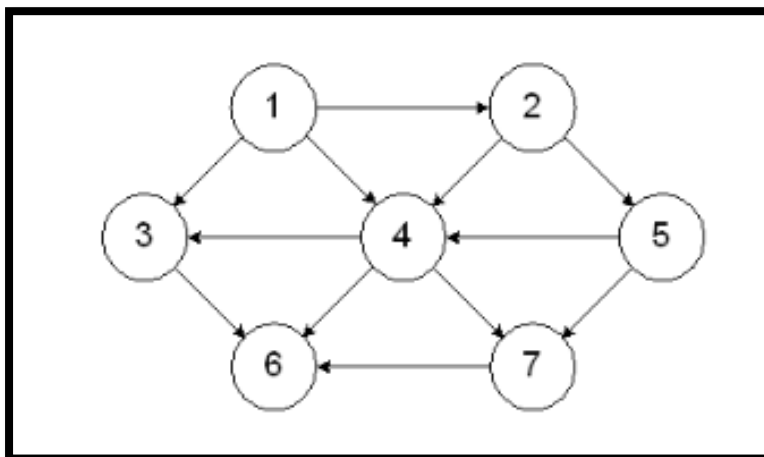
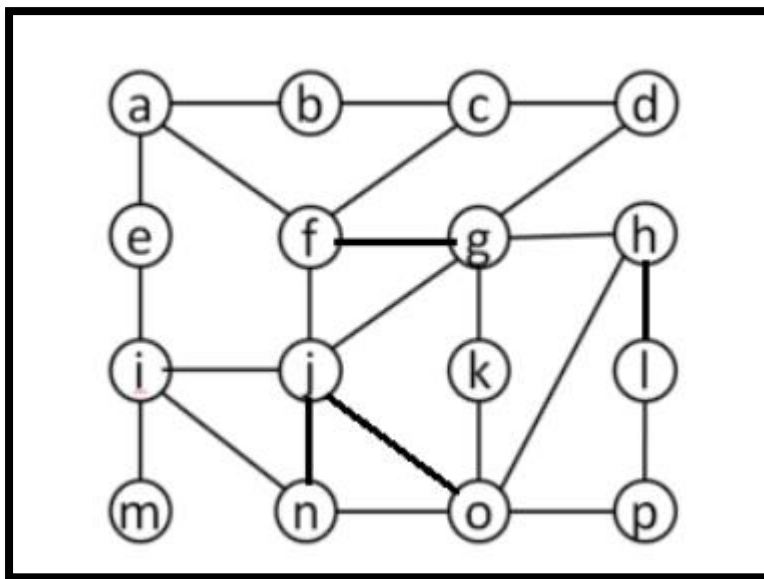


CSE-3024 WEB MINING

LAB ASSIGNMENT 6

Aim: Write a python program to find the centrality (degree, closeness and betweenness) and prestige (degree and proximity) for the given graph:



Centrality –

Procedure:

- Firstly, we import the networkx and matplotlib libraries.
- Then we instantiate a Graph G, using networkx's .Graph method.
- Then using .add_edge method we create our given graph.
- We then print our graph using matplotlib's .show method.
- To find the degree of each node, we use degree_centrality method of networkx.
- To find the closeness of each node, we use closeness_centrality method of networkx.
- To find the betweenness of each node, we use betweenness_centrality method of networkx.

Code:

```
#Importing Libraries
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
#Initiating and designing graph
G = nx.Graph()
G.add_edge('a','b')
G.add_edge('a','e')
G.add_edge('a','f')
G.add_edge('b','c')
G.add_edge('c','d')
G.add_edge('c','f')
G.add_edge('d','g')
G.add_edge('e','i')
G.add_edge('f','g')
G.add_edge('f','j')
G.add_edge('g','h')
G.add_edge('g','j')
```

Harshit Mishra (19BCE0799)

```
G.add_edge('g','k')
G.add_edge('h','l')
G.add_edge('h','o')
G.add_edge('i','j')
G.add_edge('i','n')
G.add_edge('i','m')
G.add_edge('j','n')
G.add_edge('j','o')
G.add_edge('k','o')
G.add_edge('l','p')
G.add_edge('n','o')
G.add_edge('o','p')
nx.draw(G, with_labels=True)
plt.show()
```

```
#Closeness - Degree
print("Node\tDegree")
for node in G.nodes():
    print(node, "\t", nx.degree centrality(G)[node])
```

```
#Closeness - Centrality
print("Node\tCentrality")
for node in G.nodes():
    print(node, "\t", nx.closeness centrality(G)[node])
```

