## **Exercise for Introduction to Databases**

#### 1. Create Database

```
ttn@ttn: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
ttn@ttn:~$ mysql -u ttn -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 10
Server version: 5.7.25-0ubuntu0.18.04.2 (Ubuntu)
Copyright (c) 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> create database bootcamp19;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> show databases;
| Database
 information_schema
  bootcamp
  bootcamp19
  demo
  mysql
  performance_schema
  sys
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

## 3. Create tables

```
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mysql> create table customer(customer_id int primary key auto_increment, name varchar(20) not null, age int not null, contact varchar(20) not null);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.34 sec)

mysql> create table sales (sales_id int primary key auto_increment, name varchar(20) not null);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.38 sec)

mysql> create table orders (orders_id int , name varchar(20) not null, id_customer int , id_sales int, foreign key (id_customer) references customer(customer_id), foreign key (id_sales) references sales(sales_id));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.46 sec)

mysql> show tables;

| Tables_in_bootcamp19 |
| customer |
| orders |
| sales |
| 3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> |
```

# 4. Insert sample data

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

mysql> insert into customer(name,age,contact) values('amit',25, 764793476);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.09 sec)

mysql> insert into customer(name,age,contact) values('abc',20, 9767793476);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.10 sec)

mysql> insert into customer(name,age,contact) values('xyz',40, 87677793476);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.09 sec)

mysql> select * from customer;

| customer_id | name | age | contact |

| 1 | amit | 25 | 764793476 |

| 2 | abc | 20 | 9767793476 |

| 3 | xyz | 40 | 87677793476 |

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> []
```

```
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```

```
ttn@ttn: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
mysql> insert into orders(name, id_customer, id_sales) values('pen', 1,1);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.13 sec)
mysql> insert into orders(name, id_customer, id_sales) values('book', 1,2);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> insert into orders(name, id_customer, id_sales) values('pencil', 2,3);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.11 sec)
mysql> insert into orders(name, id_customer, id_sales) values('eraser', 3,3);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.09 sec)
mysql> select * from orders;
 1 | pen |
2 | book |
3 | pencil |
4 | eraser |
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql>
mysql>
mysql>
mysql>
mysql>
mysql>
mysql>
```

# 5. Find the sales person have multiple orders.

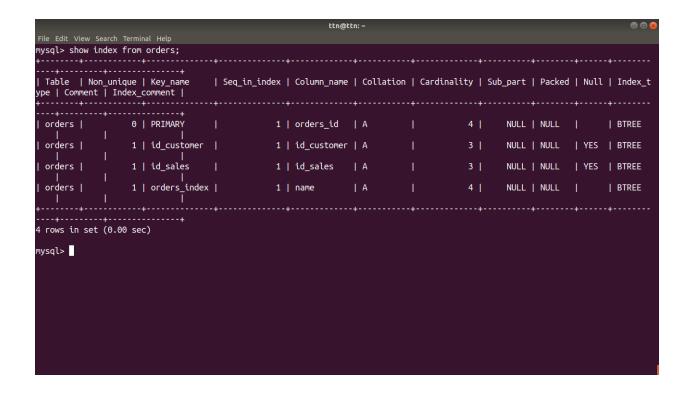
```
ttn@ttn: ~
mysql> select * from orders;
 orders_id | name | id_customer | id_sales |
                              1 |
1 |
         1 | pen |
2 | book |
                                           1 |
2 |
         3 | pencil |
4 | eraser |
                                  3 |
                                             3 I
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select sales.name from sales,orders where orders.id_sales=sales.sales_id group by orders.id_sales having count(orders.id_
sales)>1;
name l
 ankit I
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

## 6. Find the all sales person details along with order details

### 7. Create index

```
ttn@ttn: ~
 ysql> select * from orders;
  orders_id | name | id_customer | id_sales |
          1 | pen |
2 | book |
3 | pencil |
4 | eraser |
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> create index orders_index on orders(name);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.36 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
 nysql> show index from orders;
 Table | Non_unique | Key_name
Index_comment |
                                          | Seq_in_index | Column_name | Collation | Cardinality | Sub_part | Packed | Null | Index_type | Comment
                                                         1 | orders_id | A
                                                                                                                  NULL | NULL |
                       1 | id_sales |
                                                         1 | id_sales | A
                                                                                                                  NULL | NULL | YES | BTREE
                       1 | orders_index |
                                                                                                                  NULL | NULL | BTREE
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. How to show index on a table



9. Find the order number, sale person name, along with the customer to whom that order belongs to

				ti	tn@ttn: ~				
File Edit View S									
				orders.id_customer	from orders	left join	sales on or	ders.id_sales	=sales.sales_id;
orders_id	name	id_custor	ner						
1     2     3	rohit arun		1   1						
++ 4 rows in set		sec)	+						
mysql>									