Newton Raphson Method

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#include<conio.h>
#include<iostream.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<math.h>
int user power, i=0, cnt=0, flag=0;
int coef[10] = \{0\};
float x1=0, x2=0, t=0;
float fx1=0, fdx1=0;
void main()
   cout << "\n\n\t\t\t PROGRAM FOR NEWTON RAPHSON GENERAL";
   cout << "\n\n\tENTER THE TOTAL NO. OF POWER:::: ";
   cin>>user power;
   for(i=0;i<=user power;i++)</pre>
       cout<<"\n\t x^"<<i<\"::";
       cin>>coef[i];
   cout << "\n";
   cout << "\n\t THE POLYNOMIAL IS ::: ";
   for (i=user power; i>=0; i--) //printing coeff.
       cout<<" "<<coef[i]<<"x^"<<i<<" ";
   cout << "\n\tINTIAL X1--->";
   cin>>x1;
   cout<<"\n
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   cout << "\n ITERATION
                         X1
                                      F'X1 ";
                               FX1
   cout<<"\n
do
           cnt++;
           fx1=fdx1=0;
           for(i=user power;i>=1;i--)
               fx1+=coef[i] * (pow(x1,i));
           fx1+=coef[0];
           for(i=user power;i>=0;i--)
```

```
fdx1+=coef[i]*(i*pow(x1,(i-1)));
         t=x2;
         x2 = (x1 - (fx1/fdx1));
         x1=x2;
         cout<<"\n "<<cnt<<" "<<x2<<" "<<fx1<<"
"<<fdx1<<" ";
   \}while((fabs(t - x1))>=0.0001);
   cout << "\n\t THE ROOT OF EQUATION IS "<< x2;
   getch();
}
///***********************/
          /*PROGRAM FOR NEWTON RAPHSON GENERAL
   ENTER THE TOTAL NO. OF POWER:::: 3
   x^0::-3
   x^1::-1
   x^2::0
    x^3::1
    THE POLYNOMIAL IS ::: 1x^3 0x^2 - 1x^1 - 3x^0
    INTIAL X1--->3
*******
          X1
               FX1
*********
         2.192 21.000 26.000
         1.794 5.344 13.419
2
3
         1.681 0.980 8.656
4
         1.672
              0.068
                    7.475
                    7.384
         1.672 0.000
*********
    THE ROOT OF EQUATION IS 1.671700 */
```