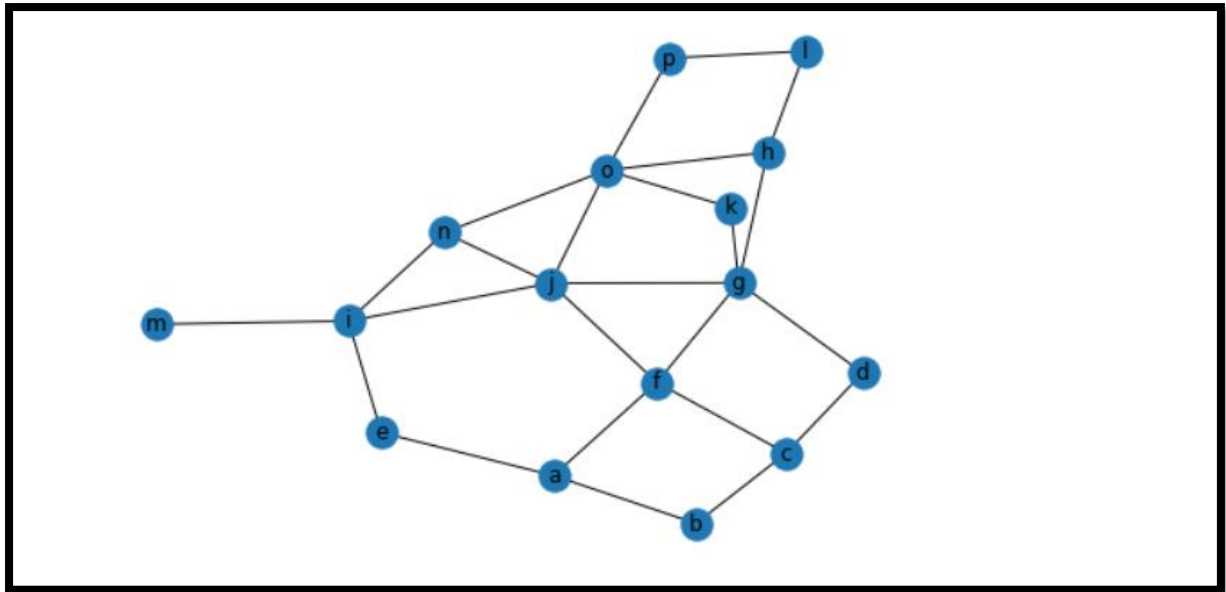
```
#Closeness -Betweenness
print("Node\tBetweenness")
for node in G.nodes():
    print(node, "\t", nx.betweenness centrality(G)[node])
```

Code Snippet and Outputs:

```
In [1]: #Importing Libraries
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Here we are importing our libraries. We import networkx as nx and matplotlib.pyplot as plt.

```
In [2]: #Initiating and designing graph
G = nx.Graph()
G.add_edge('a', 'b')
G.add_edge('a', 'e')
G.add_edge('a', 'f')
G.add_edge('b', 'c')
G.add_edge('c', 'd')
G.add_edge('c', 'f')
G.add_edge('d', 'g')
G.add_edge('e', 'i')
G.add_edge('f', 'g')
G.add_edge('f', 'j')
G.add_edge('g', 'h')
G.add_edge('g', 'j')
G.add_edge('g', 'k')
G.add_edge('h', 'l')
G.add_edge('h', 'o')
G.add_edge('i', 'j')
G.add_edge('i', 'n')
G.add_edge('i', 'm')
G.add_edge('j', 'n')
G.add_edge('j', 'o')
G.add_edge('k', 'o')
G.add_edge('l', 'p')
G.add_edge('n', 'o')
G.add_edge('o', 'p')
nx.draw(G, with_labels=True)
plt.show()
```



Here we are Initiating our graph using Graph method of networkx and then we make graph by adding each edge to their respective vertices.

```
In [3]: #Closeness - Degree
print("Node\tDegree")
for node in G.nodes():
    print(node, "\t", nx.degree centrality(G)[node])
```

Node	Degree
a	0.2
b	0.13333333333333333
e	0.13333333333333333
f	0.26666666666666666
c	0.2
d	0.13333333333333333
g	0.3333333333333333
i	0.26666666666666666
j	0.3333333333333333
h	0.2
k	0.13333333333333333
l	0.13333333333333333
o	0.3333333333333333
n	0.2
m	0.06666666666666667
p	0.13333333333333333

Here we are printing the degree of each node using degree centrality method of networkx.

```
In [4]: #Closeness - Centrality
print("Node\tCentrality")
for node in G.nodes():
    print(node, "\t", nx.closeness centrality(G)[node])
```

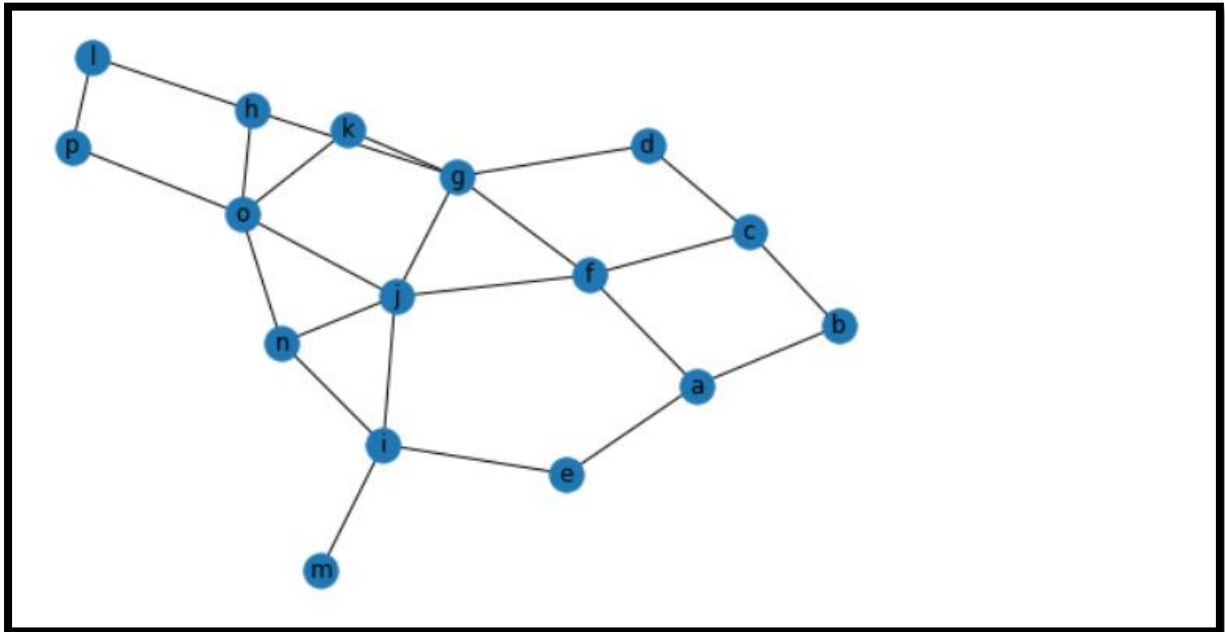
Node	Centrality
a	0.40540540540540543
b	0.3191489361702128
e	0.35714285714285715
f	0.5172413793103449
c	0.38461538461538464
d	0.38461538461538464
g	0.5172413793103449
i	0.4411764705882353
j	0.5555555555555556
h	0.4166666666666667
k	0.39473684210526316
l	0.3125
o	0.46875
n	0.45454545454545453
m	0.3125
p	0.3409090909090909

Here we are printing closeness of each node using closeness_centrality method.

```
In [5]: #Closeness -Betweenness
print("Node\tBetweenness")
for node in G.nodes():
    print(node, "\t", nx.betweenness centrality(G)[node])
```

Node	Betweenness
a	0.10396825396825397
b	0.01507936507936508
e	0.046031746031746035
f	0.2396825396825397
c	0.07301587301587302
d	0.031746031746031744
g	0.2625396825396826
i	0.20873015873015874
j	0.2995238095238096
h	0.11301587301587303
k	0.011111111111111113
l	0.009523809523809525
o	0.22634920634920636
n	0.056825396825396834
m	0.0
p	0.02666666666666667

Results:



This is the given graph in question. The spatial structure seems to be changed but the edges and node relation remains the same.

Node	Degree
a	0.2
b	0.13333333333333333
e	0.13333333333333333
f	0.26666666666666666
c	0.2
d	0.13333333333333333
g	0.3333333333333333
i	0.26666666666666666
j	0.3333333333333333
h	0.2
k	0.13333333333333333
l	0.13333333333333333
o	0.3333333333333333
n	0.2
m	0.06666666666666667
p	0.13333333333333333

Centrality Degree of each node in our graph.

Node	Closeness
a	0.40540540540540543
b	0.3191489361702128
e	0.35714285714285715
f	0.5172413793103449
c	0.38461538461538464
d	0.38461538461538464
g	0.5172413793103449
i	0.4411764705882353
j	0.5555555555555556
h	0.4166666666666667
k	0.39473684210526316
l	0.3125
o	0.46875
n	0.45454545454545453
m	0.3125
p	0.3409090909090909

Centrality Closeness of each node in our graph.

Node	Betweenness
a	0.10396825396825397
b	0.01507936507936508
e	0.046031746031746035
f	0.2396825396825397
c	0.07301587301587302
d	0.031746031746031744
g	0.2625396825396826
i	0.20873015873015874
j	0.2995238095238096
h	0.11301587301587303
k	0.011111111111111113
l	0.009523809523809525
o	0.22634920634920636
n	0.056825396825396834
m	0.0
p	0.02666666666666667

Centrality Betweenness of each node in our graph.

Prestige –

Procedure:

- Firstly, we import the networkx and matplotlib libraries.
- Then we instantiate a Graph G, using networkx's .Graph method.
- Then using .add_edge method we create our given graph.
- We then print our graph using matplotlib's .show method.
- To find degree of each node in our graph, we find the number of incoming edges to each node and then divide it by 6 (number of nodes – 1).
- To find Proximity of each node, we find the distance of that node to each of the other node, then we sum it and finally we divide it by the number of nodes.
- We then print our results.

Code:

```
#Importing Libraries
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
#Initiating and designing graph
G = nx.DiGraph()
G.add_edge('1','2')
G.add_edge('1','3')
G.add_edge('1','4')
G.add_edge('2','4')
G.add_edge('2','5')
G.add_edge('3','6')
G.add_edge('4','3')
G.add_edge('4','6')
G.add_edge('4','7')
G.add_edge('5','4')
G.add_edge('5','7')
G.add_edge('7','6')
nx.draw(G, with_labels=True)
plt.show()
```

Harshit Mishra (19BCE0799)

```
#Degree Calculation
n_nodes = 7
print("Node\tDegree")
for node in G.nodes():
    print(node, "\t", len(G.in_edges(node))/(n_nodes-1))

#Proximity Calculation
distance = []

temp_dis = 0
n = 0
for dest in G.nodes:
    temp_dis = 0
    n = 0
    for src in G.nodes:
        if (nx.has_path(G,src,dest) == True):
            temp_dis = temp_dis + nx.shortest_path_length(G,source = src,target = dest)
            n = n + 1
    if temp_dis == 0:
        distance.append([dest, 0])
    else:
        distance.append([dest, temp_dis/(n - 1)])

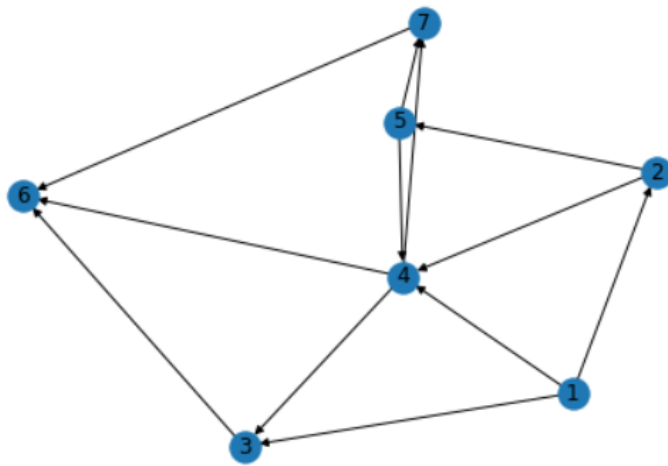
print("Node\tProximity")
for i in distance:
    print(str(i[0]) + "\t " + str(i[1]))
```

Code Snippets and Outputs:

```
In [1]: #Importing Libraries
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Here we are importing our libraries. We import networkx as nx and matplotlib.pyplot as plt.

```
In [2]: #Initiating and designing graph
G = nx.DiGraph()
G.add_edge('1','2')
G.add_edge('1','3')
G.add_edge('1','4')
G.add_edge('2','4')
G.add_edge('2','5')
G.add_edge('3','6')
G.add_edge('4','3')
G.add_edge('4','6')
G.add_edge('4','7')
G.add_edge('5','4')
G.add_edge('5','7')
G.add_edge('7','6')
nx.draw(G, with_labels=True)
plt.show()
```



Here we initiate our graph using DiGraph method for directional graph. Then we add the edges of our graph using add_edge method.

```
In [3]: #Degree Calculation
n_nodes = 7
print("Node\tDegree")
for node in G.nodes():
    print(node, "\t", len(G.in_edges(node))/(n_nodes-1))
```

Node	Degree
1	0.0
2	0.16666666666666666
3	0.3333333333333333
4	0.5
5	0.16666666666666666
6	0.5
7	0.3333333333333333

Here we have printed the Prestige degree of each node in our graph.

```
In [4]: #Proximity Calculation
distance = []

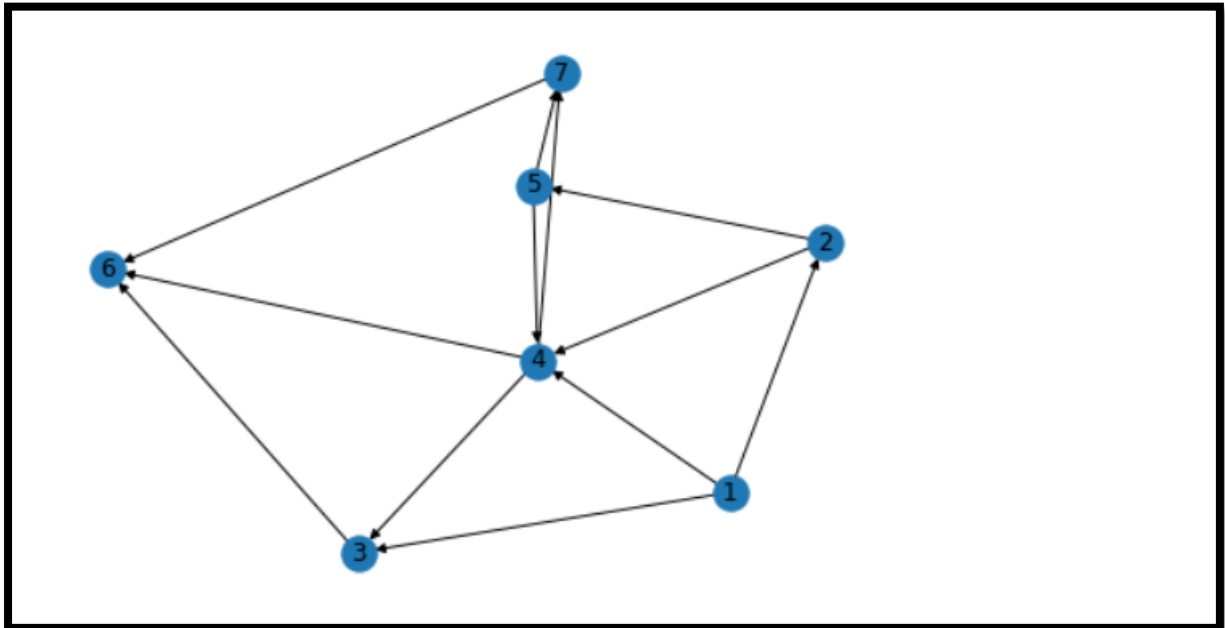
temp_dis = 0
n = 0
for dest in G.nodes:
    temp_dis = 0
    n = 0
    for src in G.nodes:
        if (nx.has_path(G,src,dest) == True):
            temp_dis = temp_dis + nx.shortest_path_length(G,source = src,target = dest)
            n = n + 1
    if temp_dis == 0:
        distance.append([dest, 0])
    else:
        distance.append([dest, temp_dis/(n - 1)])

print("Node\tProximity")
for i in distance:
    print(str(i[0]) + " \t " + str(i[1]))
```

Node	Proximity
1	0
2	1.0
3	1.5
4	1.0
5	1.5
6	1.5
7	1.5

Here we have calculated the Prestige Proximity of each node in our graph.

Results:



This is our graph.

Node	Degree
1	0.0
2	0.16666666666666666
3	0.3333333333333333
4	0.5
5	0.16666666666666666
6	0.5
7	0.3333333333333333

This is the Prestige Degree of each node.

Node	Proximity
1	0
2	1.0
3	1.5
4	1.0
5	1.5
6	1.5
7	1.5

This is the Prestige Proximity of each node.